Aftermath
Westbrook Pegler describes Louisville and environs as flood waters recede and rehabilitation begins. Page 9.

The Washington Post

The Weather
Today and Tomorrow — Fair, slightly warmer, followed by rain tonight or tomorrow.
Yesterday—High, 35; low, 28.
Details on Page 24.

NO. 22,150 Entered as Second-Class Matter, Postoffice, Washington, D. C. WASHINGTON: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1937 X ★★★★ Copyright, 1937, By The Washington Post. THREE CENTS

Roosevelt Asks 6 New High Court Judges

G. M. Accord With 'Stay-In' Strikers Near, Murphy Says

Governor and Roosevelt Talk by Phone; Parley Resumes Today.

Writ for Arrest Of Martin Issued

Flint Sheriff Asks for National Guard Aid in Eviction.

By the Associated Press.

Detroit, Feb. 5.—Gov. Frank Murphy reported tonight that a conference of opposing leaders in the General Motors strike was "making definite progress."

The Governor spoke to newspapermen after adjournment of the seventh session in three days.

"Tonight we will work in subcommittees," the weary chief executive said. "The regular conference will reconvene at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning."

The Governor said he had talked to President Roosevelt by telephone during both the morning and afternoon, and added:

"The President's influence has been very helpful."

Court Writ Issued.

Two developments of importance occurred during the day. One was a report made public at National Guard headquarters in strike-bound Flint, Mich., that an agreement was near among the conferees.

The other was issuance of a court writ at Flint for the arrest of hundreds of "stay-in" strikers and union officers, including Homer Martin, president of the United Automobile Workers of America.

A source close to the conference explained that the sub-committees mentioned by Gov. Murphy would be joint bodies with members representing General Motors and the union.

Still other groups, it was explained, would be working separately.

The Governor indicated that he and James F. Dewey, Federal labor conciliator, would be working together throughout the night.

Troops Are Asked.

At Flint, where thousands of Michigan National Guardsmen are on duty in the strike trouble center, Sheriff Thomas Wolcott telegraphed Murphy for the aid of the troops to obey the court's command to "attach the bodies" of strikers holding two Fisher Body Company plants in defiance of an injunction, and to arrest Martin and other high union officials. However, it was indicated that Sheriff Wolcott would make no attempt to evict the strikers today.

Martin, with John L. Lewis, chairman of the Committee for Industrial Organization, is representing the strikers in the conferences here with the Governor and General Motors officials headed by William S. Knudsen, executive vice president.

Murphy said he had made no direct reply to Wolcott's request, adding:

"I directed the military authorities early this morning to preserve peace and order in Flint and see to it that mob rule does not happen, and that no other incident be allowed to embarrass peace negotiations."

Strikers Barricade Door.

Some 200 strikers inside Fisher Plant No. 2, within the zone patrolled by guardsmen, closed nearly all plant windows and barricaded the front entrance breast-high with sheet metal after word of the court writ was received. For 48 hours, along with fellow union men in Plant No. 1 outside the military lines, they have defied an injunction obtained by General Motors seeking their eviction.

The court writ of attachment obtained today and given to the sheriff completes General Motors' action under the injunction unless it decides to ask for a levy on union funds and goods under the $15,000,000 penalty clauses of the injunction issued by Circuit Judge Paul V. Gadola.

Quick resumption of General Motors production in the event of an agreement was considered likely. Many parts plants which operated for a time after assembly lines closed have piled up large supplies of their products.

The G-Man

. . . another new Post comic begins, on the Comics Page, Monday, February 8.

See Page 27

'Mother India' Author Lashes Child Marriage

MISS KATHERINE MAYO.

Urges Public Opinion to Stamp Out 'Debasing Offense' in U. S.

Katherine Mayo, famous author of "Mother India," whose expose of child marriages among the Hindus shocked the world 10 years ago, yesterday, in a statement telegraphed to The Post from her home in Bedford Hills, N. Y., called for an aroused public opinion to wipe out the practice in the United States.

Her statement was occasioned by two widely publicized "cradle" marriages—that of Eunice Winstead, 9, to Charlie Johns, 22, in Treadway, Tenn., and that of Leona Roshia 12, to Stanley Backus, 19, in Watertown, N. Y.

In her telegram to The Post, Katherine Mayo said:

"Child marriage is an offense

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

Court Clears Rep. Tinkham In Cannon Suit

Justice in Ruling Contends Churchman Violated Election Laws.

Although Bishop James Cannon, jr., was not on trial, Justice Jennings Bailey, of District Court, yesterday held that the churchman had been guilty by his own admission of violating the Federal Corrupt Practices Act.

Justice Bailey dismissed the bishop's $500,000 libel suit against Representative George Holden Tinkham, of Massachusetts, brought because of the congressman's statement that Cannon had not complied with the Federal law in handling anti-Alfred E. Smith funds in the 1928 campaign.

Two hours after Justice Bailey ordered the directed verdict, Cannon filed a motion for a new trial.

The bishop protested that Justice Bailey erred in 10 ways in directing the jury to find in favor of Tinkham.

"I'll reverse it in the Court of Appeals," his lawyer, Robert McNeill, stated. Court costs were assessed against the bishop.

Agrees Law Violated.

The libel suit was most unusual in that Justice Bailey decided a question raised six years ago as to whether the bishop was a lawbreaker. At that time Congressman Tinkham declared Cannon was a "shameless violator" of the corrupt practices act. The bishop was acquitted several years ago of charges of conspiring with his secretary to violate the act.

In order to decide the libel suit, which the bishop instituted in 1929, Justice Bailey had to rule on the truth or falsity of Tinkham's accusation. The judge agreed with Tinkham that the bishop had broken the law and therefore dismissed the libel action.

In his motion for new trial, McNeill declared that the court erred in interpreting the bishop's testi-

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

Six Believed Dead in Blast At Louisville

12 Hurt as Explosions, Fire Raze 2 Buildings in Business Area.

Flood Seen as Cause of Disaster, Third in 24 Hours.

By the Associated Press.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 5.—Two gas explosions and a fire, due to the recent disastrous flood, destroyed two three-story brick buildings in the business section here today, and it was believed at least six lives were lost. Twelve persons were known to have been injured.

The explosions and fire followed two similar ones in the last 24 hours.

The gas, believed to have accumulated from a main damaged by flood waters, exploded with a roar that damaged the buildings and sent some 15 families and flood refugees fleeing from apartments above the stores in the structures. Another explosion of terrific force shattered window panes for a block around and could be heard over the downtown section.

Loss Termed $50,000.

Fire Chief Edward McHugh estimated property loss at $50,000, but said no statement as to actual loss of life could be made until the debris cooled enough to be searched. The buildings, part of their walls collapsed, were still burning tonight, but the fire was under control.

First reports listed among the missing and believed dead Mohler G. Breckinridge, proprietor of a tire shop; Mrs. Rose McCrawley, 65, resident of one of the apartments; two other adults, one believed to be Robert Hawkins, manager of a chain grocery store, and several children. The fact that there were a number of flood refugees in the apartments added to the difficulty of checking the missing.

Fireman Edward Kilday, one of the first at the scene, vainly attempted to haul from the tire shop a trapped man.

"It was horrible," he said. "I heard the man's screams and went to his aid. He was half buried by bricks and other debris. I got hold of his hand and tried to pull him out, when suddenly his clothing burst into flame.

Burned to Death.

"Someone brought me a ladder and Mulholland (Fireman Thomas Mulholland) and I tried again to drag him out. All the time he was screaming. About that time other walls began to collapse and we were forced to leave the man to burn to death."

Henry Trapp, who was standing across the street at the time of the explosion, said it occurred in the grocery store. He said, to his knowledge, six men were replacing damaged stocks at the time. "I know they never got out," he declared.

In a fire early today the buildings of the Bollinger-Hancock Coffee Co. and the Grocers Manufacturing Co. were destroyed with total loss estimated at $50,000.

Memphis, Tenn. Feb 5 (AP)—The Mississippi River fell by inches along its upper course and pushed in vain against stalwart levees to

Continued on Page 3, Column 6.

Taxi Driver Shot Twice by Robber Who Flees Afoot

Shot twice in the back when he refused to yield his wallet to a colored hold-up man, Roscoe W. Kirk, 52-year-old cab driver, was in a critical condition at Providence Hospital last night.

Before lapsing into unconsciousness, Kirk, who lives at 500 L street northeast, told Fifth Precinct officers R. A. Harris and L. G. Scripture the story of the shooting.

He picked up the man at Seventeenth and A streets southeast, he said, and was told to drive ahead. At Seventeenth street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast the man shoved a revolver into his back and asked him to hand over his money. When Kirk was slow to obey the man pulled the trigger twice.

La Monaca, Famed Sculptor, Dies of Heart Attack Here

Francis la Monaca, famed European sculptor, was found dead yesterday in his room at the Hotel Mayflower. Death was caused by a heart attack, physicians said.

La Monaca, who was 50 years old, came to Washington several days ago to make a bust of President Roosevelt.

Countless European notables had been subjects for the Italian artist. He was credited with being the only sculptor to have done a bust of Pope Pius XI and he had also portrayed the Duke of Windsor, George V, Dean Inge and George Bernard Shaw.

La Monaca expressed his artistic philosophy when he came to the United States last fall and announced that he was looking for "12 typical Americans" to depict in stone. He didn't expect to find "typical" faces, he said among the ordinary people—the people who work eight hours and eat three meals a day and go to the movies once a week. He declared:

"You find real character expressed in the two extremes—the very rich, who have everything they want and look happy—and the very poor, who have undergone great hardship."

He said he would travel about the country for several months to find suitable subjects.

La Monaca's search for American types was incomplete when death cut short his career.

Born in Italy, the sculptor spent most of his life in France, making his home in Paris.

Shakeup Plan Provides Additions As Federal Jurists Pass Age of 70

Surprise Move Splits Congress; Majority Noncommittal.

Hoover Vehement In Condemnation

House Judiciary Body Is Cool; Democrats Plan Swift Action.

By Robert C. Albright.

Received with mixed feelings of anguish and acclamation, the President's plan to remodel the Federal judiciary burst like a bombshell in Congress yesterday, dividing unprepared members into cliques of the faithful, the doubtful and the outspokenly opposed.

Caught completely off guard, the vast majority of members studied details of the President's plan with cautious noncommitment, a few rushed in to support it unqualifiedly, and an even smaller number condemned with bitter words.

Senate Majority Leader Joseph T. Robinson, apparently the only member of Congress who had been warned a few hours in advance, thought it "likely that the substantial recommendations in the message will receive favorable consideration."

But in the House the plan headed into a cool reception by the normally conservative Judiciary Committee, and even statements by the leadership were marked by lack of enthusiasm. House Whip Pat Boland, who next week will poll the entire Democratic membership on the proposal, predicted a bill largely embracing the President's proposals will be reported to the House over admitted opposition.

Hoover Attacks Plan.

From New York came the swift condemnation of Herbert Hoover, last Republican President, whose views were in agreement with minority Hill opposition.

"Stripped of subsidiary matters, some of which are admirable," said Hoover, "the President's action amounts to this:

"The Supreme Court has proved many of the New Deal proposals as unconstitutional. Instead of the ample alternatives of the Constitution by which these proposals could be submitted to the people through constitutional amendment, it is now proposed to make changes by 'packing' the Supreme Court. It has the implication of subordination of the court to the personal power to the executive."

Hoover said the issue "transcends any questions of partisanship" and Congress "should delay action until the people have had ample time to formulate their views on it."

Some 26 Senators reached by reporters virtually committed themselves in favor of the plan, another 12 made hostile statements, but the great bulk of the remainder interviewed made noncommittal comments or begged time to study the plan.

Senate Adjourns.

With a court debate already scheduled on proposals of Senator Kenneth McKellar, of Tennessee, to deny inferior courts the right to stop acts of Congres by injunction, and the plan of Senator Minton, of Indiana, to require 7-to-2 Supreme Court decisions, the Senate hastily called off its plans for the day and adjourned immediately after hearing the message. Senators gathered in little groups on the floor and in the lobbies, discussing the plan, some plainly stunned, others claiming no surprise.

The House heard the message, then went about its routine course of business. Representative Maury Maverick, liberal Texas Democrat, won a New Deal footrace to be the first to introduce the bill, by tearing off one of the mimeographed copies, writing his name upon it and drop-

Continued on Page 3, Column 7.

Plan Suggested To Save Justice From Game Tax

George King, the game warden who started a merry tempest in a teapot when he reported that Supreme Court Justice Willis Van devanter lacked a required $1 Federal stamp on his license while duck hunting in Virginia last December, yesterday came up with a plan to solve such difficulties in the future.

The King proposal is simplicity in itself. He would exempt from all Federal hunting taxes all nimrods over 70 years of age. Justice Van Devanter is 77.

"The law does not require any Federal tax or license from boys under 16," King points out. "In all lodges or organizations that impose fines for nonattendance at meetings or similar penalties, it is customary to exempt members over 60 years of age.

"There aren't so many hunters over 70 in action, and the amount of money they would contribute is negligible. To save the old hunters trouble and embarrassment, I think they should be relieved of the responsibility."

Elders of Congress to Pass On Fate of Elders of Court

Opinion Divided With Glass Declaring 'Some Over 70 Are Fit, Some Younger Aren't Fit for Anything.'

(Pictures on Page 7)

America's elder statesmen, who will help pass on the fate of the "old men" involved in President Roosevelt's proposal for a Supreme Court of possibly 15 members instead of 9, last night rendered a split verdict on the question of whether a man of 70 is still in full possession of his faculties.

In asking authority to appoint additional justices, up to six, to supplement justices past 70, President Roosevelt said that modern complexities call for a "constant infusion of new blood in the courts, just as it is needed in executive functions of the Government and in private business."

Nine members of Congress, most of them Senators, took violent exception to, or gave benign approval of, such phrases in the President's message as "a lowered mental or physical vitality," and "new facts become blurred through old glasses."

Senator Carter Glass, of Virginia, past 79, oldest man in either House, who omitted his birth date from the Congressional Directory, said:

"Some men over 70 are fit to serve and some men under 70 aren't fit to serve at anything."

Senator William Gibbs McAdoo, California's veteran Democrat, aged 74, said:

"Physiologically it is perhaps true that the inroads of time do count. There is no question about it, a man's physical endurance is not the same at 70 as it was at 60 or, say, 50. The point is, there is no opportunity to recall an appointed judge when he becomes too old. You can recall a Senator—as we all very well know."

Representative Edward T. Taylor, 79, from Colorado, four months younger than Glass, who holds all records with his 42 successive years of public service, longest in the history of 10,000 Congressmen, oldest man in the House, said:

"It all depends on how you live. No smoking and no drinking will keep a man's mind clear. My impression is that old men's minds are as clear as years ago. A person gets tired easier and can't

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

Text of Roosevelt Message

The text of President Roosevelt's message to Congress recommending reorganization of the Federal judiciary:

I have recently called the attention of the Congress to the clear need for a comprehensive program to reorganize the administrative machinery of the executive branch of our Government. I now make a similar recommendation to the Congress in regard to the judicial branch of the Government, in order that it also may function in accord with modern necessities.

The Constitution provides that the President "shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the State of the Union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient." No one else is given a similar mandate. It is therefore the duty of the President to advise the Congress in regard to the judiciary whenever he deems such information or recommendation necessary.

I address you for the further reason that the Constitution vests in the Congress direct responsibility in the creation of courts and judicial offices and in the formulation of rules of practice and procedure. It is, therefore, one of the definite duties of the Congress constantly to maintain the effective functioning of the Federal judiciary.

The judiciary has often found itself handicapped by insufficient personnel with which to meet a growing and more complex business. It is true that the physical facilities for conducting the business of the courts have been greatly improved, in recent years, through the erection of suitable quarters, the provision of adequate libraries and the addition of subordinate court officers. But in many ways these are merely the trappings of judicial office. They play a minor part in the processes of justice.

Since the earliest days of the republic, the problem of the personnel of the courts has needed the attention of the Congress. For example, from the beginning, over repeated protests to President Washington, the Justices of the Supreme Court were required to "ride circuit" and, as circuit justices, to hold trials throughout the length and breadth of the land—a practice which endured over a century.

In almost every decade since 1789, changes have been made by the Congress whereby the numbers of judges and the duties of judges in Federal courts have been altered in one way or an-

Continued on Page 7, Column 2.

Senate Passes Bill for Repeal Of 'Red Rider'

Measure Is Voted Without Debate; House Proponents Encouraged.

The Senate yesterday beat the House by passing the Wheeler bill to repeal the "Red rider" just two legislative days before it was scheduled for consideration in the House.

Without debate the Senate approved the measure when it was reached on the calendar. The bill had been reported favorably by the Senate Committee on Education and Labor.

House supporters of the companion Kennedy bill were encouraged by the Senate action and predicted that it will aid them in obtaining ratification by the House. They do not, however, expect such an easy course.

Last year the Wheeler bill died on the calendar after being passed over several times when called upon request of one or more Senators.

Speaker Bankhead has promised the House District Committee to dean and the "Red rider" repeal bill is the first measure on the calendar.

Chairman Norton expects to be in charge, and Representative Kennedy (Democrat), of Maryland, will take the lead in the fight for passage, as he was chairman of the sub-committee that investigated the effects of the "Red rider" on the public schools last year.

Attached to the 1936 District appropriations act, the rider has barred Washington public school teachers from discussing communism or the Soviet Republic under threat of deprivation of salary.

State Votes Social Bills.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 5 (AP).—The Tennessee Legislature completed approval today of bills providing old-age pensions, aid to the needy blind and assistance for dependent children—parts of the Federal Social Security program.

Children Join In Eucharistic Congress Mass

60,000 Surround Altar at Manila; Budapest Gets Next Session.

By the Associated Press.

Manila (Saturday), Feb. 6.—An estimated 60,000 children adored the Savior in the Holy Sacrament of the Altar today as they participated in a special program of the thirty-third International Eucharistic Congress.

Children of the rich and poor mingled in a mighty throng at Luneta Park, on the shores of Manila Bay, where they attended mass and received Holy Communion.

It was one of the most spectacular and colorful events of the Congress. Some 40,000 adults joined the children in the service.

By the United Press.

Catholic prelates decided today to hold the thirty-fourth congress in Budapest next year in order to restore biennial continuity to the great religious event.

The continuity was broken by a three-year lapse between the 1934 Buenos Aires congress and the present Manila celebration attended by 100,000 persons.

Pope Pius has approved the selection of Budapest—which takes the congress back to central Europe for the first time in more than 100 years.

Vessel Off Savannah Sends Distress Message

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Radiomarine tonight intercepted a distress call from the S. S. Rigel, 580 miles east of Savannah, Ga. The Norwegian steamer reported her cargo was shifting dangerously and requested all ships in the vicinity to keep close radio contact in case of emergency.

Message From President Accompanied by Letter From Attorney General Deploring Delays in Justice.

PROCTOR URGED TO ADVISE CHIEF JUSTICE ON DOCKETS

Executive Would Name New District Judges Despite Present Vacancies; One Existing More Than a Year.

You Will Want to Read—

Franklyn Waltman's column, which reveals Federal court vacancies while the President pleads for more judges to clear crowded dockets—Page 2.
History of the long-drawn-out fight over court powers beginning with John Marshall's decision that the court could void acts of Congress—Page 3.
Mr. Roosevelt's proposed bill, intended to put into effect the court reforms he asked for in his special message—Page 7.
The President's proposals "would paralyze the judicial arm as a separate and independent branch of government," The Post says editorially—Page 8.
Attorney General Cummings' letter and figures intended to show the need for more judges to clear Federal court dockets—Page 28.
The Supreme Court in pictures, yesterday and today—Page 10.
Gene Elderman's cartoon—Page 9.
Comment by newspapers—Page 7.

By Franklyn Waltman.

President Roosevelt yesterday proposed a sweeping reorganization of the Federal judiciary which would permit him to name six new members of the Supreme Court and thereby possibly increase the size of the tribunal to 15 justices.

The message took the country by surprise as the most spectacular and historically important message the President has sent to Congress.

The proposal, coming after a two-year impasse between the Roosevelt Administration and the Supreme Court over constitutionality of New Deal laws, brought cautious reaction from Capitol Hill, although a number of New Dealers fully indorsed the President's program. The Republicans, in general, were hostile or sarcastic. Former President Herbert Hoover termed the proposal an attempt to "pack the Supreme Court."

Although the Democrats are overwhelmingly in control of Senate and House it appeared doubtful whether the President will get Congressional approval of his entire scheme without undergoing the hardest legislative battle of his career. Indeed, the President may face opposition from some of his most ardent supporters in the past. For instance, such notable New Dealers as Senator George W. Norris, Frank P. Walsh, labor lawyer, foe of public utilities and president of the new National Lawyers Guild, and Morris L. Ernst, liberal lawyer and advocate of Constitutional reform, each expressed hostile opinions of the proposal.

The reaction of the financial community was demonstrated by a drop of from $1 to $5 per share in security prices.

Would Name Six New Justices.

Mr. Roosevelt would be enabled to name six new members of the Supreme Court under a proposal which would authorize him to appoint an additional judge to any Federal court where a jurist after serving ten years on the bench had reached the age of six months past 70 years old and had not retired. Under the scheme the Supreme Court would be limited to 15 justices and not more than 50 additional judges could be named for all the Federal courts.

The President justified this proposal as necessary to relieve the congested dockets of the Federal courts and speed the administration of justice. He made no reference in his message, however, to the existence of eight vacancies in district and circuit judgeships, one of which has existed for more than a year.

The President implied that much of the congestion of court dockets was due to the advanced ages of Federal judges, although he stated there were only 25 out of 237 beyond 70 years of age. His observations regarding the aged jurists were sharply worded and he quoted from a speech from Chief Justice Charles E. Hughes that "they seem to be tenacious of the appearance of adequacy."

Throughout the message the President referred to the need "for a constant infusion of new blood in the courts." He also criticized the Supreme Court for exercising its discretion in refusing to hear for review so many cases, asking "can it be said that full justice is achieved when a court is forced by sheer necessity of keeping up its business to decline, without even an explanation, to hear 87 per cent of the cases presented to it by private litigants?"

Other Proposals in Program.

Other parts of the program which the President submitted to Congress were:

Authority to the Chief Justice to assign temporarily any circuit judge to any appellate circuit, and district judge to any district, where the court dockets are congested.

Authority to the Supreme Court to name an administrative assistant to be known as a "Proctor" to advise the Chief Justice as to the condition of court dockets and the points of congestion.

Provision for appeals direct from district courts to the Supreme Court for immediate hearing in any proceedings involving the constitutionality of Congressional enactments.

Provision that in suits between private parties involving the constitutionality of Congressional enactments ample notice must be given to the Attorney General of the United States before hearings are held or action taken.

May Ask Views of Justices.

Hearings on this program are expected to be held shortly by the House and Senate Judiciary committees. It is possible that members of the Supreme Court may be asked for their views, as was done in 1925 when the procedure under which the Supreme Court now functions

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

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Borah to Fight Pittman's Bill On Neutrality

Johnson, of California, Expected to Join Idahoan in War on Measure.

By the Associated Press.

Senator Borah (Republican), of Idaho, fearful that proposed neutrality legislation may threaten America's traditional freedom of the seas policy, dug in yesterday for emphatic debate on that question.

Senator Johnson (Republican), of California, who has joined Borah in many international arguments of the past, was heading toward the Capital for the fray. Some friends expected him to line up with the Idahoan.

Chairman Pittman (Democrat), of Nevada, of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, who is presenting the Administration's proposals for permanent neutrality legislation, said yesterday he hoped to get the committee started on the problem Monday. Secretary Hull would be the first witness.

Plans Permanent Embargo.

Pittman's bill, which he said was the Administration measure, would make permanent the present mandatory embargo on arms exports to belligerents in time of war. It would let the President bar shipments of other commodities to belligerents on American ships, a provision to which Borah objects.

He opposes even more strongly the mandatory "cash and carry" bill presented by Senator Clark (Democrat), Missouri, on behalf of members of the old Senate Munitions Committee.

Pittman expects the committee to have little difficulty reaching an agreement between his and the Clark proposals, but conceded a "major controversy" over the freedom of the seas issue.

Denies Surrender.

He denies his bill would surrender fredeom of the seas, and questions that such freedom ever exists in time of war.

Pittman said his bill had been approved by President Roosevelt and was "an Administration bill." He did not know whether the President might suggest additional amendments.

The Foreign Relations chairman emphatically denied reports in Senate circles that the Chief Executive had assured England he would oppose any neutrality legislation that threatened to cut off raw materials from the British empire in time of war.

Court Clears Rep. Tinkham In Cannon Suit

Continued from Page 1.

mony. "The bishop kept his accounts in good faith," his lawyer contended. The court erred in passing on whether the bishop was guilty, the motion stated. "That was a matter for the jury to decide." There was an implication in what Tinkham said that the bishop embezzled the money, McNeill declared, adding that the court erred in disregarding this "important innuendo."

The trial ended suddenly yesterday morning, after a motion the day before by Attorney Roger Whiteford, for Tinkham, that the case be dismissed. Jurymen had hardly settled in their chairs when the judge began stating his opinion:

"I find on the testimony of the plaintiff, as given in this trial, that he was guilty of violation of the corrupt practices act and that the charges against him by the defendant are substantially true. Therefore, I sustain a motion for a directed verdict."

Bishop Not Present.

The bishop was not present when he lost his case. The cleric is ill at a hospital at Durham, N. C. He did not attend the six-day trial here.

Tinkham was jubilant. His little blue eyes twinkled and his bushy gray beard bobbed up and down as he chuckled. He said he was vindicated, and glad the matter was completely settled.

Justice Bailey made no comment on Tinkham's defense that the bishop had "invited" the charges and had, in fact, challenged the Congressman to libel him. Tinkham contended that damages could not be recovered on an "invited" libel.

This odd phase of the strife between Cannon and Tinkham resulted from Tinkham's first calling the bishop a "shameless violator" on the floor of the House, where the representative was "privileged" and immune from suit. When the bishop called Tinkham "a blustering coward" for hiding under his House immunities, the Congressman came outside and repeated the charge. Cannon one year later brought suit.

Justice Bailey throughout the trial exhibited a tolerant smile at the fulminations of rival attorneys. He from the first seemed to regard the suit as much ado about nothing. He unexpectedly brought the matter to head Thursday at closing time by hinting he would direct a verdict for merely nominal damages. He mentioned at that time a verdict for one cent. After deliberating the case overnight, he wound it up suddenly yesterday by dismissing the libel suit forthwith, with no damages.

G. P. Zouck, Builder, Dies at Johns Hopkins

Baltimore, Feb. 5 (AP).—George P. Zouck, Baltimore construction man, who built the Department of Commerce and House of Representatives Office buildings in Washington and had started work on a Library of Congress annex, died at Johns Hopkins Hospital today of pneumonia.

He was president of the Consolidated Engineering Co., vice president of the Lord Baltimore Hotel, which he built, and president of the North Avenue Market Co.

Vast Army Program Launched in Poland

Warsaw, Feb. 5 (AP).—A four-year program to strengthen the army and prepare industry for war was announced in the Sejm (Diet) today by Vice Premier and Finance Minister E. Kwaitkowski. Anticipated expenditures are 3,400,000,000 zloty (about $642,600,000).

Politics and People

Roosevelt Fails to Conceal That Real Objective Is a Supreme Court Amenable to His Will.

By Franklyn Waltman

SELDOM has there been a state paper in this country as ingenious, seemingly plausible and convincing as the message which President Roosevelt yesterday sent to Congress proposing a far-reaching reorganization of the Federal judiciary.

WALTMAN.

Yet, for all its suavity and argumentive skill, the message does not conceal that Mr. Roosevelt's real objective is to make the Supreme Court amenable to his will, either by forcing from that tribunal some of those who have disagreed with him, or by permitting him to offset their votes with men of his own choosing.

The President admitted as much when he asserted in conclusion that if the measures he proposed "achieve their aim, we may be relieved of the necessity of considering any fundamental changes in the powers of the courts or the Constitution of our Government." In other words, the real objective is not so much the relief of the present judiciary from heavy burdens by giving asistance to the aged judges—as the President contended—as it is to place on the Supreme Court men who can be expected to say that some of the New Deal measures declared unconstitutional are valid. "Packing the court" is not too brusque a term to apply to the President's proposal.

* * *

The speciousness of the President's argument can be fairly well demonstrated. He justifies his plea for naming additional judges where a jurist has reached 70 years of age after serving 10 years on the bench by congestion of the dockets in the Federal courts. There is no doubt that the dockets of the Federal district and circuit courts are badly congested and that an undesirable situation exists which requires remedial treatment. But this is not true of the Supreme Court docket.

The President by inference contends that this congestion in the lower courts exists because 25 of the 237 life tenure permanent judges are past 70 years of age. He implies that their age has slowed down their work. Included in the 25 past 70 years of age, six are on the Supreme Court, leaving the number past 70 years of age on lower court benches at 19.

Thus under the Presiden'ts proposal he could name 19 additional judges now. But certainly it is not reasonable to believe that 19 additional judges could do much to reduce the number of cases on the docket. On the basis of the Attorney General's comparison between 1913 and 1936 approximately 120 additional judges would be needed.

Indeed, President Roosevelt has not done all he can do at present to supply judges to deal with pending cases. In the Circuit, Appellate and District courts now there are eight vacancies, or almost one-half the number of additional judges which would be created for those courts by the President's proposal.

And still more remarkable is the fact that some of these vacancies go back for a year or more. For instance, in the Seventh Circuit Court of Appeals there are two vacancies. One resulted from the death of Judge Louis Fitzhenry on November 18, 1935, and the other from the retirement of Judge Samuel Alschuler, who submitted his resignation on March 30, 1936. The President has not yet nominated successors to these men, chiefly, it is understood, because political factions in Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin—which comprise the circuit—cannot agree on the appointments.

A third vacancy on the circuit bench resulted from the creation on June 24, 1936, of an additional judge for the Third Circuit. John Biggs, jr., of Wilmington, was nominated for that vacancy last Wednesday—almost eight months after the post was created. There are five vacancies in district judgeships, one resulting from a death in Oregon a few months ago and one each in Kentucky, Missouri, Oklahoma and West Virginia. These four judgeships were created by Congress last June to ease congestion in those judicial districts—yet the President has not yet seen fit to make the appointments.

The present Congress has confirmed appointees to two district judgeships. One was a successor to Judge Edwin R. Holmes, of Mississippi, whose promotion to the circuit bench was confirmed by the Senate on March 19, 1936, after several months of controversy. In that case the President waited almost a year to fill the vacancy.

The situation of the Federal judgeships in New York is well known. To relieve congestion of cases Congress in the spring of 1935 created an additional judgeship but the President waited a year to make the appointment—waited until Congress created two more Federal judgeships last spring so that, as it was reputed at the time, he could make three appointments and equally divide the patronage among Tammany Hall, Edward J. Flynn, the Bronx leader, and Senator Robert F. Wagner.

These incidents hardly serve as evidence of any genuine concern on the President's part to remove the handicap on the judiciary of "insufficient personnel with which to meet a growing and more complex business," of which he spoke in his message. By his failure to fill vacancies in the judiciary, while party henchmen sought to bargain on a division of the patronage, the President must accept responsibility for some of the congestion in the courts and the demoralizing consequences which he cited in his message.

* * *

"Even at the present time the Supreme Court is laboring under a heavy burden," said Mr. Roosevelt in his message. But the court records for the last three years show that it has been free from congestion and that between the term which commenced in October, 1933, and that which started in October, 1935, the number of petitions coming to the court has decreased.

The record for the last term of court, for instance, shows that 1,076 cases appeared on the appellate docket, including 96 carried over from the previous term. The court disposed of 986 cases, leaving 90 to be carried over to this term. Few of these 90 cases were ready for argument when the court recessed last June and all had been filed in the previous three months.

Of the 986 cases disposed of by the court 269 were heard and determined on their merits and 717 petitions for review were denied. Mr Roosevelt criticized the court for exercising its discretion in refusing to review so many cases, although the figures he used in his message do not correspond with the court records. Obviously it would be pleasing to many lawyers if they could take any kind of case they desired to the Supreme Court but then that tribunal would become but another court of appeals and even 15 justices would not be enough to keep its dockets clear.

* * * *

As though President Roosevelt had not given us a sensational enough story for one week, a Washington correspondent last night suggested that now Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes should top off his career by resigning from the court and start on a barn-storming tour of the country to arouse the people to the gravity of the step proposed by the President. Newspapermen are never satisfied!

10-Point Drive To Enhance Air Safety Adopted

200 Operators, Technicians Vote to Increase U. S. Control of Radio.

Amid firm assertions of the present safety of commercial aviation, 200 airline operators and aviation technicians yesterday adopted a 10-point program calling for increased Government regulation of radio equipment and modernization and development of other aviation navigation aids.

The program, adopted without a dissenting vote, was formulated by a committee chosen from delegates at the Air Line Safety Conference, now in session at the Department of Commerce Building.

The 10 recommendations were:

Modernization of existing facilities and installation of additional facilities as outlined by the Bureau of Air Commerce last August, the program to be completed by 1938.

Installation of simultaneous type range stations, capable of transmitting simultaneously range signals and weather forecasts.

Installation before next December of antennae unaffected by rain, snow, sleet and dust static on transport aircraft.

Approval of radio direction finders, but further development to precede making this equipment mandatory.

Installation of only Government approved type radio in airline and non-scheduled instrument rating aircraft.

Development of ground station directional finders, as a supplement to regular radio beams.

Continued development by the bureau in "blind" approach and "blind" landing.

No further use of commercial broadcasting stations in general for air navigational purposes, as they "cannot be relied upon."

Referring the question of radio frequency complications and allocations to the radio technical committee.

Referring the question of current and detailed air maps to the Air Regulation Division and the Airport Mapping and Marking Section.

Unanimously Adopted.

These recommendations were adopted unanimously by the committee appointed to make recommendations to the conference body, it was learned. The only question on which there was marked difference of opinion was regarding radio direction finders, about which several representatives felt that a definite date should be set by which time installation would be mandatory.

Speaking for the Bureau of Air Commerce, Eugene Vidal, director, said his organization was in complete accord with all the suggestions except that regarding radio direction finders. He maintained that mandatory installation is desirable in the near future.

Reeder Nichols, radio expert of the bureau, supported this contention. The reliability of radio direction finders, he said, is "pretty well proved." In over 15 years of use on ships it has been successful. Without disagreeing with the contention that it is subject to "night effect"—making it temporarily inaccurate due to atmospheric interference with radio signals—Nichols said the bureau felt its installation was necessary if it were used only 12 hours a day.

Instructions Necessary.

He stated a certain amount of instruction to pilots regarding use of the instrument was necessary, that further developments were desirable. "But," he added, "I believe it is a safety factor and more serious consideration should be given to its general use."

Vidal, in a speech directed to the flying public, said, "We all know the public is alarmed over accidents, there is no use in minimizing them."

But, he added, lack of the equipment discussed by the conference, "does not mean flying is unsafe today."

The equipment discussed by the conferees, said Vidal, is for future development. "There should be no worry to the flying public between now and the time they are installed," he added.

Vidal also brought out that the bureau's regulations, standards and limitations that are set up to regulate flying depending on flying conditions, weather, ceiling, visibility and other items.

Air Travel Called Safe.

Col. Edgar S. Gorrell, president of the Air Transport Association, substantiated Vidal's assertion as to the safety of air travel. He cited figures for fatalities of railroads, automobiles and airplanes, concluding: "So when you come to talk in terms of safety of transportation, I think you'll realize the airways are the safest mode of all."

Gorrell stated that there had been 203 casualties in the 10 years inter-State aviation has been under Federal control, an average of 20 fatalities a year. He compared this with the fiftieth report of the Interstate Commerce Commission which reported 4,000 fatalities and 16,000 injuries on railroads during the last year.

Roosevelt Asks to Appoint Six Supreme Court Justices

Message Demands Revision of Entire Federal Judiciary; Would Name Judges for All Now Over 70.

Continued from Page 1.

was under consideration, and again two years ago when a proposal was made for speeding up appeals in cases involving Constitutional questions.

The President laid this program before Congress in a lengthy special message, to which he attached a letter to him from Attorney General Homer S. Cummings describing congestion of Federal court dockets. The Attorney General declared that at present "the number of new cases offset those that are disposed of, so that the courts are unable to decrease the enormous back-log of undigested matters."

Limit of Fifteen Advocated.

Attached to the President's message also was the draft of a bill carrying out the proposals contained in the message. In his message the President did not refer to any restriction on the number of justices he could appoint to the Supreme Court to match those justices beyond 70 years of age. The limitation of 15 members appeared in the draft of the bill.

At present there are six members of the Supreme Court who have served on that body more than ten years and who have passed their seventieth birthdays. They are Chief Justice Charles Evans Hughes, Justices Louis D. Brandeis, Willis Van Devanter, James C. McReynolds, George Sutherland and Pierce Butler.

Attributed to McReynolds.

Incidentally, the President in his message attributed to Justice McReynolds, when the latter was Attorney General, authorship of the plan on which his proposal was built. He said that the Attorney Generals in office in 1913, 1914, 1915 and 1916 "recommended to Congress that when a district or circuit judge failed to retire at the age of 70, an additional judge be appointed in order that the affairs of the court might be promptly and adequately discharged." Justice McReynolds was Attorney General from March 5, 1913, to August 29, 1914.

Under the President's proposal if none of the justices over 70 years old retired on full pay, Mr. Roosevelt could name six additional members of the court, increasing its size to the full limit of 15 justices. If three retired he would be able to name their three successors and three additional justices, making the membership 12. In that event the court might find itself deadlocked by an equal division.

Brandeis Called Liberal.

Of the six justices to whom the proposed legislation would apply, four have been rather constant opponents of New Deal legislation, Justices Van DeVanter, McReynolds, Sutherland and Butler. The Chief Justice has voted to uphold New Deal measures about as often as he has voted against them. Justice Brandeis has been a steady friend of New Deal measures, although he joined with the entire court in ruling NRA unconstitutional.

The legislation would not apply to Justice Owen J. Roberts until the fall of 1945, and to Justice Harlan F. Stone not until the spring of 1943, six months after each has passed his seventieth birthday. It would not apply to Justice Benjamin N. Cardozo until March, 1942, although he will be 70 years old on May 24, 1940. On that birthday he will not have served ten years on the Federal bench, which is a condition of the legislation.

Incidentally, in order to make the legislation apply to Chief Justice Hughes now it was necessary that this ten years of required service need not be continuous. The Chief Justice served six years as an associate justice before he resigned in 1916. He was renamed to the court as Chief Justice in February, 1930.

Consider Appointments.

Speculation was widespread yesterday regarding prospective appointees to the court, should the President be clothed with the power he asked. Among those mentioned as possible appointees were Felix Frankfurter, close adviser of the President and Harvard Law School professor; Donald R. Richberg, former NRA administrator; Senator Robert F. Wagner, of New York; Robert H. Jackson, assistant Attorney General; James M. Landis, SEC chairman, recently named dean of the Harvard Law School, and Senator Walter F. George, of Georgia.

If the President abandons his self-imposed rule not to name to a Federal judgeship any person over 60 years of age, Attorney General Homer S. Cummings, Senate Democratic leader Joe T. Robinson, and Senator Henry F. Ashurst might have some chance to reach the court.

There also was speculation that Mr. Roosevelt might name a woman and in that connection the name of Judge Florence E. Allen of the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals was mentioned. It also was suggested that perhaps the President might name an economist or two. He does not have to name a lawyer.

In his message the President said 25 of the 237 life tenure permanent judgeships are now held by judges over 70 years old and eligible to leave the bench on full pay. This number includes the six Supreme Court justices beyond 70 years of age, leaving 19 beyond the prescribed age on the circuit and district benches. Thus under the terms of his proposal the President could add but 19 judges to the Federal circuit and district benches.

The draft bill limited the number of judges which would be named under its provisions to 50 and in addition to specifying a maximum of 15 for the Supreme Court, limited such appointments to not more than two on each appellate circuit bench, the Court of Claims, the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals and the Customs Court and not more than the number of judges now sitting in any district court.

There is nothing in the proposed measure which would force any Federal judge to retire. Such a provision would be unconstitutional, since the Constitution provides that Federal judges shall be appointed for life and may be removed only by impeachment proceedings for misbehavior.

The bill would appropriate $100,000 to pay salaries of additional judges named under its provisions and defray other expenses incidental to them during the fiscal year 1937. The salary of the proposed proctor for the Supreme Court is set at $10,000 annually.

The President and Attorney General Cummings indicated it is not proposed additional judges named under the plan necessarily would sit in the circuit or district courts to which they were appointed because an incumbent there had passed 70 years, but would be assigned to districts and circuits where congestion of cases existed.

The Attorney General in his letter to the President contended the existing situation would not be remedied "merely by creating new judicial positions in specific circuits or districts." He held that the system adopted should be "flexible and should permit the temporary assignment of judges to points where they appear to be most needed."

Wants Mobile Force.

"The newly created personnel should constitute a mobile force, available for service in any part of the country at the assignment and direction of the chief justice," he asserted.

The additional justices named to the Supreme Court, however, would sit with that body as peers of the present members.

The President succeeded in keeping his plans secret until he was ready to announce them at his regular semi-weekly press conference yesterday morning. Not a word regarding his purpose had leaked out. Not even some who regard themselves as close White House advisers were taken into his confidence. The only person on Capitol Hill to whom the plan was confided was said reliably to be Senate Democratic Leader Robinson and he was not told, it was reported, until late Thursday night.

Summons for a special Cabinet meeting at 10 o'clock yesterday morning was sent out Thursday night but the purpose was not revealed. Chairman Hatton Sumners and Henry Ashurst of House and Senate Judiciary Committees also were requested Thursday night to be at the White House at 10 o'clock yesterday morning.

The first public notice that something unusual was astir came when the Cabinet members arrived at the White House. Even then it was believed the gathering had something to do with the General Motors strike. For almost an hour the President expounded his plan to the Cabinet and the two Judiciary chairman. Then the press was admitted to the President's office.

It was a press conference which resembled that historic session in June, 1935, when the President flayed the Supreme Court's NRA decision, contending it smacked of the "horse and buggy age." Mr. Roosevelt referred to that occasion as he talked with the press yesterday. Reading parts of the message which he was about to send to Capitol Hill, he came to the phrase about circuit judges who were required to "ride the circuit." He paused and said that in the early days of the Republic these judges rode horseback and then, laughing, he said that was the "pre-horse and buggy age."

During reading of his message at the press conference the President was alternately serious and solemn and then laughing and gay. At times a slight note of sarcasm and derision was in his voice and manner. He drew a hearty laugh when he asserted that "the question of aged or infirm judges" was a "subject of delicacy." He paused and then asserted "yet one which requires frank discussion."

In beginning his message the President associated his program for reorganization of the executive branch of the Government with what he termed "a similar recommendation in regard to the judicial branch of the Government in order that it also may function in accord with modern necessities."

He maintained that the "judiciary has often found itself handicapped by insufficient personnel with which to meet a growing and more complex business" and pointed out that the size of the Supreme Court had been changed six times since its establishment. Starting out with six members in 1789, its membership was reduced to five in 1801; increased to seven in 1807; increased to nine in 1837; increased to ten in 1863; reduced to seven in 1866 and increased to nine in 1869, when the last change was made.

Changes in Battles.

The President did not pause to recall the history of these various changes. But each was associated in some way with a political battle of the times—frequently a battle over powers of the Supreme Court. The change in 1869, made during the heated controversy over the legal tender cases, gave rise to charges President Grant was "packing the court" to get an adverse decision reversed.

The President in his message went on to assert congestion on court dockets caused delay in adjudicating litigation and "delay in any court results in injustice." He held that "it makes lawsuits a luxury available only to the few who can afford them or who have property interests to protect which are sufficiently large to repay the cost."

"Poorer litigants are compelled to abandon valuable rights or accept inadequate or unjust settlements because of sheer inability to finance or to await the end of a long litigation," he asserted. "Only by speeding up the processes of the law and thereby reducing their cost, can we eradicate the growing impression that the courts are chiefly a haven for the well-to-do."

By expediting work of the trial courts, he pointed out that the work of the Circuit Courts of Appeal would be further increased, as well as that of the Supreme Court. Even now, he held, the Supreme Court is "laboring under a heavy burden." Its difficulties were "superficially lightened some years ago by authorizing the court, in its discretion, to refuse to hear appeals in many classes of cases," the President asserted.

This discretion, he said, "was so freely exercised" that in the last fiscal year the court refused to hear 717 of the 867 petitions for review filed with it. This latter figure does not agree with the records of the court, which show that 980 petitions for appeal were filed with the court during that year and that the court refused to hear 717.

It was at this point that the President went on to criticize the court for refusing to hear so many appeals. He used this aspect of the court's work to sustain his contention that "the necessity of relieving present congestion extends to enlargement of the capacity of all the Federal courts." That, he held, led to the question of the "capacity of the judges themselves" and the aged and infirm judges.

In Congress

YESTERDAY.

Senate.

Met at noon and recessed at 12:55 p. m. until noon Monday.

Heard President Roosevelt's message on reorganization of judiciary.

Considered bills on the calendar.

House.

Met at noon and adjourned at 5:45 p. m. until noon Monday.

Heard President Roosevelt's message on reorganization of judiciary.

Resumed debate on reciprocal trade bill.

Interstate Commerce Committee considered long and short haul bill.

Agriculture Committee considered farm tenant bill.

TODAY.

Senate.

Not in session.

Special Committee considers reorganization in executive branch of Government.

House.

Not in session.

Appropriations sub-committee considers commerce supply bill.

Rae Named Best 1936 Racing Pilot

Roger Don Rae, of Lansing, Mich., has been named champion American racing air pilot for 1936 by the contest board of the National Aeronautic Association, according to announcement in the February issue of the National Aeronautic Magazine.

Rae, a familiar figure at American air races for a number of years, had a total of 1,154 points, based on points won in major meets during the year. He was followed by Arthur Chester, Los Angeles, 9,464 points; Harold Neumann, Kansas City, who is chief pilot for TWA, 750 points; Earl Ortman, Los Angeles, 650 points, and Lee Miles, Wichita, Kans., 350 points.

Rae also headed the list of 1936 national champion parachute jumpers, on a similar point basis. He was followed by Herbert W. Stark, Compton, Calif., and A. T. Nichol, Sandy, Utah.

Mexican Reds Demand Trotzky Aide Ouster

Mexico City, Feb. 5 (AP).—The Mexican Communist party demanded today the expulsion from Mexico of Bernhard Wolff, American, who arrived last week to serve as secretary to Leon Trotzky.

In a manifesto signed by the party's secretary, Hernan Laborde, the government also was urged to be certain Trotzky "abides by his promise" not to carry on political activity during his exile in Mexico.

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Renovator Given $5,000 In Suit for Alienation

Damages of $5,000 were awarded Robert E. Childress, proprietor of a renovating concern by a jury in District Court late yesterday. R. F. James, charged with alienating the affections of Mrs. Vivian Childress, was the defendent.

Childress contended through attorneys A. L. Newmyer and David Hornstein that his wife left him in April, 1935, taking with her some of the household furniture and his business records. The husband charged the information in his records was made available to James, who soon after set up a competitive business.

Winter Comes to N. Y.

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Snow fell in New York today, suggesting this may be winter after all. By early afternoon about 1.6 inches had drifted in soft flakes over the city.

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Five Other Presidents Clashed With Court; Roosevelt's Step One of Most Drastic

Grant Also Accused Of 'Packing' Tribunal

U. S. History Shows That Congress Has Increased Number of Justices Four Times; Each Boost Held Due to Heavy Judicial Activities.

By the Associated Press.

President Roosevelt's proposal to increase membership of the Supreme Court is one of the most drastic moves affecting the tribunal ever made.

There have, however, been clas' es between the court and Presidents Jefferson, Jackson, Van Buren, Lincoln and Theodore Roosevelt.

Four times Congress has voted an increase in the number of the justices. Each enlargement was due to a heavy boost in judicial activities.

Once, however, during the Grant Administration, the gain in membership produced charges the President was attempting to "pack" the court to obtain a ruling upholding constitutionality of the legal tender act.

Two Members Added.

This measure, which had been passed to provide paper money to pay for the Civil War, was declared partially invalid by a vote of 4 to 3.

On the same day the decision was delivered in 1870, Grant sent to the Senate the nominations of two men to become new members of the court. There was a vacancy to be filled and Congress had added another member to the tribunal.

A little later, a rehearing was granted and the entire legislation was upheld by a 5 to 4 vote. The two new justices joined with the trio of previous dissenters to form a majority for the act.

The court originally was composed of six members. It was raised to seven in 1807, to nine in 1837, ten in 1863, dropped to eight in 1866 and made nine—the present number—in 1869.

In 1866, the reduction was voted by Congress to keep President Johnson from naming new members.

Two-Thirds Vote Asked.

Also during the Johnson Administration, the House passed, 116 to 39, a bill to prevent the justices from holding unconstitutional an act of Congress except by a two-thirds vote. The idea perished in the Senate.

The stirring events centering around defeat in 1800 of John Adams by Thomas Jefferson, father of the Democratic Party, precipitated the first uprising against the court since the new Government had been formed 12 years before.

Although Adams, an arch Federalist, had been eliminated in the election, the balloting resulted in a tie between Jefferson and Aaron Burr. The House of Representatives chose Jefferson. Burr became Vice President.

Four days before the House vote, the Federalist Congress passed what was known as the "midnight judges" act to reduce the membership of the Supreme Court from six to five and to establish six new circuits with 16 separate judges.

Federalists Sought Control.

The contemplated reduction in the number of justices was intended to prevent Jefferson from appointing one of his adherents when there was a vacancy and to aid in keeping the Federalists in control of the judiciary.

Nominations for the new circuit judges were sent to the Senate by Adams within 13 days thereafter and by March 2, 1801, all had been confirmed. In keeping with political traditions, most of them were Federalists.

This last-minute coup infuriated the Jeffersonians, who repealed the legislation a few months after they came into power.

Amid such a setting came the action against the Supreme Court, composed entirely of Federalists. After delay came one of the strangest ironies in the records of jurisprudence. Soon after the Federalist court reconvened, it upheld the repeal act.

Attack Grew in Force.

The Republican attack on the court had become violent as a result of a decision involving the war-time action of the Lincoln Administration in depriving civilians of the right of habeas corpus.

In connection with activities of the military, Lincoln himself had engaged in a tug-of-war with Chief Justice Taney, who was acting in his capacity as a member of the Circuit Court as justices were required to do in those days.

Checkmated, the Chief Justice wrote an opinion holding the President "cannot suspend the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus nor authorize any military officer to do so." He instructed the clerk of the court to send a copy to Lincoln.

It was the expressed belief of the President that, during a war, what he considered to be the requirements of the emergency were supreme.

What the Federalists called a wholesale assault on the judiciary by the Jeffersonian Party, then called Republicans and now Democrats, followed the Marbury vs. Madison decision. Amid the furore impeachment charges were brought by the House in 1805 against Samuel Chase, an associate justice, but he was acquitted.

State Laws Overturned.

During the next few years Marshall handed down a series of opinions which greatly increased the power of the Federal structure and overturned a variety of State legislation.

By the end of 1825, the court had held unconstitutional laws of ten States. Each decision was followed by a flurry of invective from the affected area and by champions of State rights in Congress. Many proposals were made then, as in every period of heated controversy, for shearing away some of the court's power.

In 1829 Andrew Jackson stepped into the White House to the accompaniment of great tumult and shouting. Before his eight years were over the court had passed through another peak period in its eventful career.

Marshall rendered an opinion on March 3, 1832, holding a Georgia statute unconstitutional on the ground the Federal Government had exclusive jurisdiction over the Cherokees. Informed of this development, Jackson was widely quoted as commenting: "Well, John Marshall has made his decision, now let him enforce it."

A few weeks later, Jackson, in vetoing a bill on July 10, 1832, to renew the charter of the Bank of the United States, asserted the authority of the Supreme Court must not "be permitted to control the Congress, or the Executive, when acting in their legislative capacities."

In Calm Period.

After criticism by President Van Buren in his 1838 message to Congress of a decision upholding the right of the District of Columbia Circuit Court to issue a writ of mandamus against Government officials, the Supreme Court passed through a period of comparative quietude.

Theodore Roosevelt expressed the view the courts at times were an obstacle to progress and suggested recall of judicial decisions and of judges by vote of the people.

In a speech at Vicksburg in October, 1907, he made a statement bearing a striking resemblance to recent utterances of his distant cousin, Franklin D. Roosevelt. He said:

"The Constitution must be interpreted not as a straitjacket, not as laying the hand of death upon our developments, but as an instrument designed for the life and healthy growth of the Nation."

Katherine Mayo On Child Brides

Continued from Page 1.

against society, cruel to the child and physically and mentally debasing to any race practicing it.

"Happily in America it is a rarity, not a habit, resulting only from ignorance. Some backward States are without proper laws to control it. Other States are lax in enforcing the good laws they possess.

"But public opinion is the spine and the teeth of any law, as witness the history of prohibition. American opinion, in general, is outraged by the two cases now up. The press of the country is doing a great and merciful service in fanning, strengthening and spreading informed popular opinion in this matter.

"For such opinion, if maintained awake and active, can soon clear every State's good name.

"Contrast what such an undertaking would mean in India, whose latest census showed over 5,000,000 widows under 10 years of age, many of them considerably under that age.

"There orthodox Hindu religion and orthodox Hindu public opinion demands consummated marriage of every girl before puberty on pain of lost social standing, with the souls of their parents condemned to hell. In the face of such conditions the abolition of child marriage would be impossible."

Parent Asks Girl Return.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 5.—The Rev. Paul R. Diehl, who married Isabel Carter and 36-year-old Harry Monroe, said today that the girl, who is 13, insisted she was 18 years old.

Meanwhile, from Columbus, Ohio, the Associated Press reported that Mr. and Mrs. Miner Carter, flood refugees from Portsmouth and parents of the girl, will seek annulment of the marriage.

Diehl told reporters at Annapolis that when the girl first applied for a license to marry the farmer she gave her age as 18. The minister said he questioned both of them about her age and both insisted she was 18.

The girl told Diehl, he said, that she was marrying of her own free will.

Friends of the couple, Diehl declared, told him that the girl needed the home which Monroe was able to give her and with that assurance he proceeded with the ceremony. The marriage was last month.

Virginia, Maryland Courts Unaffected

By the Associated Press.

President Roosevelt's proposal to appoint a new judge for each Federal judge remaining on the bench who is over the 70-year retirement age would affect Virginia or Maryland for more than a decade.

All of Virginia's three district Federal judges are in their fifties. They are Luther B. Way, of Norfolk, and Robert N. Pollard, of Richmond, sitting in the Eastern Virginia District, and John Paul, of Harrisonburg, who presides over the Western District.

Maryland's Federal judges also are well under the retirement age. They are District Judges William C. Coleman and W. Calvin Chesnut, and Circuit Judge Morris A. Soper, of the Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals.

Mrs. Grace Anna Hunt, Noted Musician, Dies

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Mrs. Grace Anna Hunt, 73, widely known musician, etcher and art critic, died here today.

Mrs. Hunt began her musical career when, as a child pianist she played at a concert conducted by Sir Theodore Hook in London, where she was born. Later her musical activities centered in Chicago, where she appeared several times as soloist with Theodore Thomas' orchestra. She was the wife of Dr. Leigh Harrison Hunt, professor emeritus of art at the College of the City of New York.

Michael Is Better.

Florence, Italy, Feb. 5 (AP).—Crown Prince Michael, 15, of Rumania, "is completely recovered" from an appendicitis operation and a touch of influenza, it was officially announced today. He will be able to leave the hospital tomorrow.

Wirephoto: Blasts Followed by Fire in Flood-Torn Louisville

Copyright by the Associated Press.

Walls of this building collapsed following fire that resulted from a number of gas explosions in the business section of Louisville, Ky., from which flood waters receded only recently. An undetermined number of persons were reported killed.

Court Message Divides Elder U. S. Statesmen

Sen. Glass Declares 'Some Men Under 70 Not Fit to Serve at Anything.'

Continued from Page 1.

carry the strain, but wide experience and breadth of knowledge counteracts inability for hard work. You can't draw a horizontal line at 70."

Senator Borah, 72-year-old Republican warrior from Idaho, declared curtly:

"My people decided as to my fitness last November."

Senator Norris, 76, grizzled liberal Independent from Nebraska, was the most enthusiastic of the oldsters who agreed with the President. Said he:

"I completely agree with everything the President said."

Senator Capper, 72, Kansas Republican, stated:

"I wouldn't wish to comment on the age question."

Senator King, 73-year-old Utah Democrat, was plainly nettled at the idea a man of 70 is approaching senility. He exclaimed:

"You'd better refer to the prophets of old Israel. They were old men. What about Gladstone? What about the great poets, writers, philosophers and statesmen past 70? His (Roosevelt's) statement merits very little consideration."

Protests Windy Debates.

Senator James Hughes, 70, Democratic newcomer from Delaware, joked:

"Some doctor some years ago said anyone over 40 years of age should be shot. Seriously, though, men on the bench do wear out. I have never felt any mental deterioration yet. I like work. But this new job may wear me out if I have to listen to many windy debates like I did the other day."

Senator Theodore F. Green, 70-year-old Rhode Island Democrat, said:

"The President's speech was very fine, well reasoned. There ought to be an age limit, though it is difficult to say when a man is senile. Some of our aged justices just go through the motions. I suppose it's lese majeste to criticise the courts, but that's the way I feel."

Rush Holt Comments.

Hiram Johnson, 71; James Hamilton Lewis (whose age is unlisted in the Congressional Directory or Who's Who, but who is old enough to have introduced in Congress a bill for the recognition of Cuban independence in 1899), and numerous Congressmen who are on the "wrong side of 70," could not be reached for comment. Rush Holt, 32, youngest Senator, had this to say:

"I've always been against attaching too much importance to youth or old age. Naturally. But liberalism is not dependent on age. Some of the most conservative men I know are in my own age bracket, and some of the most liberal were near 100."

Niece of Britain's Ambassador Dies

Lady Elizabeth Lindsay, niece of Sir Ronald Lindsay, the British Ambassador, died late Thursday in Rome, it was learned here yesterday. She was 26 years old. Death was caused by double pneumonia.

All social engagements immediately were canceled by the Ambassador and Lady Lindsay. They announced they would observe a week of personal mourning.

The peeress was a daughter of the Earl of Crawford and Balcarres, oldest brother of Sir Ronald.

She became widely known in Washington during the winter of 1934 and 1935, when she came to the United States to visit her aunt and uncle. Repeating her visit last year, she was widely entertained.

The Post Will Receive Funds for Red Cross Flood Relief

The District of Columbia quota for flood relief has been increased from $48,000 to $120,000 by the American Red Cross.

The Washington Post will assist in raising the required amount by receiving and acknowledging in its columns the contributions of Washingtonians. Make checks payable to District Chapter, American Red Cross, for flood relief. Bring or mail them to the business office of The Washington Post.

Those who wish to submit their contributions directly to the American Red Cross may send or deliver cash or checks to the District Chapter, American Red Cross, 1730 E street.

Illinois Boy, 5, Kidnaped, Slain By Degenerate

Child Is Found in Snow Near Home, Strangled With Own Scarf.

By the Associated Press.

Lombard, Ill., Feb. 5.—Five-year-old Roger Loomis—strangled to death with his own scarf—was found on a snow-swept prairie here today.

Investigators reported he apparently had been abducted by a degenerate, held prisoner most of last night, garrotted and hurled from his assailant's car.

"It must have been a moron who just happened to take my little boy," said his father, George Loomis, an inspector in the United States Customs Service in Chicago. "I am not wealthy. No kidnaper would try to get money from me. I have no enemies."

The law-enforcing agencies of Chicago, engaged in a drive against degenerates, joined county officials in a hunt for the slayer.

Mrs. Loomis, near collapse from grief over the killing of her only child, said a playmate informed her the lad entered a car near his residence late yesterday.

The elder Loomis enlisted officers in an all-night search. The body was found about three-quarters of a mile from the home.

Coroner Paul Isherwood announced death was due to strangulation. He said he found no evidence of "sexual abuse."

State's Attorney Thomas J. Courtney, of Chicago, offered the services of his "sex crime bureau"—A recently established organization staffed by a special prosecutor and detectives who concentrate on degenerate cases.

Man Dies in Leap From Postoffice

L. J. Lowry, 39, an employe in the personnel division of the Postoffice Department, was killed late yesterday when he leaped from a fourth story window on the court of the new Postoffice Department Building.

Police said Lowry, who lived at 1302 Girard street northwest, was unmarried. His mother, they learned, lives at New Haven, Conn. Lowry was a World War veteran and had been in poor health, his fellow-workers said.

Investigators said the man apparently opened a window and jumped to the court. Death was instantaneous. The body was removed to the District Morgue.

Sledge Falls, Kills Man.

Newport News, Va., Feb. 5 (AP).—A 10-pound sledge hammer, accidentally dislodged from an overhead shelf, struck and killed Chester Tarpin, 45-year-old WPA worker, at Fort Monroe today.

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Two Gambling Suspects Held In 'Club' Raid

Squad Chops Steel Doors to Enter Elaborate Establishment.

An elaborate gambling establishment in the 1200 block of Connecticut avenue northwest, disguised as a bridge club, was raided yesterday by members of the vice squad. Two men were arrested.

The arrested men gave their names as Walter H. Dickhaut, 48, of the 2500 block of Seventeenth street northwest, and James K. Mahorney, 20, of 700 block of V street northwest. They were charged with setting up a gaming table and released for a commissioner's hearing on $2,000 bond.

Acting Capt. George Little, vice squad head, who led the raid, said his squad had to hack two steel doors before they could gain entrance. Eight men in the place at the time were later released.

Located on the fourth floor, the place was used as a speakeasy in pre-repeal days. It was disguised to imitate a bridge club with expensive card tables and furniture. A false wall hid the gambling den proper. Race track sheets, gambling tables and telephones were confiscated.

While making the raid, Little said, one customer called in a bet of $300 "on the nose" and several minutes later wanted to bet $75 to win on another horse. Police estimated that bets ran at least $1,000 a day.

The "club," he said, was patronized by Washington's smart set who generally visited after the theater to play "craps" or card games.

Dickhaut, Little explained, has never before been arrested for gambling. They said that several times a year he has changed the location of his establishment—never far, however, from Connecticut avenue.

Everything for the Traveler

BECKERS
1314 F STREET N. W.

6 Are Believed Killed by Blast At Louisville

12 Hurt as Gas Explosions, Fire Raze 2 Buildings in Business Area.

Continued from Page 1.

the south today while the Ohio River country emerged gradually from the wreckage of its worst flood.

Every eye remained alert for signs of weakness in the 1,000 miles of man-made embankments guarding crest stages moving down the Mississippi to the Gulf. A pick-and-shovel army of 120,000 toiled through the night with dirt and sandbag emplacements.

The battle with the slow-moving crests and with the debris and destruction left by the rapidly falling Ohio alike had the attention of authorities in Washington.

The country's leaders were of one mind that money must not be spared in an effort to prevent a repetition of this year's disaster. It already has cost 392 lives, caused $550,000,000 property damage and sent almost 1,000,000 citizens from their homes.

The Ohio was falling from its source to Cairo, where it empties into the Mississippi. Tennessee National Guardsmen continued their patrol on the levee front from Tiptonville, Tenn., to Hickman, Ky., fearful of possible attempts by Missourians to dynamite to relieve pressure on the other side.

Cairo watched the water edge slowly downward, but with a knowledge that a guard on the seawall and sand-bagged levee must be maintained until the river gets back within its banks. The city started a return to normal with the reopening of industrial plants not requiring immediate railroad service. Cincinnati was returning speedily toward normalcy.

The crest of the "super-flood" out of the Ohio, said Lieut. Col. Eugene Reybold, district engineer at Memphis, "is somewhere below New Madrid," and "the peak may reach Memphis Sunday or Monday."

The slight fall continued at Hickman and New Madrid, and with fair weather prevailing for the third consecutive day, "generally favorable reports were received," although the wind was somewhat higher.

A leak developed around a culvert in the St. John Bayou levee, 7 miles northwest of New Madrid, but maintenance crews acted promptly.

A watch was continued on the Mellwood and Ferguson, Ark., levees with renewed vigilance.

No matter how good a cook you are, you will get better results with
Washington FLOUR
That is the verdict of thousands of Washington housewives, based on intimate experience with Washington Flour—the perfect family flour.
Plain Washington Flour for all purposes; Self-Rising Washington Flour for biscuits, waffles, etc., made without baking powder; Martha Washington Cake Flour that makes deliciously moist cakes that stay moist.
Every sack guaranteed.
The "Pantry Pals" are for sale by ALL grocers, delicatessens, markets, chain stores, etc.
Wilkins-Rogers Milling Co.
Washington, D. C.

Congress, Taken by Surprise, Split on Roosevelt Bombshell

Majority Noncommittal; House Judiciary Committee Cool; Hoover Vehement in Condemnation; Democrats Plan Swift Action.

Continued from Page 1.

ping it in the hopper. He said that would speed early consideration.

Discussion Monday.

First preliminary committee discussion of the plan is scheduled Monday in the Senate, when the Senate Judiciary Committee holds its regular meeting. Chairman Henry F. Ashurst, hitherto ardent advocate of a constitutional amendment, appeared to have been won over to the President's plan.

"President Taft urged this same thing several years ago," Ashurst said. "I am in favor of the proposal."

The House Judiciary Committee, which already had approved a liberalized plan for retirement of Supreme Court justices, and will meet Tuesday on a bill to assure speedy Justice Department intervention in cases involving constitutionality, may discuss the plan at that time. Opposition to many features of the President's bill that go beyond committee proposals is anticipated from Chairman Hatton Sumners.

"Packing the Court."

Cries of "packing the court" were heard frequently from Republicans, and even Democratic conservatives, in both chambers, and the minority opposition was swift to register opposition. Senate Republican Leader Charles L. McNary thought it a "matter that must be studied with great care, as it involves transfer to the President of greater power over the judiciary than ever before existed."

House Republican Leader Bertrand H. Snell thought it was "the beginning of the end of everything."

Said Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg, of Michigan, one of the Senate's Republican leaders: "I favor procedural reform, but I do not favor dictatorial control."

Vandenberg said he "most emphatically would not agree to packing the Supreme Court, no matter how adroitly the objective is described in a multitude of words."

Democrats to Speed Plan.

Democratic leaders, on the other hand, left no doubt that they will press the plan speedily in both chambers. Senate Majority Leader Robinson said the program is "in no sense a violent innovation" and "looks to dispatch in the decision of cases."

On the other side of the Capitol, Speaker William B. Bankhead said it was based on "sound principles." House Whip Boland said "we have strength enough to put it through the House," and House Majority Leader Rayburn added that the plan supplies "a wonderful basis for simplification of legislative procedure and for expedition of the business of the courts and litigants." Chairman Sumners, of the House Judiciary Committee, commented only that "the proposals will be given serious consideration by our committee."

Secrecy Unusual.

Secrecy with which the proposals were guarded before their discussion at a White House conference yesterday morning was unprecedented. In one usually well-informed quarter it was said the Administration decided to strike suddenly, profiting by a favorable national reaction to the President's Government reorganization plan, and discarding plans for a long build-up, with the expected cooperation of organized labor.

Democratic comment at the Capitol varied all the way from Senator Joseph Guffey's statement that "I am for it 100 per cent," to Senator Edward R. Burke's declaration that "I don't like it; I do not approve of packing the Supreme Court to increase the power of the Executive over the judiciary."

Senator William E. Borah, (Republican), Idaho, and veteran Senate constitutional authority said "there are some things proposed by the President that seem to have merit, but there are other things proposed that I cannot, at this time, see my way clear to support."

Other Capitol comment:

Senator Glass (Democrat), Virginia—It is well known that I am opposed to any tinkering with the Supreme Court.

Byrd Cites Constitution.

Senator Byrd (Democrat), Virginia—The Constitution in itself provides for its orderly amendment.

Senator Norris (Independent Republican), Nebraska—The President's message very graphically calls to the attention of the country the unfortunate situation that exists in our judiciary. I commend and agree with every word he said in this respect. It is true that lawsuits in the Federal courts are to a great extent a "luxury," as cited by the President. I doubt the wisdom of the remedy suggested by the President. The whole subject is a perplexing one and I hope and believe Congress will be able to solve it.

Senator Minton (Democrat), Indiana—No one can question the authority of Congress to act in line with the suggestions of the President. I favor enlarging the Supreme Court.

Senator Clark (Democrat), Missouri—I have nothing to say about the message until I have studied it carefully, but I will say that it is an unprecedented thing for the President to attach a bill to his message to Congress.

Senator McAdoo (Democrat), California—The President's message receives my unreserved commendation.

Senator Austin (Republican), Vermont—The message is, in my opinion, a most ostentatious request for power to pack the Federal courts.

Senator McKellar (Democrat), Tennessee—I have always felt something should be done to speed up the judiciary machinery of the United States. I think that it is probably necessary that the Supreme Court be enlarged to expedite court action.

Senator Byrnes (Democrat), South Carolina—I do not know that it goes far enough, but I am in favor of it, and I am satisfied Congress will indorse it.

Senator Pittman (Democrat), Nevada—The President has made a very clear case of the necessity of protecting the effectiveness of the judiciary. There should be no opposition to the principle that judges should not serve after 70.

Senator Capper (Republican), Kansas—It ought to be very carefully considered before any action is taken.

Representative Snell—The Administration has already destroyed the economic stability of the country. Now it proposes to destroy the judicial stability. This is pretty nearly the beginning of the end of everything.

Senator Black (Democrat), Alabama—It offers a plan to correct a situation which breeds delays, and delays often foster injustice.

Senator King (Democrat), Utah—The plan is iconoclastic.

Speaker Bankhead—The message contained some very fine suggestions and contained nothing to indicate it was directed at the Supreme Court.

Correction
—Price of KOTEX in yesterday's NEWS should have been 67c, instead of 62c.
Kann's

Ask Your Doctor About Thompson's
Sunshine Vitamin D milk

Dark, cloudy, foggy February days rob everybody of health-giving ultra-violet rays.
Yet there's no reason why any member of your family should suffer from Vitamin D starvation. Increase your order of *Thompson's Sunshine Vitamin D Milk*, and supply this deficiency . . . build up family resistance against winter ills and colds.
Please note particularly that *Thompson's Sunshine Vitamin D Milk* is not a medicine, but our regular Grade A Pasteurized Milk, irradiated with ultra-violet rays . . . nothing added . . . nothing taken away.
Leave note in empty bottle for service to begin tomorrow.
Costs Only One Cent More Per Quart Than Our Regular Grade-A Pasteurized Milk.
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Have Your EYES EXAMINED TODAY!
We cannot place too much emphasis on the desirability of regular examination of your eyes. If you already wear glasses, make sure they are properly fitted. Protect your eyesight—it is your most precious possession. Don't wait for pain or affliction before acting.
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44 Years at 935 F St.

'Perfect' Butler Indicted Here In Jewel Theft

2 Larceny Charges Are Preferred Against Morcischeck.

John Morcischeck, the "too perfect" butler, was indicted by the District grand jury yesterday on grand larceny charges growing out of the theft of jewelry valued at more than $300,000 from Mrs. Henrietta Bugher, 1785 Massachusetts avenue northwest, and her son, Frederick M. Bugher.

Morcischeck, who claims he found the jewels in the hallway of the Bugher residence, was indicted on only two charges, those of theft of an ornamental pin valued at $600 from Mrs. Bugher and a watch valued at $500 from her son.

In other indictments the grand jury named the three members of a famed "boots and spurs" gang in robbery indictments shortly after they had been sentenced by Justice Peyton Gordon on a prior indictment charging them with robbery. They were William N. Beck, 21, who got from 3 to 8 years; Jack Joseph Kurz, 19, given 3 to 7, and Paul Berger, 19, given 3 to 8 years. The trio had pleaded guilty to robbing Michael Armaly, a grocer, of 1609 T street northwest, of several hundred dollars November 20.

In one of the additional indictments, Kurz, Berger and Beck were charged with holding up a couple parked in an automobile in Rock Creek Park. Walter T. Holt, driver of the parked car, was threatened with a gun, robbed, bound and gagged, and left lying in the parkway. His companion was unharmed.

Beck and Berger also were accused in the robbery of an ice cream parlor at 5439 Conduit road northwest and the holdup of William Posey, 2370 Champlain street northwest.

In all, 55 other indictments were returned to Justice Gordon.

Others indicted were John Alexander, Henry Riley, Wardell Miller, Robert J. Carter, Frank Ford, Clarence Moses, Edgar McCray, Clarence R. Jones and Frank Foster, assault with a dangerous weapon; Henry C. Lewis, embezzlement; William Kennedy, Norman Coles, Allen Wright, William A. London, Edmund Dante, David Taylor, Fred Allen and Paul Berger, grand larceny.

Sonny Capa, Joseph Green, Randolph Heflin, Melvin Greenberg, George Malloy, Harold W. McKay, William Jackson, Ralph W. Green, Willie Davis, Elbert H. Pierce and Chester H. Pierce, robbery; Ethel L. Taylor, destroying property; Nathaniel Edelin, receiving stolen property; George M. Gray, bigamy.

Major Leak, John Fry, Alfred Gordon, Marshall Irving, Daniel Adams, Theodore Brown, Thomas J. Wright, Harry E. Thomas and Thomas E. Brown, housebreaking; Lawrence Kelly, Irvin Lynn, Chester R. Wilson, Walter I. Reeves and Albert H. Rowe, joy-riding; Ethel Nash, forgery and uttering a Government check; Orvid L. Kragtorp, larceny from the United States, and Merwin Scott, rape.

Those against whom the grand jury ignored charges were Ida M. Phillips, grand larceny; Samuel Pruitt and Wilbur Smith, assault with a dangerous weapon, and George Brown, rape.

Engineers Name D. C. Aid Groups

A greater participation in local affairs by the engineering profession was forecast last night by the action of the District of Columbia Council of Engineering in creating four committees to co-operate with local officials and citizens' associations.

A legislative committee of three will study the Federal contribution to the cost of running the city and other legislative proposals. This same committee will study the traffic problem.

A second committee will study the budget, particularly with respect to engineering items. The members of a third committee will appear before citizens' associations to explain engineering projects. A fourth committee will give technical assistance to District officials who are trying to abate the smoke nuisance.

The committees will be appointed within the next few days by A. B. McDaniel, chairman of the council, with the assistance of the officers of the 12 member organizations represented on the council.

Mrs. Mary Rowen, Ill for Week, Dies

Mrs. Mary Evelyn Rowen, wife of Thomas B. Rowen, Southern Railway engineer, died yesterday at her home, 24 Oak street, Alexandria, Va., after an illness of a week.

Surviving her are her husband, a daughter, Mrs. George E. Pickett, and two sons, J. Howard Rowen and Thomas B. Rowen, jr.

Funeral arrangements had not been completed late last night.

FUNNY SIGNS
by RAY BARNES
SIGN IN THE WINDOW OF A LUMBER CO. IN GARY, IND.
Complete Line of HARDWARE for HANGING
REPORTED BY JOSEPH POSPISCHAL
NO SHEAP ALOUD
FOUND IN OREGON. BY H. S. GUERNSEY.
2-6

Watch out for funny signs, send them to Ray Barnes, in care of this newspaper, and share your laughs.

Wirephoto: Entombed Man Rescued

Copyright by the Associated Press.

At Flemington, W. Va., weary volunteer workers found Robert Johnson, 34, mail carrier, in this abandoned mine in which he disappeared January 27. Three of the searchers shown at the drainage ditch outlet from the mine a few hours before Johnson was found.

West Virginia Man Rescued After Eight Days Lost in Mine

Mail Carrier Tells of Horror of Long Entombment; Was Near Death From Hunger and Thirst; Says He Relied on Prayer.

By the Associated Press.

Clarksburg, W. Va., Feb. 5.—Robert Johnson, 36-year-old rural mail carrier, lived tonight to tell of the terror of his eight-day entombment in an abandoned coal mine in the mountains at nearby Flemington.

Weak from exposure, Johnson described from a hospital cot his struggle to free himself from the dark recesses of the mine, his hopelessness and finally his reliance on prayer and his rescue.

As his pretty dark-haired wife, Mrs. Delvera Johnson, former Flemington High School teacher, stood beside him, he said:

"I decided to pray. I prayed. I was lost—just lost—that's all I know. I lost all count of time. It must have been about five days that I wandered about in there, praying that God would keep me alive and send some one to hunt me."

"I Couldn't Move."

"I went to sleep. When I awoke I couldn't move. It was then I decided I was done for. It wasn't long then until they reached me."

A rescue crew found him huddled, exhausted from sleeplessness and days without food, behind a pile of jagged slabs of slate, nearly two miles from the entrance of the mine. He had lost his way in the pit when his carbide light went out.

He saw the lights gleaming from the caps of rescuers, and called to guide them as they groped through the debris-strewn passage.

The vanguard of the rescue crews found the slate pile as he directed, then reached through a hole to clasp his hand and aid him to his feet.

His rescuers were Mike Stanko, jr., Edward Whitehair and William Westfall—all neighbors and friends.

Other volunteers waded and swam through the icy waters of a pool deep in the mine to carry blankets and a stretcher to Johnson. They had been working day and night to drain the pool, fearing they would find the body of the lost man at the bottom.

Condition Good.

Rescuers reported Johnson's physical condition was good considering he had lived for eight days on sulphur water which increased his thirst.

Johnson, who operated the mine in his spare time and sold coal to neighbors, entered the pit the night of January 27.

His story:

"Water was coming in the mine and I wanted to see if it couldn't be sealed off. I went in with Omar McNeff, who worked for me, and Buddy Cleavenger (a friend).

"Omar and Buddy walked along with me and my bulldog, Bully, for a while and then we separated.

"The water wasn't so awful deep and I went across to the other side to see if I couldn't find out just where it was entering the mine."

Light Goes Out.

"After I got on the other side, my carbide light went out, leaving me in darkness.

"It was so dark that I didn't even have any idea where I was. I had been in the mine and knew about every inch of it, but I couldn't even feel my way.

"After wandering about for about an hour, I decided to see if I couldn't find my way back to the pool.

"Well, I found the water's edge and started to wade, but it was too deep for me.

"I swam until I thought surely I was on the other side of the pool. Then I took off my coat which was soaking wet, my cap and my lamp. I thought that within a few minutes I surely would be able to reach the entrance.

"I walked rapidly but there wasn't a sign of the entrance. There is about 10 miles of workings in the mine, including 5 miles straight back from this water which was in it."

Becomes Hungry.

"I was sure that I was headed toward the entrance from which I came in. I kept right on going. I must have walked miles and I don't have any idea how long it was. . . .

"After a while I began to get hungry and thirsty, but it didn't seem that I had been in the mine so long. I just kept hunting for my way out. Every once in a while I yelled so that Omar and Buddy could hear me if they were near.

"No one answered my calls.

"I can't tell you what I did on any certain day or at any certain time. I lost all count of time. It seemed like a month.

"I knew it would be certain death if I sat down and gave up. I wouldn't give up. I kept on going."

D. C. Red Cross Nearly Doubles FloodAidQuota

$226,792 Raised Thus Far in Capitol; Messenger Shares Wages.

The District nearly doubled its quota of $120,000 for flood relief yesterday when the total fund raised here reached $226,792.70.

Yesterday donors left $70.70 with The Washington Post for the Red Cross.

The District Chapter of the Red Cross reported that it had 35,000 garments packed and ready to ship to homeless flood sufferers. The Salvation Army collected 61,500 garments for the needy in the Midwest.

The Red Cross fund for the whole country was increased by $1,657,000 during the past 24 hours. The fund total is now $15,776,000.

The number of Red Cross charters in Eastern States that have reached or exceeded quotas has increased 733. In Midwestern States 977 chapters have reached or exceeded their quotas, and in States in the Far West, 124 chapters have surpassed quotas. In all, 1,834 of the 3,700 Red Cross chapters have passed quotas originally assigned.

$5,000 Gift Reported.

Large contributions reported include $5,000 from the Retail Dry-goods Association, $1,500 from the Wells-Fargo Bank at San Francisco, $500 from the Pacific Greyhound Co. and $3,000 from the New York headquarters of the Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers.

Admiral Grayson received a letter from D. Richardson, Sussex, England, offering help. Richardson wrote, "What I should like to do if you will let me is to adopt two refugee boys, age 8 or 9."

From Colombia, South America, came a gift of $41 from the children of the El Centro School. The attached letter states: "We are about 400 miles up the Magdelena River and in the very heart of the jungle on an oil lease. We have to depend upon the radio for current events. We heard your appeal over the radio. There are ten enrolled in our school and we range in age from 6 to 12."

Scores of contributions have come in from Canada. A fine expression of the true neighborliness of the people of the Dominion is contained in a letter from H. E. Hatch, of Toronto, Canada: "I believe that international boundaries have no bearing in such a situation as presently exists and am inclosing New York draft for $25, which I trust will be of some small service."

Boy Shares Wages.

William Boone, Western Union messenger boy from Rosslyn, Va., yesterday went to the Red Cross to give $2.35 to the relief fund. He said this sum was 10 per cent of two weeks' salary.

The contributions received at The Post follow:

Mrs. Madge McEvers	$10.00
Mrs. Minnie S. Merrith	5.00
Louise Wilson	2.00
Harry B. Peterson	.50
Employes of Federal Lithograph Co.	15.00
H. S. Hutton	5.00
Mrs. Jeffrey and anonymous	1.25
Widow	1.00
Charles W. Thomas Camp No. 2, U. S. Vet., Dept. of Potomac	11.25
Maryland Jockey Club of Baltimore City	3.60
Arthur N. Tasker	10.00
George Washington Chapter, Order of De Molay, Arlington, Va	6.10
Total	$70.10

D. C. Elevator Mishaps Kill Boy, Hurt Man

Cage Drops 7 Floors, Hits Worker, 18; Virginian Falls in Shaft.

A Maryland worker was killed when he was struck by an elevator yesterday, and less than an hour later an Alexandria man was injured critically when he fell seven floors in an elevator shaft in a building under construction in Washington.

Harold A. Jamerson, 18, of Oxon Hill, Md., was killed when struck by a lift on which he was working in the Farm Credit Administration Building, at 1300 E street northwest.

Jamerson was in the shaft at the first floor, standing on a plant releasing counterweights, said Detective Sergt. John Dalglish, of the homicide squad. His stepfather, John D. Stockstill, 38, also of Oxon Hill, was assembling a block and tackle arrangement on the eighth floor.

Stockstill, he said, had not finished securing the frame of the cage when the weights were released by Jamerson—seven floors below. The cage dropped like a plummet. The youth died without uttering a cry, Dalglish said.

Dalglish's statements were supported by Col. John W. Oehmann, District building inspector, who also investigated the elevator fall.

Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald issued a certificate of death due to accidental causes. Dr. MacDonald said Jamerson and his stepfather were hired to dismantle the lift prior to installation of a new one.

Less than an hour later, Robert Green, 52, of Alexandria, Va., fell seven floors in an elevator shaft in a building under construction at 2929 Connecticut avenue northwest.

Taken to Emergency Hospital, he was in a critical condition with a fractured skull and internal injuries.

Green, a bricklayer's helper, was working on the seventh floor alone. He walked into the open shaft and landed on the concrete base 70 feet below. He has a wife, Mrs. Anna Green, and two children, Jesse Green and Mrs. Ruth Ellicott, both of Alexandria.

Peninsula Transit Corp. To Continue Operating

The Interstate Commerce Commission authorized the Peninsula Transit Corporation today to continue operation as a motor carrier over prescribed routes in eastern Virginia, the District of Columbia and Maryland.

The corporation also was authorized to conduct special or charter operations to any place within the United States.

The order required the corporation to discontinue operation as a carrier of express shipments.

EDUCATIONAL

LAST DAY
Classes now forming for new semester
GERMAN *Class limited to 8 students*
THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
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Charmed Masons

ANNE HELENE MONSON, Norwegian dramatic soprano, whose songs delighted Scottish Rite Masons at their Willard Hotel conclave and banquet Thursday night.

Senate to Study House Changes On Auditorium

Lower Branch Votes Place for Minority Party on Committee.

The Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds will be called together early next week to consider the House amendment to the Capital Auditorium Commission bill, Senator Connally, chairman, said last night.

The House yesterday passed the Robinson bill, but changed it so as to provide for minority representation on the commission. Instead of three members, the commission would comprise five, including, besides the Secretary of Interior, the minority ranking members as well as the chairmen of the Senate and House Committees on Public Buildings and Grounds.

"I don't think the extra members are really necessary," Senator Connally said, "but I'll put it up to my committee."

Several House members asked Chairman Lanham, of the House Committee, whether the Robinson bill did more than to authorize a study of costs, sites and methods of financing a capital auditorium before agreeing to a unanimous consent request that it be brought up and passed.

Representative Rich (Republican) Pennsylvania, complimented Lanham for providing for minority representation on the commission.

Woman, Unhappy In Changed World, Ends Life With Gun

This America to which she had come to share her husband's prosperity and opportunity bewildered her and she was homesick for her native Italy, so yesterday Mrs. Bernardino Trucci, 50, shot herself to death in her cold, bare room at 18 I street northwest.

Police found she had waited seven years in Mola, Italy, until Frank, her husband, sent her the money to come to him. But almost immediately she became unhappy. When patrolmen, summoned by the neighbors, came they found Frank holding his wife's body in his arms, sobbing hysterically.

"Don't arrest anyone. I can't stand any more. I want to die," wrote Mrs. Trucci.

The note was translated from Italian by her son, Michael. A younger son, Frank, jr., accompanied his mother a short while ago to the New World.

Duce's Son, Bride Get Rings From D'Annunzio

Rome, Feb 5 (AP).—Two rings which were gifts from Gabriele D'Annunzio, Italy's soldier poet, were treasured tonight by Vittorio Mussolini, Il Duce's eldest son, and the girl he is to marry tomorow.

As the 21-year-old Vittorio and his fiancee, Orsola Buvoli, made their last-minute preparations for the ceremony in St. Joseph's Parish Church, young Mussolini disclosed D'Annunzio had given him an index finger ring which the poet wore through the World War. The bride-to-be's ring was in the Italian national colors—red, white and green.

Wagner Boomed For Supreme Court

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—The projection by Postmaster General James A. Farley of Senator Robert F. Wagner (Democrat), New York, as a possible future member of the United States Supreme Court, brought increased political speculation today in New York, where Wagner had been mentioned as a likely mayoralty candidate.

Farley, speaking last night at a testimonial dinner to Wagner, expressed the hope that in time the Senator would become a member of the court.

"I hope the Supreme Court of the United States will have an opportunity to have you as a member of that body," Farley said.

No one, said the Postmaster General, except President Roosevelt, had done more for the downtrodden people in New York State than Wagner and that "the Seantor can stay there (in the Senate) as long as he wants, so far as the people of New York are concerned."

Exiled Political Foes Offered Truce in Cuba

Havana, Cuba, Feb. 5 (AP).—Col. Fulgencio Batista, chief of the Cuban army, offered "complete guarantees" tonight for exiled political opponents and said the army would welcome legal participation of all political groups in the constitutional assembly elections next autumn.

Thief and Policeman Die In Richmond Gun Battle

Richmond, Va., Feb. 5 (AP).—A colored thief paid with his life for the murder of a Richmond policeman he shot early today when the officer surprised him in the act of robbing a downtown jewelry store window.

Harry Walters, 27, the burglar, died at St. Philip Hospital of pistol wounds he receiv in his futile attempt to escape other police. His victim, Patrolman William S. Snead, died instantly on the sidewalk in front of the jewelry shop. Walters had grabbed the patrolman's service revolver and shot him through the head.

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Originally priced at $6.50—a limited quantity at this price for today only. Strikingly simple conservative modern design that goes well with almost every style furniture. With removable glass tray top. Choice of a combination of solid and veneered mahogany or solid and veneered walnut.

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Pandora Follows Suit for Spring

—in designing town shoes for your classic tailleur, your Schiaparelli-inspired suit in surrealist colors, your dramatically formal suit for afternoon affairs.

A—ASTRID—step-in strap of calf-trimmed gabardine in copper beech, black $12.75

B—CHINK—black patent and gabardine alternate in wide strips $12.75

C—DELPHINE—cut-outs and silk kid piping on a three-hole tie of gray, blue, black and brown gabardine $12.75

D—SANDRA—silk kid stripping on a gabardine pump. Gray, black, brown $12.75

E—ANITA—patent fringed tongue rides high on this black gabardine pump $12.75

WOMEN'S SHOES, THIRD FLOOR

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THE MEN'S STORE—SECOND FLOOR

$7.50

Vogue—A Spirited New Stetson Hat

True to Stetson tradition—rich in masculine style and verve. Bound edge, narrow brim in front, tapering smartly to wider sides and back. In the smartest of the new colors—gunmetal. Not just gray, but a special dark shade that is nothing so much as the sheen of a fine gun-barrel. Wear it with gray, blue, brown, oxford or tweeds. This style also in favored English gray and brown.

Other Stetson Hats, $10
Other Men's Hats, $3.85 to $10

23 Justices Quit Supreme Court In Its History

One Member Was Retired Twice; 45 Have Died While on Bench.

Of the 77 men who have served on the Supreme Court, 23 have resigned or retired, 1 of them twice, study of the history of the court personnel from 1789 to the present time reveals. All the others not now serving, died in office. Of the 23 who retired, only 10 were past the age of 70 years and one was just 70.

Those who have retired, with the age at retirement and age at death were:

John Jay, 50, died at 84.
John Blair, 64, died at 68.
Thomas Johnson, 61, died at 87.
Olliver Ellsworth, 55, died at 62.
Alfred Moore, 49, died at 55.
Gabriel Duval, 86, died at 92.
Samuel Nelson, 80, died at 81.
Benjamin R. Curtis, 48, died at 65.
John A. Campbell, 50, died at 78.
Noah H. Swayne, 77, died at 89.
David Davis, 62, died at 71.
Stephen J. Field, 81, died at 83.
William Strong, 72, died at 87.
Ward Hunt, 71, died at 75.
Henry B. Brown, 70, died at 77.
George Shiras, jr., 71, died at 82.
Edward D. White, 65, died at 76.
Joseph McKenna, 82, died at 83.
Oliver Wendell Holmes, 91, died at 94.
William R. Day, 73, died at 74.
William H. Moody, 57, died at 64.
Mahlon Pitney, 64, died at 66.
John Rutledge, 52, died at 61. At the age of 56 Rutledge was appointed Chief Justice, but retired again the same year.

Bill Fixing Hours Women May Work Offered in House

Chairman Norton, of the House District Committee, yesterday introduced a bill to regulate the hours of employment of women in Washington at the request of the District League of Women Voters. A similar bill was offered last year.

The measure states that no employer may, after the passage of the bill, require women employes to work more than 8 hours a day, 40 hours a week, or 6 days a week.

Domestic services, graduate nurses, women in executive positions, professional women, and those engaged in emergency repair work are exempt from provisions of the act.

The bill seeks to set up an hour law board and an hour law inspection bureau, to enforce the act and to keep constant check on the practices of employers, who would be required to keep records and open them for inspection.

Fines of from $25 to $75 for each offense are proscribed.

Five Convicts Escape.

Owenton, Ky., Feb. 5 (AP).—Five of 20 convicts brought from the Frankfort reformatory to Owen County jail for safekeeping during the flood, escaped today by breaking two locks and boring through an 18-inch wall.

Wirephoto: Sound Movies Admitted as Court Evidence

Copyright by the Associated Press.

For the first time in California court history, sound movies were used in a murder trial. Film projected showed Robert Hayes, accused of killing David Munroe last November, as he was being questioned by authorities following his arrest. Superior Judge C. W. Fricke is shown at right.

Action Returns To Waterfront On West Coast

Returning StrikersAwaited by Huge Cargoes; Lone Discord Marks Peace.

By the Associated Press.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—Life returned to the strike-frozen Pacific Coast waterfronts today amid a rush of eager men to their jobs, employer preparations for record-breaking business, union victory claims and one incident marring the new peace.

Smiling maritime workers, 99 days without pay envelopes, flocked to piers and ships with speed that prevented estimates as to their number.

Only a few hours previously union representatives and employers had signed the array of agreements ending the costly walkout of 40,000 workers and pointing the way toward peace until at least September 30.

While shipowners were expressing good will toward the unions and pledging themselves to maintain peace, the newly recruited crews of three ships balked at passing through a picket line of men still on strike in a shipyard.

This "job action" raised the specter of one of the touchiest issues of the whole strike just ended—that of compliance with agreements.

Government and union representatives moved to iron out the difficulty as quickly as possible.

A transpacific race for rich cargo in Japan appeared in the making here. The Japanese liner Asama Maru was cleared for sailing late in the day. The American Dollar liner President Hoover buzzed with preparations for sailing tomorrow. A three-month-old pile of cargo destined for America awaits these ships in Japanese ports.

Pope Pius' Health Becoming Normal, Vatican Declares

Vatican City, Feb 5 (AP).—The overworked heart of Pope Pius XI is returning to normal and his painful leg ulcer has almost completely healed, an official statement said tonight on the eve of the fifteenth anniversary of his election as head of the church.

The Holy Father was elevated to the Papacy February 6, 1922.

The statement, cheering to prelates distressed by the pontiff's long suffering, was published officially in the Vatican newspaper Osservatore Romano and was broadcast from the Vatican radio station.

New Attache to U. S.

Rio de Janeiro, Feb. 5 (AP).—The Government tonight named Capt. Raul R. Concalves to replace Capt. O. F. Coutinho as naval attache of the Brazilian Embassy at Washington.

City Threatens Action to Oust 'Sit-Down' Suitor

Excelsior Springs, Mo., Feb. 5 (AP).—R. T. Stephens, city attorney, filed a complaint today against Harold Hulen, 35-year-old sit-down suitor, charging him with "disturbing the peace and quiet of the neighborhood."

Mayor John S. Lodwick gave the former actor 24 hours in which to leave the apartment house, where he sat chained to a radiator outside his sweetheart's door.

Meanwhile, Miss Florence Hurlburt, the 20-year-old object of Hulen's affections, had locked herself in her apartment and refused to talk with anyone.

2 Extortionists Given 3 Years in Smith Case

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—A. Henry Ross, 28, a lawyer, and Max D. Krone, 34, a private detective, convicted January 27 of extorting $1,500 from Alfred E. Smith, jr., son of the former Governor, were sentenced today by General Sessions Judge Charles C. Nott, jr., to serve from 3 to 8 years in Sing Sing.

The extortion took place in May, 1934. Smith testified at the trial. Testimony at the trial showed the men got $12,900 from young Smith by threatening to expose a clandestine affair with a blonde stenographer, Catherine Pavlick, on the night of May 3, 1933.

Motor Inquiry To Go Forward Despite Strike

Investigation Would Now Embrace Auto, Farm Implement Firms.

By the United Press.

The proposed Congressional investigation of General Motors Corporation, suddenly expanded to include alleged monopolistic practices of all motor car and farm implement manufacturers, will be pushed regardless of developments in the automobile strike, it was indicated last night.

This position was outlined by Senator M. M. Neely, (Democrat), West Virginia, author of the resolution seeking the inquiry, in his appearance before the Senate Labor Committee. He asked that action of the committee be postponed until next week when he would bring John L. Lewis, auto strike leaderfi before the group.

Neely assured the committee his proposed investigation would not endanger the strike parleys and furthermore would not conflict with a civil liberties inquiry now being made by a labor sub-committee headed by Senator La Follette (Progressive), Wisconsin. General Motors officials have been ordered before the La Follette committee next week to explain the corporation's labor policies.

Lieut. Gov. Thomas Kennedy of Pennsylvania, secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America, told the committee General Motors' labor policies influenced those employed in other mass production industries.

"Wage earners have been denied the right to organize and bargain collectively free from influence," Kennedy charged. "General Motors have deceived the public regarding the status and standard wage of its employes. Only one out of four of the corporation employes in 1934 and 1935 made as much as $1,200 a year."

As quickly as he rejected a suggestion by Senator Holt, West Virginia, that the name "General Motors Corporation" be stricken from the resolution, Neely agreed to a proposal from Senator William E. Borah (Republican), Idaho, that the proposed investigation be extended to "combinations or trust manufacturing farm implements."

Bill to Move Pulaski Statue Is Given House

A bill authorizing the National Capital Parks Office to remove the statue of Maj. Gen. Casmir Pulaski, Revolutionary War hero, from its present site at Pennsylvania avenue, E and Thirteenth streets was introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Ellenbogen (Democrat), of Pennsylvania.

The site proposed is at the east end of Pennsylvania avenue and Fifteenth. The bill carries a $15,000 authorization.

Millionaire Oklahoma Mayor Resigns Post to Enter College

Dr. J. N. Harber, Executive of Seminole, Who Made Fortune in Oil, Had Held Office for 10 Years; Begins General Course.

By the Associated Press.

Norman, Okla., Feb. 5.—A middle-aged millionaire disclosed today he chucked his 10-year post as mayor of oil-wealthy Seminole, Okla., to return to college.

The former mayor, Dr. J. N. Harber, was found enrolled as an unclassified student at the University of Oklahoma, committed to such studies as Spanish, English, government and economics. His only child, a daughter, Irene, is a student at King-Smith Studio, Washington, D. C.

He surprised the Seminole city council Tuesday night when he announced his resignation, saying only he would be away for several months.

science and doctor of medicine degrees.

life," said Dr. Harber, whose fortune, estimated at $3,000,000, was amassed in the rich Seminole oil field.

"I have never been able to break away to do some of the things I wanted to do. Now I think, perhaps, I may study the rest of my life."

He intends, he said, to remain at the university several months. He and his wife took an apartment here. His wife did not enroll.

Born in Calico, Ark., he studied in his youth at the University of Arkansas Medical College, Polyclinic, New York, and Stanford University, receiving bachelor of

Senators Criticize Legion's War Bill

By the Associated Press.

A war mobilization bill sponsored by the American Legion ran yesterday into a barrage of criticism from members of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, although all of them indorsed it "in principle."

Introduced by Chairman Sheppard (Democrat), of Texas, the measure calls for price fixing, rigid control of industry and a 95 per cent tax on excess profits in war time.

Col. John Thomas Taylor, legislative counsel for the legion, told the committee it would provide "equal service for all and special privilege or profit for none."

Urging the committee not to "quibble over details" of the bill, Harry W. Colmery, legion national commander, said the Government had ample constitutional power to carry out such emergency measures.

Newspaper Guild Backs Labor Act

By the Associated Press.

The American Newspaper Guild said in a brief filed with the Supreme Court yesterday the national labor relations act should be upheld because "means must be found to resolve the increasing conflicts between employers and employes."

The guild filed the brief as a "friend of the court." Arguments are scheduled next week on a case brought by the Associated Press against the National Labor Relations Board, challenging constitutionality of the act.

"Far from violating the guarantee of freedom of the press," the guild said, "the national labor relations act attempts to remove a significant barrier to the free circulation of facts and opinions."

It asserted "the United States is in the throes of a second civil war" and that "armed strife continues to rock the Nation, leaving in its wake lives lost and property devastated."

West Group Assails Short Haul Change

By the Associated Press.

Representatives of shippers, manufacturers and farm groups in the inter-Rocky Mountain and Great Plains farm areas argued yesterday a bill to repeal the "long-and-short-haul" clause of the interstate commerce act would bring economic ruin to their territories.

They appeared at a House interstate commerce hearing on the bill of Representative Pettengill (Democrat), of Indiana, who proposes repeal of the clause. Leading the opponents of the bill was Johnston B. Campbell, of Spokane, Wash., a former member of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

"If this bill should become law," Campbell said, "the railroads would bring ruin not only upon the interior, but upon all forms of transportation as well as themselves."

Weddells to Visit U. S.

Buenos Aires, Feb. 5 (AP).—Alexander W. Weddell, American Ambassador to Argentina, and Mrs. Weddell, tonight announced they would leave Buenos Aires February 7, on a holiday trip to the United States.

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THE MEN'S STORE, SECOND FLOOR

These pure-dye silk pajamas will do a great deal to lull him into luxurious sleep—yet in a masculine sort of way. Notch collar style in solid or self-figured satin with contrasting piping $5

He can never have too many neckties so you can be sure a few will make an ideal Valentine gift. But be sure to choose from these masculine versions. You will find them from the brighter to the more conservative patterns and colors $1.50

Richly colored striped Mogadores, of imported fabric. Always a favorite among men $2

It is the same story about socks. A man can never have too many—of the right kind. We will show you the ones men choose for themselves. These are in a variety of colors and patterns. Pair $1

WOODWARD & LOTHROP
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THE MEN'S STORE—SECOND FLOOR

125 MEN'S FINE OVERCOATS

Reduced to $44.50

Were $65 and $75

This $44.50 price is actually less than the average wholesale price of the overcoats in this group of remarkable reductions. Most of them are imported English-tailored coats. All of them are made of fine imported English fabrics.

The quantity is definitely limited to 125. Be wise and come early.

Selection Includes—

Fabrics: Fleeces, Cheviots, Plaid Back Fleeces

Colors: Dark Grays, Browns, Fancy Herringbones

Models: Single-Breasted, Raglans, Ulsters

Sizes: 35 to 46 in the group

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STYLED FOR BUSINESS

Fine Suits

Ready-to-put-on

Business men appreciate the luxurious woolens from foreign sources of foremost repute—the excellent fit and drape that are so essential to ease and comfort—the convenience of a custom fit without the inconvenience of custom-fitting. Every model embodies style, serviceability, and character.

$65

THE MEN'S STORE SECOND FLOOR

Welfare Leader To Be Speaker At St. Paul's

Coleman Jennings Selects 'The Christian Way' as His Subject.

Coleman Jennings, social welfare leader in Washington and chairman of the recent Community Chest drive, will speak in St. Paul's Church, Rock Creek parish, tomorrow. He will address the 7 p. m. meeting of the Young People's Fellowship in the Parish House on the subject, "The Christian Way."

The Rev. F. J. Bohanan, D. D., rector, will preach at the 11 a. m. prayer and sermon service, and will also conduct Holy Communion services at 8:30 a. m.

Services at Holy Comforter Chapel will begin tomorrow with Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m. The Rev. William L. Mayo, minister in charge, will preach at 11 a. m. morning prayer and sermon service.

St. John's, Lafayette Square. Just returned from a brief vacation in Florida, the Rev. Oliver J. Hart, D. D., rector, will preach at 9:30 a. m. and 11 a. m. services tomorrow. The Rev. William Curtis White, curate, will preach at the 8 p. m. service.

The annual memorial service of the 306th Cavalry will be held in the church at 5 p. m. today. Dr. Hart, chaplain of the unit, will conduct the service.

Epiphany. The Rev. Richard Cartmell, assistant to the rector, will preach at 11 a. m. Holy Communion services tomorrow. His topic will be "Acts of God and Acts of Man." At the 8 p. m. evensong service there will be a sermon by the Rev. Mr. Safford.

All Saints. The Rev. Henry Teller Cocke, rector, will speak on "Youth's Foundation" at 11 a. m. services. The parish Boy Scout troop and the Cub Pack group will be guests of honor. Holy Communion will be celebrated at the 8:30 a. m. service.

Mr. Cocke was elected president of the Rector's Aid Society last week. Other officers included: Mrs. J. Eliot Moran, first vice president; Mrs. Daniel C. Walser, second vice president; Mrs. H. P. Pyne, third vice president; Mrs. F. D. Gwynn, recording secretary; Mrs. Frank Van Sant, corresponding secretary, and Mrs. Harry Peters, treasurer.

St. Paul's, near Washington Circle. The Rev. Calvert E. Buck, superintendent of the Episcopal Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital, will be guest preacher at 11 a. m. services tomorrow. The rector, the Rev. Arington A. McCallum, is in New York, conducting a teaching mission for the Rev. C. Avery Mason, former rector at St. Paul's.

St. Columba's. Holy Communion will be celebrated at 7:30 a. m. and 11 o'clock. The Rev. E. A. LeMoine, rector, and Mrs. LeMoine will hold open house Sunday afternoon at the new rectory. Wives of the vestrymen will serve tea from 5 to 7 o'clock in the parish hall. The Rev. William Shearer, former rector of the parish, will preach the evening sermon.

St. Stephen and the Incarnation. A smoker for all men of the parish will be conducted Thursday night in the parish hall. The new rector, the Rev. Paul D. Wilbur, will be guest of honor. A program of entertainment is being arranged for the evening.

St. Luke's. The Rev. Josiah E. Elliott, rector, will celebrate Holy Communion at 11 a. m. and deliver the sermon. Confirmation classes are receiving instruction from the rector at 10 a. m. on Sundays and at 8:30 p. m. on Wednesdays.

Congregationalists Will Hear Bigelow

Representative Herbert S. Bigelow, newly elected Congressman from Ohio, and a member of the District Committee of the House, will speak before a public meeting of the Congregational Club Monday night in First Congregational Church, Tenth and G streets northwest.

His speech being a feature of a "District Night" program the Congressman will discuss "The Government of the District of Columbia."

Representative Bigelow has had wide experience in municipal affairs. He is pastor of the important "Peoples Church" in Cincinnati, Ohio, and served as a member of the city council there, was a State legislator, and was president of the Fourth Constitutional Convention of Ohio.

The Rev. Howard Stone Anderson, pastor of the First Congregational Church, will extend a welcome to the club members and friends. Henry Nestor, popularly known as the "singing cop" will furnish musical selections. The meeting will begin with a 6:30 p. m. dinner.

Second of Series.

The Rev. George Schnabel, pastor, will give the second sermon in a series on "God and Life" at 11 a. m. tomorrow in Albright Evangelical Church. The subject will be "His Family and Ours." Hymns and pictures of Palestine and the life of Christ will be features of the 7:45 p. m. service. The pastor will speak on "The Seed and the Harvest."

Boy Choir to Sing.

The Boy Choristers of Immaculate Conception Church will sing Haydn's Third Mass at 11:15 a. m. Mass in the church tomorrow. The Rev. John Keating Cartwright, pastor, will deliver the sermon.

The Rev. Thomas McMahon, of the Paulists of New York City, will preach on "Lourdes and Penance" at the 10:15 a. m. mass.

Burroughs Takes Theme.

"Who Are the Spiritualists?" will be the subject on which the Rev. H. Gordon Burroughs, minister, will preach before the Church of Two Worlds' service at 8 p. m. tomorrow in the Hotel Continental. J. S. Zebley, violoncellist, will be soloist, his accompanist being Mrs. Mary C. Tighe.

Rail Official Dies.

Philadelphia, Feb. 5 (AP).—William Townsend Wright, 71, president of the Rio Grande & Eagle Pass Railroad and the Canal Coal Co. of Laredo, Tex., died today.

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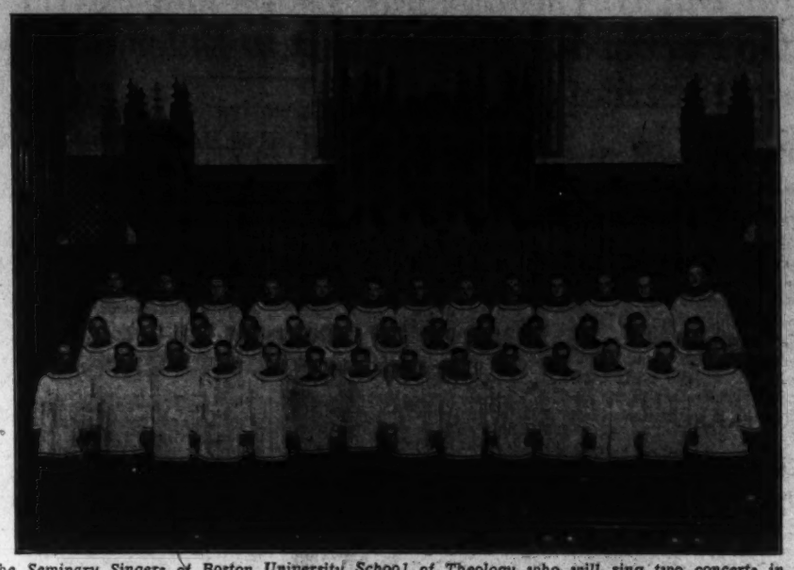
To Be Heard in Two Concerts Here Tomorrow



The Seminary Singers of Boston University School of Theology who will sing two concerts in the Capital tomorrow. The 40 students of the organization will present a program at 4 p. m. in Takoma Park Baptist Church, and at night will appear in a special program in Foundry M. E. Church. Under the direction of Dr. James R. Houghton, the choral group will sing sacred music, including works of the early church music writers.

Lutheran Church to Install Its New Councilmen Tomorrow

Dr. Blackwelder's Topic Will Be 'The Wayside Christ;' Musicians' Series to Be Concluded at Evening Service.

Councilmen of the Lutheran Church of the Reformation elected at a recent congregational meeting will be installed at 11 a. m. services in the church tomorrow.

The new councilmen include Melvin W. Sandmeyer, Louis A. Dellwig, T. Weller Harris, Harry Kauffman, Harry Guass, William Kluttz, Edward Bachschmid and Dr. Raymond J. Seegar.

Dr. Oscar F. Blackwelder, pastor, will preach on "The Wayside Christ."

The series of evening services built around great musicians' lives and history will be concluded with instrumental and vocal music from the works of Franz Schubert.

Luther Place Memorial. The Rev. Carl C. Rasmussen, pastor, will preach tomorrow morning on "Advice on Investing in Troubled Times." The Woman's Missionary Society will meet in two sessions Monday in the church parlors.

St. Paul's. Dr. Henry W. Snyder, pastor, will preach on "The Spectrum of Love" at 11 a. m. services. In the evening his sermon theme will be "Things Easy and Hard."

St. Mark's. The Rev. J. Luther Frantz, pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Essence of Christianity." Carl Weitzel will discuss "Using My Bible Daily" at the 6:30 p. m. Luther League service.

Christ. The Rev. J. Frederic Wenchel, pastor, will preach tomorrow morning on "Wisdom," the first topic in a series on "The Seven Cardinal Virtues."

Concordia. The Rev. Charles Enders, pastor, preaches tomorrow morning on "Life's Greatest Value" at both the 10 a. m. German service and the English service at 11:15 a. m. Services will be conducted tomorrow afternoon at the Ruppert Home in Anacostia. Mr. Enders will give a brief message in German. The Rev. Henry Whiting also will speak.

St. Stephen's. The Rev. Sam H. Kornmann, will preach at 11 a. m. on "Behold, We Go Up to Jerusalem." The subject of the 7:30 p. m. sermon will be "A Psalm of the Soul's Home."

Grace. The Rev. Gerhard E. Lenski, pastor, will continue his sermon series on "Fundamentals in Faith" tomorrow morning, when his topic will be "I Believe in Jesus Christ." The choir will sing under the direction of Marion St. John Aldridge.

Metropolitan Church to Hold Anniversary Rites Tomorrow

Methodists to Observe Dedication of Building; Rev. Albert P. Shirkey Returns to Francis Asbury Pulpit.

The congregation of Metropolitan Memorial M. E. Church, at Nebraska and New Mexico avenues, will celebrate the fifth anniversary of the dedication of its church building at special services tomorrow.

The Rev. William Andrew Keese, pastor, will lead the observance with a sermon at 11 a. m. on "A Glorious Church." Special music will be given by Mrs. James Shea Montgomery, organist, assisted by Mrs. Print Hudson and R. L. Roy, violinists, and the vested choir, directed by Harland Randall.

The American University Chapel Choir will sing at 5 p. m. vespers. Vera Neely Ross, contralto, will be soloist.

Merging with the University Heights Church in Wesley Heights, the Metropolitan congregation moved into its new building in 1932. Dr. James Shera Montgomery, chaplain of the House of Representatives, was pastor at that time and continued in charge of the congregation until 1933. He was succeeded by Dr. Chesteen Smith, who in turn was succeeded by the present pastor last year.

Mount Vernon Place M. E. Church South—Dr. John W. Rustin, pastor, will preach on "In Remembrance" at communion services tomorrow morning. "Where Are You Going?" will be his evening sermon theme. The quartet will sing offertory numbers at each service.

Francis Asbury South.—The Rev. Albert P. Shirkey, pastor, will return from Covington, Va., to occupy his pulpit tomorrow. His 11 a. m. sermon will be on "The Heart's Desire." At 8 p. m. he preaches on "Unconscious Influence."

McKendree—Holy Communion will be observel at 11 a. m. with the pastor, the Rev. Samuel E. Rose, preaching on "Jesus Held His Peace." Informal song services will be conducted in the evening by C. H. Ward, and the pastor will preach on "Discrediting Oneself."

Chevy Chase.—The Rev. Edward G. Latch will begin a new series of sermons tomorrow morning, when he will preach on "The Origin and History of the Apostles' Creed." Members of the church will unite with other Protestant congregations of Chevy Chase in a Lenten meeting Thursday night at All Saints' Episcopal Church.

Eldbrooke.—The Rev. Walter M. Michael, pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. Communion services. At 8 p. m. worship he will discuss "Meeting Life's Tests." At that service Boy Scout Troop 19 will worship in a body, led by Scoutmaster J. H. Linscott.

Calvary, South.—The Rev. W. D. Keene, pastor, will make a short communion talk at 11 a. m. services on "Saving Others." At the 8 p. m. service his subject will be "The Work of D. L. Moody."

Dumbarton Avenue.—Holy Communion will be observed at 11 a. m. The Rev. Walter Franklin Atkinson, pastor, will preach at 8 p. m. on "Dying Like Fools."

Wesley—The Rev. J. Luther Neff, pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. on "An Anchor for the Soul." The Young People's Group will join in a union service at 6 p. m. in Elderbrooke M. E. Church.

Hamline.—"The Perfect Example" will be the subject on which the Rev. H. W. Burgan, pastor, will preach tomorrow morning. Boy Scout Troops 30, 32 and 39 will be guests at the service. Scouts will also participate in presentation of the service.

The 100th anniversary of the birth of Dwight L. Moody will be observed at 8 p. m. The Hamline chorus will sing Moody hymns.

Foundry.—Dr. Frederick Brown Harris, pastor, will preach on "Deniers of the Faith" tomorrow evening. A program of sacred music will be given by the Seminary Singers of Boston University School of Theology tomorrow night.

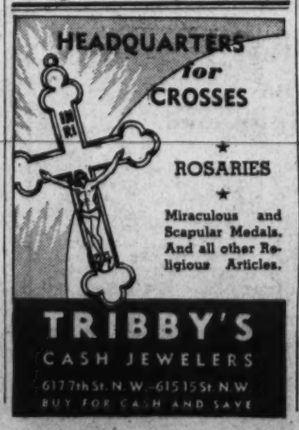
Emory.—Dr. Horace Cromer will speak at morning Communion services on "This Do." At the evening hour the congregation will view an exhibit of objects and pictures from mission fields in all parts of the world.

Petworth. The Rev. R. L. Wood, pastor, will conduct annual services for members of the police force tomorrow night. Maj. Ernest W. Brown, superintendent of Metropolitan Police, has accepted an invitation to attend, and will be a speaker. The Rev. H. A. Kester will lead in prayer, and the police quartet will sing. Mr. Wood will preach on "The Rules of the Road."

The congregation will unite in a Lenten Communion service at 11 a. m. A group of young people will be received into preparatory membership.

Lincoln Road.—Joach Chest Day will be observed at 11 a. m., when the pastor, the Rev. Reginald Heber Stone, will preach on "The Victorious Christ." At 8 p. m. the sermon will be on "The Man Who Moved Mountains."

Ryland.—"Why God Was Real to Jesus" is the subject on which the Rev. Karl G. Newell, pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. Communion services. In the evening he will discuss "Living That Is Complete."



Women to Observe World Prayer Day Here Next Friday

Washington church women will join women throughout the world this week in observance of a World Day of Prayer.

The observance will reach its climax at a service planned by the Women's Council of the Washington Federation of Churches at 11 a. m. Friday, Lincoln's Birthday, in New York Avenue Presbyterian Church—the church which Lincoln, while President of the United States, attended.

Dr. Raphael Harwood Miller, pastor of the National City Christian Church, will deliver the address at the service, the theme of which will be "Thou Art the Christ, and the Son of the Living God." This service will be part of the worldwide activities designed to unite the women of 52 nations in prayer.

The program for the World's Day has been prepared by Miss Mabel Shaw, founder of the Livingston Memorial Girls' Boarding School, at Mbereshi Kawamba, Northern Rhodesia, Africa.

Mrs. W. R. Rhoade is chairman of the committee on local arrangements. Others serving on the committee are Mrs. H. M. Kendrick, Mrs. Joy Elmer Morgan, Mrs. J. E. Edgington, Mrs. W. O. Tufts, Mrs. H. C. Briscoe and Mrs. George A. Ross. Miss Helen Turley will direct the music on the program.

Churches of Christ Offer 'Spirit' Topic

"Spirit" is the subject of the lesson-sermon in all the Churches of Christ, Scientist, tomorrow.

The Golden Text is from II Corinthians 3:28: "We all, with open face beholding as in a glass the glory of the Lord, are changed into the same image from glory to glory, even as by the Spirit of the Lord."

Among the citations which comprise the lesson-sermon is the following from the Bible: "Lift up your eyes on high and behold who hath created these things, that bringeth out their host by number; he calleth them all by names by the greatness of his might, for that he is strong in power; not one faileth." (Isaiah 40:26.)

The lesson-sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook: "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy: "Spirit, God, has created all in and of Himself."

Evangelist Will Speak On Labor Strike Theme

The question "Are the Present Labor Strikes Inspired by Communism?" will be discussed by Dale Crowley, evangelist, in a lecture at 3 p. m. tomorrow at 311 East Capitol street.

This talk is one of three to be given by the evangelist Sunday. At the 11 a. m. service his subject will be "The Greatest Need of Christians Today." At night he will answer the question of "Is the Influence of the Birthday Balls Immoral?"

BAPTIST.

TAKOMA Piney Branch Road and Aspen St. N.W.
11:00—"Take Up Thy Cross."
4:00—Sacred Concert.
William E. La Rue, Pastor.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH
16th and O Sts. N.W.
Rev. Edward Hughes Pruden, D. D., Pastor
11 A. M.—"The Place of Privilege"—Dr. Pruden.
8 P. M.—"When Jesus Spoke"—Dr. Pruden.
Come to Sunday School, 9:30 a. m.; B. Y. P. U., 6:45 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

MOUNT VERNON PLACE
SOUTHERN METHODISM'S REPRESENTATIVE CHURCH
Massachusetts Ave. at Ninth St. N.W.
DR. JOHN W. RUSTIN, Minister.
9:30 A. M.—Sunday School.
11:00 A. M.—"In Remembrance."
8:00 P. M.—"Where Are You Going?" Dr. John W. Rustin.
7:30 P. M.—Organ Recital by Deane Shure.

Metropolitan Memorial
Nebraska and New Mexico Aves. N.W.
THE NATIONAL CHURCH
William Andrew Keese, Minister
FIFTH ANNIVERSARY
11:00—A GLORIOUS CHURCH
The Joash Chest Service
5:00—Concert by the American University Chapel Choir.
Mr. James L. McLain, Director assisted by Vera Neely Ross, Contralto.

Dr. McCartney Will Continue Talks for Lent

Lectures to Begin a Week From Monday; Speakers Are Scheduled.

The Lenten Lectures, continued in recent years in the Mayflower Hotel by the Rev. Joseph R. Sizoo, former pastor of New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, will be continued this year by Dr. Albert Joseph McCartney, pastor of Covenant-First Presbyterian Church.

The lectures will begin a week from Monday at 11 a. m. with these ministers participating: The Rt. Rev. James E. Freeman, of Washington Cathedral; Dr. Frederick Brown Harris, of Moundry M. E. Church; the Rev. Oliver Hart, of St. John's Episcopal Church, and Dr. Oscar F. Blackwelder, of Lutheran Church of the Reformation.

Dr. McCartney will preach at 11 a. m. tomorrow on "Our Unconscious Influence."

Miss Dorothy Banks will lead the Covenant Fellowship at its 7 p. m. meeting in a discussion on "The Light of Faith." Clara Langmack will lead the Westminster Group.

New York Avenue Presbyterian. Dr. John Robertson McMahon, minister of the First Presbyterian Church of Wausau, Wis., will be guest preacher tomorrow. He will speak at the morning service in "Canst Thou by Searching Find Out God?" and in the evening on "Jesus Only."

Dr. McMahon has preached in Australia and Scotland, and in 1929 served as exchange preacher to England and Scotland.

Central. Dr. James H. Taylor, pastor, will deliver a sermon tomorrow morning on "The Meaning of the Lord's Supper." A praise service for Home and Foreign Missions will be conducted at night, when Dr. R. M. Wilson, physician in charge of the Leper Hospital in Korea, will give the address.

Chevy Chase. The Rev. J. Hillman Hollister, D. D., pastor, will conduct Sacrament of the Lord's Supper services at 11 a. m. New members will be received.

Metropolitan. The Rev. Arthur G. Salght will sing and speak at the vesper service at 6 p. m. His subjoce will be "A New Step in Faith." The Rev. Freeley Rohrer, pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. on "Altar Fires."

French Congregation. The Rev. André Frank Liotard, pastor, will preach at 4 p. m. services in New York Avenue Church on "Je Vous Donne Ma Paix."

Two Sermons Are Announced By Dr. Pruden

First Baptist Pastor Lists Topics; Dr. LaRue Will Preach.

Dr. Edward Hughes Pruden, pastor, will speak in First Baptist Church tomorrow morning on "The Place of Privilege." In the evening the topic will be "When Jesus Spoke."

At the Thursday evening meeting he will talk on "Prayer" in his series on "Re-examining Our Spiritual Vocabulary."

Takoma Park. The Rev. William E. LaRue, pastor, will speak at the morning service on "Take Up Thy Cross." This will be followed by Communion and reception of new members.

At 4 p. m. a vesper service will be held at which the Boston University Seminary singers will give a sacred concert.

Metropolitan. In the absence of Dr. John Compton Ball, pastor, the pulpit will be occupied by Dr. James Shera Montgomery, chaplain of the House of Representatives. The sermon for the morning worship will be "The Supreme Mission." At night the chaplain will preach on "An Old World Drama."

Chevy Chase. "The Christian and His Cross" will be the meditation theme of the Rev. Edward O. Clark tomorrow morning, when the Lord's' Supper will be observed.

Boy Scout Troop No. 54, will attend the evening service in a body. Mr. Clark will preach on "Boxing the Compass of Life."

Dr. Brooks' Sermon Is 'Stabilized Life'

Dr. R. W. Brooks, pastor, will preach on "The Terms of a Stabilized Life" in Lincoln Congregational Temple tomorrow morning.

C. Leroy Hacker, of the graduate school of religion at Howard University, will speak before the Men's Brotherhood at 10 a. m. His subject will be "Combining the Gospel with Social Interests."

Second Baptist. The Rev. J. L. S. Holloman, pastor, will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Conquest of the Divine." At the evening service the pastor will preach on "The Worth of the Soul."

Wesley A. M. E. Zion. "Choosing by Standards" will be the sermon to be preached at 11 a. m. tomorrow by the Rev. Stephen Gill Spottswood, pastor. At 7:45 p. m. he will speak on "Roland Hayes and the Ministry of Music." Music by the choir will be under the direction of Clyde L. Glass.

CHRISTIAN MYSTICS.

Order of Christian Mystics
Harriet B. Mercer, Leader
Inspirational and occult subjects.
Tuesday, 8 P. M., Theosophic Hall, 1216 H St. N.W.

UNITARIAN.

All Souls' Church
Sixteenth and Harvard Streets
Minister
Ulysses G. B. Pierce, D. D.
9:45 A. M.—Church School.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Worship.
"The Challenge to Liberal Youth"
Honorable Sanford Bates
5:00 P. M.—Program of Early French Music, Lewis Atwater, Organist, Assisted by Wilhelmina Spanhoefd Walter, Soprano.
7:30 P. M.—Motion Picture Hour.
"SCARLET PIMPERNEL"

CONGREGATIONAL.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL
Tenth and G Streets N.W.
HOWARD STONE ANDERSON, Minister
11 a. m.—"SANDBAGS AND MEN AND GOD!"
8 p. m.—THE BIG SING AND QUESTION BOX.
1. Should marriage laws prevent incidents like a girl of 9 marrying a man 22?
2. California school authorities estimate 50,000 children in their state are living in trailers—what will be the effect of this new style of home on society?
3. Are there more hypocrites in Churches than elsewhere?
4. Will you describe the worst moral collapse ever to come to your attention and explain why you think it so?
5. Have telepathy and spiritualism any significance for one searching for a faith in immortality?

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE. CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.

• Christian Science •
Churches of Christ, Scientist, Branches of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass.
First Church of Christ, Scientist, Columbia rd. and Euclid st.
Second Church of Christ, Scientist, 111 O st. nw.
Third Church of Christ, Scientist, 13th and I sts. nw.
Fourth Church of Christ, Scientist, 16th and Meridian sts. nw.
SUBJECT:
"SPIRIT"
SERVICES:
SUNDAY, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
SUNDAY SCHOOL, 11 a. m.
WEDNESDAY EVENING MEETINGS, 8 o'Clock
Radio Program Thursday, 11:15 a. m., WJSV.
READING ROOMS:
FIRST CHURCH, 730 17th st. nw.—Hours, 9 to 9 (except Wednesdays, 9 to 7, and Sundays and holidays, 2:30 to 5:30.)
SECOND CHURCH, 111 O st. ne.—Hours, 12 to 5:30 week days; 2:30 to 5:30 Sundays and holidays.
THIRD CHURCH, Colorado Building, 14th and G sts. Hours, 9 to 9 (except Wednesdays, 9 to 7:30; Sundays and holidays, 2 to 6.)
FOURTH CHURCH, Tivoli Bldg., 3313 14th st. Hours, 9 to 9 week days; Wednesdays, 9:30 to 7. Sundays, 2:30 to 5:30; holidays, 2:30 to 5:30.
All are welcome to attend our church services and use our reading rooms.

CONGREGATIONAL.

MOUNT PLEASANT CHURCH
Columbia Road at 14th Street
10:00 A. M. Public Forum.
11:00 A. M. Morning Worship
Dr. Clinchy will preach
"THE SUFFICIENCY OF JESUS"
6:00 P. M. Young People's Groups

Naval Academy Choir to Sing At Patriotic Rites Tomorrow

Eighty midshipmen of the United States Naval Academy choir at Annapolis will furnish music at the annual patriotic service for the Society of Sponsors of the United States Navy tomorrow afternoon in Washington Cathedral.

Taking part in the Cathedral service for the third consecutive year, the midshipmen will sing two anthems, "Thy Promised Mercies Send to Me," by Wooler, and "Ho, Every One That Thirsteth," by Martin. Admiral David F. Sellers, commandant of the Naval Academy, will read the lesson, and the Rt. Rev. James E. Freeman, Bishop of Washington, will deliver the sermon.

Mrs. Russell Langdon, of New York, president of the Society of Sponsors, and several of her colleagues, a representative of the Secretary of the Navy, chiefs of Navy bureaus, members of the Senate and House committees on naval affairs, and officers of other patriotic societies with headquarters in the Capital, are expected.

Canon Anson Phelps Stokes will deliver the sermon at the celebration of Holy Communion at 11 a. m., when music will be furnished by the Cathedral choir of men and boys, directed by Robert G. Barrow. Services for the day will begin with celebration of the Holy Communion at 7:30 a. m.

Gen. Walter Bare Dies.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 5 (AP).—Gen. Walter Bare, 55, commercial manager of the Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Co., died today. He served as a colonel of the Forty-second, or Rainbow Division in France in the World War.

LUTHERAN.

Church of the **REFORMATION**
Opposite Folger-Shakespeare Library
212 East Capitol Street.
Dr. Oscar F. Blackwelder, Pastor.
Dr. John Weidley, Pastor Emeritus.
9:30 A. M.—Sunday School, Classes for Everyone.
11:00 A. M.—Sermon—"The Wayside Christ."
7:00 P. M.—Senior and Intermediate Luther Leagues.
8:00 P. M.—Sermon—"Music and Religion." IV. Franz Schubert.
Dr. Blackwelder Will Preach.
The Public Is Cordially Invited.

To Lead Meetings

MISS HELEN F. TOPPING, secretary to Dr. Kagawa, the Japanese Christian leader, will arrive in Washington Wednesday for a series of public meetings and round-table discussions on co-operation and inter-racial relations. The first will be Friday night in Asbury M. E. Church, K and Eleventh streets northwest.

Boys' Director To Be Speaker At All Souls'

Unitarian Congregation to Hear Sanford Bates at Service Tomorrow.

Sanford Bates, who recently retired as director of the Bureau of Prisons, Department of Justice, and who is now executive director of the Boys' Clubs of America, will occupy the pulpit of All Souls' Church, Unitarian, at 11 a. m. tomorrow.

Bates will be speaker at the congregation's annual Young People's service, and will speak on "The Challenge to Liberal Youth."

Representatives of the young people's groups will take part in the service as will the Rev. Ulysses G. B. Pierce, D. D., pastor. The participating young people include Gretchen Greer, Janice Smith, Chester Ward and Stanley Proffit.

Robert Lincoln O'Brien, chairman of the United States Tariff Commission, will open a series of discussions on world peace at the morning meeting of the adult class. Dr. Winslow Herchell will speak before the class in comparative religion. Abbott Simon, legislative representative of the American Youth Congress, will speak before the fireside circle for young people at 6:30 p. m.

Universalist National Memorial. "The Larger Loyalty" is the subject on which Dr. Frederic W. Perkins, pastor, will preach at Loyalty Day Services tomorrow morning. This will be the culminating service in a series given during Enlistment month observed by Universalist churches throughout the country for the last four Sundays.

Dr. C. I. Hendrickson, of the Department of Agriculture, will speak on problems of rural America before the Adult Forum at 10:15 a. m. The Universalist Players will meet to present reports of the plays held on January 27 at 5 p. m. Plans for the next presentation will also be made.

CHRISTIAN.

THE NATIONAL CITY
THOMAS CIRCLE
DR. RAPHAEL H. MILLER
REV. J. R. MILLS, Ministers.
9:45 a. m.—Bible School, all ages.
10:50 a. m.—Dr. R. H. Miller.
7:45 p. m.—Dr. R. H. Miller.
8:30 p. m.—Christian Endeavor.

LATTER DAY SAINTS.

Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints
16th St. and Columbia Road
Weekly Program
Sunday, 10 A. M., Sunday School. 7 P. M., Worship-Preaching.
Monday, 8 P. M., Geneological Society
Tuesday, 4 P. M., Primary Assn. 8 P. M., Mutual Improvement Assn.
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Women's Relief Society.
ORGAN RECITAL DAILY 7 P. M. (except Sunday)
Edward P. Kimball, Organist
Public cordially invited to all functions
(No Collections.)

UNIVERSALIST.

UNIVERSALIST NATIONAL MEMORIAL CHURCH
Cor. 16th and S Streets N.W.
Rev. Frederic W. Perkins, D. D.
10:15—Church School. Adult Forum. 11:00—Service of Worship.
"The Larger Loyalty"
National Capital Choir
Albert W. Harned, Mus. Doc.

Presbyterian COVENANT-FIRST
Conn. Ave. at 18th and N Sts. NW.
DR. ALBERT JOSEPH McCARTNEY
REV. SAMUEL R. ALLISON
Ministers.
MORNING WORSHIP, 11 A. M.
"OUR UNCONSCIOUS INFLUENCE."
Dr. McCartney preaching.
Sunday School for all grades, 9:45.
Sunday Evening Young People, 6 to 8.
Thursday Evening Prayer Service, 8 o'clock.

SERVICE FRANCAIS
New York Avenue Church
New York Avenue, 13th and H Streets
Andre Frank Liotard, Pasteur de la Congregation Francaise
Diamanche a 4 h., "Je vous donne ma paix."

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN
Southern General Assembly
16th and Irving Sts. N.W.
Rev. JAMES H. TAYLOR, D. D.
9:30 a. m.—Sunday School.
11:00 a. m.—Sermon by Dr. Taylor.
7:30 p. m.—Christian Endeavor.
8:00 p. m.—Dr. R. M. Wilson.

Church of the Pilgrims
On the Parkway at 22d and P Sts. N.W.
Gift of the Presbyterians of the South to the Nation's Capital
Rev. A. R. Bird, D. D., Minister
Divine Worship, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.
A Cordial Welcome to All

Episcopal

Rock Creek Church
Founded A. D. 1719
Rock Creek Church Rd. and Webster St.
Rev. F. J. Bohanan, D. D., Rector.
Services 8:30 a. m. and 11 a. m.

ST. THOMAS,
18th St., Between P & Q, Near Dupont Circle.
REV. HOWARD S. WILKINSON, D. D., Rector.
8:00 a. m.—Holy Communion.
9:30 a. m.—Church School.
11:00 a. m.—Holy Communion and Sermon by the Rector.
7:30 p. m.—Adult's Confirmation Class.
ASH WEDNESDAY
8:00 a. m.—Holy Communion.
10:00 a. m.—Holy Communion and Address.
8:00 p. m.—Service and Sermon by Bishop Frank W. Creighton.
Holy Communion, 10 a. m., Thursday.

—ST. AGNES'—
46 Que Street N.W.
(Fla. Ave or North Capitol St. Car)
REV. V. O. ANDERSON, RECTOR
Sunday.
7:00 a. m.—Low Mass.
9:30 a. m.—Sunday School.
11:00 a. m.—Sung Mass and Sermon.
8:00 p. m.—Evensong. Benediction.
Week Days.
7:00 a. m.—Low Mass every day.
9:30 a. m.—Low Mass Thursdays.
8:00 p. m.—Intercessions Fridays.

Washington Cathedral
Wisconsin and Massachusetts Avenues and Woodley Road
Quinquagesima, February 7
Holy Communion 7:30 a. m.
Holy Communion and Sermon.
Preacher, Canon Stokes 11:00 a. m.
Evening Service and Sermon.
Preacher, The Bishop of Washington 4:00 p. m.
Ash Wednesday, February 10
Holy Communion 7:30 a. m.
Litany 10:00 a. m.
Morning Prayer, Penitential Office and Sermon.
Preacher, Canon Welven 11:00 a. m.
Evening Prayer and Address by the Bishop of Washington 4:00 p. m.

St. Paul's Church
23d St. Near Washington Circle
7:30—Holy Communion.
11:00—Eucharist and Sermon.
8:00—Evensong and Adoration.

Epiphany
1317 G Street N.W.
REV. Z. B. PHILLIPS, D. D., LL. D.
REV. RICHARD A. CARTMELL, B. D.
REV. D. WADE SAFFORD, A. B.
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9:30 A. M.—Church School.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon by the Rev. Mr. Cartmell.
6:30 P. M.—Young People's Fellowship.
8:00 P. M.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. Mr. Safford.

NEW YORK AVENUE CHURCH
13th & H & N. Y. Ave.
Minister in Charge
Dr. Albert Evans
9:30 A. M.—Church Bible School.
11:00 A. M.—"CANST THOU BY SEARCHING FIND OUT GOD?" Dr. J. Robertson McMahon.
6:45 P. M.—Christian Endeavor Society.
8:00 P. M.—"JESUS ONLY." Dr. J. Robertson McMahon.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH
16TH & H STS. N.W.
Sunday Services
8:00 A. M.—Holy Communion.
9:30 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by Dr. Hart.
11:00 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon by Dr. Hart.
7:45 P. M.—Organ Music by Arthur Howes.
8:00 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Mr. White.
Ash Wednesday Services
7:30 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11:00 A. M.—Morning Prayer and Sermon by Dr. Hart.
8:00 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon by Dr. Hart.

President Sends Congress Draft of Bill Proposed to Change Federal Judiciary

High Court Limit of 15 Is Proposed

Measure Provides for Naming New Justices for All Over 70.

Claims, Appeal, Patent, Custom Benches Affected by Proposal.

The draft of the proposed bill for reorganization of the Federal judiciary submitted to Congress yesterday by President Roosevelt:

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That

(a) When any judge of a court of the United States, appointed to hold his office during good behavior, has heretofore or hereafter attained the age of 70 years and has held a commission or commissions as judge of any such court or courts at least 10 years, continuously or otherwise, and within 6 months thereafter has neither resigned nor retired, the President, for each such judge who has not so resigned or retired, shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint one additional judge to the court to which the former is commissioned. Provided, That no additional judge shall be appointed hereunder if the judge who is of retirement age dies, resigns or retires prior to the nomination of such additional judge.

(b) The number of judges of any court shall be permanently increased by the number appointed thereto under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section. No more than fifty judges shall be appointed thereunder, nor shall any judge be so appointed if such appointment would result in (1) more than fifteen members of the Supreme Court of the United States; (2) more than two additional members so appointed to a circuit court of appeals, the Court of Claims, the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals, or the Customs Court, or (3) more than twice the number of judges now authorized to be appointed for any district or, in the case of judges appointed for more than one district, for any such group of districts.

(c) That number of judges which is at least two-thirds of the number of which the Supreme Court of the United States consists, or three-fifths of the number of which the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia, the Court of Claims or the United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals consists, shall constitute a quorum of such court.

(d) An additional judge shall not be appointed under the provisions of this section when the judge who is of retirement age is commissioned to an office as to which Congress has provided that a vacancy shall not be filled.

Sec. 2. (a) Any circuit judge hereafter appointed may be designated and assigned from time to time by the Chief Justice of the United States for service in the circuit court of appeals for any circuit. Any district judge hereafter appointed may be designated and assigned from time to time by the Chief Justice of the United States for service in any district court, or, subject to the authority of the chief justice, by the senior circuit judge of his circuit for service in any district court within the circuit. A district judge designated and assigned to another district hereunder may hold court separately and at the same time as the district judge in such district. All designations and assignments made hereunder shall be filed in the office of the clerk and entered on the minutes of both the court from and to which a judge is designated and assigned, and thereafter the judge so designated and assigned shall be authorized to discharge all the judicial duties (except the power of appointment to a statutory position or of permanent designation of a newspaper or depository of funds) of a judge of the court to which he is designated and assigned. The designation and assignment of a judge may be terminated at any time by order of the chief justice or the senior circuit judge, as the case may be.

(b) After the designation and assignment of a judge by the chief justice, the senior circuit judge of the circuit in which such judge is commissioned may certify to the chief justice any consideration which such senior circuit judge believes to make advisable that the designated judge remain in or return for service in the court to which he was commissioned. If the chief justice deems the reasons sufficient he shall revoke, or designate the time of termination of, such designation and assignment.

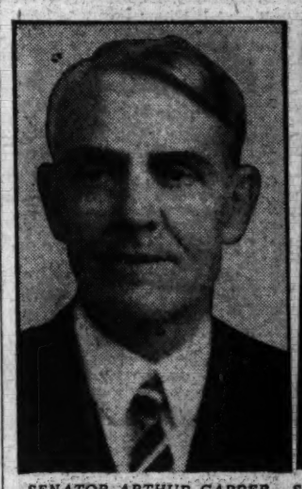
(c) In case a trial or hearing has been entered upon but has not been concluded before the expiration of the period of service of a district judge designated and assigned hereunder, the period of service shall, unless terminated under the provisions of sub-section (a) of this section, be deemed to be extended until the trial or hearing has been concluded. Any designated and assigned district judge who has held power, notwithstanding his absence from such district and the expiration of any time limit in his designation, to decide all matters which have been submitted to him within such district, to decide motions for new trials, settle bills of exceptions, certify or authenticate narratives of testimony, or perform any other act required by law or the rules to be performed in order to prepare any case so tried by him for review in an appellate court; and his action thereon in writing filed with the clerk of the court where the trial or hearing was had shall be as valid as if such action had been taken by him in that district and within the period of his designation. Any designated and assigned circuit

Continued on Page 16, Column 4.

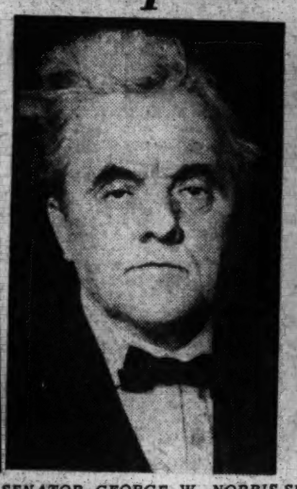
The Future of These Nine Old Men . . . . . .

Harris & Ewing.

. . . . . Depends in Part on These Old Men



SENATOR ARTHUR CAPPER.



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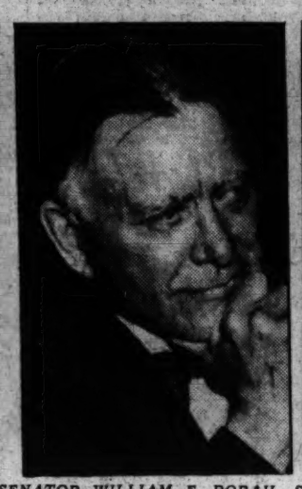

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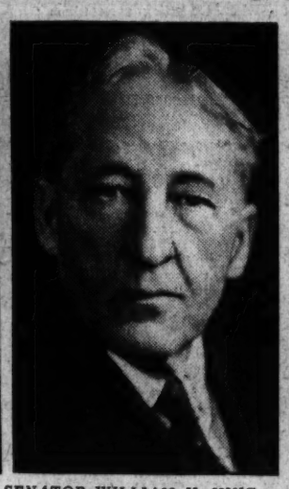
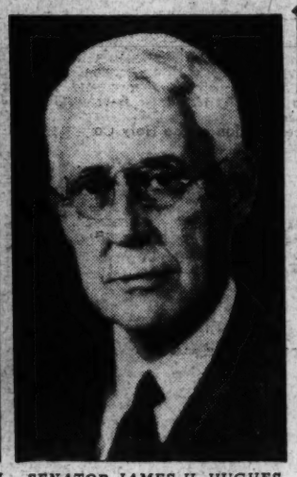


SENATOR WILLIAM H. KING.

SENATOR CARTER GLASS.

SENATOR THEODORE F. GREEN.



SENATOR JAMES H. HUGHES.

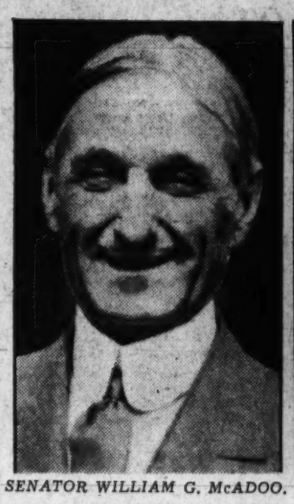
Securities Decline After Roosevelt's Message on Court

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—President Roosevelt's sweeping proposal for revision of the Federal judiciary system took Wall Street by surprise today and waves of selling in the securities markets sent shares and bonds tumbling.

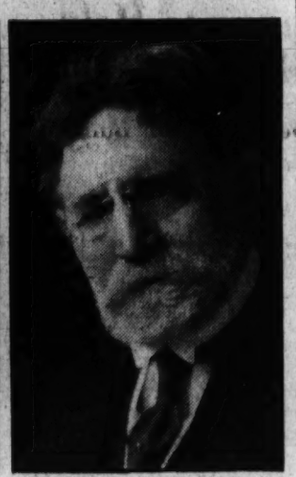
Some support appeared near the end of the session and losses were reduced, but securities generally finished from a few cents to several dollars lower.

Leaders of business and finance were taken quite as unawares as the market traders and few would hazard any comment for publication pending a more detailed study of the President's plan.

Generally, however, Wall Street showed it was disturbed, although many felt no immediate adverse effects were to be expected.



SENATOR WILLIAM G. McADOO.



SENATOR J. HAMILTON LEWIS.

Text of Roosevelt Message on U.S. Court Changes

Continued from Page 1.

other. The Supreme Court was established with six members of 1789; it was reduced to five in 1801; it was increased to seven in 1807; it was increased to nine in 1837; it was increased to ten in 1863; it was reduced to seven in 1866; it was increased to nine in 1869.

The simple fact is that today a new need for legislative action arises because the personnel of the Federal judiciary is insufficient to meet the business before them. A growing body of our citizens complain of the complexities, the delays and the expense of litigation in United States courts.

A letter from the Attorney General, which I submit herewith, justifies by reasoning and statistics the common impression created by overcrowded Federal dockets—and it proves the need for additional judges.

Delay in any court results in injustice.

It makes lawsuits a luxury available only to the few who can afford them or who have property interests to protect which are sufficiently large to repay the cost. Poorer litigants are compelled to abandon valuable rights or to accept inadequate or unjust settlements because of sheer inability to finance or to await the end of a long litigation. Only by speeding up the processes of the law and thereby reducing their cost can we eradicate the growing impression that the courts are chiefly a haven for the well-to-do.

Spedier Decisions Would Increase Task.

Delays in the determination of appeals have the same effect. Moreover, if trials of original actions are expedited and existing accumulations of cases are reduced, the volume of work imposed on the Circuit Courts of Appeals will further increase.

The attainment of speedier justice in the courts below will enlarge the task of the Supreme Court itself. And still more work would be added by the recommendation which I make later in this message for the quicker determination of constitutional questions by the highest court.

Even at the resent time the Supreme Court is laboring under a heavy burden. Its difficulties in this respect were superficially lightened some years ago by authorizing the court, in its discretion, to refuse to hear appeals in many classes of cases. This discretion was so freely exercised that in the last fiscal year, although 867 petitions for review were presented to the Supreme Court, it declined to hear 717 cases. If petitions in behalf of the Government are excluded, it appears that the court permitted private litigants to prosecute appeals in only 108 cases out of 803 applications. Many of the refusals were doubtless warranted. But can it be said that full justice is achieved when a court is forced by the sheer necessity of keeping up with its business to decline, without even an explanation, to hear 87 per cent of the cases presented to it by private litigants?

It seems clear, therefore, that the necessity of relieving present congestion extends to the enlargement of the capacity of all the Federal courts.

A part of the problem of obtaining a sufficient number of judges to dispose of cases is the capacity of the judges themselves. This brings forward the question of aged or infirm judges—a subject of delicacy and yet one which requires frank discussion.

1869 Retirement Law Fails of Full Purpose.

In the Federal courts there are in all 237 life tenure permanent judgeships. Twenty-five of them are now held by judges over 70 years of age and eligible to leave the bench on full pay. Originally no pension or retirement allowance was provided by the Congress. When after 80 years of our national history the Congress made provision for pensions, it found a well-entrenched tradition among judges to cling to their posts, in many instances far beyond their years of physical or mental capacity. Their salaries were small. As with other men, responsibilities and obligations accumulated. No alternative had been open to them except to attempt to perform the duties of their offices to the very edge of the grave.

In exceptional cases, of course, judges, like other men, retain to an advanced age full mental and physical vigor. Those not so fortunate are often unable to perceive their own infirmities. They seem to be tenacious of the appearance of adequacy." The voluntary retirement law of 1869 provided, therefore, only a partial solution. That law, still in force, has not proved effective in inducing aged judges to retire on a pension.

This result had been foreseen in the debates when the measure was being considered. It was then proposed that when a judge refused to retire upon reaching the age of 70, an additional judge should be appointed to assist in the work of the court. The proposal passed the House but was eliminated in the Senate.

With the opening of the twentieth century, and the great increase of population and commerce, and the growth of a more complex type of litigation, similar proposals were introduced in the Congress. To meet the situation, in 1913, 1914, 1915 and 1916, the Attorney General then in office recommended to the Congress that when a district or a circuit judge failed to retire at the age of 70, an additional judge be appointed in order that the affairs of the court might be promptly and adequately discharged.

In 1919 a law was finally passed providing that the President "may" appoint additional district and circuit judges, but only upon a finding that the incumbent judge over 70 "is unable to discharge efficiently all the duties of his office by reason of mental or physical disability of permanent character." The discretionary and indefinite nature of this legislation has rendered it ineffective. No President should be asked to determine the ability or disability of any particular judge.

Mass of Detail Adds Responsibility.

The duty of a judge involves more than presiding or listening to testimony or arguments. It is well to remember that the mass of details involved in the average of law cases today is vastly greater and more complicated than even 20 years ago. Records and briefs must be read; statutes, decisions, and extensive material of a techical, scientific, statistical and economic nature must be searched and studied; opinions must be formulated and written. The modern tasks of judges call for the use of full energies.

Modern complexities call also for a consistant infusion of new blood in the courts, just as it is needed in executive functions of the Government and in private business. A lowered mental or physical vigor leads men to avoid an examination of complicated and changed conditions. Little by little, new facts become blurred through old glasses fitted, as it were, for the needs of another generation; older men, assuming that the scene is the same as it was in the past, cease to explore or inquire into the present or the future.

We have recognized this truth in the civil service of the Nation and of many States by compelling retirement on pay at the age of 70. We have recognized it in the Army and Navy by retiring officers at the age of 64. A number of States have recognized it by providing in their constitution for compulsory retirement of aged judges.

Life tenure of judges, assured by the Constitution, was designed to place the courts beyond temptations or influences which might impair their judgments: it was not intended to create a static judiciary. A constant and systematic addition of younger blood will vitalize the courts and better equip them to recognize and apply the essential concepts of justice in the light of the needs and the facts of an ever-changing world.

It is obvious, therefore, from both reason and experience, that some provision must be adopted, which will operate automatically to supplement the work of older judges and accelerate the work of the court.

I, therefore, earnestly recommend that the necessity of an increase in the number of judges be supplied by legislation providing for the appointment of additional judges in all Federal courts, without exception, where there are incumbent judges of by the Supreme court—the law loses its most indispensable element—equality.

Delays Embarrassing To Government Agencies.

Moreover, during the long processes of preliminary motions, original trials, petitions for rehearings, appeals, reversals on technical grounds requiring retrials, motions before the Supreme Court and the final hearing by the highest tribunal—during all this time labor, industry, agriculture, commerce and the Governmnet itself go through an unconscionable period of uncertainty and embarrassment. And it is well to remember that during these long processes the normal operations of society and Government are handicapped in many cases by differing and divided opinions in the lower courts and by the lack of any clear guide for the dispatch of business. Thereby our legal system is fast losing another essential of justice—certainty.

Finally, we find the processes of government itself brought to a complete stop from time to time by injunctions issued almost automatically, sometimes even without notice to the Government, and not infrequently in clear violation of the principal of equity that injunctions should be granted only in those rare cases of manifest illegality and irreparable damage against which the ordinary course of the law offers no protection. Statutes which the Congress enacts are set aside or suspended for long periods of time, even in cases to which the Government is not a party.

In the uncertain state of the law, it is not difficult for the ingenious to devise novel reasons for attacking the validity of new legislation or its application. While these questions are laboriously brought to issue and debated through a series of courts, the Government must stand aside. It matters not that the Congress has enacted the law, that the Executive has signed it and that the administrative machinery is waiting to function. Government by injunction lays a heavy hand upon normal processes; and no important statute can take effect—against any individual or organization with the means to employ lawyers and engage in wide-flung litigation—until it has passed through the whole hierarchy of the courts. Thus the judiciary, by postponing the effective date of acts of the Congress, is assuming an additional function and is coming more and more to constitute a scattered, retirement age who do not choose to retire or to resign. If an elder judge is not in fact incapacitated, only good can come from the presence of an additional judge in the crowded state of the dockets; if the capacity of an elder judge is in fact impaired, the appointment of an additional judge is indispensable. This seems to be a truth which cannot be contradicted.

Ease to Congestion Asked of Congress.

I also recommend that the Congress provide machinery for taking care of sudden or long-standing congestions in the lower courts. The Supreme Court should be given power to appoint an administrative assistant who may be called a Proctor. He would be charged with the duty of watching the calendars and the business of all the courts in the Federal system. The Chief Justice thereupon should be authorized to make a temporary assignment of any circuit or district judge hereafter appointed in order that he may serve as long as needed in any circuit or district where the courts are in arrears.

I attach a carefully considered draft of a proposed bill, which, if enacted, would, I am confident, afford substantial relief. The proposed measure also contains a limit on the total number of judges who might thus be appointed and also a limit on the potential size of any one of our Federal courts.

These proposals do not raise any issue of constitutional law. They do not suggest any form of compulsory retirement for incumbent judges. Indeed, those who have reached the retirement age, but desire to continue their judicial work, would be able to do so under less physical and mental strain and would be able to play a useful part in relieving the growing congestion in the business of our courts. Among them are men of eminence and great ability whose services the Government would be loath to lose. If, on the other hand, any judge eligible for retirement should feel that his court would suffer because of an increase in its membership, he may retire or resign under already existing provisions of law if he wishes so to do. In this connection let me say that the pending proposal to extend to the Justices of the Supreme Court the same retirement privileges now available to other Federal judges, has my entire approval.

One further matter requires immediate attention. We have witnessed the spectable of conflicting decisions in both trial and appellate courts on the constitutionality of every form of important legislation. Such a welter of uuncomposed differences of judicial opinion has brought the law, the courts and, indeed, the entire administration of justice dangerously near to disrepute.

A Federal statute is held legal by one judge in one district; it is simultaneously held illegal by another judge in another district. An act valid in one judicial circuit is invalid in another judicial circuit. Thus rights fully accorded to one group of citizens may be denied to others. As a practical matter this means that for periods running as long as one year or two years or three years—until final determination can be made loosely organized and slowly operating third house of the National Legislature.

This state of affairs has come upon the Nation gradually over a period of decades. In my annual message to this Congress I expressed some views and some hopes.

Now, as an immediate step, I recommend that the Congress provide that no decision, injunction, judgment or decree on any constitutional question be promulgated by any Federal court without previous and ample notice to the Attorney General and an opportunity for the United States to present evidence and be heard. This is to prevent court action on the constitutionality of acts of the Congress in suits between private individuals, where the Government is not a party to the suit, without giving opportunity to the Government of the United States to defend the law of the land.

Immediate Appeal Urged on Occasion.

I also earnestly recommend that in cases in which any court of first instance determines a question of constitutionality, the Congress provide that there shall be a direct and immediate appeal to the Supreme Court, and that such cases take precedence over all other matters pending in that court. Such legislation will, I am convinced, go far to alleviate the inequality, uncertainty and delay in the disposition of vital questions of constitutionality arising under our fundamental law.

My desire is to strengthen the administration of justice and to make it a more effective servant of public need. In the American ideal of government the courts find an essential and constitutional place. In striving to fulfill that ideal, not only the judges but the Congress and the Executive as well, must do all in their power to bring the judicial organization and personnel to the high standards of usefulness which sound and efficient government and modern conditions require.

This message has dealt with four present needs:

First, to eliminate congestion of calendars and to make the judiciary as a whole less static by the constant and systematic addition of new blood to its personnel; second, to make the judiciary more elastic by providing for temporary transfers of circuit and district judges to those places where Federal courts are most in arrears; third, to furnish the Supreme Court practical assistance in supervising the conduct of business in the lower courts; fourth, to eliminate inequality, uncertainty and delay now existing in the determination of constitutional questions involving Federal statutes.

If we increase the personnel of the Federal courts so that cases may be promptly decided in the first instance, and may be given adequate and prompt hearing on all appeals; if we invigorate all the courts by the persistent infusion of new blood; if we grant to the Supreme Court further power and responsibility in maintaining the efficiency of the entire Federal judiciary; and if we assure government participation in the speedier considerations and final determination of all constitutional questions, we shall go a long way toward our high objectives. If these measures achieve their aim, we may be relieved of the necessity of considering any fundamental changes in the powers of the courts or the Constitution of our Government—changes which involve consequences so far-reaching as to cause uncertainty as to the wisdom of such course.

Court Delay Attacked In Roosevelt Message

Immediate Appeal on Constitutionality of Congressional Acts Urged by President.

Views of Press On Roosevelt's Judiciary Plan

'Might Cause Some Justices to Quit in Disgust;' Full Debate Seen.

Editorial comment on President Roosevelt's message to Congress asking for reform of the Federal judiciary:

By the United Press.

New York Times: As it would not be constitutional to remove the men of older blood against their will, the plan is to name younger judges to sit with them. This would be tantamount to public notice that they are incompetent for their work. Under such circumstances most of them would probably resign in disgust.

This is undobutedly the part . . . which should be most adversely criticized. Cleverness and adroitness in dealing with the Supreme Court are not qualities which sober-minded citizens will approve . . . Fortunately, there are in that body (Congress) enough good lawyers to make sure the bill will have full and searching discussion. Closest scrutiny will be given those parts of it dealing with the personnel of judges. Therein lies the greatest danger of political sharp practice—a thing which Americans are not yet ready to condone under the name of judicial reform.

New York Daily News.—The message was historic. The people voted for Roosevelt by an overwhelming majority. And it was understood and expressed . . . on both sides that Supreme Court and minor Federal Court interpretation of the 'constitutionality' of various measures of the New Deal was a chief issue in the campaign; and that Roosevelt, if re-elected, could not carry on the New Deal unless he should get around court obstruction somehow. The people instructed him with their ballots to go ahead and get around it.

New York Herald Tribune—President Roosevelt has brought forward a proposal . . . would end the American state as it has existed throughout the long years of its life. The plan is put forward with all the artistry of the President's political mind. He dangles before the House and Senate 50 new and important jobs, always ripe and luscious bait for the Congressional mind. He ingeniously conveys the impression that all he seeks is a routine and moderate effort to speed up justice and improve the whole Federal bench.

Yet . . . the brutal fact is that President Roosevelt would pack the Supreme Court with six new justices of his own choosing. The law's delays, due to clogged calendars, are made the chief basis for the action asked. These do exist in some of the lower courts. They do not exist in the Supreme Court which, since the time of Chief Justice Taft, has been practically abreast of its calendar. These petty failings of the minor courts are the pretense, the smoke screen, under which the President asks Congress to deliver to him control of the Supreme Court and with it the right to rewrite the Constitution as he and his complaint Congress choose.

Philadelphia Record—We stand on the threshold of a great political struggle, probably the greatest since slavery. * * * In reality the message lays siege to the citadel of special privilege. * * *

The stock market broke on receipt of the President's message yesterday, but the worker in the sweatshop, the farmer on his wasted lands, will not share the ticker's grief. * * * How much longer must an entire Nation be held in legalistic chains welded by five elderly, conservativ emen for the benefit of vested rights and special privilege?

Bar Society Head Attacks Revision

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 5 (AP).—Frederick A. Stinchfield, president of the American Bar Association, tonight in a prepared statement, criticized President Roosevelt's recommendations for revision of the Federal courts and said they were "out of line" with the Constitution's segregation of official powers.

Stinchfield said his observations were his personal views and were in no sense to be construed as an official declaration by the association.

"The Constitution itself provided a way for amendment," he said, "a way in which every citizen could have influence in his home State."

The statement said Congressional legislation the last four years has proposed "extraordinary changes," and added that the Supreme Court had invalidated some measures "because they invade the fundamental rights of citizens and States."

The Washington Post

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(Published every day in the year.)

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Saturday, February 6, 1937.

Somewhat Too High.

It was evident several weeks ago that Dr. Stanley High was riding for a fall. Under the guise of a "trusted adviser" of the President he betrayed his trust, and collected an honorarium, by trying to give an official forecast of the second Roosevelt Administration. Now, in a very different sort of article, he has put his neck out so far that the President has been forced to announce the "passing of the so-called authoritative spokesmen—those who write as 'one of the President's close advisers.'"

In the glow of good feeling that followed the election Dr. High pictured the President as a sort of benevolent dictator who has no inclination to wreak vengeance upon his opponents. But now he has attributed to the President plans to read out of the Democratic Party those Jeffersonians who controlled its destinies before Mr. Roosevelt took control of the Chicago convention in 1932. That is more of an encroachment upon executive good humor than even President Roosevelt can endure.

As a matter of fact, some of the conclusions Dr. High reaches as to a division in the ranks of the Democratic Party are well reasoned out. Indeed, the issue of packing the Supreme Court, which the President has just thrown at the feet of Congress, may be the first wedge to widen the breach between the old line Democrats of the South and the New Dealers. With the Republican minority in a pitifully weak position, and with major issues such as this forcing their way to the front, the tendency toward a schism seems to be inevitable.

That, however, is beside the point. The only factor which elevated these articles to special notice was the impudence of a young politician in posing as a "close adviser" of the President and trying to "cash in" on that reputation by writing articles that the President could not possibly indorse. In these circumstances there will be a great deal of satisfaction that Dr. High has been put in his place.

A Threat To City Planning.

Residents of the District may well be concerned over the numerous requests for rezoning of property to permit the construction of apartments. It is not the number of apartments contemplated that gives rise to legitimate protest. The present housing shortage here makes the construction of multi-family dwellings especially desirable. The only ground for complaint is the indiscriminate manner in which real estate interests seek to scatter these structures throughout the city.

Washington is zoned into four classes of property: Residential, first commercial, second commercial and industrial. The residential area is again divided into numerous categories, with a view to harmonious development and protection of property values. In the most restricted residential zones, hotels, apartments and flats are all forbidden. It is obviously desirable to maintain those restraints unless and until there is some good reason for changes.

The current tendency is for a single property owner to seek modification of the zoning of a small area in which he wishes to erect a structure which would otherwise be prohibited. A large number of the 45 cases now before the commission involve requests to build apartment houses in areas zoned for private residences. To make a practice of granting such petitions would be a serious threat to the value of property in the restricted sections.

Some allowance must be made, of course, for the changing character of various areas due to the growth of the city. Inflexible zoning regulations would work a serious handicap upon the community as a whole. When changes are made, however, they ought to conform to the general pattern. It should be the trend of development in the neighborhood, not the request for a special privilege by a single property owner, that rules as the determining factor.

The haphazard policy of lifting restrictions on individual lots here, there and everywhere is known as "spot zoning." It ought not to be called zoning at all, for the effect is to break down zoning regulations and defeat their purpose. Unfortunately, this practice is all too prevalent in the District. Residents have reason to be alarmed lest well-planned and well-defined restrictions cease to have any value because of increasing exceptions.

Zoning in the National Capital ought to follow a broader vision than can be obtained from concentration upon individual requests for changes. Since the local government is under scrutiny, the opportunity to investigate the weaknesses of the present zoning system should not be lost.

Time For A Showdown.

President Roosevelt's message to Congress yesterday dealt with two broadly related but essentially separate subjects. One of these is the general question of judicial reform; the other is the specific issue of Supreme Court membership. There is no good reason why these two distinct subjects should be combined in a single piece of omnibus legislation. On the contrary, it is of the most vital importance to the country that they be considered separately, on their separate merits and demerits.

This is not the President's desire. By the unusual action of attaching a draft bill to his message Mr. Roosevelt showed clearly that he wants Congress to handle the two proposals as a unit. Indeed, the entire message is adroitly designed to conceal the revolutionary nature of the Supreme Court proposal. It is made to appear as a natural supplement to relatively minor and generally desirable improvements which would render the judicial system as a whole more efficient. In this way a governmental change of the most fundamental magnitude might be put over without prior realization of what is involved.

Under these circumstances it becomes essential to call a spade a spade. Deprived of camouflage, the President's proposal is that the Supreme Court should be packed by the addition of six members selected by him, and, presumably, certain to take the same casual attitude toward constitutional interpretation which characterizes Mr. Roosevelt himself.

To all intents and purposes this would paralyze the judicial arm as a separate and independent branch of Government. It would subordinate the judiciary to the executive branch, as the legislature has already been subordinated. It would carry into effect the dictatorial threat to the Supreme Court so clearly voiced by Mr. Roosevelt in his message to Congress of January 6.

The scheme is subtly conceived and disarmingly presented. But, since the American people are not fools, the sequel will probably show that it was rather too clever in design.

As the people of the Nation realize how far towards personal government the President is going in this matter they will demand that the proposal to pack the Supreme Court be considered as distinct and separate from its deceptive gilding of general judicial reforms. And as that proposal is considered honestly and openly the overwhelming objections to it will become apparent.

The first of these objections is the surreptitious and essentially devious way in which Mr. Roosevelt proposes just such a "change by usurpation" as George Washington warned against in his Farewell Address.

As Senator Borah said in his ringing radio address on Monday, the present Constitutional issue is one "which only the people have the authority or the right to settle." Yet Mr. Roosevelt proposes to dispose of it by the cheap and discredited device of the legislative rider, fooling the American people into believing that what he has in mind is an almost inconsequential reform. It is, unfortunately, impossible to believe that patriotic legislators, of either party, will stand for tactics of this sort.

The second obvious objection is that to pack the Supreme Court in the way the President suggests is to invoke a two-edged sword.

If it is loaded with six camp followers of one persuasion now it can as easily be loaded with 12 more henchmen of an opposite persuasion later on. The only possible result of such procedure would be to undermine the whole basis of judicial independence. It would create conditions, to quote Senator Borah again, "which may seem expedient for today, but may torment us on many a tomorrow."

Still a third obvious objection to the President's overweening ambition is that it would set the clock of American history back a hundred years. For exactly a century has passed since the membership of the Supreme Court was stabilized with nine justices.

Since then the only numerical changes made were during the disturbed Civil War period, with restoration of the number which experience has shown most desirable coming shortly after the end of hostilities and unquestioned from that day to this. President Roosevelt can scarcely cite as a desirable precedent the case whereby two justices appointed by President Grant combined to reverse the earlier invalidation of the legal tender act. For the upshot of that action was greatly to injure the Court's prestige.

So dangerous, and so really indefensible, is the President's plan to pack the Supreme Court that many will wonder if the underlying long-range idea is perhaps to bring this institution into public contempt. Certainly if an American President should ever harbor dictatorial ambitions, that would be an effective course to pursue.

But whether such intention is there or not is relatively immaterial. Free government can be destroyed as readily by ineptitude as by iniquity. And ineptitude would reach a new height if any would believe Mr. Roosevelt's solemn suggestion that the change he proposed yesterday is less "fundamental" and less "far-reaching" than that direct amendment of the Constitution which he seeks to circumvent.

Let this proposal be brought out in the open, honestly phrased and honestly debated on its merits. Then it will soon be clear to the American people whether or not this is the way to achieve what Mr. Roosevelt calls "our high objectives." And on that issue, evidently, the time is ripe for a showdown.

At Mount Holyoke.

The selection of a man to succeed Dr. Mary E. Wooley as president of Mount Holyoke College has brought strong protests from some of the alumnae and faculty. Resentment long bubbling under the surface has at last reached the boiling point with explosive utterances coming from both sides. In these internal collegiate disputes, a rank outsider dare not venture to pass judgment because inquiry has shown in similar cases that the issues are invariably confused and the motives dictating the policy are decidedly mixed.

Leaving aside any questions as to the qualifications of Dr. Ham, the new president to be, and ignoring charges that the committee which selected him was "packed," there is one outstanding fact that helps to explain the opposition to his appointment. This appointment means that another one of the few important administrative posts open to women in the educational field has been pre-empted by a man. And experience has shown that when these choice openings are lost, they are not easy to regain.

Generally speaking, of course, it must be conceded that individual ability regardless of sex should be the determinant of fitness for a position. But in a world which excludes some exceptionally able women from positions of power and trust, it is only natural that those interested in the steady progress of wage earning and professional women should deplore the paucity of positions that offer them an incentive to continued effort. That feeling is especially strong when the positions in question are of a character which women are especially qualified to fill. It is, indeed, open to question whether a man can serve a college for women without being under a distinct handicap.

Without disparagement to the attainments of the male heads of women's colleges who have done good and useful work, it is an admitted fact that the field from which such candidates can be drawn is limited. As a rule, the most outstanding scholars and administrators are taken by the men's colleges and the universities, while the very best women available are attracted by offers from leading women's colleges.

A development which intensifies opposition to the trend toward men teachers and presidents in institutions for women is the fact that this influx has accompanied a rise in salaries in women's colleges and a reduction in employment opportunities in other institutions. Thus it would seem that the ebullition of feminist sentiment at Mount Holyoke has its roots in causes that are neither purely personal nor entirely selfish.

It is one manifestation of a more or less inarticulate movement to hold for women some of the hard-won advantages which the swiftly changing currents of present day economic life are tearing from their grasp.

Maryland State Police.

Current highway fatality statistics suggest that Maryland needs more than a new superintendent of State police. Col. Munshower, who presents an enviable army and public-service record, will doubtless be quick to agree to this as soon as his appointment from the Governor is confirmed. Every sign indicates that the force is woefully undermanned. Even if it is increased by 50 men, as contemplated in the pending State budget, there will be only 50 men available for highway patrol duty throughout the State. It is estimated that 250 men are needed properly to supervise Maryland's traffic.

Local interest in Maryland's police is not entirely abstract. For neighboring counties in the Free State are the home of many "Washingtonians." And one of these counties, Prince Georges, has recently come through an unfortunate police shake-up.

County and State police, of course, are separate organizations, but it is only reasonable to assume that if the State department had been operating on a basis of efficiency, a county force which naturally looks to Baltimore for inspiration might not have degenerated so miserably. That all inspiration was lacking is made abundantly clear by the fact that a national traffic safety institution has just declined to consider establishment of a Maryland bureau because the force is inadequate and the superintendent "is not actually in complete command."

A Michigan woman came right out and said that a mosquito swallowed a mule. Many and painful experiences have taught us not to dispute a woman's word, but just the same we don't believe a mosquito swallowed a mule—not unless he first greased the mule's ears, anyway.

Anyway, we've had one good laugh this year. We saw a wolf with his tongue in a sling trying to keep up with the door of a trailer home.

"Many birds sing without opening their bills," asserts a naturalist. No doubt we'd feel more like singing if we didn't open ours.

Letters to the Editor

All communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the Editor's discretion. In fairness to other correspondents, brevity is requested. Letters are subject to condensation.

Neutrality Proposal.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Sentimental expressions of a desire for neutrality are ineffective without some kind of material assistance to the victims of aggression. There should, therefore, be enacted by Congress a bill to contain these provisions:

That when, in the opinion of the President, any nation shall have violated the terms of the Kellogg peace pact by committing acts of aggression toward another nation, the President shall be empowered and directed to suspend forthwith all existing commercial treaties with the aggressor, and to stop all purchases of war materials by, and all credits or loans, and all extensions of existing credits or loans to, the aggressor;

That any government democratically elected by the people, against which acts of aggression, either by other countries or from within, shall have been perpetrated, shall be permitted to continue normal commercial relations with the United States on a cash-and-carry basis, and in other than American ships—it being understood that the Government of the United States assumes no responsibility for misfortunes in such trading, and that it cannot be held responsible for the lives, property, or comfort of American citizens who aid such a government by loans, trades, sales, enlistment in the armed forces of the government, or otherwise;

That any American citizen who trades with, gives comfort to, fights for, or in any other way aids (a) a government declared by the President of the United States to be a violator of the Kellogg pact, or (b) a faction guilty of internal revolt, shall be deprived of his rights to American citizenship.

Definitions:

"Aggression" shall be deemed the act of any nation in crossing the boundary lines of another nation by armed force, against the will of the nation invaded.

"Internal aggression" shall be deemed the act of any faction within a nation that resorts to armed force against the regularly established government of that nation, when such government shall have been elected by the free ballots of its citizenry, and when there exist freedom of political creed, of religious beliefs, of labor organization, of speech, of assembly, and of the press.

The United States shall consider this law as applying to itself as well as to other nations, and hereby agrees that other nations will be justified in treating it according to the terms of this act if it shall violate the Kellogg pact.

A CITIZEN.
Washington, Feb. 4.

Strike Investigation.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I read in your paper that United States Senator Neely demands a Senate inquiry of the G. M. set-up

This is o. k. with me, but how about suggesting that some United States Senator make the same demand in regard to the Lewis self-made set-up? He is the one who has caused the strike and he may be the cause of his members breaking the law with the sit-down strikes. The G. M. is a responsible corporation, but from Lewis down to the lowest member in his organization who can be held financially responsible for damages done to property belonging to others?

Lewis claims that he and his organizations put up between $500,000 and $600,000 to elect President Roosevelt and now calls upon him to deliver the goods. No corporation is allowed by law to contribute $1 toward electing a President.

Why should Lewis and his organization be allowed to try to buy the President Why should not laws be made that would make Lewis and his organization and other labor organizations responsible for loses of property? ED HUBBELL.
Washington, Feb. 4.

Borah And The Courts.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: And it was only yesterday that Senator Borah was hissing at the "Dred Scott decision." At that time he again engaged in that ancient pastime of the North, i. e., the fixing of the time of application of Taney's remark as of 1819 rather than 1619, as the context of the statement showed Taney intended it.

Why should Borah have such concern with the sanctity of the courts when throughout his life he profited from and engaged in leading an attack upon that court, an attack not justified; an attack from men whose minds were not sufficiently developed or cultivated to understand what had been written by the most scientific mind ever to serve upon that court.

Perhaps it is just a matter of psychology. Perhaps we do get more conservative with age. Perhaps our interests change. Perhaps those who now criticize the courts of America are just following the Borahs of another day, when the Borahs did not include a Senator from Idaho and a judge in Louisiana, though each being a native of Illinois where they had "blushed unknown." G. G. MOORE.
Washington, Feb. 2.

A National University.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Many great Americans have been honored in Washington by curious figures on outrageous horses or by useless extravagant memorials. The contributors to your columns suggest something useful as a memorial to Jefferson and speak of a stadium, though Jefferson was little concerned with athletics, or an auditorium, though Jefferson was a notoriously poor speaker who had no yearning to harangue elite, fashionable mobs.

He was concerned with education, free and untrammelled, and he was an educator. He founded a secular university in Virginia; he set forth a plan of primary schooling and of higher education in academies for Virginia, and he advocated a national university. A memorial to Jefferson might well take the form of a great national university such a there is in every other civilized capital, with close affiliation with a Cabinet secretary of education.

Such a national university, first advocated by George Washington, would be connected with the governmental laboratories and libraries and the art galleries as a research center manned by trained scholars and Government specialists in all fields of human endeavor. It would train Americans of all classes as scientists, statesmen, jurists, public servants, diplomats and social executives.

Its collegiate division could provide a sound education at nominal fees to the youth of the District of Columbia who if poor lack the opportunities of education found in States where the people vote. Elsewhere, citizens have free education in city colleges and State universities; here only the well-to-do can obtain a higher education for their children. GLADYS ARTBEE.
Washington, February 3.

Two Memorial Proposals.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Having read an article in your valuable paper of February 4 with reference to the "Forgotten Woman," would it not be most appropriate to erect a memorial to Miss Clara Barton in Washington? I think the women of the United States would be glad to erect a fitting memorial to her memory, as a duty.

For a mere suggestion, a beautiful hospital and nurses' training school combined, to be called by the name—"Clara Barton." Have this building erected in a picturesque setting in beautiful grounds, and all uniforms bear the Red Cross insignia. M. B. BAILEY.
Hyattsville, Md., Feb. 4.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Noting that a bill had recently been offered in Congress to erect a monument to Albert Gallatin, if it should be enacted into law, it would seem a fitting tribute to that great man.

Like Hamilton, he was not a native of the United States, and like Hamilton, he served several years as Secretary of the Treasury.

He was of an aristocratic family in Switzerland, and favoring the rule of the people he came to America in 1780 at the age of 19, and early laid the foundations of his future usefulness, serving as Secretary of the Treasury from 1801 until 1814. Later he was sent to Russia, which had offered her services to arrange terms of peace with Great Britain in the war of 1812. Adams and Bayard being the other members.

Later he served as Ambassador to England, also to France, and in all service to his Government he evinced patriotism and statesmanship. Not so much heralded as Hamilton, he had a longer public service, and so far as known no scandal or calumny was urged against him. I believe he is worthy of a monument to celebrate his service to his country.

JOHN G. TOWNSEND.
Washington, Feb. 2.

Training School Visit.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: As a reader of The Post, may I make a suggestion regarding your account of Mrs. Roosevelt's visit to the National Training School for Girls?

I feel sure it was not the intention of your headline writer to in any way humiliate a group of children for whom life has already been difficult enough. But I think you will agree with me that this must be the result both to the children and their families if it should become customary for our papers to refer to the children as "prisoners," and to the school as a "jail," and that such an attitude on the part of the public would inevitably counteract the fine results of Mrs. Roosevelt's work and the new atmosphere which Dr. Carrie Weaver Smith is endeavoring to create in the school.

BLANCHE EVELYN WALL.
Washington, Feb. 4.

Need For Red Rider Repeal.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The "murder is out" and "now it may be told" regarding the mystery of the "Little Red Rider." Blanton let the cat out of the bag over the radio forum Sunday. Everyone with a finger in that unsavory pie concocted by a few hard-boiled reactionaries, amazed at the furore of unpopularity it aroused all over the country, is breaking his neck to prove it was "the other fellow did it, teacher." No one can now be found willing to be the butt of a thoroughly aroused and angry populace by proudly standing up and saying: "I did it." No, indeed! Instead they are all running around in circles like insects that invade the pantry and run to hunt dark places when the light is turned on.

Former Representative Blanton points the finger at Jesse Suter, active in citizens' associations. Suter points his finger at J. G. Yaden, another official in the Federation of Citizens' Associations ("All I did was help Col. Yaden.") Henry I. Quinn, school board member and head of the District Bar Association, points the finger at Blanton.

While an intelligent school board was wrestling with the problem of trying to obtain sufficient Congressional appropriations to provide sufficient seating room, sufficient number of teachers, sufficient protection from fire hazards in condemned school buildings that are still in use, the "heresy hunters" as Secretary Ickes names them, were joining in the campaign engineered by sensation-mongers. While the mass of loyal and devoted teachers were battling with overcrowded classes, helping with Red Cross drives, the Community Chest and other social activities for the common weal, they were being pilloried en masse and foul suspicions cast upon the whole profession. Naturally they resented it. The congressional mountain labored and brought forth a few cockroaches!

The public cannot forget how its beloved and respected scholarly superintendent of schools, the noble Dr. Frank Ballou, was put through the "third degree" before the modern inquisition headed by Congressman Blanton. According to news accounts, Dr. Ballou was humiliated to tears, and no wonder. Who could sit supinely by while his whole educational lifetime was stripped to shreds?

It is a dark chapter in the history of American education. Nothing short of immediate repeal now of the noxious-discord-breeding rider and an active campaign to give needed appropriations to the schools, the sabbatical year of leave for teacher improvement, reduction of the load patiently borne by overworked teachers and modernization of the schools can atone for the set-back given by the witch-hunting orgy. ARISTOTLE.
Alexandria, Va., Feb. 4.

Raw Human Goodness.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The devastating flood which is now raging along the Ohio and Mississippi rivers has served to mobilize the national conscience as nothing else has done within the present generation. To feed the hungry, heal the sick, rescue the perishing and care for the dying constitute the sum and substance of all practical religion.

The Red Cross embodies the spirit of genuine Christianity, divested of doctrine and dogma, which is to do good and to love mercy. In response to the distress call, not only our own country, but the nations of the world, have heard and heeded the cry. The American who has not, or will not contribute his quota to this emergency owes an apology to his conscience. In the face of human suffering, there is neither Jew nor Greek, barbarian, Scythian, bondman nor freeman, but the spirit of humanity underlies all.

The present flood relief calls attention to the difference of method, though not necessarily of spirit, between doctrinal religion and applied Christianity. The stress of emphasis is laid upon social salvation in the world that is here and now, rather than upon salvation of the soul in the world to come.

In the eyes of the Red Cross, there is no distinction between Jew and Gentile, Protestant or Catholic, baptized and unbelievers, native and foreign born, white and colored. In the dispensation of practical Christianity no prayers are said, no hymns are sung, no ceremonies performed but instant and immediate relief is applied where the pressure of suffering and need is greatest.

It is also to be noted that although the Negro contingent constitutes a high proportion of those in the afflicted area, we hear no word of race or color. Pity and need have vanished all such discrimination. The demands of mercy run deeper than such distinctions. Truly the flood, for the time being, at least, has wiped out the color line. One touch of nature makes the whole world kin. KELLY MILLER.
Washington, Feb. 2.

Poison Honey.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: A news item in The Post of January 31 sets forth a claim of Prof. J. F. Couch that "recent scientific studies indicate that the mysterious outbreak of sickness among the 10,000 Greeks as related by Xenophon may have come from honey gathered by bees from poisonous plants."

Xenophon in Book IV Chapter 8 of his Anabasis, states that the trouble was due to poisonous honey. There has never been any mystery concerning it. The bees of the Trebizond region, where the Greeks became ill, collect much of their honey from Azalea pontica, known to be poisonous. Back in the '80's, when I first read Xenophon, my Greek teacher explained that the natives of the Trebizond area knew that the honey was poisonous unless boiled, and never ate it without previously cooking it, just as they do today. But the Greeks were unfamiliar with the region and had to learn by experience. Xenophon reached Trapezus (modern Trebizond) in the early spring of 400 B. C.

Since that time there have been frequent references to the poisonous honey of Trebizond, by Pliny in A. D. 77 and Sir Joseph Hooker in 1885, to mention only two investigators. It would seem that the discovery is not exactly "recent."

E. V. WILCOX.
Chevy Chase, Md., Feb. 4.

Maine And Vermont.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Now that the uproar has subsided after the election, let us pause and reflect a little about Maine and Vermont, the so-called 'foreign countries.'

Let's see, how do they compare with the other States that voted "sensibly," as most people say? Well, look around—there is California with its epidemic of kidnap victims and a recent record of the lynching of two white men. Then there is Tennessee, with its anti-evolution laws and child marriages. Michigan, with its sit-down strikes and its Black Legion. The Southern States with their K. K. K. and lynchings. Not to forget Nevada with its easy divorces, but why go on? I believe this all makes out a pretty good case for Maine and Vermont, so maybe their crime was not so bad after all. W. E. D.
Washington, Feb. 4.

Strike Cartoon.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: In a recent issue you printed a cartoon by Elderman headed, "O. K. Referee, Sock Him"—the referee in question being our own President."

I wish this cartoon could be printed in every daily paper in Michigan, one each day for a week; it shows the chief actors of the G. M. C. strike in their true colors.

If our Secretary of Labor takes time to read the labor relations act, she will find enough to cover this strike, but what is the use? Why not put in a good man at once?

F. P. HARRIS.
East Orange, N. J., Feb. 4.

A Mother's Reaction.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I am quite in sympathy with the "Lowly Poet" regarding the marriage of that 9-year-old girl who was married, or supposed to be, some time ago.

I have a daughter who is older than 9 years, but I would not like to see her married. I think something should be done about it.

I hope the "Lowly Poet" will see this letter and give herself or himself a "pat on the back."

A MOTHER.
Harpers Ferry, W. Va., Feb. 3.

On Fixing Salaries.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: It is odd how complacently the Federal Government's $10,000-a-year men fix the salaries of other men of high ability and scientific training and experience at $4,000 to $4,800 a year. Sometimes I wonder whether these salary fixers really think they deserve more than twice as much as other able men or whether they just don't have the courage to fix salaries on an entirely fair basis.

Wouldn't it be interesting to hear a few of them answer this question?

O. N. STONE.
Washington, Feb. 2.

Et Donum Ferentis.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Una epistula quattuor errores, proh pudor! Nonne adhuc thesauri verborum extaverunt? Si tibi tam magna est inopia, librum veterum et probatum teneo, qui vester est si petas. Sum te mandamus, P. C.
Washington, Feb. 4.

The Post Impressionist

New Lamps For Old.

FAR be it from me to tell tales out of school (said Mrs. Arabella Mixing), but if Casual Smith doesn't like it he can lump it, for the story is to his credit, and what his daughter will think of it doesn't interest me in the least, though she is a nice girl and I have always liked her. But this is once papa put her in her place, which is what fathers ought to do oftener, though they usually lack the nerve, the poor mice.

You remember the house they had in town? It was somewhat larger than their present one, though not nearly so prettily situated, and their present house is quite big enough for two people and an occasional guest, with a fine porch overlooking the water, kitchen, pantry, living room, dining room, bathroom and two bedrooms with nothing upstairs but the attic and nothing downstairs but the cellar.

Well, when they moved from town they found they had more furniture than they could use and they wanted to give their daughter some of it, but she turned her nose up at it, would have none of it, thought it was old-fashioned, which was her privilege, since people have their own lives to live and have a right to live them as seems best to them.

* * *

But that is not enough for young people. They want to show old people how to live, want to teach their gran——. Right. You get the idea. So Sylvia began to worry about her parents. She said she thought it outrageous for them to have such old-fashioned furniture when they could afford to have something better, as if there were anything better than the things you've grown to love through long association.

And so she worked on her mother's feelings to such an extent that Mary began to think that perhaps her daughter was right and that there was no use in staying in the one rut all one's life and that one should be up with the times as that was the only way to keep young. And so it was settled.

So the new house was newly furnished with everything modern for heating and cooling and entertainment if you care for the stuff they are filling the air with. Casual grumbled a bit at first, but Mary said everything looked right pretty and he said if she was satisfied he would be the last to complain.

* * *

And the old furniture was stored in the barn, a good air-tight building, for which Casual has no other use, for he is not a farmer and doesn't pretend to be one. I don't know what Mary planned to do with the furniture; I'm not sure that she knew herself; but she certainly had no wish to sell it, couldn't bring herself to do it somehow; so there it lay for a couple of years or more.

But meanwhile Sylvia had been learning a few things in Washington, where her husband was beginning to do right well. Robert has the reputation of being a good lawyer for a young man. And Sylvia began to meet people and to get some new ideas concerning old furniture and when the time came for them to leave their little apartment for a home of their own she began to wonder if there wasn't something in that barn at home that she could use. (It had never been her home really for she married before Casual retired but, after all, home is where your father and mother live even if you've got a home of your own, if you get what I mean, which, of course, you don't, being a man)

And always after that when Sylvia and Robert would go to Casual's for the week-end Sylvia would spend some time in the barn, browsing around the old furniture, and just before she'd leave for home she'd say she'd like this piece or that, and it usually happened that when they drove off there was some small piece of furniture securely fastened on the back or on the side of the car.

And when at last they were about ready to move into their new home Sylvia had a long heart-to-heart talk with her mother, with the result that the contents of the barn were piled on a truck and carried to Washington.

* * *

And that brings us pretty close to the climax. Last Sunday Casual and Mary were the guests of Sylvia and Robert. Sylvia greeted them at the door and she was plainly excited. "I have a delightful surprise for you!" she told her father and led him to the living room.

It was a surprise all right. The room was arranged pretty much like the living room Sylvia had known as a child, and at the fireside, facing each other, were Casual's old arm chair and Mary's rocker.

Was Casual pleased? He was not. He came as near being peeved as Mary had ever seen him. And he took no great pains to hide it, either.

"Don't you like it, papa?" asked Sylvia, anxiously.

"Like it?" he repeated, after a pause. "Well, my dear, I like it so well that I'm going to ask you to send me those two chairs by express this coming week. Mother and I can use them very nicely."

Sylvia didn't know what to say, but Robert rose to the occasion. "Bully for you, dad!" he said with a grin. "You'll get 'em. And at that we are getting off easy."

For Robert thought his father-in-law had shown a good deal of restraint; and I quite agree with him. *GRIF ALEXANDER.*

Fair Enough

By *Westbrook Pegler*

Louisville Emerges.

Louisville, Ky.

THE GREAT FLOOD of 1937 has shrunk away by several blocks in this reach of the dreamy old Ohio, leaving a dreadful mess of ginger-colored muck in the streets and in the homes of the people. You can see gangs of men following the water down, working with shovels and street cleaners' brushes, slushing the mud into quavering heaps at the curbs. They are mostly men of poor physique, who push weakly on their brooms. Their clothes are caked with dried mud and the weather is cold and penetrating and some of them have wet feet.

The stores are reopening now, but many of the store windows are gone and there are heaps of rotten merchandise at the curbs, dredged out of the cellars or shoveled out the front doors with no thought of salvage. Farther along toward the water front where the warehouses are, great heaps of soggy tobacco in the leaf add their sharp stink to the air of disaster. In Louisville and New Albany nad Jeffersonville on the Indiana side, people have moved back into their houses and put out their furniture to dry.

* * * *

THE PLUSH FURNITURE, the lovely installment plan suites, are all gummy and muddy and the weather is so cold that they do not dry out but just freeze. Little backyard garages which were swung off their footing by the suction of the receding water lie every which way, and the high water mark and the succeeding low water marks show on the houses and on the automobiles which were overtaken at the curbs. The automobiles may be salvage jobs at that, although, of course, it will cost a little money because the water got into the engines and left some grit in the machinery.

Although I have been in Louisville many times I find that I do not know the town at all, because I was there only for the Derby and never bothered to learn the local geography or the names of the streets. But the Brown Hotel, where I always stopped and where the bootleggers from Cicero, Ill., used to put up in prohibition times and smash the furniture and make the night hideous, is now high and dry. There is a high-water mark on the drug store windows of the Brown, however, indicating that the flood reached a good practical swimming depth on the corner.

But a couple of blocks up Broadway a 20-foot cabin launch lies alongside the curb outside a gasoline station, beached like a stranded whale, resting on its muddy belly and on the bent blades of its bronze propeller. I drove out to Southbrook street to look up Mom and Pop Barry, the parents of friends in New York, who were known to be safe through it all but who had been cut off from personal communication for a week.

* * * *

MOM BARRY came to the door and Pop came out of the living room to compare this flood with the flood of 1884. The water had stood maybe 9 feet deep in Southbrook street, but their house stands high and the water never reached the living room, although it did fill the cellar and rose to the second step of the front porch. So they took it easy. There was food enough in the house and the gas grate never quit, and the frantic inquiries of their son in New York had embarrassed them somewhat because skiffs were tying up at the front door every few minutes to offer rescue service.

"It looked like the whole navy," Pop Barry said. "But we were all right. It was wet outside but all right here. I expected to see an admiral any minute."

Across the street from the Brown Hotel, the Thompson Dairy Lunch, in which the Derby crowds used to have scrambled eggs at 4 a. m., after their gambling and helling around in the dumps on the Indiana side of the river, was a bleak and soggy ruin. The water had been way up in the dairy lunch and the street which so often resounded with the cries of the mugs peddling souvenirs and tips on the races was still afflicted, although well above water now. It is a sad spectacle, a living city creeping out of the slime like a decent human being who has somehow managed to fall into a cesspool.

* * * *

FILTH, nastiness, corruption and the sudden embarrassment of urban civilization. A sidewalk and a street are sagging into a sewer and signs give warning. Those who live in cities do not realize until such time that they live by sewers and conduits and water and gas pipes, and that some sudden casual twitch in the hide of Nature may throw that civilization altogether out of hitch. You turn a tap to get water, or press a button to get light, but when you turn the tap and typhoid water comes and press the button and light there does not be, what then?

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The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips.

Courses for a Career School.

("Harvard will inaugurate a Career School for the purpose of training men specifically for public office." —News item.)

Course A (Personality)—Instruction ten hours weekly in the use of facial features, with special attention to the projection of charm, self-confidence, optimism, etc. Good front teeth are a requisite for this course. Students will be presumed to have mastered elementary smiling. First three months will be devoted to the Newsreel Smile, the Conference Smile and the Cornerstone Laying Smile. Fourth month will be devoted to Platform Smiling, Open-Hack Smiling, etc. Rest of year will be devoted largely to mastery of these smiles and development of the Crisis and Bad News Smile, always very difficult but most important to anybody set on a public career.

* * * *

Course A-4 (Microphonic Mannerisms, Advanced)—Instructions eighteen hours per week in the Endowed Hall of Microphones on Mondays and Thursdays, and in the Boffin Memorial Static Center on Tuesdays and Fridays. Special effort will be made to make a student cast off his true self and assume a bogus personality when facing a mike. Students satisfied with career in diplomatic corps or minor offices may use natural tones but bellowing will be compulsory by those aspiring to be President, governor or member of Congress. Last semester will be devoted to difficult task of making a student take an interest in his work even when not within range of a microphone.

* * * *

Course B-5 (Hat Lifting, Limousine Bowing, Hand Waving, etc.)—One hour every day, except Sundays. Those who want to be sure of getting anywhere in public life will be expected to pay special attention to this course. Faculty will supply hats but students will furnish own limousines.

* * * *

Course B-6 (Baby Kissing, Elementary)—One hour on Wednesdays and Fridays in the Gideon Lipps Osculatorium. Not compulsory except for students planning to make the White House.

* * * *

Course C-1 (Locomotive Cab Occupancy)—Daily 2 to 2:30. Bell-cord pulling and whistle tooting optional. Bring engineer's cap and denim rompers.

* * * *

Course C-4 (Issue Dodging and Loophole Crawling)—This course will be given on the athletic field at first but as the students become adept the exercises will be shifted indoors. By the end of the freshman year all students should be able to dodge any issue and crawl through any loophole however limited by space.

* * * *

Course D-1 (Statement Issuing. Advanced)—Sixteen hours a week in Fogg Hall under Prof. Ambiguous. Applicants must first present themselves at the infirmary and have their candor removed.

* * * *

Course H-5 (First Baseball Throwing. Junior Grades)—Every Saturday back of the J. Fuller Bunk Quadrangle. Come one, come all.

* * * *

Course H-6 (Character Acting, Facial Make-up and Personality Projection)—Daily instructions in the Hall of Mirrors in trying to appear like Lincoln, Jefferson and George Washington. Whiskers may be bought at the university jigger shop.

Desire.

Little Miss Perkins wants a law
So nobody can say "Oh pshaw!"
When Little Miss Perkins hoists a thumb
And bids them very sternly "Come!"

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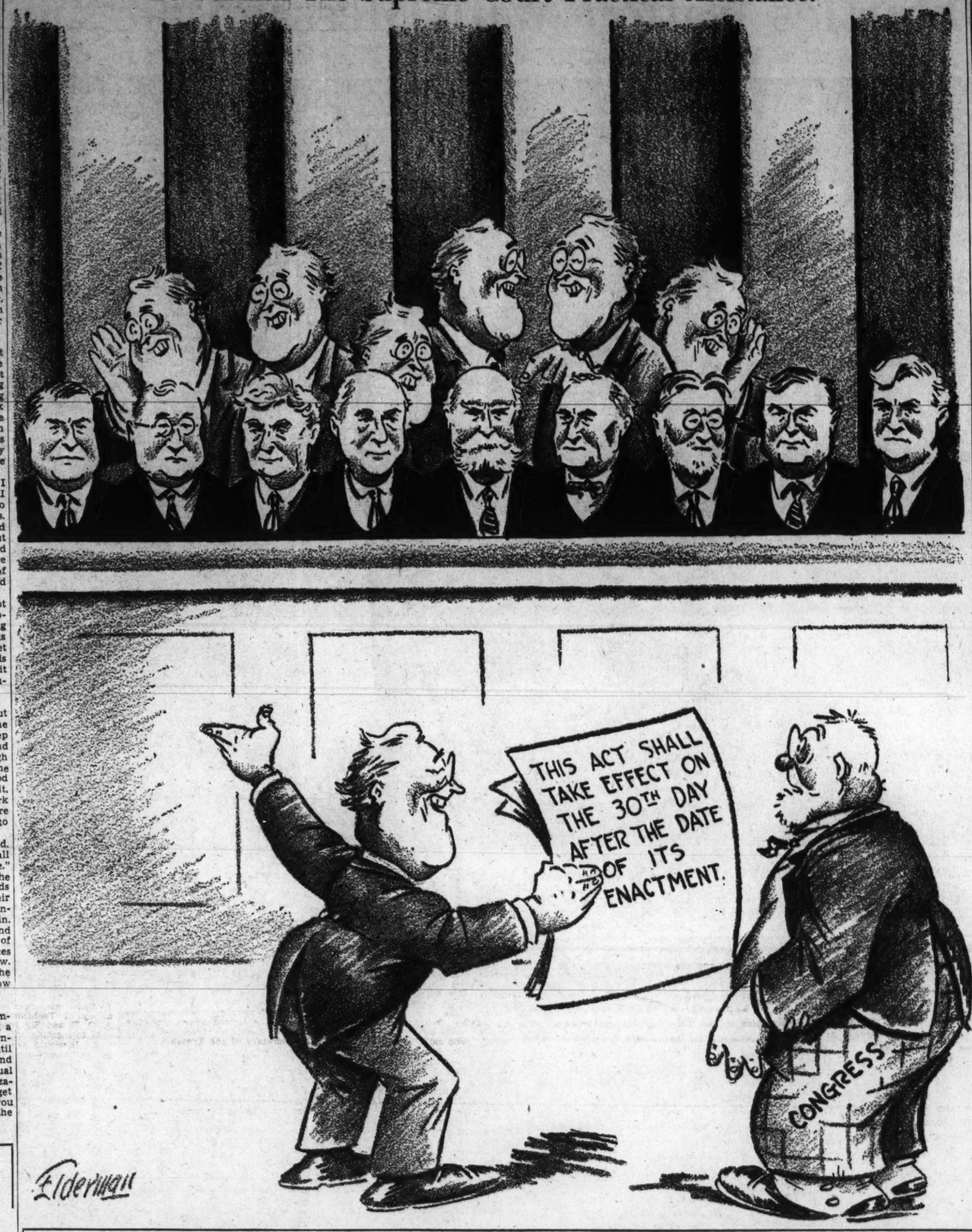
"To Furnish The Supreme Court Practical Assistance."



Great Social Changes Sweep World Today

By Raymond Leslie Buell.

The Post presents the fourth of a series of articles by the president of the Foreign Policy Association.

BOTH in democracies and dictatorships, underneath the war-mongering of the present time, a social transformation is taking place which in itself is one cause of international tension.

In the three Scandinavian countries the process of social change has been longest at work. Although each of the three countries has a Socialist prime minister, none practices socialism. Private enterprise remains the basis of economic life, but is tempered and controlled by extensive systems of social insurance, a state monopoly of natural resources, government competition with certain types of private enterprise, a highly developed cooperative system, and expert monetary control.

Redistributed Wealth Mark Of Change In U. S.

The object of government is to produce a degree of economic stability and security, and to bring about the orderly redistribution of wealth. While all of these countries cling to monarchy, they have advanced labor movements, maintain the highest standards of living and constitute the most genuine democracies in Europe.

Despite the lip service paid to socialism, few Scandinavians look forward to the extinction of private enterprise. Today a member of a Swedish co-operative may choose between buying at a co-operative or a private store. This is a freedom they do not wish to surrender. In fact, in their emphasis on voluntary co-operative enterprise and education, the Scandinavian peoples demonstrate a healthy hostility to the providential state.

In Britain, France and the United States this process of social transformation is also taking place. In addition to redistributing wealth through a highly developed system of social insurance and state medicine, Britain is experimenting with public corporations which are gradually widening the socialized sector of British life. By the skillful use of tariff subsidies and guaranteed loans, it is bringing about the nationalization of a number of British industries. Britain is slowly undergoing a social transformation while retaining the democratic process.

During the past year France has undergone even more striking changes. In 1935 the country seemed to be suffering from anemia, but today—despite the shrill cries of extremists—the country is demonstrating dynamic qualities.

No longer controlled by the mythical 200 families, the government now rests with the Popular Front—a Left coalition binding the small bourgeois parties to the French workers. Since June the French Parliament has enacted 70 pieces of important legislation. Collective wage contracts have been legalized, a 40-hour week established, and an annual vacation for workers of two weeks with pay has been made compulsory.

The administration of the Bank of France has been nationalized; a wheat monopoly established, largely for the purpose of keeping the peasants from going Fascist; nationalization of the munitions industry initiated; the compulsory school age raised to 14; state control over the coal industry established; a public works program authorized; and cheap credit extended to small enterprise. Legislation has been passed to purify the French press—one of the most corrupt in the world—and to strengthen the libel law.

In the United States President Roosevelt's astonishing victory in the November elections was evidence that the American public realized social change had become necessary in the land of rugged individualism.

The November elections seem to have committed the United States to the principles of controlled capitalism and placed approval on the principles of democracy and peace. Like Britain and France, the United States has many serious problems. It is confronted with a budget deficit and with excessive unemployment. The housing and farm tenancy problems await solution; it seems threatened with a gigantic labor controversy and with serious administrative and constitutional difficulties. Nethertheless, the democratic process has been strengthened in recent years and is now being used to make capitalism more responsible to the common good.

Dictatorships Also Effecting Vast Revisions.

Despite their brutality and militarism, the dictatorships also are bringing about social transformations. The changes effected in Soviet Russia are well known. During the last year industrial production again showed large increases, while general wages were advanced 22 per cent. Less known are the German social experiments, which are subjecting private enterprise to rigid government control and are diminishing class distinctions.

Despite the lowering standard of living, those who conform to the regime—and they include the vast majority of the population—receive certain psychological compensations through the symbolism and skillful propaganda of the government. Moreover, unemployment has been drastically reduced by increased military service and government expenditure. Young people and agricultural workers have been discharged from factory employment to make way for men with families. Prices as well as wages are fixed; profits are limited directly or by taxation; and industry is being cartellized in certain areas, although emphasis is being placed on small-scale capital and middle-class ownership.

A land reclamation program larger than that of the Pontine marshes is being carried out along the Netherlands frontier. As a result of activities of the Labor Front, about 5,000,000 workers have been given vacations during the last three years, some of them going as far as the Azores Islands. The Hitler Youth Movement sends a million boys and girls annually to summer camps.

Altogether, the regime is summoning the nation to a collective effort to overcome the moral lethargy and internal dissension which reached a high point during the last days of the republic. Among the methods chosen for this purpose, it has resorted to brutal attacks upon the Jews, unprecedented militarism and the "war against bolshevism." The Nazi dictatorship is a technique, if unscrupulous and dangerous, of forming a German nation.

Autarchy And Armies Slow Dictators' Plans.

The social transformation taking place in Germany, as well as Italy, suffers from two serious defects. As already indicated, the first is that the methods employed in both countries sacrifice human personality and repress the disinterested search for truth. Nevertheless, the three great dictatorships of Europe may command somewhat more sympathy from liberal countries if it is remembered that they are all in the grip of a revolutionary process which throughout history has inevitably involved individual brutality and injustice.

In the second place the social transformation of Germany and Italy, and to a lesser extent of Soviet Russia, is being injured by autarchy and militarism. To overcome a national inferiority complex and develop the military power to wrest concessions from other countries, Germany and Italy have diverted an increasing share of the national income to the unproductive purpose of armament. As a result, the importation of consumers' goods tends to decline; and with it the standard of living. It is a curious paradox that Germany and Italy are the only countries in Europe today which are beginning to liquidate capitalism. Confronted by the increasing burdens imposed by rearmament and autarchy, the Italian and German governments are rapidly extending the arm of government ownership.

Democracies Learn Worth Of Personalities.

Moreover, in the democratic countries a new sense of the worth of human personality is arising. Since modern dictatorship advances a crude sort of "social justice," many intellectuals, impressed by the sterility of capitalistic democracies, felt for a time that it was necessary to choose between fascism and communism. As the methods of these regimes have gradually unfolded, a profound reaction has set in. What does it matter if the trains run a little more rapidly, if some workers get a free trip to the Azores, or if Soviet Russia produces more coal than France, when individual life is arbitrarily taken as it was in the Zinoviev trials or in the execution of Edgar Andre in Germany this last summer? The sad plight of the refugees is a monument to the fundamental inhumanity of the dictatorships. The systematic drugging of peoples by distorted propaganda, and the repression of free discussion and the disinterested quest for truth have given new meaning to the value of liberty in democratic countires today.

On the other hand, the success of the dictatorships in winning the support of the masses has led to a widespread movement to readapt liberal institutions to fit modern needs. It has become evident that societies cannot exist purely on a basis of rationalistic or economic self-interest. They must provide some great unifying principle which responds to the mystic needs of the people.

Today there is deep poverty and misery in a large part of the world; in many Central European countries the working population does not have even the compensation of a Fascist regime. Despite this misery one may glimpse a future world which will not be a Communist Utopia or a classless society, but rather an economic order in which the privileges rising out of birth and inherited wealth will be diminished, and leadership will be inspired less by a desire for private profit than to advance the public good.

No Communist Utopia Foreseen By Observer.

While private enterprise will probably remain the basis of the economic order, state intervention will be continuous whether for the purpose of reducing the violent fluctuations of the business cycle, or providing a certain minimum in the way of economic security, education, health and working standards. At the same time the future state, as an organ for the redistribution of wealth, will not overlook the fact that wealth must be produced before it can be distributed. It will be assumed that the only material justification for private enterprise is that, through the price mechanism and private initiative, it can produce goods more cheaply and efficiently than the state.

The democracy of the future will realize that good citizenship means something more than food, health and literacy. Under such a democracy, political movements guarding the national interest will do battle with the special interest lobbies, which are the curse of democratic government. An increasing number of people will create and appreciate literature and art, as well as search for the metaphysical realities of existence not revealed by the statistician or scientist. The goal will be not the all-powerful state based on the principle of totalitarian militarism, but a society of free men. The freedom of the future will not be the negative license of the discredited liberalism of the past, but a constructive freedom dominated by a moral purpose.

While the world today may be in transition toward such a goal, the goal itself will not be realized unless the international problem is solved. For if another general war breaks out, it is bound to spread throughout the world, wreaking vast destruction and setting loose social revolution in every country. Whatever the ultimate form of society emerging from such a war, the production of wealth and development of civilization will be set back centuries. If the world does not solve the international problem, the present transition may prove nothing but permanent chaos. If nations cannot learn to exchange goods, reduce armaments, and organize the world to remove the causes of war, the dream of a new order will evaporate very quickly. In other words, a solution of the social problem cannot be divorced from the problem of war or peace.

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War Tomorrow

By *Barnet Nover*

The Bandwagon Of Defeatism.

THE OUTBREAK of the World War caught the overwhelming majority of the American people unawares. We were too absorbed in our own affairs in the decade preceding Sarajevo to realize the drift to disaster in the Old World.

In retrospect it was seen that there were many milestones on the road to Armageddon. The successive Moroccan crises were recalled, the annexation of Bosnia-Herzegovina, the steadily mounting armaments, the Balkan wars. But it was not until the fighting actually began that these events were seen as threads in a grisly pattern of disaster.

* * * *

FOR YEARS after 1914 it was, in this country, a badge of some distinction for any publicist to be able to claim that he had forseen the trend of events. It was a somewhat exclusive organization, this Society of Prophets of the Last War. But should war once again engulf the world it will be no distinction whatever to claim membership in the Society of Prophets of the Next War. Where, before 1914, there were only individual and scattered voices predicting disaster, the Cassandra chorus now embraces millions. It is those who insist on refusing to be completely pessimistic about the European and world outlook who are now in the minority.

The reasons back of the present American pessimism and defeatism concerning the international situation are not hard to discover. For days and weeks and years the state of affairs abroad has been described in black terms. And black it certainly is in many particulars. The growing tensions, the mounting armaments, the decay of international law, the weakness of the League—in these other aspects the European situation is hardly hopeful. Many now insist that we are now back to 1914.

* * * *

BUT THE ANALOGY is so faulty as to be useless as any guide to understanding. For the parallel ignores the vast differences between the situation today and as it was at the time of the assassination at Sarajevo.

It ignores the circumstance, for instance, that Europe is not divided, or not yet divided, as it was in 1914 into two definite camps. On the contrary the present diplomatic groupings in Europe are hesitant and uncertain rather than fixed and unassailable.

That is true of the French bloc. It is even more true of the group of nations which some insist is the counterpart of the prewar Triple Alliance. Germany and Italy may, from time to time, find it worthwhile to co-operate. But their relations are based on no inner harmony and they are not allies even in the sense that they were allies in 1914.

* * * *

NOW THIS very widespread diplomatic uncertainty is a factor making for peace rather than for war for no nation is as certain as it would like to be that it can, alone and unaided, emerge successful from a major conflict.

But there are other differences between the situation today and as it was 23 years ago that makes the frequently cited parallel meaningless.

Today the League of Nations is in existence; it was not in 1914. And while the League's influence and authority as an agency of peace-preservation is distinctly negative at the moment this may not be true tomorrow. Then, too, the fact is that peace today is not as brittle as it was a generation ago. On the contrary it is extremely resilient. It is capable of sustaining shocks far greater than those which almost plunged Europe into war on repeated occasions before 1914. It has, in fact, survived the extremely violent campaign of vituperation waged by Germany and Russia against each other. It has survived a race in armaments far more intense and extensive than that of the prewar period. Peace has even survived such a highly inflammable situation as that arising out of the Spanish civil war.

* * * *

IT WOULD be absurd, of course, to rule out the possibility of war in Europe or elsewhere, now or in the future.

As long as certain nations are convinced they can achieve national ambitions by war and only by war they will be tempted to use military force as an instrument of policy. But there is no reason to believe any nation, no matter how warlike, will go to war unless victory is fairly certain. Yet no power, and certainly not the ones the world regards as the potential aggressors, are in a position by themselves to insure their victory. That is why Germany, despite its rearmament program has been indulging in furious diplomatic activity, thus far not particularly successful, to win allies and neutralize potential enemies.

So far as the American people are concerned there are three questions regarding this problem of the possibility of war that must be answered if our position on foreign affairs is to be a rational one.

* * * *

THE FIRST question is: Is a European or world war certain to come in the very near future?

There are many who are prepared to reply to this question with a clamorous affirmative. Some of them are so intent on joining the Society of Prophets of the Next War that they have been saying for years war is imminent. But the inevitable has, somehow, been postponed. There are good reasons for believing it will be postponed a while longer.

But if war does not break out tomorrow or the next day is it certain to break out a year from now, or two or five years from now? To be dogmatic on that score in the face of a constantly changing world picture requires a degree of prescience vouchsafed to few mortals.

How often have the American people had presented to them during the last 15 years the picture of an imminent Russo-Japanese, or Russo-German or German-Polish or Italo-Yugoslav war? But these predictions have been uniformly wrong. It is at least a possibility similar predictions will, for the time being, be equally far from the truth.

* * * *

NOW IF there is no certainty that if war can be staved off at this time it will nonetheless break out in the future, the question arises: Is it possible for the nations of the world, including the United States, during this interim period of peace, to do what they can to make war less likely? The answer must certainly be in the affirmative: They can if they will.

Under the circumstances, therefore, it is clear that the enemies of peace are not only the would-be aggressors but also the fatalists. For at a time when it is still possible to build up the dike in the face of rising flood conditions they say: Let us do nothing, for nothing can keep out the raging waters. Or they say: Let us run away.

The people living in the Mississippi Valley did not say that. They refused to submit to what some insisted was the inevitable. They did not fold their hands and resign themselves with Oriental fatalism to the onrushing doom. On the contrary they worked with every ounce of strength to keep the raging river within its banks. They were not sure of success. At Cairo, at least, they now have the assurance that their efforts have not been in vain. The lesson is clear.

Peace On Earth

By William Lyon Phelps

Ways And Means.

While I should like to see wars cease and the reign of peace on earth, I see no immediate prospect of such a consummation. But although I do not see it now, I do see it plainly and distinctly in the future. It may be in the far distant future. It may not come for 500 or even for 1,000 years. But I do not believe in the wreck of the world or in the "decline of the west" or in the general downfall. Today the situation is bad; it is worse than it was 30 years ago; but surely it is not hopeless.

* * * *

Making no comment myself, having no plan, and certainly no panacea, there are certain facts that are interesting. I do not know whether they will actually produce good results. Of course, if all nations were guided by the teachings of religion, or if men in general were guided by reason, the world would speedily get rid of war on a large scale; but nations are not guided by religious teachings and men in general are governed by instinct and sentiment, rather than by reason.

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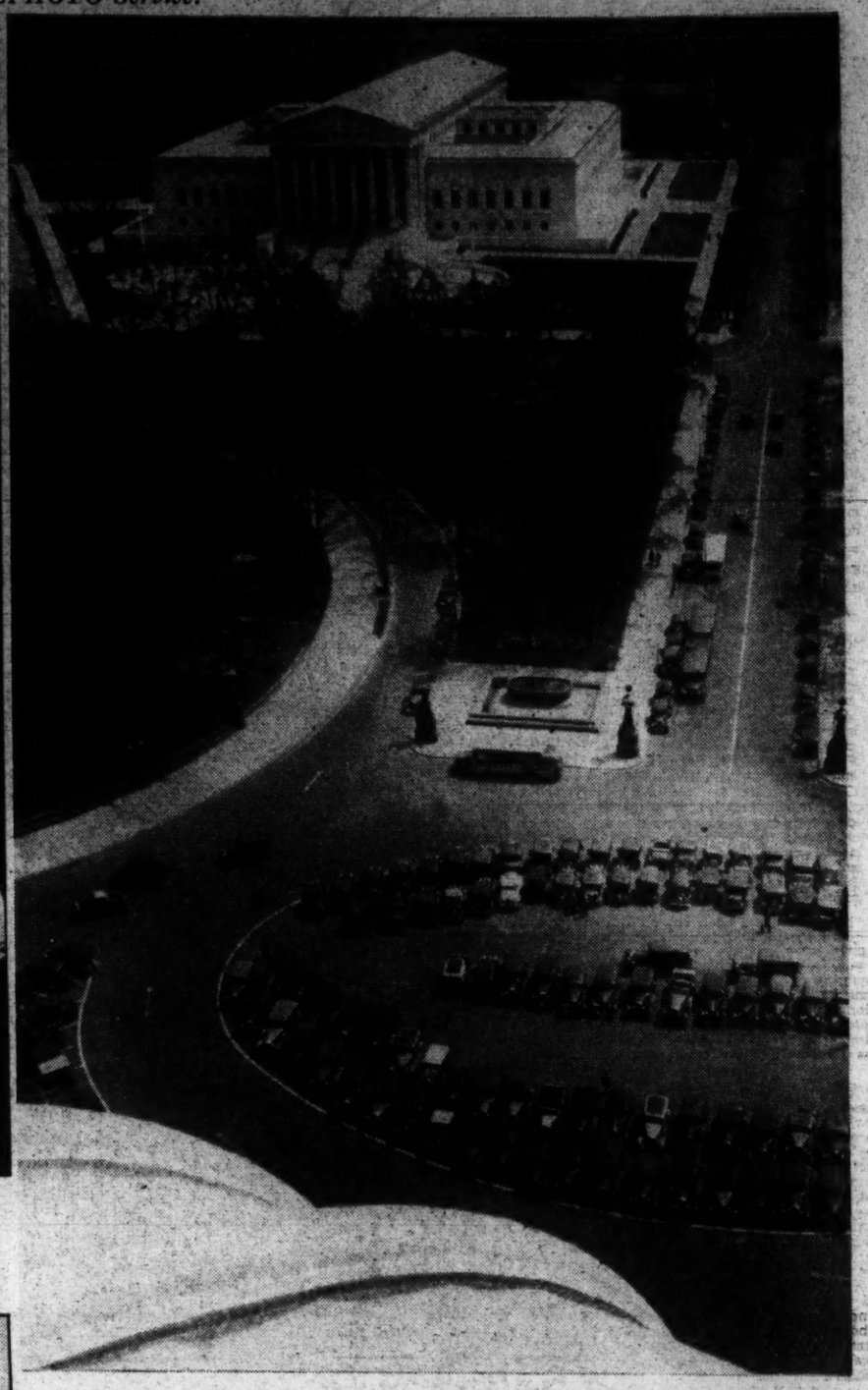
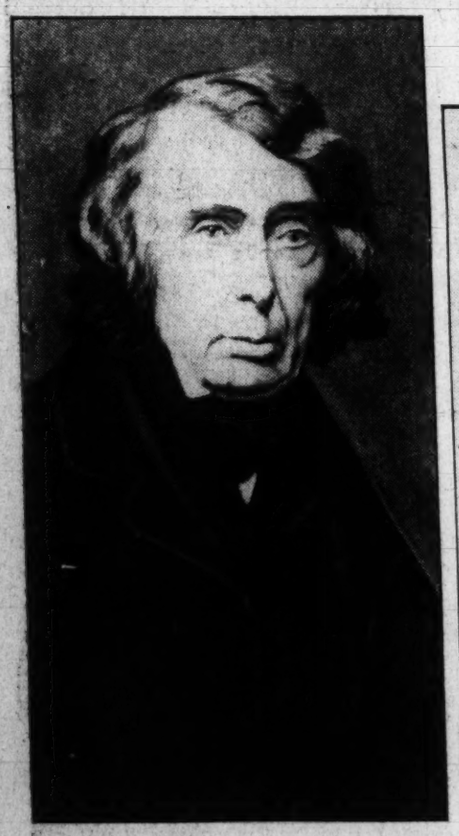
President Startles Nation With Message on the Judiciary

The Post is the only daily morning paper in Washington with A. P. WIREPHOTO Service.

Harris & Ewing.

SENATORS SCAN PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE. President Roosevelt startled Congress yesterday with his message recommending an overhauling of the judiciary. After the message was read, Senators gathered in groups to discuss and study the document. Vice President Garner shown with Senators William Dietrich (left) and Henry F. Ashurst (right) chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee.





ROGER B. TANEY, of Frederick, Md., one of the great jurists who served in the Supreme Court from 1836-64, wrote the famed Dred Scott decision while serving as Chief Justice when he was 80 years old.

cipation in the speedier consideration and final determination of all constitutional questions, we shall go a long way toward our high objectives. If these measures achieve their aim, we may be relieved of the necessity of considering any fundamental changes in the powers of the courts or the constitution of our Government — changes which involve consequences so far-reaching as to cause uncertainty as to the wisdom of such course.

Franklin D. Roosevelt

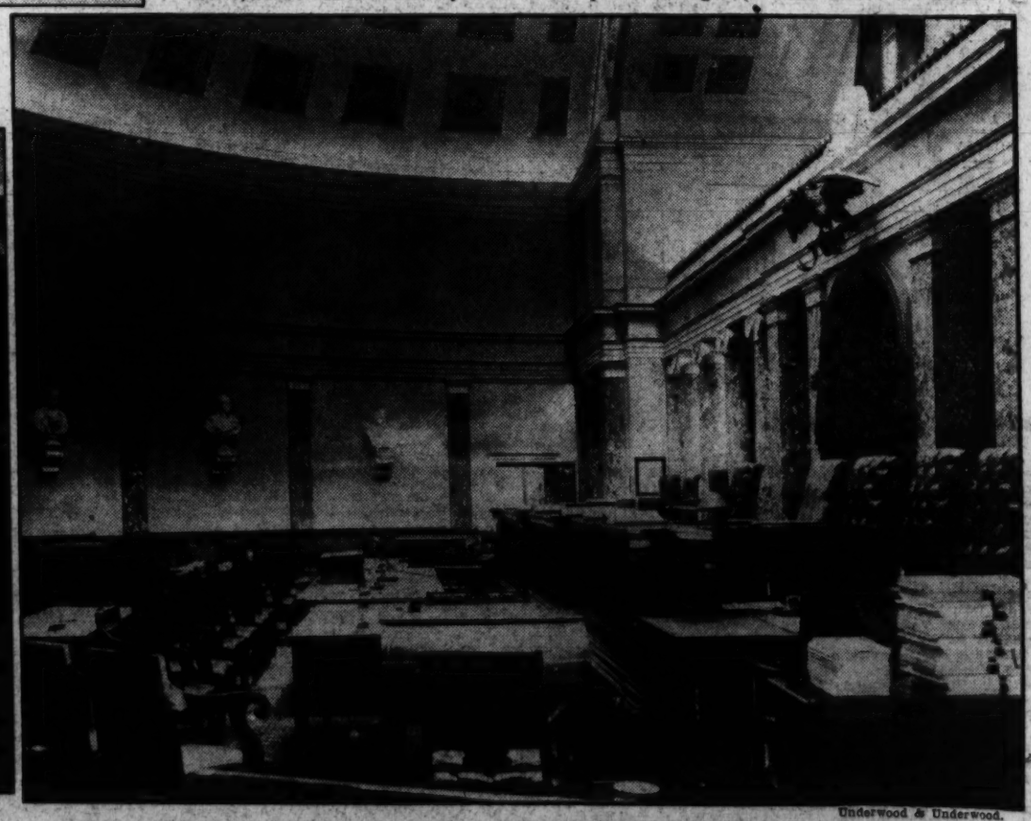
Associated Press Photo.

"TO THE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS." A facsimile of the ending of President Roosevelt's message to Congress recommending the reorganizationn of U. S. tribunals.

Harris & Ewing.

HOUSE LEADERS STUDY JUDICIARY MESSAGE. Speaker William Bankhead (right) and Representative Hatton W. Sumners, chairman of House Judiciary Committee, conferred immediately after the surprise message was read before the House.

U. S. SUPREME COURT IN 1865. Among the nine venerable men shown above are Stephen B. Field, Salmon P. Chase, David Davis, Samuel F. Miller, Noah H. Swayne, Nathan Clifford, Robert C. Grier, Samuel Nelson and James N. Wayne. With the exception of Justices Chase and Davis, all were more than 70 years of age at the time this photo was made



Underwood & Underwood.

OLD SUPREME COURT CHAMBER IN THE CAPITOL BUILDING. It was here that the Supreme Court met since 1860, in the old Senate chamber north of the rotunda. Previously they occupied another section of the Capitol Building. Last year they moved into the new $11,000,000 Supreme Court Building shown at top of page.

A Woman's NEW YORK

By Alice Hughes.

New York, Feb. 5.

THE WORLD seethes with wars and rumors of wars. Our own beloved country is smitten with plague, pestilence, famine and sit-down strikes. Yet off every big boat that docks in the Port of New York trips a small posse of English ladies who want to lease their London flats and first-floor windows to the silly, ruddy Americans for the Coronation! Such hope, ardor and zeal are worthy of a better cause—such as making gas masks for babies!

ALICE HUGHES.

Even though the exile in Austria has been replaced as the star of the piece by an excellent but entirely colorless brother, the dears from Mayfair still throng this town with business propositions in their stylish handbags. If our fellow countrymen fell for all these offers, not more than a couple or hundred Britons would behold their king on the way to the dear old Abbey to assume the crown and the rest of the historic baubles.

• • • •

But all signs here point to the fact that the coming coronation has lost its punch for our citizens who have very little but time and money, though they possess beaucoup of both. Edward likes Americans and their odd ways, and vice versa, and our plush people felt at home when he was Prince of Wales and during his brief reign. Now, with the Georgians again in the saddle, our folks again will get those looks down the nose, and they are sort of losing their pep and ginger about scudding over for the big show. Lots will go, of course, but there won't be the same scramble for front-row seats.

• • • •

As a matter of fact, wise boys and girls here tell me that America will see its biggest home-travel summer in history. Increasing numbers of our citizens refuse longer to pour dollars into Europe's machine guns and gas bombs. Well, let the eagle have a good scream, I say. It's high time!

• • • •

GIRL ABOUT TOWN—There's been some talk of bringing little Anna Sten, the plump Russian movie actress, here to play the lead in one of the new shows, but I can't see why, for the life of me . . . Our home-town strike mania has spread all over the public school system, certainly a desperate sign of the times. The other day, at the Stattsburg High School, two giggling girls were ordered to write "I will not laugh out loud again" a round 1,000 times, whereupon the other 32 pupils walked out of the room and stayed until the penalty was abolished. Any way now they'll strike against even attempting to cram anything into their young skulls . . .

• • • •

Georgette Cohan, only daughter of our famed and beloved George M., has been lying very ill for months in one of the local hospitals. Her mother, Ethel Levey, once the musical-show pride of Gotham, Paris and London, is watching over her chick.

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Claire Tilden Dress Pattern

IT'S THE MOST important job in the world—keeping house—and it's most important that you look smart and pretty when you're at it, too—so make this sprightly "at home" frock and know that you'll look chic at all times! Select a dainty flower-spangled percale, crisp gingham, dainty dimity, or a sturdy calico for this refreshing model. Order Pattern 290, and find out for yourself how easy it is to cut and stitch its three major pieces. Specially attractive are its puffed or flared sleeves, roomy pockets, and nobby button accents. Detailed sewing guide accompanies this pattern.

Pattern 290 is cut in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42. Size 16 requires 3¼ yards 36-inch fabric.

Send FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (preferably coins) for this pattern. Write clearly size, name, address and style number.

Send orders to The Washington Post Pattern Department, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.

Frivolity for the Tailleur

The woman who likes to be dashing and at the same time feminine can realize her desire this spring. Suits which are in the forefront of the fashion picture are softened by hats, blouses and costume jewelry. The Helen Cookman suit, above, with its flared tunic and sheer net blouse with gold stud buttons is reminiscent of the costumes of the grand seigneurs. The peaked jockey hat by Lilly Dache with the frivolous frou-frou of veiling is an ideal accompaniment to the spring suit. The glace kid gloves are encircled with gold link bracelets.

TODAY'S HEALTH TALK

By Dr. Irving S. Cutter.

Measles—A Winter Infection

Young and old alike may well appreciate the victory which is being won over diptheria. By means of injections of immunizing material, children may be protected against the disease. Should it develop, however, medical science possesses a powerful weapon in antitoxin. But the important thing is prevention, and parents should be told and retold of the value of diptheria toxoid, the substance which is keeping our youngsters free from the "choker." But no such means of warding off or controlling measles has as yet been discovered. It is probably the most easily communicated of all the infections, and if there is such a thing as natural immunity to its virus it is negligible.

Peculiarly enough, measles affects the human species almost exclusively. Adults are not free from its ravages and they may "take down," unless they have had the disease in childhood, and became quite ill. If the infection has overlooked a community for several years, when it fills a return engagement it is unusually virulent. It is as though the soil had been allowed to lie fallow for many seasons and, upon seeding, it will bring forth a bountiful crop.

But the complications are the factors which disturb us. Bronchitis and pneumonia follow all too often, and in young children their presence is attended with a sizable mortality. Disease of the middle ear (running ear) and of the kidneys, impaired eyesight, and heart damage may accompany an onslaught and result in a lifelong handicap.

A letter received from a mother in a locality in which measles is now on a rampage asks about the advisability of deliberately exposing her young children, inasmuch as they are in good health. To me this is unwise. If we could make certain that no destruction of the eardrums would occur, that no impairment of the heart or other physical injury would follow, we might be willing to run a slight risk. But the hazard is really a large one, for out of 100 children with the disease a complication of some sort will develop in perhaps a dozen, varying with the virulence of the infection. Furthermore, I would far rather have measles attack children about the age of 10 than at 2 or 3, or young adults at 20. Above all, I would greatly prefer avoidance of exposure and hence freedom from the disease.

At the very outset the infection resembles a common cold. There will be a discharge from the nose, sometimes a slight cough, the eyes will be congested, and the temperature will range, in young children, to 103 or 104 degrees F. Within a day or two the red, measly rash will appear. The patient is far better off if he has been kept warm in bed in an airy room from the beginning of the symptoms.

Plenty of fluids—orange juice, milk, and soups—should constitute the regular diet. Soft boiled, coddled, or poached eggs may be added with the onset of convalescence.

Good nursing is the price of safety. The sickroom should not be kept hot, but the victim's body must be comfortably warm. The feet, particularly, should be watched, and hot water bottles or an electric heating pad may be used to aid the circulation.

Attention to the eyes is necessary and in almost every case they will need to be washed with boric acid solution several times daily. They should be protected also from intense light, although a darkened room need not be used. If the lids are inclined to adhere, a bit of sterile, white vaseline rubbed along the edges will be of value. A drop or two of liquid albolene in the nostrils morning, noon and night will prevent drying of the air passages.

I am a great believer also in an old-fashioned remedy—camphorated oil—which may be applied to the chest, the sides of the thorax, and the back, and rubbed in gently two or three times each day. Absorption takes place and the camphor is of value in relieving bronchial symptoms.

When all is said and done, we cannot regard measles as a mild or harmless disease. It may be—let us hope—in most cases. But expecting an easy, safe convalescence we must work for it by careful nursing and constant watchfulness.

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Woman Must Fight To Direct Movies

Hollywood (U.P.).—A woman must fight like a man to surmount the hurdles of tradition cluttering the path to directorial success in Hollywood, says Dorothy Arzner, only woman megaphone wielder in the film capital.

Miss Arzner, a trim, graying maiden-lady, is attempting a "come-back" after three years of idleness, bolstered with some rather definite ideas of what it takes.

"The principal requisite is courage," she said. "Women should quit feeling inferior simply because they are women.

"The mind is neither feminine nor masculine."

Before she begins direction of "The Girl From Trieste," starring Luise Rainer, Viennese newcomer, for Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, she will query the entire picture crew as to whether they have any objections to taking direction from a woman.

"If anyone does not want to work with me, I will see to it that they are transferred to another unit," she said. "There will be no hard feelings about it, and the status of objectors will remain unchanged."

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PLEASANT HOMES

By Elizabeth MacRae Boykin.

MAY LEE is throwing prudence to the winds and doing over her living room just the way she'd like to have it, not the way that might seem safest and sanest. In the end hers will probably be the color scheme that all the ladies in town will be dying to copy.

First—walls of walnut veneer which looks like paneling but doesn't cost so much because it's very thin. (There are also some wall papers that look so much like real wood paneling that the smartest interior decorators are using them.) Then a sofa in a very scintillating shade of blue-jay blue. Cretonnes for several of the other chairs in an English floral design on a warm creamy ground . . . an odd chair in coral . . . cream celenese curtains tied back with heavy cream cords and made with pinch-pleated tops . . . her old cream ground Oriental rug . . . lamps with brass bases and cream shades . . . accessories with brass . . . picture frames in gold leaf . . . andirons and fire things in brass . . . some pieces of pottery in coral . . . a pair of porcelain vases and a tea set in blue-jay blue.

It's a lovely room which started us to thinking about dark walls. We wouldn't advise them in some places, in others we would. Naturally they do make a room less bright and sunny looking. But in the average house where there are plenty of other rooms to be bright and sunny, it's interesting to have one that has the contrasting effect of tranquillity and repose and that aloofness you feel as you step out of a glare into a serene shadowy glen or into a quiet library at dusk.

Send a 3-cent stamp for the writer's bulletin, "Illustrated Instructions for Upholstering Furniture at Home."

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Movie Heroines Select One Color And Stick To It

Hollywood.—There's an interesting movement on foot here for women to associate themselves with one color and stick to it. Every gal has her best color . . . that certain color of which she never wearies.

Marie Wilson is a black and white girl. During the winter days she sets her blonde beauty off with bolts of black, and summer finds her fresh and crisp in white. Olivia de Havilland is an addict to navy blue touched off with white, and Bette Davis would like nothing better than to wear tile morning, noon and night.

There are just three colors in Jean Harlow's wardrobe . . . black . . . white . . . and powder blue. Carole Lombard is practically the figure in gray. She has found a soft, lovely shade which is particularly becoming to her and has clothes in all fabrics and styles made up in it.

As yet no Hollywood girls have switched completely to one color, but just for a lark June Martel spent a week-end at Palm Springs and took an all pale yellow wardrobe with her.

Home Institute

Easy Ways of Buggeting

FIRST-OF-THE-MONTH blues! This is how the Dexters felt when the bills came in, before Lois started their budget plan.

Ken gives her full credit for stopping their aimless spending and making their money buy what they really want most.

She divided their income, allowing so much for shelter, food, operating expenses, clothing, advancement and savings. Now their spending is like a game—they've something to aim at.

Lois designed a budget to fit their pet economies and extravagances. Both like a really nice home. So they ran a bit over the usual 20 or 25 per cent allotment for shelter. To do this they pared their amusement allowance nd made home their recreation center.

They don't miss gadding about, frittering their money away here and there, now that they've rigged up their game room, bought deep, comfortable chairs, made the whole house cozy and attractive. Their friends love coming over for the evening.

Knowing exactly how much they can spend for clothing makes them consider every purchase carefully. Each sticks to a "key" color, Ken's is brown, Lois' navy. She livens her wardrobe occasionally with a red hat, or a gray jacket or a white blouse. But no matter what combination of clothing and accessories she puts on, she's sure to be harmoniously dressed.

You can work out a budget that fits your income and tastes with the help of our 40-page booklet, HOW TO BUDGET YOUR INCOME. Sample budgets for different incomes. Ruled pages to enter your own budget figures.

Send 15 cents for our booklet, "How to Budget Your Income," to The Washington Post, Home Institute, 109 West 19th street, New York, N. Y. Write plainly your name, address and the name of booklet.

Jelleff's 1214-20 F ST.

Springtime Dresses for JUNIORS

(signed) Louise Mulligan

(signed) martha gale

(Designer of Cartwright Dresses)

(signed) Ellen Kaye

Proving that "good things come in threes" and that Jelleff's is your lucky star for bringing you this famous threesome of young American designers of junior fashions . . . exclusively, in Washington!

What they haven't done with boleros . . . schoolgirl frocks (inspired by that certain famous lady who became world news, you know!) They give you all the news that's smart in print. . . .

. . . the sheer wools, the gay shades and the beige shades of spring, the navy blues and the blacks with crisp lingerie . . . all specially designed to catch the fancy of spring-minded, fashion-minded young shoppers for dresses to wear to dates, to school, or perchance to a new job. Typically lively styles—typically low prices—$16.95 to $25.00.

Junior Deb Shop—4th Floor.

2. "Simple Susan" —an exclusive design by Cartwright that takes its name from the little velvet loops, simulating petals, that edge the collar, cuffs and down the front—and a large bouquet of Susans at the throat. $19.95

1. "Bolero" —an exclusive Ellen Kaye model with a rythmic skirt, brief little bolero with all-over embroidery; a colorful wide sash and a pique boutonniere. $25.00

3. "Hasty Hanna" —an exclusive Cartwright of sheer wool with contrasting color wool tufts on a smart short raglan sleeve; youthful gored swing skirt and high standing collar. $16.95

4. "Black-n-White" —by Ellen Kaye. A two-piece black sheer with white pique scallops; dashing red ascot, piping and belt. $16.95

5. "Nip-and-Tuck" —by Louise Mulligan— and plenty of tuck, too, on blouse and sleeve. Two-piece sheer with swing skirt; high tie neck. $19.95

6. "Happy Days" —by Louise Mulligan. Two-piece dress in crepe with linen contrast in a high little-school-girl collar and wide piping down the front of the shirt-type blouse. $16.95

Wear a Barbizon "Slims" Slip if You're a Junior! $2.25

Wife of French Envoy Hostess at Farewell Tea

Mme. de LaBoulaye and Daughter Receive Guests in Final 'At-Home;' Lady Kaye Among Guests From Abroad.

The affection of America for envoys from France, traditional since the time of Lafayette, has been deeply felt in the Capital for the Ambassador and Mme. de Laboulaye whose leaving within the next ten days is a matter of great regret to their many friends.

Mme. de Laboulaye received yesterday at her final "at home" before their departure. She stood in the hallway at the entrance of the drawing room with her elder daughter, Mlle. Marie Therese, beside her. The hostess wore a tunic gown of silver and white lame over black, with a corsage of orchids on her shoulder. Her daughter was in a gold crepe frock, simply made, and wore a corsage of gardenias.

The occasion was by no means a sombre one, because nothing could be so where Mme. de Laboulaye extended her gracious welcome. It was not one of the "at homes" where great crowds of callers gathered for the hostess had expressed a desire that only her own friends and members of the diplomatic and official sets should call.

Inspect Salons.

They came between the hours of 4:30 and 7 and those who had not before seen the new embassy looked through the salons with their beautiful furnishings, rugs, tapestries and paintings, admiring their arrangement. In the diningroom, where tea was served, there were gold draperies at the windows and the chairs were upholstered in blue, matching the blue ground of the rug.

Princess Boncompagni was among the guests who came early. She wore a dress of bright green under her coat, and a becoming black hat of beret type. The Minister of The Netherlands and Mme. van Haersma de With were also among the earlier guests. Mme. de With wearing a becoming costume of black. Lady Lister Kaye, who is in this country from London for a visit, also was there, expressing her pleasure at having opportunity to see something of the de Laboulayes before they leave. She expects to return to New York week after next and from there to go to Florida or California for a short stay before sailing for England. She will return home in time, of course, to attend the coronation.

Mme. Sze Present.

Mme. Sze, wife of the Ambassador of China, another gracious diplomatic hostess soon to leave the Capital, was there, as were the Minister of Siam and Mme. Majamaitri, Mme. Rajamaitri wearing a black dress with a green velvet ascot and a bit of green on her small black felt hat. The Minister of Guatemala and Mme. Recinos also were among those present from the Diplomatic Corps, as were the Counselor of the British Embassy, Mr. Victor A. L. Mallet, and the Commercial Secretary and Mrs. Heywood; the Naval Attache of the Italian Embassy and the Marchioness of Sant'Ornola, and Mme. Wejkman, wife of the Commercial Counselor of the Swedish Legation.

All of the staff of the French Embassy, of course, were present and assisting in looking after the guests. Among others there were Mrs. George Barnett, wearing a smart black suit with a gay red scarf at the neck; Mrs. Paul Myron Linebarger, in a brown costume, trimmed in beaver; Dr. Leo S. Rowe, of the Pan American Union; Mrs. Louis Caldwell, Admiral and Mrs. Mark Bristol, Mrs. Arthur Tirrell and Miss Dorothy Tirrell, Mrs. Ralph O. Brewster and Mrs. Ralph Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Woods Bliss were among those who arrived during the latter part of the afternoon, Mrs. Bliss wearing a dress of a soft shade of apple green, with a sable scarf and a golden brown velvet hat trimmed in velvet to match her frock.

Justice Roberts Attends.

Justice and Mrs. Owen J. Roberts were there as were Mr. Pinckney Tuck, secretary of the United States Embassy in Paris, and Mrs. Tuck, who are here on leave. Mrs. Tuck wore a gown of violet colored crepe, with a matching velvet hat.

Mme. Blanche M. Bimont, secretary of the Alliance Francaise of which Mme. de Laboulaye is honorary president, and many members of the group were present as were Mrs. Bruce Wallace and several members of the English Speaking Union.

Also present were Mrs. Henry Van Arsdale, Mrs. Justin Macklin, Mrs. Timothy Campbell and Miss Margretta Campbell, Mrs. Grace Porter Hopkins, Mrs. Benjamin Martin and Mrs. Thomas A. Wadden.

Miss Crivella Hostess To Sorority Tomorrow

Miss Agnes Crivella will act as hostess tomorrow afternoon at a tea to 15 pledge members of the Theta Rho Sigma Sorority in her home on Buchanan street. Miss Dorothy Heddings, vice president, and Mrs. Betty Murphy will preside at the tea table.

A musical program will be presented, with Miss Ruth Gardner, pupil of the late Herbert Witherspoon, singing a collection of Chinese folk songs. Miss Elena Crivella, sister of the hostess, will be accompanist. Miss Elena Crivella also will play a few solos.

Princess is Guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kaufman, of Woodley Park Towers, are entertaining guests this evening in honor of Princess Marie Lowenstein.

Friday Supper Parties Begin Second Series

Many Attend First Dance Despite Exodus of Vacationists.

By Dudley Harmon.

The first dance in the second series of Friday Supper Club parties took place last evening at the Sulgrave Club. Despite the fact that many are vacationing in the South or have left for cruises, there were many members present.

The dances are sponsored by a committee including Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Sterling, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Reed, Mrs. Edwin M. Watson, Miss Eleanor Roosevelt, Miss Nancy Leiter, Mr. Emmons Smith, Mrs. Blaise de Sibour and Lieut. Comdr. Jerauld Wright. Now that the season for private dances and debut parties has almost come to an end, these dances undoubtedly will prove more popular during the second series. A series of five was given earlier in the year, and four more dances will follow.

The Wests Arrive.

Among the first arrivals were Mr. and Mrs. Millard West, the latter wearing a black taffeta frock with a brief cape of black tulle and a gardenia in her hair; Miss Elizabeth Shouse, also in black; Mr. Stephen Spingarn, Mr. Ben Guy and Miss Lee Washington, who entertained earlier at a dinner party arrived with her guests later in the evening.

A welcome addition to the party was Mr. George Sonnarita, who has just come down to Washington from New York. Mrs. Enid Sims Snow arrived in a party which included Mrs. Willam T. Mann, who wore a gown of gold brocade. Mrs. Snow wore a flesh-colored chiffon dress with flame-colored shoulder straps.

Miss Mary McDowell was seen chatting with Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Exnicios. Miss McDowell, who will be married in the near future to Mr. Robert Ellis, wore a black net frock and gardenias in her hair.

Others Present.

Among those seen were Mme. Rajamaitri, wife of the Minister of Siam, wearing a black gown made with a green bolero jacket; Mlle. Nora de With, daughter of the Minister of the Netherlands and Mme. de With, who wore a blue taffeta gown; Mr. and Mrs. Walter White, Miss Elsie Ekengren, Mr. Tinsley Garnett and Mr. Foran McConihe.

Others were Miss Florence Harris, Miss Nancy Brerton, in gold satin; Miss Dorothy Cassard, in black net with bands of velvet; Mr. Denys Smith, Mr. John Stonbrough, Mr. Judd Thompson, Mr. Henry Whitney, Mr. Wolcott Waggaman, Mrs. William Thomas, who wore a mink coat over her black gown; Miss Mary Bradley, in plum-colored satin; Mr. Osgood Nichols, Mr. Neil Connor, Mrs. Keith Merrill, who arrived early in the evening and wore a gown of purple taffeta, and the Marchioness Sant d'Orsola.

Former Army Officer Weds

The marriage of Miss Catherine Rose Spittle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer L. Spittle, of 415 Prince street, Alexandria, and Lieut. Francis Iden Pohl, U. S. A., retired, took place yesterday at 4 p. m. in the parsonage of St. Mary's Catholic Church. The ceremony was performed by the Very Rev. Father Thomas A. Rankin.

The bride wore an afternoon gown of ashes of roses crepe with accessories of dubonnet, her hat of dubonnet straw. Her corsage was of white orchids.

The ceremony was followed by a dinner at the home of the bride for only the members of the two families and a few friends, after which Lieut. and Mrs. Pohl left for a trip to Florida. She wore a wedding gown, with a fur coat and brown hat to match the coat.

Lieut. Pohl is the youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Augustus J. Pohl, of Alexandria, and one of three brothers in the service—Maj. Herman H. Pohl, of Fort Belvoir; Lieut. Marion St. George Pohl, of Fort Monroe, and Lieut. John H. Pohl, U. S. N.

Her Engagement Is Announced

Harris & Ewing

MISS MARY ANN McFARLAND.

Lieut. Twitchell Is Engaged To Miss Mary Ann McFarland

Daughter of Col. and Mrs. McFarland, of Governor's Island, N. Y., to Be Wed to Fort Jay Army Officer on March 6.

An engagement of interest to Capital society is that of Miss Mary Ann McFarland, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Earl McFarland, of Governors Island, N. Y., to Lieut. Hamilton Austin Twitchell, U. S. A.

Miss McFarland, who made her home here with her parents before their present station, was graduated from Miss Madeira's School in this city in 1932 and from Vassar with the class of 1936.

Lieut. Twitchell was graduated from the United States Military Academy at West Point in 1935 and is now on duty with the Sixteenth Infantry at Fort Jay, N. Y.

The wedding will take place on March 6, probably in the picturesque chapel at West Point. Miss Bamble McKenna, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Royal McKenna, of Washington, will be the maid of honor. Among the other attendants already selected by Miss McFarland are Miss Ruth Alexander, of West Point; Miss Margaret Ellen Sawyer, of Louisville, Ky., and Miss Janet Dingle, of Cleveland.

The young officer as yet has not named his best man and ushers. He and his bride will sail on March 18 aboard the U. S. A. T. Republic for Hawaii, where he has received orders for station.

Women's Club Hears Cellist

Howard Mitchell Appears Before Congressional Group Meeting.

Members of the Congressional Club gathered yesterday afternoon at their clubhouse on New Hampshire avenue for their Friday tea and heard a musical program by Mr. Howard Mitchell, cellist.

Mr. Mitchell, a member of the National Symphony Orchestra and the Washington String Quartet, presented Handel's sonata in G minor, Brahms' sonata in E minor and a final group, including "Sicilienne (Paradis), "Habanera" (Ravel), "The Swan" (Saint-Saens), and "The Flight of the Bumble Bee" (Rimsky-Korsakov. He was accompanied by Mr. Sol Sax.

Mrs. Daniel A. Reed, wife of Representative Reed, and newly elected president of the club, presided. The program was in charge of Mrs. Ralph Church. Mrs. Reed wore a brown dress and a plum-colored felt hat, and Mrs. Church was in a green costume, the jacket and hat trimmed with mink.

Alternating at the tea table for the reception following the musicale were Mrs. Ralph O. Brewster, Mrs. Karl Stefan, Mrs. Richard Duncan and Mrs. William H. Larabee.

Among those present were Mrs. William Whittington, former president of the club; Mrs. Charles Colden, Mrs. Ernest Lundeen, accompanied by Mrs. Orin P. Bailey and her guest, Mrs. C. W. Bailey, of Minneapolis. The two Mrs. Baileys are not related, but have been friends for many years.

Mrs. Allard Gasque was there with her daughter, Mrs. Jack Hollowell, and Mrs. A. D. Lewis. They left with Mrs. Jack Marshall to go to the French Embassy later in the afternoon. Among others there were Mrs. Arthur Greenwood, Mrs. Robert P. Hill, Mrs. James P. Pope, Mrs. William H. Dietrich, Mrs. Jerry O'Connell, in a brown costume, matching her hair and eyes; Mrs. Dow Harter, who distributed the programs; Mrs. H. P. Koppleman, Mrs. Thomas J. O'Brien, Mrs. Clarence Hancock, who wore a black velvet gown with a red vest.

Saitos to Honor Italian Envoy

Signora de Suvich Also Feted at Luncheon of Mrs. Ruttencutter.

The Ambassador of Japan and Mme. Saito will entertain at a dinner on Tuesday evening, at which the ranking guests will be the Italian Ambassador and Signora de Suvich.

Mme. Saito and Signora de Suvich were the guests in whose honor Mrs. Brady G. Ruttencutter, wife of Col. Ruttencutter, entertained at luncheon at the Shoreham yesterday.

Others present included Mme. Fotitch, wife of the Minister of Yugoslavia; Mme. Hurban, wife of the Minister of Czechoslovakia; Mrs. Royal S. Copeland, Mrs. Sol Bloom, Mrs. Laurence Vincent Benet, Mrs. Edward [illegible]n Brunt, Mrs. David Sellers and Mme. Fortunato Porotto.

Mme. Saito was also the guest of honor at a luncheon for 16 at which Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman entertained Thursday afternoon at her home in Edgemoor, Md. Among the guests were Mme. Jarnefelt, wife of the Minister of Finland, and Countess de Castellane, sister of the hostess, who is here from Paris.

John Gielgud Honor Guest.

Mr. John Gielgud was the guest of honor at a tea on Friday given by Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Greet, the co-directors of the Greet Dramatic Academy, in their sudio theater on Connecticut avenue.

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Son of D. C. Naval Head Is Married

Mr. George Pettingill 3d Weds Miss Dieffenbach, of Newark, N. J.

Ceremony Is Performed in Bride's Home; Rev. Dumper Officiates.

Of interest to Washington was the wedding yesterday of Miss Anne Dieffenbach, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Richard H. Dieffenbach, of Newark, N. J., to Mr. George Petengill 3d, son of the Commandant of the Washington Navy Yard and Mrs. George T. Pettengill.

The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's parents, the Rev. Arthur Dumper officiating. The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore a white faille gown made with a full skirt and train and a square neckline trimmed with pearls. Her tulle veil fell from a band of pearls and she carried a bouquet of gardenias.

Miss Margaret Campbell was her maid of honor and only attendant. Her white faille frock was trimmed at the neck and hem with a twisted rope of red velvet and pearls and she wore a red velvet juliet cap. She carried red roses. Mr. William Van Horne Pettengill, brother of the bridegroom, served as best man.

The wedding was attended only by members of the families and a few intimate friends and there was no reception. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. Pettengill and his bride left for a wedding trip to Nassau, the latter wearing a black suit trimmed with silver fox, a hat to match, and a corsage of yellow orchids. On their return, Mr. and Mrs. Pettengill will live in New York.

The bride attended Miss Beard's School in Orange, N. J., and is a member of the Junior League. Mr. Pettengill was graduated from Dartmouth in 1932.

Naval Society President Here

Mrs. Langdon Will Preside at Society of Sponsors' Session Today.

Among recent arrivals in Washington is Mrs. Russell C. Langdon, of New York, who is president of the Society of Sponsors of the United States Navy. She is at the Mayflower during her stay here.

The trustees, Mrs. Langdon, Mrs. J. Edward Palmer, of Ventnor, N. J.; Mrs. William Garty, of Concord, Mass.; Mrs. Nathan Goff, of Clarksburg, W. Va., and Mrs. George Barnett, Mrs. Jennings Bailey, jr., Mrs. Emory Scott Land and Mrs. Albert Stahl, of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. Wilson Lee, of Silver Spring, Md., will hold a meeting at the Mayflower Hotel this morning. The first general session of the society will be held at the Carlton Hotel at 10:15 o'clock Monday morning and will be followed by a luncheon with Mrs. Roosevelt as guest of honor.

Mrs. Larz Anderson is president of the Northeastern Chapter which covers New England, Mrs. Ivan Bass, of the Northwestern; Mrs. Philin Lansdale, of the Northeastern; Miss Dorothy McBirney, of the Southeastern. Mrs. Emory Scott Land, Mrs. Herbert Howard and Mrs. Wilson Lee are members of the welfare committee.

A permanent welfare policy has been established by this organization giving educational advantages to the sons of deceased Navy and Marine Corps officers who desire to enter the Naval Academy. It also cares for cases referred to it by the Navy relief.

THE MERRY WHIRL by MARYLYN

How in the world can the Jacob Jaises manage to tear themselves away from their New York home? They have a pent house at 1016 Fifth Avenue that is like a story book place. It overlooks Central Park, but even so, it has a young park of its own. Surrounding the "house" there are cherry blossom trees and a world of flowers of all sizes, shapes and scents. And, too, the garden has its special corner for corn and strawberries.

There are seven canaries in the family who make their home in the well-filled conservatory and every morning two of them are taken in to the dining room to sing while their master and mistress have breakfast.

But for the Jaises their annual visit to Washington is inevitable if they are in this country. Mrs. J., who is known in the literary world as Regina Jaise, author of Legendary France and a series of famous travelogues, has the same birthday as Lincoln. When the Jaises were married they were here for the anniversary and have repeated their coming every year since.

• • • •

It will be moving day soon for the Millard F. Wests. Emily and her husband have taken an apartment at the Dresden on Connecticut avenue. It is one of those circular affairs and has a marvelous view of the entire city.

For several years now, Dave Erskine has done his bit for the success of the famous Friday Rides at Fort Myer. He, as you know (providing you have attended these programs of skill and excitement), is the officer who dashes in with a "detail" of soldiers at the close of each act and puts up or takes down hurdles, fire jumps, or miniature villages to be blown to bits. In all of this time he has never witnessed a show from the grandstand—that is, not until yesterday—when he not only sat through it all in comfort, but was in the "honor box."

The guest of honor was Gen. Hamilton Hawkins, who with his wife and their daughter, Anne, were the luncheon guests of Col. and Mrs. Jonathan Wainwright. Other guests were Capt. Erskine, Mrs. F. K. Reybold, Miss Marion Reybold, Capt. John Reybold, Mrs. John Hines and Maj. George Millholland.

• • • •

There was an interesting scene at the White House the other evening when the President and Mrs. Roosevelt were entertaining at dinner and had among their guests Mr. and Mrs. Gene Tunney.

Fields, perhaps better known as "Chief" who "commands" the regiment of Negro servants at the Executive Mansion, was standing by the dining room door keeping a watchful eye on things. As the guests filed past, one stopped, smiled and shook hands with him. It was Mr. Tunney, and it was a far cry from their other meetings which had been in the ring, where they "met" once and again when "Chief" was the trainer of Mr. Tunney's opponent.

Dominican Minister To London Leaves Here

Dr. Max Heriquez Urena, minister of the Dominican Republic in London and president of the Dominican delegation to the peace conference in Buenos Aires, who has been visiting at the Dominican Legation for the last two weeks, has left for New York to meet Mrs. Henriquez Urena, who arrived yesterday from London on the S. S. Berengaria.

They will return from New York tonight and make their home at the Shoreham for the next few weeks.

Announce Birth of Son.

Mr. and Mrs. James Rowland Lowe, of Grand Rapids, Mich., are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son, James R. Lowe, jr., yesterday in Grand Rapids. Mrs. Ives is the former Miss Elizabeth Ives, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Ives.

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Troyanovsky to Be Speaker Tomorrow At University Women's Pushkin Session

Dr. Simmons, of Harvard, Also to Talk on Famous Poet.

The Ambassador of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Mr. Alexander A. Troyanovsky, will speak on the work and the place in history of the famous Russian poet, Pushkin, at the opening meeting of the Pushkin centennial week tomorrow night at the American Association of University Women. Dr. Earnest Simmons, professor of Slavic languages, of Harvard University, also will speak on Pushkin. Mme. Troyanovsky also will be a guest of honor. Dr. Simmons has recently written a book on Pushkin.

The Tuesday Evening Music Club, under the direction of Mrs. Florence Howard, will sing excerpts from operas by Tschaikowsky and Rimsky-Korsakov based on the works of Pushkin. Miss Margaret Tolson will accompany them.

"Covetous Night," a play in three scenes, will be dramatized under the direction of Mrs. Horace G Torbert, drama leader and program chairman. Others who will participate in the reading are Mrs Walter Mendenhall, Mrs. Dick Carlson, Mrs. Winters Haydock and Mrs. Frank Schrader.

Russian tea will be served to members and guests after the program.

• • • •

Dr. Magda de Spur, vice president of the Hungarian Association of University Women and internationally prominent lecturer and clubwoman, will be honor guest and speaker at a luncheon of the international relations committee of the American Association of University Women today at 1 p. m. She will speak on "The New States and Their Women: Germany, Italy, Poland and Turkey."

At the head table with Dr. de Spur will be Mrs. John Pelenyi, wife of the Hungarian Minister; Miss Mary Louise Brown, dean of women, American University; Mrs. George Zook, Mrs. Howard Nichols, Mrs. John Allen Davis, Mrs. Dick Carlson, Mrs. Earl A. Trager and Mrs. D. V. Sandifer.

• • • •

Mrs. C. M. Jansky, jr., of the District of Columbia, will lead the group from the District of Columbia which will attend the presentation tea in New York today at which charter members of the Alpha Theta Chapter of Alpha Gamma Delta VII of the National Panhellenic Congress Fraternities will be the guests of honor. Mrs. Jansky is grand vice president of Alpha Gamma Delta.

The program of the Professional Writers Club for February is a very interesting one. Monday night the club will meet at the Y. W. C. A. when Mr. John Jay Daly, of the Washington Star will speak on "The Magazine Article." February 13 the club will go on a specially conducted tour of the Folger Library led by Mr. Bernard Kohn.

February 16 the club will meet at the Y. W. C. A., Mrs. Leah Stock Helmich will preside. Those taking part in a poetry festival will be Mrs. Inez Sheldon Tyler, editor of "Blue Moon;" Mattie Richards Tyler, Faith Davidson, Barbara Whitney, Alice Hutchins Drake

February 27 the club members will be the guests of Mrs. Macdonald Douglass, 16 Washington Terrace, Alexandria, to view her nationally famous collection of dolls, the most complete collection of costume dolls in the United States.

Founder's Day dinner will be held March 13 at Barker Hall, Y. W. C. A.

In the Club World Today.

Eastern regional conference of the National Woman's Party, Washington Hotel.

Luncheon, Washington Branch of the A. A. U. W. international relations committee, 1 p. m. Junior dance, 9 p. m.

Meeting of Kamp Kahlert Council, Y. W. C. A., 6 p. m.

Saturday morning hobbies meeting for girls from any junior or senior high school, 10 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

The civics section of the Woman's Club of Chevy Chase met yesterday morning in the assembly room of the Presbyterian Church. Miss Louise Noonan Miller was presented by the motion picture committee and spoke on "How We Bring Back the Big Ones." Luncheon was served after the meeting.

The National Woman's Party will devote much of the meeting of the Eastern regional conference at the Hotel Washington today and tomorrow to the opposition of the "married-person" clause in the economy act. Tonight a banquet will take place when the speakers will be Representative Caroline O'Day, of New York; Representative Robert Ramspeck, of Georgia; Representative Emanuel Celler, of New York; Mrs. Emma Guffey Miller and Mrs. Harvey W. Wiley, secretary of the National Woman's Party. A luncheon will be given today under the management of the Maryland Branch of the National Woman's Party. The Pennsylvania Branch of the Woman's Party will be in charge of the luncheon tomorrow.

Wife of Soviet Envoy Also Is Scheduled for Centennial.

Notes of Society

Official and Residential

Mrs. John Nance Garner, wife of the Vice President, was the ranking guest at a luncheon given yesterday by Mrs. Maury Maverick, wife of the Representative from Texas. The luncheon was in honor of wives of the Texas delegation in Congress, and Mexican dishes were served.

The other guests were Mrs. Morris Sheppard, Mrs James P. Buchanan, Mrs. Fritz Lanham, Mrs. Luther Johnson, Mrs. Martin Dies, Mrs. Richard Kleberg, Mrs. Ewing Thomason, Mrs. W. D. McFarland, Mrs George Mahon, Mrs. Charles South, Mrs. Nat Patton, Mrs. Albert Thomas, Mrs. Clyde Garrett, and Mrs. Eugene Black.

Mrs. William D. Leahy, wife of the Chief of Naval Operations, will be "at home" this afternoon from 4:30 to 6.

Those pouring tea will be Mrs. Emory S. Land, Mrs. C. E. Courtney, Mrs. William S. Pye, Mrs. A. P. Niblack, Mrs. Ridley McLean, Mrs. Alfred W. Johnson, Mrs. Chester Wells, and Mr. Franklin Sackett.

Generally assisting will be Mrs. R. E. Schuirmann, Mrs. A. D. Ayrsault and Mrs. W. L. Freseman.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Edwin T. Meredith have left Washington for Des Moines, Iowa, where they will visit at the latter's home before going to Mexico City. Mrs. Meredith, whose late husband was at one time Secretary of Agriculture, has been spending the winter in Washington and will take a house here next year when her granddaughter, Miss Barbara Bohen, enters the Madeira School.

Mrs. Wilson will remain away for several weeks and may visit California before returning.

Mr. and Mrs. Sard Visiting New York

Mr. and Mrs. Russell E. Sard, of Washington, are spending several days at the Ambassador Hotel in New York City.

Mrs. Ruby James Gordon, sister of the late Senator Ollie James, has returned from a three months' stay in Europe and is the guest of Mrs. Ollie James for the remainder of the winter.

Miss Randy Covell and Mr. David R. Covell 2d, daughter and son of the Rev. David R. Covell, of Cincinnati, are visiting Dr. Covell's brother, Capt. L. C. Covell, at the Cavalier. Dr. Covell was formerly rector of Trinity Church and Christ Church, Navy Yard.

Washington girls attending the annual winter carnival being held this week-end at Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H., include the Misses Louise Hubbard, Peggy Page, Dorothy Dyar, Anne Heine, Betty Murphy, Charlotte Haines, Volinda Lewis, Mary Marlow and Betty Leach.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Lichtman, of the Shoreham, have gone to California for several months.

The Alexandria Association has selected Saturday, April 17, as the date for the tour of old houses which it sponsors annually.

The alumnae office of Mount Holyoke College is seeking information regarding graduates and former students of the college which their sons, daughters or grandchildren may be able to give. It will be used in connection with the observance of the centenary of Mount Holyoke.

Mrs. W. Wayne Wirgman and Miss Polly Wayne Wirgman will leave for New York tomorrow and will sail Wednesday on the Vulcania for a Mediterranean cruise. They will return to Washington late in April.

Dr. Walter L. Kline Honored at Dinner

Dr. Walter L. Kline, former chief of the out-patient clinic of the Veterans' Administration faculty, who is being transferred to the central office, was the guest of honor of his associates at a dinner party at the Shoreham Hotel last evening. Miss Lucille Herrick was in charge of arrangements.

Mr. and Mrs. James L. Baity entertained at dinner at the Shoreham last evening. Covers were laid for nine.

D. C. Girls Visit Dartmouth Fete

More than one thousand guests, including girls from Washington, arrived in Hanover yesterday for the twenty-seventh annual winter carnival of the Dartmouth Outing Club.

Six inches of new snow fell in the morning, assuring the success of the extensive winter sports competitions, while an endless round of dinners, formal dances and tea dances will fill the social part of the week-end there.

The Misses Mary Marlow, Volinda Lewis and Charlotte Haines are among the guests at the Sigma Nu Fraternity, while Miss Peggy Page is attending the festivities at the Gamma Delta Phi house. Miss Louise Hubbard is among those attending the dances at the Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity, while at Sigma Alpha Epsilon are Miss Anne Heine and Miss Dorothy Dyer, of Washington, and Miss Betty Murphy, of Chevy Chase.

Outdoor Evening, high point of the carnivals since 1921, was held last night on Occum Pond. The theme of this year's extravaganza was "Winter Tempo" and featured Miss Evelyn Chandler, colorful figure skater, portraying the moving spirit of carnival.

The Palais Royal
G Street at Eleventh District 4400

Special Sale
Man Tailored Suits
$16.95
Replacement Price $19.95 to $22.75
Out in front step man-tailored suits—and up soar menswear fabrics. Typical of the suit mode, most significant of Spring fashions, are these suits which we bought before the rise of prices and on which re-order prices are much higher.
Included are English Drape Front Suits, One-Link Button Suits and Action Back Suits in light gray, banker's gray, tan, brown, slate blue, navy and Oxford.
Suits . . . Third Floor

Imported All Wool
Shetland Suits
$7.95
Straight from the Shetland Islands comes this soft, fine wool in dusky pastel shades. Unlined, beautifully tailored in fitted or action back suits. Triple stitched revers, novel pocket treatments and necklines. Sizes 14 to 20.
Sports Shop . . . Third Floor

Special Purchase and Sale
Seal-Dyed Coney
FUR COATS
$89.75
Remember—there are fine pelts and inferior pelts, no matter what fur you are considering. These coats are all made of choice pelts, finely finished. Swagger, Princess, and formal fitted styles. Buy now and avoid the rapid rise in prices.
This is only one of our many fine special offers in our February Sale of Furs.
Fur Coats . . . Third Floor

Fountain Tea Room
Our Fountain Tea Room features a Shopper's Special Luncheon at 35c and a Club Luncheon at 55c. Appetizing food is pleasingly served.
Fountain Tea Room . . . Basement Store

Spring Interest
AIR-STEP
in Gabardine

These beautiful styles simply radiate the newest ideas of the season, and harmonize perfectly with Spring costumes. And Air-Step Shoes have the shock-absorbing action in the sole, which assures you real comfort.
Just one of our exciting Gabardine styles. See them all. $5.50
Shoes . . . Second Floor

Spring Picnits by Van Raalte
$1

Picnits . . . those grand Bemberg gloves that fit and wear beautifully and wash like a charm. From a brand new collection, we have illustrated 3 smart styles . . . Buccaneer, short-cuffed with strap and metal buckle; Ascot, with self-material bracelet-like band; Regence, with 2 narrow ruffles.
Gloves . . . First Floor

Lady Washington
T. A. G. Hosiery
Featuring Grenacrepe
$1 3 pairs $2.85
Lady Washington Hosiery, the favorite of Washington women, meets the demand for a stocking with greater snag resistance. The high twist of Grenacrepe increases its snag resistance and its elasticity, and gives the practical three-thread stocking the shimmer and transparency of a two-thread. Smart, popular Spring shades; sizes 8 to 11. Three leg lengths.
Hosiery . . . First Floor.

The Palais Royal
G Street at Eleventh District 4400

Gay Departure
Brilliant Prints
$13.95
Ready for you now—a dashing collection of varied and colorful print frocks that banish winter skies and invite Spring cheer. They're fresh, they're new, they're enticing—and discreet enough to be timely. Sizes 12 to 20. Other styles in sizes 16½ to 26½, 36 to 44.
Better Dresses . . . Third Floor

AUNT HET
BY ROBERT QUILLEN

"Jim always says somethin' when his wife has on a new hat or dress, but it's because he wants to be thanked again."

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Fish Dishes Now Interest Housewives

Approach of Lent Turns Thoughts Away From Meat.

Salmon One of the Important Sea Food Substitutes.

By Rebekah Blake.

WITH ASH WEDNESDAY and the Lenten season approaching, meat dishes are being abandoned and the thoughts of the housewife are turned to meat substitutes and especially new ways of preparing the versatile fish.

And even if you do not observe Lent, just as a new gala colored print dress adds smartness to the wardrobe this time of year, so does a deviation in the routine of family menus change meal planning from a task to a pleasurable job for the housewife. It often seems that you can lead a family to dinner, but you can't make it eat. But don't be bothered by this problem when so many delightful menu tricks are ready for you to try on those listless appetites.

Of course, you know, there are all types of sea food, but one of the most popular and most convenient is salmon. And if you have waited for that vacation trip in summer at the sea shore to satisfy your longing for delicious sea food dishes, why wait to enjoy this treat? Modern methods of preservation of sea food flavors and vital food values enable you to have this food all year around.

Dieticians have called canned salmon our greatest food from the sea. And no wonder, when you note how little it costs and when combined with the very simplest of other foods, it affords unlimited possibilities as well as balanced wholesome meals valuable to every member of the family.

Creamed salmon is one of the more popular ways of serving this healthful sea food. However, by following any of the interesting suggestions listed below you will increase still further the popularity and tastiness of this universal dish.

Sea Shell Pastry Cases.

Roll thin pie pastry and place over sea shells or shell molds. Bake in hot oven (400 degrees) until delicately browned. Remove pastry and serve, filled with creamed salmon.

Toboggans.

From an uncut loaf of bread cut thin lengthwise slices 3 inches wide and 6 inches long. Spread lightly the entire surface with a creamy, mild cheese. Roll one end over and over until about one-half of the strip remains unrolled. Place in a moderate oven (350 degrees) and bake until slightly browned. Serve creamed salmon on the toboggans.

Salmon Bread Basket.

Cut the side and top crusts from an unsliced loaf of bread, and hollow out the inside, leaving a thick shell. Brush the outside of the loaf with melted butter. Fill the center with creamed salmon. Bake in hot oven 400 degrees until brown.

An economical and convenient white sauce for use in the creamed salmon dish may be prepared as follows:

Add 1 cup of soft bread crumbs (from center of slice or loaf) to 1 cup of milk and cook over low fire, stirring constantly for five minutes. Remove from fire, add 1 tablespoon butter and salt and pepper to taste.

Bread Patty Cases.

Cut three rounds from sliced bread. Cut holes in the center of two of them and place on the first slice. Brush between each layer of bread and also the outer and inner surfaces with a mixture of egg and milk (1 egg slightly beaten and 1-3 cup milk). Place cases in moderate oven 350 degrees and bake until delicately browned. Serve filled with creamed salmon.

Salmon Salad Loaf.

Cut 5 inches from a loaf of bread, remove all the crusts and cut lengthwise in 4 slices, each ½ inch thick. Spread 2 slices with creamed butter on both sides and 2 slices with butter on side. Put slices together with salmon salad between, making a loaf. Cover all with mayonnoise, garnish, and serve surrounded with lettuce leaves and pickles or radishes.

Salmon Salad.

Mix equal parts salmon meat and celery cut fine and moisten with mayonnaise.

Salmon Souffle.

Melt 2 tablespoons butter in saucepan, add 2 tablespoons flour, mix well and gradually add ½ cup milk. Stir until smooth and thick. Flake the contents of one small can of salmon, add ¼ teaspoon salt, ⅛ teaspoon parprika and 2 teaspoons lemon juice and add to the sauce with 2 egg yolks beaten until light. Cool, fold in 2 egg whites beaten stiff, turn into baking dish and bake at 300 F. for 20 minutes. Serve immediately.

Bread Cups Enliven Versatile Fish

Salmon is an excellent fish to include in your meals during the Lenten season. It may be prepared in so many ways that it will not become monotonous. Creamed salmon served in bread cases and accompanied by green beans and a crisp pineapple salad, a beverage and a dessert makes a well-balanced luncheon menu for this season.

Rice Furnishes Healthful Dish, Properly Fixed

RICE is a good food any time of the year but especially now as February 7 to 14 is National Rice Week. This is not only a healthful but also an inexpensive food.

You may think rice is an uninteresting dish, but it is a versatile grain and may be dressed up to fit properly into any meal of the day. It may be used in the form of cakes with syrup for breakfast, in stuffing for fowl, in combination with vegetables, combined with meal, or in puddings.

Southern Stuffing.

Rice makes a specially delicious stuffing for the bird, bringing out the flavor of the meat; it stays just right, not too dry, not too moist, and is good as a leftover too. To make mushroom and rice stuffing: Fry about 3 tablespoons onion in 2 tablespoons mazola until tender add 6 fresh mushrooms (broken) and 1½ cups raw rice; simmer until rice is golden in color. Then add 4 cups soup stock (canned soup may be used), 2 teaspoons salt, and 1 tablespoon poultry seasoning. Cover and steam 20 minutes, then remove from fire, add 1 beaten egg and mix well. Add chopped celery if desired. Cool, stuff fowl. When fowl is stuffed, rub outside carefully with pastry brush dipped in mazola, and continue to do so at intervals; this prevents burning or sticking, and gives a beautiful brown color.

Cheese and Rice Souffle.

Don't say you can't make a souffle until you've made this 1937 version of that ever popular dish—it's fool-proof!

1½ cups cooked rice
1½ cups white sauce
3 eggs
1-8 teaspoon baking soda
1¼ cups American cheese (put through food chopper)
Salt
Paprika

Season white sauce highly with paprika, then add cheese; stir constantly until melted; turn into rice. Beat egg yolks, stir in cheese mixture and then fold in white beaten stiff. Put mixture into well-oiled baking dish, set in pan of hot water and bake in moderate oven (350 F.) and bake about 30 minutes.

Rice Date Pudding.

Rice is "all-dated" up for February tables! The delectable combination of snowy rice and pasteurized dates is so full of energy that it has been invited everywhere, to add its "pep" to the menu.

2 eggs beaten light
2 cups cooked rice
1 cup milk
1-3 to ½ cup honey
½ cup pasteurized dates (chopped)

Mix beaten eggs and milk. Make alternate layers of rice, and dates. Drizzle honey over each of these layers. Repeat procedure until all rice and dates are used. Pour beaten eggs and milk over mixture. Bake in a moderate oven (350 F.) for 45 minutes.

GOOD-WILL STORES
Delicious For Salads!
MABRO PURE MAYONNAISE 8-oz. jar 13c
Pint Jar.....23c

CAPITAL MANNERS

When to Wear or Not to Wear a Hat Presents Etiquette Problem.

By Margaret Wallace.

SO MANY letters written to this department are from women who want to know the etiquette of wearing or not wearing hats at church services and ceremonies.

It is considered good form to wear a hat to church. This is based on the theory that going hatless is too informal with daytime dress and that evening dress is not proper in church. Some religions have very definite laws about women going into the church with uncovered heads.

Most of the writers who ask questions about the wearing of hats refer to church weddings in the evening but some also ask about other ceremonies and services.

Even for an evening wedding in church, hats should be worn by the women guests if they want to be properly dressed. In churches which have no rule about head covering for women the women guests sometimes appear without hats. But this is never permissible when the rules of the church demand that women's heads be covered in church.

Wear Hat on Train.

Another question that seems to puzzle women readers is whether or not to take off their hats in a parlor car and whether to wear a hat to the diner.

It is considered good form to keep the hat on when traveling in a railroad train whether in a day coach or a diner. Of course, women who remain on a train for days often do not wear their hats all the time. No one would criticize any one endeavoring to make herself as comfortable as possible on a train. But if a woman wants to adhere to what is correct she will wear her hat in the daytime on a train. Few women would walk about a hotel or go into a hotel dining room in street clothes without a hat and therefore there is no reason why they should dress any less formally on a moving hotel—a railroad train.

Even women who do not wear hats on trains all the time put them on when they go into the diner.

QUERY—I often go to luncheon at the home of a friend when there are other women guests. The hostess never asks us to take off our hats. Is this correct? If we wanted to take off our hats would it be correct to remove them? The maid takes our coats in the hallway and hangs them in a closet but never says anything about hats and there is no mirror for us to smooth our hair by if we did take off our hats.

ANSWER—Your hostess is correct in not asking you to remove your hat. Hats are always worn by women guests at a luncheon in another person's house. If the hostess wishes to be very friendly and informal she can ask the women guests to take off their hats, but it is not necessary to do so. Under any circumstances this would only be proper at an informal luncheon.

QUERY—My son is to be married and I have been asked to receive at the reception after the church wedding with the bride and bridegroom and the parents of the bride in their home. Should I remove my hat when I reach the home of the bride's parents?

ANSWER—No. It is usual for the wedding party to receive in the costumes they wore to the wedding at the church. Of course, you would wear a hat to a church wedding.

Folding Work Shelf.

A folding work shelf, with legs that turn under like those on a bridge table, is a life-saver in a small kitchen. Measuring about 18 by 42 inches, and folding flat as an ironing board, it can be set anywhere it is most needed at any given time. These collapsible shelves come in white and kitchen colors, and are covered with washable paint.

Washable Covers.

Washable covers which may be buttoned or tied over quilts and comforters are easier to keep clean than the heavy bedclothes they protect. They may be had in sturdy muslin or daintier fabrics. They are practically indispensable for the hostess whose feminine guests may go to bed with heavily creamed faces! It's a good idea to make them permanent adjuncts to the children's bedclothes, too. They can be readily laundered.

FAVORITE FOODS of famous folk

Guinea in Sour Cream Delicious for Dinner or Luncheon.

By Pattie Ellicott.

FOR REAL VARIETY in food one must look to the diplomatic and State Department groups where many nations contribute favorite recipes.

Dinner guests of the Assistant Chief of the Near Eastern Division of the Department of State and Mrs. Maynard Barnes have recipes gathered during their residence in the Near East on foreign duty for the Government.

Those favored with "Pintade en cocote a la creme" or guinea in casserole with sour cream, while dining with Mr. and Mrs. Barnes pronounce it delicious. It is suitable as a luncheon dish as well. It was found in an old French book. It is served in a casserole for six persons.

The recipe furnished by Mrs. Barnes to The Washington Post follows:

Cut up a small plump guinea fowl, sprinkle with salt, then beat about two ounces of butter into the casserole, but do not brown it. Put in the guinea, arranging around it a medium-sized onion, cut up in sixths. Cover dish and put in medium hot oven. Let cook 20 to 25 minutes, turning the guinea often enough to brown it evenly. Now pour over it three-quarters of a cup of boiling sour cream, to which has been added a good pinch of salt and a pinch of white pepper. Cover casserole again and bake for 15 to 20 minutes more, during which time the fowl should be well basted at least three times with the cream.

In case sour cream is not available, sweet cream may be substituted by adding a little lemon juice to it.

This same treatment of chicken will be found a delicious method of cooking it, but is particularly good for guinea because of its natural dryness. Do not use fresh-killed guinea for this dish.

Macaroni Is One Meat Substitute For Lent Season

IN PREPARING for the coming Lenten season, when meat is practically taboo, busy housewives are already thinking up inviting meat substitutes.

One of the most welcome foods for this season is macaroni. It can be prepared in innumerable ways. You may like macaroni boiled with cheese or peppers, molded macaroni or Neapolitan souffle. Or you may prefer to bake macaroni with peanut butter, combine it in stuffing for tomatoes or peppers or add it to chili con carne. Creamed macaroni is also a delicious starchy food.

If you have a pet recipe for the preparation of macaroni (it may contain meat if you like), enter it in The Post recipe contest.

The cash prizes for this recipe contest are $3 for first prize, $2 for second prize, and $1 for each of the three remaining prizes.

Type or neatly write your recipe and send it to Rebekah Blake, The Post foods editor, so she will receive it not later than Saturday noon. Be sure to write your name and address clearly on your recipe.

Paraffin for Bouquets.

To arrange a bouquet attractively in a low wide dish, take a piece of paraffin large enough to fit the bottom of the dish and soften it by heating just enough so it can be molded to fit. While still warm, press it into the dish and with a toothpick make holes for the flower stems.

Here's a Good Recipe For Nut Bread Mix

HERE'S A RECIPE for a nut bread mix you will enjoy making and serving. Sift together one cup of flour, two teaspoons of baking powder, one-half teaspoon salt and one-half cup of sugar; then blend in one cup of whole wheat flour. Cut in one-third cup of shortening and add one-half cup of nut meats. Store in modern air-conditioned ice refrigerator until desiring to bake. The mix will keep fresh until needed because the air-conditioning chamber of the modern ice refrigerator prevents the rapid drying out of foods and eliminates the mingling of food flavors. When ready to bake remove mix from ice refrigerator, beat one egg and add to it one and one-fourth cups of milk; then add these liquid ingredients to the dry mixture. Mix thoroughly. Pour into greased loaf pan and bake in a moderately hot oven.

Use the Lamp Shade.

No longer do you need someone's outstretched arms to help wind into a ball yarn or thread that comes in skeins. Simply put the skein over a lamp shade and loosen the top screw of the lamp so that when winding, the shade will continue to go around as fast as you wind.

To enable little folk to recognize their own galoshes among dozens of others, paint the insteps a bright color.

BROWN'S MEAT MARKET
East Falls Church—Route 211—Tom Brown, Prop.
A regular country meat market with everything fresh daily.
Quality Farm Products Priced Within Your Reach
• FRESH COUNTRY EGGS • FRESH PORK OF ALL KINDS
• FRESH BEEF • COUNTRY LARD PUDDING
• FRESH KILLED CHICKENS • OLD VIRGINIA HAMS
Specialists in Fine Country Sausages and Baby Beef

Sirloin Steak	33c lb.	Fresh Pork Hams	25c lb.
T-Bone Steak	33c lb.	Scrapple	10c lb.
Round Steak	30c lb.	Country Lard	15c lb.
Chuck Roast	17c lb.	Fresh Eggs. TWO DOZEN	50c
Boiling Beef	12½c lb.	Old Virginia Hams	40c & 45c lb.
Fresh Country Sausage	25c lb.	Prime Roast Beef	25c lb.

All prices guaranteed for two weeks

J. B. Spund
3421 CONN. AVE. N.W. • CL. 4400
Claverhouse Imported Scotch Whiskey, all over 8 years old . . . Fifth $2.39

Week-End SPECIALS

HOSTESS BRIDGE MIXTURE
17c Pound 3 Lbs., 49c
A tempting assortment of nut, caramel, mint, and raisin centers . . . coated with delicious chocolate.

Chocolate Covered Mint Sticks
17c Pound 3 Lbs., 49c
Big sticks of peppermint with a peppermint cream center and rich chocolate coating. A real favorite!

Nut Butter Crunch
17c Pound 3 Lbs., 49c
A crunchy center filled with chopped peanuts, coated with chocolate, and thickly sprinkled with chopped nuts.
At All the Busy PEOPLES DRUG STORES
"ALL OVER TOWN" —the better to serve you!

HOLMES TO HOMES FRESH PIES CAKES & BREAD
NATIONAL 4537
HOLMES Modern Bakery

Fresh Nuts Daily
National Peanut Corporation
705 15th St. N.W. Between Postal and Peoples Drug Stores. Only Washington Store.
Open Every Evening and Sunday

AMERICAN STORES CO.
New De Luxe Food Market
Now Open, Ready to Serve You in the
PARK and SHOP CENTER
N. E. Corner Wisconsin Ave. and Leland St.
BETHESDA, MD.

Come and visit this attractive, modern new Food Market . . . it's a delightful place to deal, and so pleasant you'll be back often. All new Fresh Food . . . staple and fancy Groceries of every description and variety. Fresh and Smoked Meats, Poultry and Seafood. Delicious Cold Meats and Cheese. Garden-Fresh Vegetables and Fruit. Fresh Baked Cakes and Bread, etc. . . . all appetizingly displayed for your approval and priced to please your budget . . . and there's plenty of parking space here!
Electrically Refrigerated Meat Department
Do Your Marketing This Week in the Friendly ASCO Stores
Where Quality Counts and Your Money Goes Furthest

C. E. GRIMES
ORIGINATOR OF CUT-UP POULTRY
BUY ANY PART OF THE CHICKEN IN ANY QUANTITY YOU WANT. THESE CHICKENS ARE FRESHLY KILLED, CLEANED AND DRAWN DAILY ON OUR OWN FARM.
MILK-FED BROILERS 14 Weeks Old Raised on Our Own Farm 38c LB.
FRESH EGGS, every egg guaranteed Doz. 25c 2 Doz. 49c
LEGS .....48c LB.
BREASTS .....53c LB.
BAKING CHICKENS .....35c LB.
STEWING CHICKENS .....32c LB.
STEWING LEGS .....40c LB.
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UNION MARKET 417 Morse St. N.E. LI. 9812 — DI. 0266 CO. 4074 — "O" STREET MKT. 7th & O Sts. N.W. NO. 9330

Prize Winning DRESSED TURKEYS
A&P FOOD STORES

A & P has purchased the entire dressed stock of the All-American Turkey Show and is now offering these turkeys in a number of its Washington markets.
Although all markets do not have show turkeys, they do have other fancy fresh birds of excellent quality.
29c lb
SUGAR Fine Granulated In Cloth Bags 10 lbs. 50c
CHEESE Longhorn lb. 21c Daisy lb. 25c
BISQUICK 20-oz. pkg. 17c 40-oz. pkg. 29c
FLOUR Pillsbury's Best 12-lb. bag 57c
TOMATO JUICE Campbell's 3 20-oz. cans 23c
SALE
FANCY, GOLDEN-RIPE BANANAS 4 lbs. 19c
Luscious Red Ripe STRAWBERRIES 2 ONE-PINT BOXES 25c
SALE
Government GRADE A VEGETABLES
Just Like Seeing Through the Can
A.&P. GRADE A TOMATOES 3 No. 2 cans 25c
A.&P. GRADE A Lima Beans 2 No. 2 cans 25c
29 more outstanding VALUES at your nearby A & P Food Store!
8 O'Clock Coffee 2 1-lb. pkgs. 35c
Pure Lard Bulk or Pkg. lb. 15c
Spaghetti Anne Page Prepared 3 tins 17c
Peas Del Monte 2 No. 2 Cans 25c
Oats Sunnyfield 2 20-oz. pkgs. 13c
Choc. Hobbies Small N. B. C. Cakes lb. 19c
Butter Cut from Tub—lb. 37c Sunnyfield Prints—lb. 39c
Eggs Wildmere Ctn.—1 Doz. 27c Sunnybrook Ctn.—1 Doz. 33c
A & P Bread White—lb. loaf 7c
Jelly Eggs lb. 10c
P & G White Naphtha Soap 3 cakes 10c
PRICES EFFECTIVE UNTIL CLOSE OF BUSINESS TODAY
A&P FOOD STORES

MARY HAWORTH'S MAIL

Self-Styled "Educated Bachelor" Takes Issue With Advice Here Given to "Preplexed."

DEAR MARY HAWORTH: On February 2 you advised a young woman, who signed herself "Preplexed," not to show any signs of affection for her suitor until he proposed marriage. This seems to me (and I am a bachelor 26 years old) to be erroneous advice. It is a fallacious, generally accepted platitude dating back to the time when economics were the sole concern of man. It has always been fake psychology and today it is based on nonexistent economic conditions.

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Years ago signs of affection were considered detrimental to a lady's character and her reputation for modesty. The male was the pursuer, the female the pursued. Gradually we have come to realize that the man was actually the pursued; and that literally, to use the modern vernacular, the girl who got married was the girl who "got her man." I can't estimate the number of embittered spinsters and old maids who missed out on marriage as a result of following advice such as yours, but life is full of examples. If such advice continues to be followed, we will have many more old maids.

• • • •

As a man in rather moderate circumstances, I am very naturally considering the possibility of marriage some day. And what I have to consider first is whether the girl I might be attracted to would co-operate to make marriage a success; whether, for instance, she would be willing to deny herself such luxuries as a new car or an expensive apartment, or whether she would be willing to work herself for a few years if necessary.

• • • •

I recognize the fact that such co-operation would be motivated by true affection; and if, after four months, the girl had shown no positive signs of affection I would be forced to conclude that marriage was out of the question. Perhaps I am peculiar, but these are my ideas. I want to insure, in so far as possible, a happy marriage and I am not going to lay my heart at any woman's feet unless I am pretty sure it won't be stepped on.

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EDUCATED BACHELOR.

On Displaying Affection.

DEAR EDUCATED BACHELOR: My answer to "Preplexed" was not intended to suggest that she would be wise in suppressing all evidence of affectionate interest in her suitor until after he proposed marriage. The intent of my remarks was that she let him take the initiative in introducing the topic of love and marriage into their conversations. She had said, you remember, that "on several occasions the subject of marriage came up and each time he intimated that, due to financial circumstances, it was impossible to discuss the subject." Now, if it is indeed impossible for him to "discuss the subject," it doesn't seem likely he would have brought up the subject for discussion. Hence, we are justified in assuming it was she who, directly or indirectly, brought the idea up for consideration.

• • • •

Also, she made a tactical error in asking him whether his feelings toward her had changed, as she admits she did, and on asking him "why and how he arrived at the very startling conclusion that 'a clashing of personalities' made permanent love impossible between them. In this regard I advised her to "stop probing him about how he feels and about the whys and wherefores of his actions and attitudes. Don't tell him how you feel and don't provide him with detailed definitions and explanations of your sentiments and reactions and hopes and disappointments. Don't talk about love and marriage. Let him talk about these things, if he chooses . . ."

• • • •

There is a vast difference between displaying affection for a man and badgering him with unwelcome feelers into the state of his emotions and nature of his intentions. My dictionary defines "affection" as "a settled good will; kind feeling." It is to be hoped that all of us entertain a kind feeling of good will toward all our associates, and that we give free play to this feeling at every meeting. Indeed, it is difficult to conceive of a young woman's accepting a young man's attentions without reciprocating in the coin of affectionate interest and appreciation, real or pretended.

• • • •

No girl capable of attracting men of reasonably well-developed social aptitudes can discard emotional reticence in the early stages of courtship without robbing lovemaking of much of its potential beauty. Nor should she, on the other hand, be consistently bashful or disdainful in her reactions to a suitor whose social and romantic experience approximates her own. The happy middle course is to treat her beau as a decent, likeable human being in whom she is greatly interested (if she is). If, out of that much encouragement, he can't negotiate a time, a place and a mood for offering his heart without having it stepped on, he needs complete social re-education. M. H.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problems. Write her in care of The Post Woman's Page.

Fritters Welcomed These Chilly Days

PLUMP golden brown fritters are welcome at any meal—but they're particularly acceptable on very cold days, for there's nothing quite so warming. Here's a new addition to the fritter family—with fluffy grains of rice the main ingredient. Rice fritters are superb to serve with ham, or pork roast, or pork chops. They're so nourishing, however, that with rashers of crisp bacon and tart currant jelly they could be made the main part of the meal.

Rice Fritters.

2 eggs
¼ teaspoon salt
3 tablespoons sugar
Dash of cinnamon
2-3 cup irradiated evaporated milk
4 cups boiled rice
1-3 cup flour
Fat for frying

Beat eggs. Add salt, sugar, cinnamon and rice. Stir in the flour. Drop from tablespoon into hot fat (365 degrees Fahrenheit). About an inch and a half or two inches of fat in a shallow saucepan or a deep frying pan is sufficient for deep fat frying. When golden brown, drain on absorbent paper. Serve hot. Yield, 24 small fritters, 6 to 8 servings.

Herb Garden Is Kitchen Aid To Housewife

Parsley, Chives, Thyme Can Be Grown in Pot on Sill.

IT is a cheerful idea to have ivy and cactus growing in pots on your kitchen window sill. The plants look especially attractive in the model kitchens of new homes. But to the modern housewife, who has just come from one of these new homes and is taking the plant idea to heart, here is an even newer idea—have an herb garden in your kitchen.

Herbs are easy to cultivate, and are decorative because of the variation in color and form of foliage. They are appropriate, too, in the kitchen, for it seems most fitting to be able to reach up to the window sill and find a sprig of green parsley to crown your roast or omelet before it goes to the table.

By all means start your garden with parsley. It is a prolific plant, once started, and perhaps the best known of all herbs. It would be a good idea to have two pots of this green to serve in rotation. One can store up energy and put forth new leaves while the other comes to the and of the cook.

Chives are delightful on the kitchen sill where they send up their delicate, dark green fronds. They are especially delicious when sprinkled over pot cheese, chopped up in salads and in sandwich pastes, and over canapes. They are known for their delcate onion flavor.

Thyme makes a decorative plant and a useful one. Its gray-green leaves make it resemble a small ever-green plant and when bruised, give off a pleasant pungent odor. A sprig of this greenery is indispensable in clam chowder or bread stuffing for poultry, fish or stuffed tomatoes.

Flour Sacks Are Useful.

Use your empty flour sack for rolling out cookies or pie crust. Turn it inside out, stretch across a damp table top, sprinkle with more flour, if necessary, and the dough can then be rolled out on it

Menus for Today

By Rebekah Blake.

LUNCHEON—SATURDAY.
Rice and Walnut Loaf.
Cheese biscuits.
Pear Salad.

DINNER—SATURDAY.
Spiced cherry juice
Spare ribs
Sauerkraut
Mashed potatoes
Poppy seed rolls Butter
Coffee Milk
Head lettuce with Russian dressing
Coffee
Apple dumplings

BREAKFAST—SUNDAY
Grapefruit Halves
Apple rings Sausage
Pecan rolls Butter
Coffee, milk

DINNER—SUNDAY
Cheese and crackers
Roast ham with pineapple
Brussels sprouts
Apple sauce
Asparagus salad
Pocketbook rolls Butter
Coffee Milk
Chocolate ice cream

SUPPER—SUNDAY
Crabmeat salad sandwich loaf
Hot tea
Strawberry shortcake

RICE AND WALNUT LOAF.

Chop 3 small onions fine and cook in 3 tablespoons fat until yellow; add 1 egg well beaten, 1½ cups cooked rice, drained, 1 cup bread crumbs, 1 cup chopped walnuts, 1 teaspoon chopped parsley, ½ teaspoon poultry seasoning and 1 teaspoon salt. Mix well, shape in a loaf and place in baking dish. Bake 1 hour at 350 F., basting frequently with melted fat. Serve surrounded with tomato sauce.

Have Children Help In Packing Lunches

Do you make every effort to have your children's school lunches appetizing, properly balanced, and different, and yet do you sometimes find that part of each lunch comes home untouched? If so, try playing the "Nourishing Game." Have each youngster pack his own lunch and decide with him what his body will need that day. The children will enjoy this and it will help them learn how different foods furnish different elements and vitamins to the body.

'Menu Wish-Box.'

A "Menu Wish Box" would probably be welcomed by your family. Keep it in a convenient place and allow each member of the family a special menu-wish a week. This will also help you plan your menus for the week.

MESCO COFFEE
NO SHELF AGE
33c lb. Naturally Fresh
M. E. Swing
1013 E ST.
NAt. 7601

Heinz Made
MEANS HOMEMADE

DIP your spoon into a steaming plate of Heinz Cream of Mushroom Soup—taste—and you'll know why millions agree that Heinz-made means homemade!

Heinz uses a prize home-tested recipe for this luxurious party soup. We pan-brown snowy-white mushrooms in fresh creamery butter, then deftly blend the rich stock with double-thick cream. Expert seasoning and skillful cooking in small batches bring out the full flavor and fragrance of the luscious-tasting mushrooms.

Remember, all Heinz Soups come to you ready to heat and serve. You will not want to alter or weaken their tasty goodness. There is nothing to mix or add. Your grocer has 22 of these wonderful Heinz Home-style Soups. Order a selection now, and relish many a nourishing no-work feast!

22 DELECTABLE KINDS
VEGETABLE SOUP
VEGETABLE BEEF SOUP
CREAM OF SPINACH
CREAM OF MUSHROOM
CREAM OF OYSTER
CREAM OF ASPARAGUS
CREAM OF GREEN PEA
CREAM OF CELERY
CREAM OF TOMATO
CORN CHOWDER
CHICKEN NOODLE SOUP
CLAM CHOWDER
CONSOMMÉ MADRILÈNE
BEAN SOUP
CONSOMMÉ
PEPPER POT
SCOTCH BROTH
MOCK TURTLE
ONION SOUP
CHICKEN GUMBO (CREOLE)
GENUINE TURTLE SOUP
CHICKEN SOUP WITH RICE
C-177-B

Heinz HOME-STYLE 57 SOUPS

LOW PRICES ALWAYS — SANITARY GROCERY CO. (INC) — WHERE QUALITY COUNTS
ALSO OPERATING
PIGGLY WIGGLY

These Prices Prevail in All Our Stores in Washington and Suburbs
Big Store or Small Store
Prices are all as quoted

OSCAR MAYER HAMS Whole or Half lb. 25c
As fine as any ham we have ever sold
PORK LOIN ROAST Whole or Half lb. 23c
SANITARY'S ALL-PORK SAUSAGE lb. 25c
HIND LEG O' LAMB - - - lb. 21c

FORE LEG O' LAMB lb. 19c	LOIN LAMB CHOPS lb. 35c
BREAST OF LAMB lb. 8c	RIB LAMB CHOPS lb. 25c
SHOULDER LAMB ROAST lb. 14c	SHOULDER LAMB CHOPS lb. 21c
AIRWAY COFFEE 2 lbs. 35c	JUMBO BREAD Full one pound loaf 7c
FRESH EGGS Current Receipts doz. 27c	BLUE RIDGE PEAS 20-oz. cans 3 for 25c
SANICO EGGS U. S. Grade B doz. 30c	EMERALD PEAS 20-oz. can 10c
BREAKFAST EGGS U. S. Grade A doz. 35c	GREEN GIANT PEAS 17-oz. cans 3 for 50c
JUMBO ROLL BUTTER lb. 39c	Musselman's Apple Sauce 20-oz. cans 3 for 25c
SANITARY BUTTER lb. 40c	PHILLIPS BEANS 1-lb. can 5c
LAND O' LAKES BUTTER lb. 42c	CAMPBELL'S BEANS 1-lb. cans 2 for 15c
LIBBY'S TOMATO JUICE 14-oz. cans 4 for 25c	SILVER RUN CORN 20-oz. can 9c
LIBBY'S TOMATO JUICE 20-oz. cans 3 for 25c	STAND. SHOE PEG CORN 20-oz. can 10c
LIBBY'S SAUERKRAUT 28-oz. can 10c	PHILLIPS SPAGHETTI 15½-oz. can 6c
HEINZ SOUPS 4 Except Varieties 2 cans 25c	STANDARD TOMATOES 19-oz. cans 3 for 20c
HEINZ SPAGHETTI 17-oz. cans 2 cans 25c	STRINGLESS BEANS Blue Ridge 19-oz. cans 3 for 25c
HEINZ MACARONI 17-oz. cans 2 for 25c	HILO PEAS & CARROTS 20-oz. can 4 for 25c
HEINZ CUCUMBER PICKLES 24-oz. jar 19c	POST TOASTIES pkg. 7c
HARVEST BLOSSOM FLOUR 12-lb. sack 45c	KELLOGG'S CORN FLAKES pkg. 7c
Golden Heart Self-Rising FLOUR 12-lb. sack 45c	PUFFED RICE pkg. 10c

PURE CANE SUGAR 10 lbs. 50c
HEINZ KETCHUP large 14 ounce bottle 15c
SEALECT MILK - - - - 3 tall cans 20c

GRAPEFRUIT JUICE Silver Nip 3 No. 2 cans 25c	O. K. LAUNDRY SOAP 3 bars 10c
SILVER SLICE GRAPEFRUIT 20-oz. can 10c	OLD DUTCH CLEANSER can 7c
DOLE PINEAPPLE JUICE 12-oz. cans 3 for 25c	WALDORF TISSUE 4 rolls 17c
DOLE PINEAPPLE JUICE 18-oz. cans 2 for 25c	TOILET TISSUE 3 rolls 10c
DOLE PINEAPPLE JEMS 14-oz. can 12c	BON AMI POWDER can 11c
DOLE PINEAPPLE SPEARS 35-oz. cans 19c	MORTON'S SALT pkg. 7c
JELL-O pkg. 5c	COLUMBIA SALT 3 boxes 10c
ROYAL DESSERTS pkg. 5c	LIFEBUOY SOAP In P. G. and Va. cake 6c
F. F. V. SODA CRACKERS lb. 10c	LUX TOILET SOAP In P. G. and Va. cake 6c
DOMESTIC SARDINES 2 cans 9c	MUELLER'S MACARONI pkg. 9c
Humpty Dumpty SALMON 2 1-lb. cans 21c	MUELLER'S SPAGHETTI pkg. 9c
DAVIS Fry and Serve CODFISH 10-oz. can 10c	MUELLER'S NOODLES pkg. 9c
GORTON'S Ready-to-Fry CODFISH 10-oz. can 2 for 25c	KRAFT MIRACLE WHIP ½ pint 14c
WET SHRIMP 5¾-oz. cans 2 for 27c	PEERLESS MACARONI pkg. 5c
CATALINA TUNA FISH 7-oz. cans 2 for 27c	CORN MEAL 5 lbs. 19c
BULK PRUNES 70-80 Size 4 lbs. 25c	SANICO PEANUT BUTTER 1 lb. jar 19c
SANICO RICE 1-lb. pkg. 7c	NUCOA MARGARINE lb. 23c
MINUTE TAPIOCA pkg. 12c	VIMPEP DOG FOOD 6 1 lb. cans 25c
Fluffiest Marshmallows 2 1-lb. pkgs. 25c	CHAMPION FLAKE BUTTERS 1 lb. pkg. 17c
KARO SYRUP Blue Label 1½-lb. can 14c	5c CANDIES AND GUMS 3 for 10c

STRAWBERRIES - - 2 pint boxes 25c
APPLES FANCY LOCAL-GROWN STAYMANS OR YORKS 4 lbs. 19c
STRINGLESS BEANS 2 lbs. 19c
FLORIDA TREE-RIPENED GRAPEFRUIT
Medium Size Six for 23c 4c Each
Large Size Six for 29c 5c Each
Prices Quoted Are Effective in Washington and Vicinity Until the Close of Business Tonight.

D. C. Catholics, Filipino Group Join in Prayer

Special Ceremonies Set for Tomorrow at St. Aloysius'.

Prominent Washington Catholics will join members of the Filipino Catholic Association of Washington in ceremonies here tomorrow conducted in connection with the Thirty-third International Eucharistic Congress now in progress in Manila, Philippines.

The Most Rev. J. M. McNamara, D. D. Auxiliary Bishop of Baltimore, will preside at the solemn high mass tomorrow morning opening the celebration. The service will be at 10 a. m. in St. Aloysius' Church, North Capitol and I streets northwest, with several Filipinos, clergymen and lay Catholic leaders in attendance.

At this service the Rev. Juan Ledesma, S. J., a native Filipino, will celebrate his first mass. The young priest was ordained at Woodstock, Md., last spring by Bishop McNamara.

Father Ledesma will be assisted at mass by the Rev. Louis V. Vaeth, archdiocesan director of home and foreign missions for the Propagation of the Faith, who will be deacon, and the Rev. Ferdinand Schoberg, S. J., of Georgetown University, as sub-deacon.

Father Schoberg spent several years in the Philippine Islands, where he taught at the Ateneo de Manila.

The sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Charles G. Herzog, S. J., of Woodstock College, Md.

After the mass, the Filipino Association will give a reception at the Willard Hotel. Senator David I. Walsh, of Massachusetts, will be the principal lay speaker. Bishop McNamara and former Senator Harry B. Hawes, will be guests of honor, and several other prominent members of the Catholic clergy and laity have been invited.

The third event of the day will be Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 7:30 p. m. in Gonzaga Chapel, 27 I street northwest.

Bernardo A. DeGuia, president of the association is in charge of arrangements for the ceremonies, which will be coincident with the closing of the congress in Manila. The Eucharistic Congress has been in session since Wednesday.

On the Air Today

Yesterday was distinctly set apart from the humdrum of its predecessors this week by luncheon with lean and lanky Jerry Belcher, who came out of the Southwest almost two years ago with the best man-in-the-street broadcast.

It is not a "Vox Pop" interview that brings him to town this week, however. WRC listeners are familiar with Belcher's new program, introduced last October, called "Our Neighbors." He is here for that program Sunday afternoon. If you haven't been following the Sunday schedules carefully, I should add that "Our Neighbors" is a delightfully informal discussion of American family interests and thoughts with Belcher taking his microphone into the family circle for half an hour and with mother, father and the children participating.

Belcher himself describes the series as explorations into the family circle for the purpose of gaining a cross-section of American life. He has broadcast from various points around and in New York City and also from sections far removed from the East. If you have been following the programs you know that a Long Islander, a Manhattan Park avenue penthouse dweller, a Jerseyite and an Ohian, for example, offer widely divergent slants on this business of living although fundamentally the American home as an institution is cut just about from the same pattern.

To get down to Sunday's broadcast Belcher's program this week originates in the living room of Senator F. Ryan Duffy, of Wisconsin. Both the Senator and Mrs. Duffy and the four Duffy children will take turns in conversation with their guest. Perhaps some of their friends or neighbors will be on hand—because Belcher places no restrictions in the way of obtaining as near a completely natural family circle talk as possible.

"Our Neighbors" in the past has been presented from WRC at 1:30. Tomorrow it will be heard at 4:30.

* * *

That's all right now about this gentleman from Houston who has the tact of a politician, initiative of a salesman and the warmth of friendliness of a true Southern gentleman. I'm saving the rest for space in the Sunday Post soon.

* * *

Radio comedians have been making comedy lines of Bob Pastor's classic fight with Joe Louis the other night, but Joe Cook is going directly to the point: He's presenting Pastor himself tonight in "The Chateau" in an account of how Pastor lasted the ten rounds. Other guests include George O'Brien and Mitzi Green, of the fillums; Cavalier's Quartet, Ezio Pinzo, of the Metropolitan, and Hildegarde Halliday, comedy monologist.

* * *

Other features today:

"Aida"—Verdi's spectacle of ancient Egypt, direct from Metropolitan Opera House, WMAL, at 1:55. With Gina Cigna, Bruna Castagna, Ezio Pinza, Giovanni Martinelli.

Hildegarde—Not to be confused with Hildegarde Halliday, in Joe Cook's show, guests with Ed Wynn, WMAL, at 8. Hildegarde is the continental songstress who has been heard frequently in N. B. C. programs recently.

Modern Masters—Series closes tonight with presentation of Louis Gruenberg, composed-pianist, and Mary Ann Kaufman, soprano, WJSV, at 8. Gruenberg is composer of "Emperor Jones."

Saturday night party—Presents Lauritz Melchior, Wagnerian tenor, and Stan Shaw, new to radio, as master of ceremonies, WRC, at 8. Also Reginald Gardiner.

Olson and Johnson—Share honors with Laurence Stallings, in "Speed Show," WJSV, at 9.

* * *

Someone vouches for the truthfulness of this yarn about Ace Goodman, half the team of "Easy Aces." Ever since Ace came into the big money division, his personal mail has increased, particularly from friends who need money. The other day he got a frantic letter from a friend in Kansas City saying that unless Ace sent him $800 at once he would throw himself from the twentieth floor of the building. Ace promptly wired him $400, with apologies, observing that now he would have to jump only from the tenth floor.

* * *

The Three-X Sisters, favorites of radio not so long ago, will be on hand tonight at the Earle to help Lee Everett and other radio personalities make the Earle's Red Cross benefit party a success.

J. H. H.

The Post Radio Time-Table

Saturday, February 6 — Washington — Eastern Standard Time.

	WRC 316M—950KC	WMAL 476M—630KC	WOL 229M—1,310KC	WJSV 206M—1,460KC	
6:30	Gordon			Sash!	6:30
6:45	Hittenmark			"	6:45
7:00	" "	Today's Prelude	Art Brown	Sun Dial	7:00
7:15	" "	" "	" "	" "	7:15
7:30	" "	" "	News	" "	7:30
7:45	" "	Wake Up Club	Art Brown	" "	7:45
8:00	News	Dr. A. G. Walton	" "	" "	8:00
8:15	Gordon	Good Morning Mel.	" "	" "	8:15
8:30	Hittenmark	Cheerio	" "	" "	8:30
8:45	" "	" "	" "	" "	8:45
9:00	" "	News	" "	" "	9:00
9:15	" "	Chicago	Kay and Buddy	Fred Feibel	9:15
9:30	Streamliners	Breakfast Club	Music	Dr. Simon	9:30
9:45	"	" "	News; Music	Mellow Mom'ts.	9:45
10:00	National	News; Music	Police Flashes	News; Music	10:00
10:15	Children's Frolic	Vass Family	Music	R. Maxwell	10:15
10:30	Manhatters	Morning Melodies	Ed Fitzgerald	Let's Pretend	10:30
10:45	"	Pie Plant Pete	and Company	" "	10:45
11:00	American Schools	Madge Marley	Music	Vronck and	11:00
11:15	Doc Whipple	Organ Reveries	Prevue	Babin	11:15
11:30	Mystery Chef	Magic of Speech	Key Men	Captivators	11:30
11:45	Home Town	" "	Lew Salvo	"	11:45

AFTERNOON PROGRAMS.

12:00	News; Music	"Call to Youth"	Studio Orchestra	H. B. Derr	12:00
12:15	Chasins Series	Genia Fonariova	News; Music	News	12:15
12:30	Rex Battle's	National Farm	Organ	G. Hall's	12:30
12:45	Ensemble	and Home Hour	Lanin's Orchestra	Orchestra	12:45
1:00	Whitney	" "	" "	Rhythms	1:00
1:15	Ensemble	" "	In the Music	Buffalo	1:15
1:30	Carnegie Tech	Our Barn	Room	Presents	1:30
1:45	Symphony	" "	Music	" "	1:45
2:00	Your Host Is	Metropolitan	Tony Wakeman	Dancopators	2:00
2:15	Buffalo	Opera, "Aida"	" "	"	2:15
2:30	Golden Melodies	" "	International	Madison Ens.	2:30
2:45	" "	" "	House	Clyde Barrie	2:45
3:00	Walter Logan's	" "	Kaye's Orchestra	Down by	3:00
3:15	Musicale	" "	" "	Hormans	3:15
3:30	Norsemen	" "	Hialeah Races	Dept. of Com.	3:30
3:45	Chasin' the Blues	" "	" "	Tours in Tone	3:45
4:00	Sundown Revue	" "	" "	Dictators	4:00
4:15	" "	" "	" "	"	4:15
4:30	Spelling Bee	" "	Tony Wakeman	Ann Leaf	4:30
4:45	" "	" "	" "	at Organ	4:45
5:00	" "	" "	Pied Piper	New Aviation	5:00
5:15	" "	S. School Lesson	"	Inventions	5:15
5:30	Kaltenmeyer's	News	Music	Rhythms	5:30
5:45	Kindergarten	Joan, Escorts	Canary Concert	A. F. G. E. News	5:45

EVENING PROGRAMS.

6:00	Dinner Dance	Dinner Club	Tony Wakeman	Ben Feld's Orch.	6:00
6:15	" "	" "	Light's Orchestra	Arch McDonald	6:15
6:30	" "	Home Symphony	News; Music	Panhell'ic Cong.	6:30
6:45	" "	" "	Music	Saturday Swing	6:45
7:00	Song Stories	The Message of	Spelling Bee	Session	7:00
7:15	Hampton Singers	Israel	" "	Glen Carow	7:15
7:30	Uncle Jim's	The Word Man	" "	Varieties	7:30
7:45	Question Bee	Palestine Conf.	" "	"	7:45
8:00	Saturday	Ed Wynn	Central Union	C's Concert	8:00
8:15	Night Party	" "	Mission	Hall	8:15
8:30	" "	M. Willson's	Dance Music	Columbia	8:30
8:45	" "	Orchestra	" "	Workshop	8:45
9:00	Snow Village	National Barn	Howard Theater	Speed Show	9:00
9:15	Sketches	Dance	Horace Heidt's	" "	9:15
9:30	The Chateau,	" "	Orchestra	Saturday Night	9:30
9:45	With Joe Cook	" "	" "	Serenade	9:45
10:00	" "	Bill Strickland	Milrose A. A. A.	Hit Parade	10:00
10:15	" "	Orchestra	Games	" "	10:15
10:30	Paducah	U. of Wisconsin	Stokes' Orchestra	Fiesta	10:30
10:45	Plantation	Alumni Day	" "	"	10:45
11:00	News; Orch.	POSTILION	Hamilton's Orch.	Labor News	11:00
11:15	Ink Spots	Slumber Hour	Weems' Orchestra	Goodman's Or.	11:15
11:30	Midnite Frolics	" "	Martin's Orchestra	News	11:30
11:45	" "	" "	" "	Olsen's Orch.	11:45
12:00	Gus Arnheim's	Night Watchman	Shep Field's	Ted Fio Rito's	12:00
12:15	Orchestra	" "	Orchestra	Orchestra	12:15
12:30	All-Negro	" "	Jurgen's	Henry King's	12:30
12:45	Flood Program	" "	Orchestra	Orchestra	12:45
1:00	Sign off	" "	Young's Orchestra	Sign off	1:00
1:15	...	(Until 2 a. m.)	(Until 2 a. m.)	...	1:15
					1:30
					1:45
					2:00

Draft of Bill For Proposed Court Changes

Measure Would Provide for Retirement of Judges After 70.

Continued from Page 7.

judge who has sat on another court than his own shall have power, notwithstanding the expiration of any time limit in his designation, to participate in the decision of all matters submitted to the court while he was sitting and to perform or participate in any act appropriate to the disposition or review of matters submitted while he was sitting on such a court, and his action thereon shall be as valid as if it had been taken while sitting on such court and within the period of his designation.

Section 3 (a). The Supreme Court shall have power to appoint a proctor. It shall be his duty: (1) to obtain and, if deemed by the Court to be desirable, to publish, information as to the volume, character, and status of litigation in the district courts and circuit courts of appeals, and such other information as the Supreme Court may from time to time require by order, and it shall be the duty of any judge, clerk or marshal of any court of the United States promptly to furnish such information as may be required by the proctor; (2) to investigate the need of assigning district and circuit judges to other courts and to make recommendations thereon to the Chief Justice; (3) to recommend, with the approval of the Chief Justice, to any court of the United States methods for expediting cases pending on its dockets, and (4) to perform such duties consistent with his office as the Court shall direct.

(b) The proctor shall, by requisition upon the Public Printer, have any necessary printing and binding done at the Government Printing Office and authority is conferred upon the Public Printer to do such printing and binding.

(c) The salary of the Proctor shall be $10,000 per annum, payable out of the Treasury in monthly installments, which shall be in full compensation for the services required by law. He shall also be allowed, in the discretion of the Chief Justice, stationery, supplies, travel expenses, equipment, necessary professional and clerical assistance and miscellaneous expenses appropriate for performing the duties imposed by this section. The expenses in connection with the maintenance of his office shall be paid from the appropriation of the Supreme Court of the United States.

Section 4. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of $100,000 for the salaries of additional judges and the other purposes of this act during the fiscal year 1937.

Section 5. When used in this act—

(a) The term "judge of retirement age" means a judge of a court of the United States, appointed to hold his office during good behavior, who has attained the age of 70 years and has held a commission or commissions as judge of any such court or courts at least ten years, continuously or otherwise, and within six months thereafter, whether or not he is eligible for retirement, has neither resigned nor retired.

(b) The term "circuit court of appeals" includes the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; the term "senior circuit judge" includes the Chief Justice of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia; and the term "circuit" includes the District of Columbia.

(c) The term "district court" includes the District Court of the District of Columbia but does not include the district court in any territory or insular possession.

(d) The term "judge" includes justice.

Section 6. This act shall take effect on the thirtieth day after the date of its enactment.

Salvation Army Services Slated

Regular Salvation Army services will be conducted by local corps tomorrow. The schedule follows:

Washington No. 1 Corps, 606 E street northwest; Maj. W. E. Graham, officer in charge, 11 a. m.; 8 p. m., public enrollment of soldiers.

Washington No. 2 Corps, 1501 Seventh street northwest; Maj. James Roberts, officer in charge, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Washington No. 3 Corps, 733 Eighth street southeast; Capt. C. William Jaynes, officer in charge, 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

Washington No. 4 Corps, 1075 Jefferson street northwest; Capt. Jackson Martin, officer in charge, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Washington No. 5 Corps, 715 I street northeast; Adjutant Charles Tritton, officer in charge, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Men's Social Service Center, 526 First street northwest; Adjutant Albert E. Baldwin, officer in charge. 11 a. m.—Capt. Walter Needham.

Dr. Daugherty Speaks On 'The Pilgrim Christ'

"The Pilgrim Christ" is the subject on which Dr. Simpson B. Daugherty, pastor, will speak tomorrow morning in Memorial United Brethren Church.

Young Peoples societies will meet separately at 7 p. m., and at 7:30 p. m. The youth groups will merge for the discussion of "Christian Youth Face the Future Together." The minister will conclude the discussion with a message on "Wooing Destiny."

Moody Birth Observed.

The 100th anniversary of the birth of Dwight L. Moody, who became an internationally known evangelist, will be observed tomorrow at the Non-Sectarian Mission in Hyattsville, Md. The pastor, the Rev. Charles M. Flippin, will preach at 11 a. m. on "Why God Used D. L. Moody."

Rev. Anderson's Theme Will Be Flood Incident

First Congregational Pastor to Elaborate on Officer's Remark.

Drawing his sermon theme from a Mississippi River flood scene, the Rev. Howard Stone Anderson, pastor of First Congregational Church, will preach tomorrow morning on "Sandbags and Men and God."

Mr. Anderson, announcing his sermon, said he is using as the basis for his sermon the remark of an Army officer directing levee strengthening operations. When asked what was needed most to meet the flood crisis, the officer replied, "The help of God."

"Should marriage laws prevent incidents like a girl of 9 marrying a man of 22?" This is one of the questions Mr. Anderson will answer in his question box sermon at 8 p. m. tomorrow. Several other questions arising from current moral and social problems will be answered.

Mount Pleasant Congregational. "The Sufficiency of Jesus" is the subject on which the Rev. Russell J. Clinchy, D. D., will preach at 11 a. m. services tomorrow. Richard F. Brown, assistant executive director of the National Youth Administration, will speak on "The Youth of Today," at 9:30 a. m.

The discussion group will consider "The Negro and Religion, at 6 p. m. Phyllis Cogswell, Julian Griggs and Joseph Marzolf will lead the discussion.

Cleveland Park Community. Boy Scout Sunday will be observed tomorrow with the Rev. Joseph S. Loughran, pastor, peraching at 11 a. m. on "Youth, the Hope of America." Members of the church troop, No. 15, will attend the service.

Patterson to Hold Lesson on Radio

J. A. Patterson, jr., member of the religious work committee, Y. M. C. A., will conduct the weekly Sunday School lesson over WMAL at 5:15 p. m. today. His subject will be "Jesus the Light of the World."

Arthur P. Black, executive secretary of the Lutheran Laymen's Association for Stewardship, will speak to the Community Men's Bible Class at 10 a. m. tomorrow in Eldbrooke M. E. Church.

Page McK. Etchison, religious work director, Y. M. C. A., will be guest teacher at the A. B. Pugh Bible Class at 10 a. m. in Mount Vernon Place M. E. Church South.

Post Ad-Writers will be glad to assist you in preparing a good, result-producing ad when you call National 4200.

CATCHING COLD?

At the first warning sneeze—quick—a few drops up each nostril. Its timely use helps prevent many colds.

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OUTSTANDING QUALITY PON BEER and ALE

Since 1875 these popular Brews have maintained their reputation for a satisfying taste and flavor . . . uniformity and dependable quality.

In bottles . . . twelve and thirty-two ounces . . . and KEGLINED cons.

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I'm Sorry, Mr. Bowen Will Be Tied Up All Afternoon.

Why Don't You Plan to See Him in the Morning?

THE young lady is doing a favor to both her boss and to the salesman. The boss is busy in the afternoon clearing up the day's work. He has no time nor inclination to listen to new ideas. Tomorrow morning he'll not only listen—he'll welcome them. His mind will be free of detail. He'll have the day before him, to consider, decide and act. The salesman is getting a break by getting to him in the morning.

Business decisions are made in the morning—whether office or personal business. When deciding about renting a new house, buying a used car, investigating a business opportunity, hiring a maid or selling some unneeded furniture, most people prefer to make the decision at the beginning of the day.

The day is for action—the evening for relaxation. Get your advertising message in when your prospects are interested, receptive and ready to act!

Decisions are made in the morning when minds are fresh and receptive to ideas

The Washington Post

WASHINGTON'S HOME NEWSPAPER

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Thoroughly Cleaned and New Sac 35c
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GUARANTEE RADIO SERVICE CO.
3442 14TH ST. N.W.
Complete 10 Point Radio Repair Service 75c
We Call for & Deliver Col. 3312

The Stainless Steel Trim on the
CRYSTAL BAR
at the
MD. CLUB GARDENS
WAS MADE BY
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Naylor's Sea Food RESTAURANT
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10TH & WATER ST. S.W.
DEVILED CRAB, 25c
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No Cover
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Ex. Sat. or Hol. 40c
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THE FINEST IN RADIO COST NO MORE THAN ORDINARY SETS
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Direct from New York with a bevy of beautiful girls—a smashing hit!
3 Shows Nightly
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Served Till 10 P. M.
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Seating Capacity 700
An All Star Cast
COCOANUT Grove

The Washington Post

WASHINGTON: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1937

Well, I'll Tell You . . . . . By Bob Burns

It seems to me like them financial wizards and astrologers and crystal-gazers have been goin' a mighty round 'bout way to figger what kind of a year 1937 is going to be.

My Uncle Fud figgered it out in two minutes and he tells me it's gonna be one of the best years we've ever had. I said "How did you figger it out so quick?" and he says "Just plain common sense. I looked at a new calendar and there's only one Friday, the 13th, in the whole year." I don't suppose there's any of us but what's got some sort of superstition if the occasion arises to bring it out. I know a college professor who was always scoffin' at his wife's petty superstitions, and one night, he was givin' her another lecture on the subject and she got so mad that she started breakin' dishes over his head. He just set there until she had busted almost everything on the table over his learned brow. Finally, there wasn't nothin' left but the salt shaker. She started to throw that when he turned pale and with a look of horror in his eyes he says, "Oh, dear, for good ness sakes, dont' throw that salt shaker—you might spill some salt and that means a quarrel."

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The Federal Diary

By Samuel Lubell.

Reception.

We were quite thrilled to be invited to President Roosevelt's departmental reception Thursday night—in fact, we got much more of a thrill from the invitation than the reception itself.

It was the first presidential reception yours truly has every attended and it was all very new and even more terrifying. You gave your hat and coat to one of the many hat-check girls and took your place in line. Then with alternate stops and starts you slowly made your way down the east entrance corridor, up a carpeted staircase into the East room ballroom where a gold-braided guard informed you that your chivalrous notion of ladies first was all wrong for at presidential receptions "gentlemen precede ladies." Then finally into the blue room where the President and the First Lady stood against a background of green potted plants.

Everyone else in line seemed to have something to talk about—previous presidential receptions they had attended, Mrs. Coolidge's picture on the wall, Dolly Madison, the aristrocratic reception methods of previous administrations, how charming a person so and so's wife is and so on down the line. But your Diaryist, usually loquacious, was speechless. We're never really at ease unless we have one or both hands in a pocket, but whenever we were about to pocket a hand or two we would recall the story told us by a colleague of the time he put his hand in his pocket just before he was going to shake President Hoover's hand and was given the bum's rush by secret service men. You can bet we kept our hands in sight.

It took us 20 minutes to get to the President and every second's wait aggravated our feeling of being a Republican (inferiority complex to you). Maybe it was just that we felt too self-conscious but when we were announced and the President shook our hand, we just couldn't help but feel that he was looking at us with great wonder as if to say, "how did you ever get in here?"

This is an amazingly interrelated world and one shouldn't be surprised to find anything connected with anything else. But this seems to come close to the limit of interrelationships—the other day Mrs. Pansy Anderson in the National Park Service's space control section got a telephone call for information on the enforcement of Section 213.

Reaffiliation.

A. F. of L. President William Green has assured the five AFGE lodges ousted at Detroit last fall that he will support their request for a reaffiliation, according to a bulletin issued yesterday by the lodges announcing a joint open meeting Wednesday night at the Interior Auditorium.

Green, according to the lodge statement, has promised to do his utmost to have the lodges taken back and plans to attend the meeting of the AFGE executive council next week-end at which the question will be decided. Tremendous would not be an exaggerated adjective to apply to Green's influence with the AFGE.

Another favorable reaffiliation indication is that Charles Hoffman, president of Internal Revenue Lodge, has consented to be guest speaker at Wednesday's mass meeting. Hoffman, we've heard, was asked to make the speech through James G. Yaden.

Politician Bates.

We had intended to do a profile sketch of Sanford Bates, who left the Prison Bureau the first of this month, but now it doesn't look as if we'll ever get around to it. But there's a story of Bates' early career as a politician that simply must be told.

In 1915 Bates decided to run for the Massachusetts State Senate. He had already served one term in the House of Representatives and politics, at the time, seemed a necessary step in advancing his career as a lawyer. There was a particularly dark cloud obscuring Bates's election prospects.

The senatorial district in which he was campaigning consisted of two distinct residential communities, and it was an unwritten law that if one year the senatorial candidate came from one district, the following year the candidate had to be drawn from the other district, and, alas, in 1915, Bates found himself on the wrong side of the railroad tracks.

There was a maternity hospital on the "right" side, however, and Mrs. Bates was about to have a baby. So Sanford sent his wife to this hospital. There Sanford junior was born. Thereafter, at every opportunity Bates would orate:

"I couldn't help being born where I was born—it was beyond my control. But I did see to it that my first son was born in your own community; I did pick out for his birthplace the finest residential community in the State."

You guessed it. Bates was elected.

Tomorrow morning's Office of Education-Smithsonian broadcast will be on gold which would seem a good enough cue for a bit of philosophizing, but we don't dare.

Post Want Ads Turn Vacancies Into Cash!

Mr. Jack Rowles, of 1833 California st. nw., knows that the surest way to reach apartment and room hunters the first thing in the morning is to use Post Want Ads. They get first attention—half a day ahead of evening papers. Here's Mr. Rowles' ad in The Post that brought him quick results:

CALIFORNIA ST. NW., 1833, Apt. 20—Well furnished rm. in quiet apt.; new twin beds; reasonable.

When you have anything to sell or rent, try an inexpensive Post Want Ad. Call

NAtional 4200

Post Want Ads.

Donors Fight Skyline Drive Fee Proposal

$1,000,000 Contributed on 'No Toll' Pledge in Virginia.

Byrd, Robertson Score Plan, Advocate Park Open to Public.

A concerted campaign against initiation of auto license fees for use of Skyline Drive in nearby Virginia was in the offing last night, with Senator Harry F. Byrd and Representative A. Willis Robertson numbered among the growing opposition.

Stating that he is "unalterably opposed" to proposed plans of the Interior Department to place the newly opened scenic highway in Shenandoah National Park on a toll basis, Byrd said the estimated yield would be only $100,000 a year.

"About one-fourth of this revenue," he told The Post, "would be eaten up by the expense of making collections."

The home of the junior Senator from Virginia is in Berryville, in close proximity to Skyline Drive, and he has been vitally interested in the park since the idea of converting the Virginia forest first was proposed to the National Park Service.

"Unwise and Unfair."

Representative A. Willis Robertson, of the Seventh Virginia District, in the heart of the Skyline Drive region, which has been visited by thousands of Washingtonians and others since the scenic highway's completion last year, told The Post that in his opinion "to place a charge upon those entering the park would be both unwise and unfair."

The Seventh Virginia District, which he represents, is in the heart of the Skyline drive region, which has been visited by thousands of Washingtonians and others since the scenic highway's completion last year.

Meantime, Associate Director A. E. Demaray of the National Park Service admitted many protests against the contemplated fee system are being received and it was learned that the Keystone Automobile Club's advisory board will meet February 16 to consider the problem.

Spokesmen for the Keystone and the American Automobile Association pointed out that both organizations are strongly opposed to the charging of fees or tolls for use of any and all public highways.

In Winchester, Va., Secretary Andrew Bell of the Chamber of Commerce stressed the fact that Virginians contributed more than $1,000,000 toward acquisition of the park area by the National Government with the understanding that it was to be free to all the people.

Shenandoah Valley, Inc., and the State Commission on Conservation and Development are among the other agencies which have urged the Interior Department not to go through with its proposal, not yet enacted, to charge 25 cents per auto per single trip.

Suggests Annual License.

An annual license, applicable both to passenger autos and house trailers, could be obtained for $1, entitling the holder to unlimited use of the drive.

Institution of such charges, according to Robertson, would be unwise because it would reduce the number of visitors and unfair because of the financial contributions made by the State of Virginia and private citizens to make possible the Federal acquisition.

"Last year," he said, "more people visited the Shenandoah National Park even in its uncompleted state, than any other national park in the country. Yet the appropriation to the National Park Service for the administration of the park was the smallest of any major national park.

"I know of no reason why the Congress would not at all times be willing to provide a sufficient appropriation for necessary administrative purposes and, therefore, the National Park Service needs no special fees from park visitors for that purpose.

2 Albino Frogs in Hagerstown Are Mated; Scientists Ponder Genus of Offspring-to-Be

The two rare albino frogs above, believed to be the only pair in existence, are owned by C. C. Moler, electrical engineer, of Hagerstown, Md., who raises frogs as a hobby. Scientists are watching an unusual experiment Moler is making. He is endeavoring to produce white frogs with his pair of albinos.

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Hagerstown, Feb. 5.—Will a pair of rare albino frogs produce white frogs? Scientists are watching the outcome of an experiment being made here in Hagerstown by an electrical engineer, C. C. Moler, who raises pet frogs as a hobby, and who is believed to have the only pair of albino frogs in existence.

Two years ago the American Museum of Natural History, New York, discovered the first albino frog, "one in a million," Dr. G. Kingsley Noble, curator of herpetology and head of the department of that institution, described the white frog.

But five years ago Moler, who became interested in frogs, found one of the rare albino tadpoles in a goldfish pond at Lilypons, Md. The male albino was nursed to the adult stage by Moler. The next year a female albino was discovered, and will be given an opportunity this spring to mate. It requires two years in this development after the eggs are laid until the tadpole becomes a full-fledged frog.

Quarters of the frogs at the Moler home are heated electrically and the temperature thermostatically controlled at not less than 65 degrees. The water is aerated to keep it fresh.

The reason for the albinism is a complete absence of pigmentation in the skin or coat. The pink eyes are caused by lack of color, which permits blood in the eyeballs to be seen.

Moler explains albinism is not a freakish condition that just happens but an hereditary characteristic. Albinos, though rare, occur among many kinds of animals, such as deer, peacock, squirrels and crows.

He feeds his pets earthworms like those used by fishermen. Large numbers of these are stored in the cellar. The frogs will not take food offered them unless it is in motion. They also are fed hundreds of flies. The food is attached to slender bamboo flower nursery stakes and moved about. Then the frogs jump after their dinner in a lively fashion.

"50-50 Chance."

Ernest P. Walker, acting director of the National Zoological Park in the absence of Dr. William Mann, said last night that Moler's chances of breeding albino frogs with his pair of white-skinned, pink-eyed rarities were "50-50."

"Albinism is something of an hereditary trait," Walker said, "and the present generation of whites in Moler's possession would account for the 50 per cent on the side of "possibility." The opposition 50 per cent has been built up through generations of forebears which we are to assume were normal frogs."

Walker likened the Hagerstown frogs to one the Zoological Park had for nearly three years. "It just went into a decline and died. Nobody seemed to know why."

As far as he knows, Walker says, Moler's frogs constitute the only pair in existence.

"There may be 'singles' scattered about the world, but this is the only mated pair that has been brought to my attention," he said.

Collins Hits D. C. Police Headquarters

'Worst I've Seen,' Says Chairman of House Sub-committee.

Congressman Denounces Children's Receiving Home Condition.

The headquarters of the Metropolitan Police Department was described as "the worst structure I've seen" by Chairman Collins, of the House sub-committee on District appropriations, after another inspection trip yesterday.

"A new police headquarters certainly ought to be one of the first buildings on the District program," he said.

Led by Maj. Ernest W. Brown, superintendent of police, Collins and members of the committee were conducted about the building, which was constructed shortly after the Civil War.

Fire Menaces Files.

Valuable files dating back to 1903, crowded in every bit of available space about the structure, in danger of fire, were pointed out by Brown. The makeshift lineup room and insecure temporary cell block adjoining also were commented on by Brown as being unsafe to hold, even temporarily, prisoners of dangerous character.

Maj. Brown, while making the tour, said: "I am ashamed to ask policemen of other cities to come into the building because of its run-down condition."

Collins also denounced the condition of the Children's Receiving Home, and asserted that it should be abolished unless it can be improved substantially. He reiterated a proposal that a new main public library be built and suggested that funds might be obtained from the Public Works Administration.

"May Be Too Late."

"If we don't act now," he added, "it may be too late to get this Federal aid."

The subcommittee completed its formal tours of District institutions, but Collins intimated that other informal inspection trips may follow. He said hearings will begin on the District budget Tuesday morning.

Collins appeared impressed with the Budget Bureau proposal that the Industrial Home School on Wisconsin avenue and the Children's Receiving Home be abolished and their inmates distributed between the National Training School for Boys and the National Training School for Girls.

He intimated that this merger would be considered by the subcommittee during its hearings. The transfer of the National Training School for Boys from the Justice Department to the District would not be necessary, he said.

Says Rent Too High.

After observing the inadequate facilities for segregating infants from diseased and experienced juvenile delinquents at the Children's Receiving Home, Collins said:

"I would rather see it abolished than to continue it in its present condition."

He also criticized the $6,750 annual rent for the building as "too high."

The sub-committee visited the proposed site for a public health center, the two District incinerators and the Georgetown public library branch.

Chosen Dean

DR. NOBLE C. POWELL.

Sen. King Asks $10,000 Grant For D. C. Study

Senator King, chairman of the Senate District Committee, yesterday introduced a resolution asking for a $10,000 allocation to conduct a broad inquiry into the District government.

He said he expected to go before the Senate Committee on Audit and Control today and ask that the resolution be reported immediately, so that it might be approved by the Senate Monday.

Appointment of a sub-committee to conduct the inquiry will await passage of the resolution, King said.

The resolution authorizes the investigating committee to examine the "structure and operations" of the District government, its taxes and fiscal relations and other relative subjects.

It authorizes the committee to make its final report any time before January 1, 1938, and to make such interim reports as it deems necessary.

In a preface of "whereas," the resolution calls attention to the Jacobs fiscal relations study and points out that the committee in its report reached the conclusion that the "District government in its present form requires complete revision in the interest of more efficient administration," and that District residents need "a greater voice in the control of the local government."

Senator King said the initial stages of the inquiry will deal with proposals for reorganization of the District government.

Federal Job Shifting Upheld by Controller

The right of the Government establishments to shift employes from one position to another for the purpose of either delaying or speeding their retirement was upheld yesterday in a decision to the Civil Service Commission by Acting Conptroller General Elliott.

The commission had asked for the ruling, explaining it often was called upon to adjudicate retirement claims based on such practice.

Rev. Powell Accepts Post As Dean Here

Also Will Become th Warden of College of Preachers.

Acceptance of his election as Dea of Washington Cathedral and Warden of the College of Preachers by the Rev. Noble C. Powell, D. D., rector of Emmanual Church in Baltimore, was announced yesterday by the Right Rev. James E. Freeman, Episcopal Bishop of Washington.

"I am happy to announce that the Rev. Noble C. Powell has accepted election by the Cathedral Chapter as Dean of Washington Cathedral and Warden of the College of Preachers," Bishop Freeman said.

"Dr. Powell does not come to Mount St. Alban as a stranger.

"He has been associated with the College of Preachers as a student, adviser and teacher for some ten years. His deep and sympathetic understanding of the Cathedral and its allied institutions, especially the College of Preachers, fits him in a peculiar way to undertake the large responsibilities that are being conferred upon him."

Ability Attested.

Commenting upon Dr. Powell's appointment, the Right Rev. Philip M. Rhinelander, former Bishop of Pennsylvania, who has been Warden of the College of Preachers since it was established, said last night:

"Dr. Powell was a member of the first conference of the College of Preachers which assembled in June, 1925, four years before the new building was ready for use. From that time on he has been a close friend and helpful adviser of the warden, one of a small group who have served the college with devotion and ability."

The new dean is a native of Lowndesboro, Ala., where he was born on October 27, 1891. He spent his youth on his family's plantation and for four years was a student at Alabama Polytechnic Institute, where he did special work in entomology.

He served as an investigator for the Department of Agriculture, studying the advance of the boll weevil in Alabama.

University of Virginia Graduate.

He was graduated from the University of Virginia in 1917, and from Virginia Theological Seminary, at Alexandria, in 1920.

Ordained the same year, he became deacon in charge of St. Paul's Memorial Church at the University of Virginia, in Charlottesville.

In January, 1921, he was ordained a priest and became rector of that church and chaplain for the Episcopal students at the university.

He became a member of the Varsity Club at the university, Theta Chi social fraternity and the Raven Society. He also is a member of Beta Chapter of Phi Beta Kappa.

Dr. Powell became one of the leaders in the movement to interest college and university graduates in seeking admission to Holy Orders in the Episcopal Chruch.

On February 1, 1931, he became rector of Emmanual Church, in Baltimore, succeeding the late Rev Dr. Hugh Birckhead.

It has not yet been determine when he will take up his duties the Cathedral here, but it will probably not be before April 1.

Accident Kills Taxi Driver; 2 Hurt in Skids

Carl Averill, 30, of 35 Adams street northwest, died in Emergency Hospital yesterday from injuries suffered February 2, when a taxicab he was driving failed to negotiate a curve near T. B. Md. Two were injured in the District from accidents due to slippery streets.

Averill was taken to Casualty Hospital at the time of the accident but later was transferred to Emergency Hospital. He died of a fractured skull and internal injuries. Three passengers in his car were injured slightly and did not require hospital treatment.

Arthur Brown, jr., of 1442 Iris street northwest, was seriously injured yesterday when his automobile skidded into a bus at Sixteenth and Sheridan streets northwest. The bus was forced against the side of a parked car owned by Harry Tagai, 58, of 5944 Georgia avenue northwest.

The impact threw Brown from his automobile into the street. He was treated at Walter Reed Hospital for a possible concussion of the brain, and severe lacerations of the face.

A Capital Transit Co. worker, Wesley Pope, colored, 33, suffered a broken leg when struck by a skidding auto at Fourteenth street and South Vista drive in the Mall.

Pope, police said, was spreading sand along the street car tracks when he was struck by Peter Brown, colored, 19, of 1816 Corcoran street northwest.

Plan to Give Capitol Section New Face Aired by Committee

Majority of Witnesses Favor Proposal to Extend East Side of Building to Eliminate Over-Hanging Effect of Dome.

To lift or not to lift the central portion, east side, of the Capitol once more occupied the Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds yesterday, with witnesses for the affirmative outnumbering the opposition, 3 to 1.

The occasion was the opening of committee hearings on the bill introduced last week by Chairman Tom Connally, of Texas, which authorizes the expenditure of $4,000,000 to extend the original portion of the building eastward and reface its sandstone surface with marble.

The lone opponent of the scheme was Representative Otha D. Wearin, Democrat, who suggested last year that the National Capital be moved to his home State of Iowa.

Arrayed on the other side were David Lynn, architect of the Capitol; Dr. Charles Moore, chairman of the Fine Arts Commission, and Francis P. Sullivan, chairman of the public works and National Capital committees of the American Institute of Architects.

Holland Opposes Plan.

Dr. Leicester B Holland, chief of the fine arts division of the Library of Congress, also was present to argue against the Connally bill, but the meeting was forced to adjourn before he was called. Acting in his capacity as chairman of the committee on preservation of historic monuments, American Institute of Architects, Dr. Holland will testify when the hearings are resumed Tuesday.

Wearin, who assailed the alteration scheme when Connally originally proposed it in 1935, said that if the Capitol dome overhangs the portico—the principal fault cited by Architect Lynn—it is a "beautiful architectural defect."

Lynn said enactment of the measure would eliminate the "unstable appearance" presented by the skirt of the dome overhanging the central portico, make the old portion of the building conform structurally with the two wings by replacing the sandstone with marble and result in the addition of a considerable amount of much-needed office space.

Two Plans Approved.

Of the two alternate extension plans approved in the Connally bill, Lynn voiced his preference for the one which would project the middle section of the Capitol 32½ feet eastward. The other plan, under which the increase of office space afforded would be negligible, calls for a 12-foot projection.

Dr. Moore said the successive architect members of the Fine Arts Commission always believed the Capitol was unfinished, with extension of the old section being necessary to carry out the project for which George Washington laid the cornerstone.

He eulogized Thomas U. Walter, architect of the Capitol during the Civil War period and who, in 1864, said the eastward extension was an "architectural necessity," as one of the greatest of American architects. The dome and two wings were built during Walter's tenure.

Sullivan said he has been interested in the architectural features of the Capitol for 25 years. He quoted a paragraph in a French textbook labeling as "shocking" and a "vice" the overhang type of construction represented by the Capitol dome.

In a reply to a question by Senator Green, Sullivan declared he believed the casual observer would not detect the difference, if the building is altered as planned.

Reich Envoy Assigned.

London, Feb. 5 (AP).—Sir Nevile Meyrick Henderson, British Ambassador to Argentina, tonight was appointed ambassador to Berlin, where he will succeed Sir Eric Phipps. Sir Eric will be transferred to the Paris Embassy to replace Sir George Russell Clerk on the latter's retirement shortly.

Protection Asked In Chillum Heights

Better fire and police protection were demanded last night by the Chillum Heights Citizens Association, meeting in the J. R. Keene School.

Fire-fighting apparatus in the area, the association held, is inadequate, both from the standpoint of modernity and quantity. The association asked, among other things, that the apparatus of No. 11 Truck Company be replaced with new equipment.

The Keene School, now one-third finished, is rapidly being filled, the association said, and it urged that the two proposed wings be built as soon as possible.

The association also asked that policemen be stationed at the busy intersections near the school when children are going to school or leaving.

Fine Arts Commission Urges Adequate U.S. Fund for Capital

The Fine Arts Commission departed yesterday from its customary placidity to urge, in no uncertain terms, that a halt be effected in the perennial bickering over the cost of maintaining the Nation's Capital.

"It seems necessary to lay stress on this question of constitutional jurisdiction because of antagonisms which in recent years have repeatedly flared up between Congress and that nebulous entity, the District of Columbia," the commission said in its twelfth report.

The report is the first to be issued by the Federal arts group, headed by Dr. Charles Moore, since 1930.

According to the commission the "only true solution" to recurrent squabbles over the Federal contribution is "the appropriation by Congress of such sums annually as are required and are advisable to provide for thoroughly adequate support and development of our National Capital, leaving to be raised by taxation such amounts as in fairness the property owners within the District should pay."

Points emphasized by the commission were:

That Congress is the "sole responsible ruler" of the seat of government and therefore accountable for its developments and the administration of its affairs.

That Washington must be considered essentially a national city if it is to meet "the just expectations of the American people."

That officers of the Government stationed here are entitled to schools, parks, police and fire protection and other facilities consistent with their positions and dignity.

That, since Washington has become a show place for the people, it is "both the duty and the privilege of those temporarily in office to do all within their power to realize the expectations of their constituents."

The voluminous report traces the development of the Capital from the beginnings, citing such recent improvements as the extension of the park system, the advantages of the six-year-old Shipstead-Luce act and numerous others, as well as describing the commission's activities affecting other sections of the country.

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"HIGH STAR"
90-year-old Sioux Warrior
will be in our Boys' Department, Fourth Floor Today from 1 to 3 P. M.

High Star scouted with the American troops during the settling of the West! If you saw "The Plainsman," now at Loew's Palace, you'll be more than eager to see one of the actual Indian Scouts who were portrayed in that exciting movie.

"The Plainsman" now at Loew's Palace

Lansburgh's
SEVENTH, EIGHTH and F STREETS

Kay Francis Is Nicely Togged Out at Earle

'Stolen Holiday' Presents Story of Mannequ in Ably Cast.

"STOLEN HOLIDAY." First National picturization of a story by Warren Duff and Virginia Kellogg, adapted to the screen by Casey Robinson, starring Kay Francis, with Claude Rains, Ian Hunter, Alison Skipworth, Alexander D'Arcy, Betty Lawford, Walter Kingsford, Frank Reicher, Robert Strange, Kathleen Howard and Wedgewood Howell. Directed by Michael Curtiz. Reviewed Friday afternoon by Mary Harris.

Besides offering a thriller which many people will believe to be based on France's famed d'affaire Stavisky, despite the statement that both persons and events of the film are "entirely imaginary," "Stolen Holiday" supplies complete proof that Kay Francis is more Parisian than the Parisiennes.

Though the dependably sinister Claude Rains and the dependably likeable Ian Hunter supply an element of masculinity, the pervading atmosphere is that of the great dressmaking shops of Paris. Not that the film has too much of fashion show, but that Orry-Kelly has done himself so superbly well in creating clothes for Kay Francis that no matter what else is happening—love, shooting or arrests—you first get a good eyeful of the Francis togs. They are always smart, sometimes strange, invariably delightfully becoming.

Vaguely Mirrors Fact.

There is something pleasantly humorous about the screen announcement that the film story is entirely imaginary, this even though it deals with the career of a French arch-swindler who piles up millions through pawnshop frauds, has friends in the highest official circles and finally dies by a shot that could have been self or police inflicted. But whether the Hollywood writers made up this legend out of their own cute little heads or not, the resulting picture is a satisfying one.

No one but Claude Rains could have played the magnificent swindler so well. No one but Rains could have given the part the cutting mental quality it requires, the shallowness, cruelty and fatalism of the financial d'Artagnan, who comes to Paris with a few hundred francs and bluffs and bunkoes his way into the top-flight of the financial world. Any Rains performance is worth seeing in any picture, and this is one of his best.

Hunter Offers Contrast.

Ian Hunter is about as different from Claude Rains as one actor can be from another. But they both have one thing in common—they win audiences by sheer ability and without an iota of cheap sex appeal. True, Hunter is the Britisher who wins Kay Francis away from Rains, but he does it in a husky, stout fellow fashion you'll like.

Previous stress on Kay Francis' clothes implies no disparagement of her acting ability. For her performance is rather lovely as the mannequin who graduates into couturiere. But it just so happens that while she is one of the best actresses in Hollywood, she can wear clothes like no other woman in the world.

If there were not a feature at the Earle this week, the current newsreel could qualify for anybody's feature. It is one of the finest. Here are some of its top flashes: Riots in Flint showing a perfectly organized line of strikers advancing to knock the dickens out of auto factory windows and tossing gas bombs right back into the factory windows; Il Duce coasting stripped to the waist and showing the ugliest torso you've ever seen, also skiing and on the point of taking a tumble when the film was cut; Princess Juliana getting her cigarette lighted by her new husband; Harry Hopkins benevolently bouncing around the flood area; baseball players playing golf in Florida (very comical, too).

Subsidaries and Stage.

A really amusing musical short, "A Girl's Best Years" and a highly diverting color cartoon about a little pig and his big appetite, are the balance of the film fare.

A remarkable young dancing fellow with the Mattison Rhythms is the sensation of the stage show. We presume he was Mr. Mattison himself. If not, he ought to be. Particularly recommended are his steps to the "Rhapsody in Blue."

If you are one of those folks who bog down sadly in their seats when a card trick doer is announced, prepare for a pleasant surprise. De Paul will both startle and amuse you. He is young, clever, original and a showman. The Bradwins are acrobats and comedians and good in both lines.

Rachel Carley, singing star of the "Manhattan Merry-Go-Round," warbles a few of the numbers favored by her radio fans.

Columbia

"STOWAWAY." Twentieth Century-Fox picturization of a story by Sam Engel, with screen play by William Conselman and Pat Perrin, starring Shirley Temple, supported by Robert Young, Alice Faye, Eugene Pallette, Helen Westley, Arthur Treacher, J. Edward Bromberg, Astrid Allwyn and Allen Lane. Music and lyrics by Gordon and Revel. Directed by William A. Seiter. Reviewed (return engagement) by T. Johnson Williams.

While a striking similarity is thematically shown in many of her pictures, with her latest, "Stowaway," not excluded, Shirley Temple and her supporting cast generally succeed in raising the entertainment value of the work to sustained interest.

The wee Shirley, in the title role of "Stowaway," continues the good work and as the little girl who tosses off Chinese proverbs with the greatest of ease is seen in one of her more charming parts.

Nor is Shirly, her person and personality, all, for also have been added to the company Robert Young and Alice Faye, for the adult romantic interest; Eugene Pallette, for comedy; Arthur Treacher, for his inimitably read lines, and all the others for their own particular talents.

Here as in other of her screen dramas, Shirley's songs are not the least of the film's good points, and she sings three, with a clever dance routine in connection with "You Gotta S-M-I-L-E."

The supplementary progress includes "Little Cheeser," a Technicolor cartoon; "Just the Type," a comedy with Pat Rooney 3d, Herman Timberg, jr., and George Shelton, and a release of News of the Day.

Nelson B. Bell About The Show Shops

"Outcast" Is Well-Acted Melodrama at Loew's Capitol, But a Little Extreme

Warren William, Lewis Stone, Karen Morley Click in Leads.

"OUTCAST." Paramount picturization of a story by Frank R. Adams, adapted to the screen by Doris Malloy and Dore Schary, featuring Warren William, Karen Morley and Lewis S. Stone, with Jckie Moran, Murray Kinnell, Christian Rub, Jonathan Hale, Richard Carle, Esther Dale, John Wray, Thomas Jackson, Virginia Sale and Ruth Robinson. Directed by Robert Florey. Reviewed Friday afternoon at Loew's Capitol Theater.

Romance and melodrama, of a rather vicious sort are blended in this subject to form the basis of a story that is at times extremely interesting and at others scarcely credible.

BELL

I doubt that lynching parties are set off in precisely the manner that is depicted in this narrative of a young surgeon, hounded by the consequences of a trial for murder which he did not commit and of which he was acquitted by a jury of his peers. However, there are other qualities of merit in the picture that fairly offset its slight grotesqueries.

"Outcast," for example, is exceedingly well played by the veteran actors cast in the principal roles. Warren William is assigned to the role of the brilliant young surgeon who becomes involved in a scandal through no fault of his own, is discharged from his post on a metropolitan hospital staff and forced to seek oblivion in the little town of Orchard Ford, in the northern Midwest, one is led to believe.

Befriended by Attorney.

Here, under the friendly counsel of Lawyer Abbott, a retired barrister, he picks up the tangled skein of his life and is flourishing until the sister-in-law of the woman he was accused of having murdered arrives in town to perfect the persecution her invalid brother no longer is able to pursue. There develop from this situation events that are largely moving, until the episode of the railroad station and the ensuing trek to the wooded grove, where it is the plan to hang Dr. Wendell Phillip Jones by the neck until dead, because again he is falsely accused of taking a life.

It is Lewis S. Stone, that admirable, but aging, character actor, who assumes the role of Lawyer Abbott and he makes of the character one of the most believable in his long list of fine achievements on both stage and screen. Karen Morley is the feminine Nemesis, who follows Dr. Jones to his last asylum. Miss Morley has a much more expansive part here than in "Beloved Enemy" and plays it bitterly and well. John Wray and Esther Dale are seen in the roles of the parents of Freddie Simmerson, whose life is sacrificed through the stupidity of his mother and not by the doctor. Freddie is played by Jackie Moran with the same boyish charm he betrayed with Gladys George in "Valiant Is the Word for Carrie."

Others in the cast who contribute generously to the film's worth are Christian Rub, as Abbott's faithful handy man; Murray Kinnell, Jonathan Hale and Richard Carle. The locale of the greater part of the action is a little Wisconsin town in the dead of winter. Some of the snow scenes—after our own feeble effort day before yesterday—are scenically beautiful.

Noble Band Scores Again.

On the stage at Loew's Capitol this week, Ray Noble and his orchestra and specialists provide the major portion of the entertainment. Mr. Noble's band is one of the most perfectly modulated and most melodious organizations that ever reach Washington stages. His program yesterday seemed to me to be especially well selected and to embrace a great deal more lilting, legato melody than "hot" brass blatancy. The orchestral medley of its conductor's own compositions was a musical gem and the fox trot arrangement of Strauss' "Blue Danube" also was a sterling example of genuine musicianship and good taste.

Among the specialists appearing with the Noble orchestra, not mentioning the various instrumental combinations plucked from its ensemble, are Lynn Martin, contralto; the Merry Macs, male vocalists; Gloria Blankley, dancer from "On Your Toes," and Howard Barrie, a barytone of the first rank. Miss Martin and the Merry Macs scored effectively in "It's Love I'm After" and a comic item concerning Ginger Jim, who encountered serious difficulties on the railroad track when the milk train was due. They also went to town, as the saying goes, with Irving Berlin's "Slumming on Park Avenue."

Man with Iron Jaws.

The stage bill is opened by Rector and Doreen, an iron-jawed act in which the male member of the team hangs high up the proscenium by one foot and holds prodigious weights in his teeth. The deuce spot is occupied by Lowe, Hite and Stanley—a midget, a normal adult and an 8-foot giant, although in what order I do not know—who execute a great deal of slapstick comedy before getting into some dances that they do amazingly well, considering the disparities that exist among their physical dimensions.

"Any Old Port," a comedy co-starring Buster West and Tom Patricola, two dancing fools; the Fox Movietone News.

RKO-Keith's

"A GREAT GUY." Grand National picturization of the Johnny Cave stories, by James Edward Grant, adapted to the screen by Henry McCarty and Henry Johnson, starring James Cagney, supported by Mae Clarke, Henry Kolker, Matty Fain and Edward Brophy. Directed by John G. Blystone. Reviewed Friday night by Dorothea Lewis.

It's nice to have James "Reds" Cagney back again, particularly as he returns at the top of his brisk, brusque form.

This time the pugnacious young man is very much on the side of law and order. As Chief Deputy Johnny Cave, of the department of weights and measures, he has neat rackets to run to earth, various dodges concocted by butchers and bakers and produce men to cheat housewives and city institutions of pounds and pennies.

To complicate matters for Johnny, his very best girl works for "the man higher up" and likes him.

The story is concise, straightforward, well paced and nicely balanced between suspense and humor. Cagney is his usual natural likable self, blessed with an excellent sense of timing and eloquent hands. The combination of story and star is entertaining.

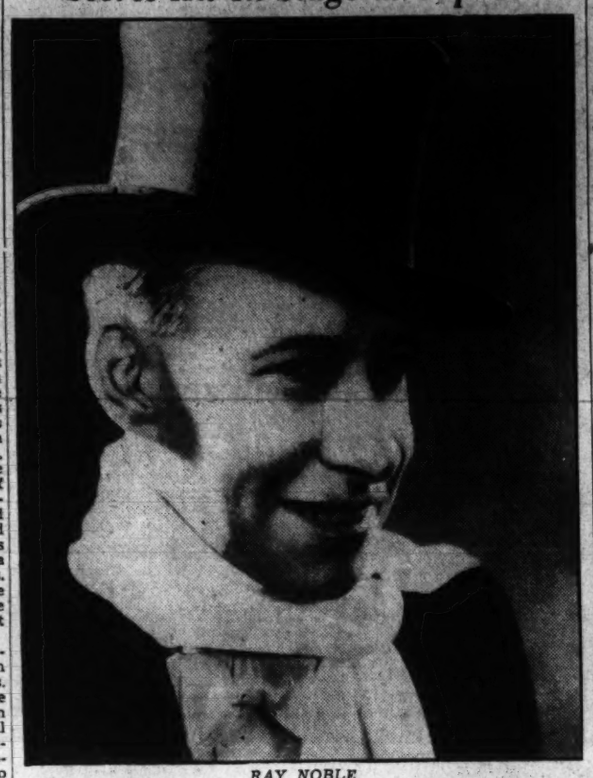
Added and extra special features are a trio of irresistible Irishmen, Mr. Patrick Aloysius Haley, Capt. Pat Hanlon of the city's finest, and a Mr. Reilly. Wonder fellows, all. James Burke is Haley, Edward McNamara is Hanlow and Edward Brophy is Reilly.

It is pleasant also to welcome Mae Clark, another recent absentee, though she has little to do but wear hats Johnny doesn't like. They seem all right to us.

We must make a criticism, unusual in this day and age of camera perfection. Several stretches of "A Great Guy" seemed far from right—there were blurs—haziness, faintness and little spots dancing around. We think it is not our glasses' fault.

The program is almost overwhelmed by short subjects, but one is so fine it deserves very special mention. That is Radio Pictures' "Deep South," featuring the superb voices of the Hall Johnson Choir and Clarence Muse and the simple, moving, natural story of cotton-picking men and women who stop work to go to a wedding and to build a cabin for the newlyweds. It is top-notch and the music is grand.

Scores Hit on Stage at Capitol



RAY NOBLE,

popular orchestra conductor, who returns to the National Capital this week to headline the vaudeville half of the program being presented at Loew's Capitol Theater. Mr. Noble, in addition to his skilled instrumentalists, brings with him a number of clever singing and dancing specialists.

Metropolitan

"BULLDOG DRUMMOND ESCAPES." Paramount picturization of the play "Bulldog Drummond Again," by H. C. (Sapper) McNeile and Gerard Fairlie, with screen play by Edward T. Lowe, featuring Ray Milland and Heather Angel, supported by Sir Guy Standing, Porter Hall, Reginald Denny, E. E. Clive, Fay Holden, Walter Kingsford, Patrick Kelly, Charles McNaughton, Clyde Cook and Frank Elliott. Directed by James Hogan. Reviewed Friday afternoon by W. A. Whitney.

In a pea-soup fog—one of the thickest you have ever seen—Capt. Hugh Drummond comes into a London airport to make a perfect three-point landing. After the marvelous feat, one can expect the aforementioned "Bulldog" Drummond to escape from anything—and he does.

"Bulldog Drummond Escapes" continues the adventures in an acceptable manner of one of mystery fiction's better-known characters. While he is somewhat less subtle in his work, his unraveling of crimes makes for entertainment full of action. Here the story is of a maiden in distress—held against her wishes by a "bearded villain"—and Drummond comes to her rescue. How he does it and what he uncovers in the doing better be left to the reader's own discovery at the Metropolitan Theater.

As Bulldog Drummond, Ray Milland brings a youthfulness to the part which is not always in keeping with the character's reputation (as portrayed by others, especially Ronald Coleman). But Mr. Milland is sufficiently athletic, impetuous and keenly alert to delineate this important personage in fine manner.

Heather Angel is the girl in question and a very lovely reason indeed for the Bulldog's impetuosity. Particular mention should be made of Miss Angel, for here for the first time in easy recollection a heroine has taken active part in putting the quietus on the hero's opponent in those fistic encounters. And Miss Angel sure swings a wicked right!

Sir Guy Standing is Colonel Nielson, the Scotland Yard man, who knows what it is all about but who is going about it in the more quiet, orthodox Yard manner. E. E. Clive makes an excellent and co-operating butler. The comedy of the piece is added by Reginald Denny, who, as Algy Langworth, is in the throes of fatherhood. Others in the cast include Fay Holden, Walter Kingsford, Patrick Kelly, Charles McNaughton, Clyde Cook and Frank Elliott.

"Porky's Road Race" is tops on the subsidiary program, picturing an auto race with the cars manned by Laurel and Hardy, Charles Chaplin, Greta Garbo, Edna Mae Oliver, Charles Laughton, Stepin Fetchit, George Arliss, John Barrymore and others, with Noris Karloff furnishing the villainy.

"Western Sketches" is a Technicolor scenic of Arizona, with some exquisite shots of scenery, clouds and rainbows. "A Horse's Tale" is a passable comedy, with Joe and Asbestos, of horses and horse racing.

AMUSEMENTS

Constitution Hall, Tomorrow Aft., 4 P. M.
ITURBI
Celebrated Spanish Pianist—In Recital.
Seats $1.10, $1.65, $2.20. Mrs. Dorsey's, 1300 G
Constitution Hall, Tues. Eve., Feb. 16, 8:30
FLAGSTAD
Seats, $1.65, $2.20, $2.75
Mrs. Dorsey's, 1300 G St.

Palace

"The PLAINSMAN." Cecil B. De Mille's picturization for Paramount of a story derived from material in stories by Courtney Ryley Cooper and Frank J. Wilstach, compiled by Jeanie MacPherson, and adapted to the screen by Waldemar Young, Harold Lamb and Lynn Riggs, costarring Gary Cooper and Jean Arthur, with James Ellison, Charles Bickford, Helen Burgesen, Porter Hall, Paul Harvey, Victor Varconi, John Miljan, Frank McGlynn, sr., Frank Albertson, Charles Judels, Francis MacDonald, George MacQuarrie and Fuzzy Knight. Directed by Mr. De Mille. Reviewed (second week) by Sally Stroud.

Podner, they shore air a-pilin' in to see Wild Bill Hikok and Buffalo Bill make the frontier safe, which was what President Lincoln said they should do. You know, after the War Between the States was over, there was a problem of what to do with the former fighting men. And there was the problem of what certain munitions merchants should do with excess repeating rifles. Their being sold to the Indians in the West is the key around which the plot revolves.

Of course, Wild Bill was the worst corpse-maker on the plains. He 'varn't skeered a nothin'. And Calamity Jane, the gal what kinda had a yen for him, warn't no piker, nuther. She could make a bull whip do more tricks than Doug Fairbanks used to. Buffalo Bill takes a squaw, and she almost made him put away his shooting irons. But when Gen. Custer called for him, he was ready.

When Hikok learns about how arms are being smuggled in to the Indians, he resolves to do something about it. In the doing he and Calamity almost lose their scalps. Eventually, something does happen to Wild Bill, but it would not be cricket to tell what and how. But he kicks out with his boots on. Which is all you need to know.

There are all kinds of villains, including scoundrels Charles Bickford and Fred Kohler, not to mention Yellow Horse, the big chief on the war path. That the latter voices some small bit of propaganda for benefit of the Indian might be noted.

Abounding in excellent photography, studded with bits of superlative merit, timed by excellent music by George Anthiel, this is a play you will find zestful and compelling. If you don't yell aloud at least once, you are a sissy. Gary Cooper, as Wild Bill, is superb. But James Ellison, though an excellent actor, seems more the musketeer type than a plainsman of the Indian wars.

Mickey's new playmate, a cunning elephant, is introduced as rival to his famous dog companion. A Pete Smith short elicits laughter. The newsreel shows some good flood shots.

The bill can be recommended without fear of offending anyone who still yearns for the good ole days when men were men, etc.

AMUSEMENTS

EARLE THEATER TONIGHT
at 11:30 P. M.
MIDNIGHT SHOW
BENEFIT RELIEF
FLOOD SUFFERERS
On Screen
KAY FRANCIS, "STOLEN HOLIDAY"
Plus Gala
2 HOUR STAGE SHOW
Including
THREE-X SISTERS-RACHEL CARLEY—LE PAUL—MATTISON RHYTHMS—THE BREDWINS
Also
LEON LEONIDOFF
Courtesy Shoreham
NICK HOPE—YASHA NIKOGOSSOF
MARUSIA SAVA—ELEANA LOLIK
EMIL MADINOFF—MISCHA MARKOFF
GYPSY CHORUS OF 10
Courtesy of Troika
HELEN FORREST
Courtesy Madrillon
FRANK McCORMICK and RUTH KIDD
EIGHT CO-EDS
Courtesy Cocoanut Grove
SEATS NOW ON SALE
ALL WARNER BROS. THEATERS IN CITY
Admission $1.00
All Proceeds to American Red Cross

Law Requires Early Curtain For 'Dead End'

Juveniles Appear in Play in Tenement Life at National.

Washington playgoers planning to see Sidney Kingsley's drama of tenement life, "Dead End," which opens at the National Theater February 15, will not be able to linger over their demitasse. The reason is an 8 o'clock curtain.

Several members of the cast are under 17 years of age and, as the District child labor law requires they cannot appear on the stage after 10 p. m., the early start is planned so the play will be over by that hour.

Officials of the company tried hard to get District officials to permit the play to run until 10:30 p. m. Conferences were held with Corporation Counsel Elwood H. Seal, but representatives of school authorities refused to compromise the law.

Several Boys Club leaders are interested in the showing of the play. Frank R. Jelleff, president of the Washington Boys Club, was instrumental in bringing the play here. The Washington Community Chest is also interested in having the play shown in Washington. Judge Fay Bentley of the District Juvenile Court is another who wishes Washingtonians to see the drama.

The play, which is set in a tenement district on New York's East Side, shows how squalid conditions and lack of opportunity make criminals of boys. The original show, still playing in New York, has run for a year and a half. Kingsley, the author, is winner of the Pulitzer prize for his play, "Men in White."

Takoma

"EIGHT AT TILLUMCOT." The Little Theater of Takoma Park presents the comedy-drama in three acts by E. Francis McDevitt, directed by the author At the Presbyterian Church Hall, Takoma Park, Md., February 4 and 5. Reviewed Thursday evening by W. A. Whitney.

"Time—The Present", read the program, and with extraordinary display of co-operation on the part of the weatherman, the Little Theater of Takoma Park Thursday night presented "Eight at Tillumcot," whose action takes place while a severe snow storm rages outside.

Such a fortunate coincidence of fact and fiction was probably the outstanding feature of the evening. For while the players—ten of them—gave E. Francis McDevitt's comedy-drama a fair enough reading, with the author furnishing a somewhat transparent, verbose script, the production was in the larger view just fair.

Basically it was the author's idea to expound upon the Gilbertian theme that everything is not always what it seems, that under exteriors of refinement and scholastic attainment may lurk antithetical characteristics.

Thus were revealed pasts supposedly secret, of how nose-tilted Sylvia Tillum was once a laundress' daughter, of how Travel Writer Howard Needham had always used ghost writers, of how smooth Secretary Nicholas Rogers was a former convict playing for so called easy money.

Hugh M. Smythe, as the philosophizing professor who manages to contrive the successful ending of the various themes, was the outstanding performer, with Will Carlton, as the publisher, and Edith Oriano, his wife, coming next. Others in the company included Ralph Edmonds, as the author; Paul F. Grove, jr., as the secretary; Charlotte Knott and Gainor Bentz, as the snowbound lovers; Agnes Carleton, as Mr. Smythe's wife; H. J. Stevens, as the butler, and Jack Vogel as the chauffeur.

Film Table

Loew's Capitol—"Outcast," at 11:05 a. m., 1:40, 4:30, 7:15 and 9:55 p. m. Stage shows, at 12:50, 3:40, 6:25 and 9:05 p. m.

Earle—"Stolen Holiday," at 11 a. m., 1:25, 4:15, 7:05 and 9:55 p. m. Stage shows, at 12:40, 3:30, 6:20 and 9:10 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"Great Guy," at 12:01, 2:01, 4:01, 6:01, 8:01 and 10:01 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Bulldog Drummond Escapes," at 11:50 a. m., 1:50, 3:50, 5:50, 7:50 and 9:50 p. m.

Palace—"The Plainsman," at 11:45 a. m., 2:10, 4:40, 7:05 and 9:35 p. m.

Columbia—"Stowaway," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:25, 5:30, 7:40 and 9:40 p. m.

Rialto—"Scarface," at 1:57, 4:33, 7:14 and 9:56 p. m. "Tillie and Gus," at 1, 3:36, 6:12 and 8:53 p. m.

Little Theater—"Strange Interlude," at 10:15 a. m., 12:27, 2:47, 5:06, 7:26 and 9:46 p. m.

Tivoli—"More Than A Secretary," at 1:45, 3:55, 6, 7:50 and 9:40 p. m.

Ambassador—"Hideaway Girl," at 2:20, 4:20, 6:20, 8:05 and 10:50 p. m.

Uptown—"Charlie Chan At The Opera," at 1:55, 4:05, 6:15, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

The Post's New Yorker

By LEONARD LYONS

New York, Feb. 5.

RABBI WISE: Piatagorsky, the world-renowned 'cellist who played with Stokowski's orchestra last week, is now staying at the home of Rabbi Feinschreiber in Philadelphia—studying the rituals. He's married to a Rothschild, and is changing his religion . . . A. A. U.: Jesse Owens, who just signed to conduct a band, isn't getting as much money for his whole orchestra as was offered him for a solo act when he returned from the Olympics . . . Gen. France: Here's the real reason why Lucienne Boyer isn't in New York this season: Last year she rejected all Broadway offers for 1937—to make what she had hoped would be a triumphant tour of Spain!

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THE ZIEGFELD CLUB: *Babe Fenton, who led Texas Guinan's famous chorus line, has returned to Broadway. She's the new hat-check girl at the Yacht Club . . . Lee Shubert: The members of the cast of "Frederika" sent $100 to me for the flood relief fund . . . I've forwarded it . . . What makes the contribution doubly generous is the fact that it was collected before the "Frederika" opening—without the cast knowing whether the show is a hit, or how much employment they'll get . . . Critics' Circle: The report is that the next play by George S. Kaufman and Moss Hart will have all the characters playing their real selves—for instance, if Margaret Sullavan is in it, she'll play the role of Margaret Sullavan, etc.*

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THE RITZ BROS.: Adolphe Menjou is insisting that he'll never appear in another movie with you—because of the hot foot you gave him while making "One in a Million." It burned his $55 pair of shoes, and he's still sore—even after Zanuck paid him the $55 . . . **Musicians Union:** The Japanese government has requested a short-wave broadcast of swing music. Benny Goodman will do the broadcast to Japan Saturday night. The announcements, in Japanese, will be made by Burton Crane, of the financial department of the N. Y. Times . . . **Enoch Light:** When reporters phoned Theodore Dreiser yesterday to confirm the report that his wife would sing with your band, they asked him if it was true that he had been married all this time. "Yes, yes!" Dreiser shouted. "We're married. Do you want a blood test?"

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FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT: *Robert Taylor and Jean Harlow were very much awed, while Mrs. Roosevelt was showing them through the White House. She realized their nervousness—stopped them in the center of the room, and shouted for the maid: "Oh, Mag-gie!" . . .* **Red Cross:** *Two worthy midnight benefit shows for your flood relief fund—at the Hollywood Restaurant tonight, and at Brooklyn's Fox Theater Friday . . .* **J. Edgar Hoover:** *Abe Lyman's band went to Washington last Saturday, and played at seven hotels where the President's birthday was being celebrated. They received no pay, not even expenses. Besides, all their hats were stolen! . . .* **Frank Tinney:** *Marion "Kiki" Roberts' next engagement will be at the Klown Klub in the Bronx. She'll follow Mary Nolan there.*

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SONJA HENIE: Robert Benchley left today for Aspen, Colo., the famous winter sports center, to participate in the skiing and skating shows there. Benchley's baggage consisted only of white tie, dress shirt, tails, high hat and pumps! . . . **Sir Hubert Wilkins:** Your wife, Lady Suzanne Wilkins, opened as a singer at the Mon Paris last night. Her gowns, by Princess Ketto Mikeladze, were ordered one year ago—and couldn't be taken from the shoppe until Lady Wilkins' engagement was announced in the night club columns . . . **J. D. Rockefeller:** Every night there's a line of customers waiting outside the Radio City Music Hall, waiting to buy tickets. Only few people know that a wait can be avoided—that there's a small box office for that theater in the tunnel under the R-K-O Building.

In Hollywood

With JIMMY FIDDLER

Forced Fadeouts.

HOLLYWOOD, FEB. 5.

Amidst all the yowlings of stars who want to choose their own stories and casts it is grimly amusing that most of those who have had such privilege have managed to shed their popularity. Ruth Chatterton, George Arliss, Gloria Swanson, Constance Bennett, for examples. Their experiences at selecting their own screen roles have satisfied me that most stars know less about story value than I know about what Haile Selassie should do about his future.

RUTH CHATTERTON.

Delving more deeply into this subject, I can name a dozen actors who became stars in spite of their own bad judgment. Take the case of Spencer Tracy. He has long been rated by fellow workers as a fine actor, yet he was never any great shakes at box offices.

Against his will, Spencer was cast as the priest in "San Francisco." He protested, and he brought in piles of letters from friends who warned him that the part would "murder" his career. Instead, it made Tracy. Within a few weeks after the picture reached theaters, he was elevated to stardom "by public demand."

Clark Gable recaptured faded prestige similarly. He was slipping fast when Columbia studio began casting a picture titled "It Happened One Night." Columbia wanted Robert Montgomery, but Bob said no. So the studio asked for Gable as second choice. Clark tried his darndest to get out of the assignment, but he was forced to play the part—and look what it did for him.

As a final instance, Claudette Colbert was a mere leading lady until Carole Lombard rejected the feminine lead in "It Happened One Night" and Margaret Sullavan refused to appear in "Imitation of Life." Claudette captured both roles. And I forget how many millions of dollars she lost last year because, not being twins, she was unable to accept all the roles offered.

Rubinoff, the violinist, is quite a talker. The story has reached my ears that one day a director was telling a confidential (which means, in this case, disparaging) story about a certain star. In the middle of his anecdote he interrupted himself to warn Rubinoff, "Don't tell this story to a soul." "My friend," Rubinoff expostulated, "one reason my mother made me take violin lessons was so I'd know how to give my chin a rest!"

Remember Gene Morgan, the green-hatted orchestra leader and vaudeville master of ceremonies? He is building a beach house at Laguna. "Building it with my own lily white hands," he told me the other day, "and when it's finished, I want you to come down for a week-end." Then he muttered, "At the rate I'm going now, you better plan on dropping in about June of 1940."

The absurdities of Ted Healy would make excellent background for a nuthouse story for the screen. Not long ago Ted requested his three new stooges to come to his house to work out a series of movie gags. They arrived at 2 p. m., and the four men were busily concocting laugh-provokers when Healy looked at his watch and said, "Wait for me. I'll be back in 20 minutes." The stooges waited. Hours passed. About midnight they went home. Next morning they received a telegram from Ted. Passing an aviation field, he had become imbued with a sudden urge to travel. The telegram came from Dallas, Tex.

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AMUSEMENTS AMUSEMENTS

FLOOD RELIEF BENEFIT
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6TH AT 10:30 A. M.
A GRAND SHOW for CHILDREN and PARENTS
on the stage:
JOE BROWN and HIS RADIO KIDDIES
POLICE BOYS CLUB BAND
on the screen:
Official Red Cross Flood Films, Comedies and Cartoons
ALL RECEIPTS FOR FLOOD RELIEF
TICKETS ON SALE NOW
Children 25c Adults 35c
RIALTO NINTH ST. ABOVE G

AMUSEMENTS

RIALTO NINTH STREET ABOVE G
Paul MUNI in "SCARFACE" with GEORGE RAFT and ANN DVORAK
and
W. C. FIELDS Alison Skipworth in "TILLIE and GUS" Pearl Hayes at the Organ
25c to 5:30, 30c-40c Thereafter
Sunday—Jeanette MacDonald in "Monte Carlo" Also Karloff & Lugosi in Poe's "The Raven"
LITTLE THEATER 13th ST. ABOVE F
WE'RE GOING BACK THE BIG ONES
CLARK GABLE NORMA SHEARER in STRANGE INTERLUDE
Sunday Elisabeth Bergner in "As You Like It"
RKO NOW! KEITH'S 15th at G A WASHINGTON INSTITUTION
Triumphantly HE Returns
JAMES CAGNEY "GREAT GUY"
AND PATHE NEWS EXCLUSIVE
"The DIONNE QUINTUPLETS"
COMING . . . MIRIAM HOPKINS in "MEN ARE NOT GODS"
BELASCO
NEXT WEEK Beg. Mon. FEB. 8
ANNE NICHOLS (Abie's Irish Rose) Presents (Stage Play)
"Hey Diddle Diddle"
A NEW COMEDY By Bartlett Cormack (Author "The Racket")
WITH A GLORIOUS CAST
Conway TEARLE — Russell HARDIE
Martha SLEEPER — Alice WHITE
Lucille BALL — Adele ROWLAND
Evgs. 55c-$2.20—Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 55c to $1.65.
GAYETY BURLESK
STARTING SUNDAY MATINEE
CHEESE AND CRACKERS
RE'S HERE AGAIN
BILLY (BANG 'EM) HAGEN AND HIS ALL NEW SHOW
WITH
LOVELY LOUISE STEWART
ADDED SPECIAL FEATURE
AUNT HATTIE
YOU'LL RAVE ABOUT HER

AMUSEMENTS

MIDNIGHT SHOW—BENEFIT FLOOD RELIEF
Tonight At 11:30 p.m.—Seats Now $1.00
EARLE
NOW SHOWING
KAY FRANCIS
In Warner Bros. Hit
"STOLEN HOLIDAY"
On Stage
RACHEL CARLEY
And Other Acts
"Stolen Holiday" Can Also Be Seen Tomorrow, Mon., & Tues., at the Ambassador
— Next Attraction —
Pat O'Brien in "The Great O'Malley" with Humphrey Bogart
METROPOLITAN NOW
RAY MILLAND & HEATHER ANGEL
In Paramount's
"BULLDOG DRUMMOND ESCAPES"
THRILLS! with SIR GUY STANDING DRAMA!
Prices, Mat. 25c-Eve. 25c & 40c
Loew's CAPITOL F-A-T 14TH
NOW
The OUTCAST
with WARREN WILLIAM-KAREN MORLEY LEWIS STONE
Stage IN PERSON! RAY NOBLE and his WORLD FAMOUS ORCHESTRA
OTHER ACTS
Loew's PALACE F-A-T 13TH
HELD OVER
GARY COOPER JEAN ARTHUR
In Cecil B. De Mille's "The PLAINSMAN"
Loew's COLUMBIA F-A-T 12TH
NOW
Shirley TEMPLE in "STOWAWAY"
25c to 5:30 NIGHTS 25c-40c
NATIONAL TODAY—2:10 NIGHT—8:10 SHARP
GUTHRIE McCLINTIC Presents
JOHN GIELGUD JUDITH ANDERSON
In William Shakespeare's
HAMLET
with
ARTHUR BYRON LILLIAN GISH
LAST TWO TIMES
Next Week Beg. Mon. FEB. 8 Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat.
Seat Sale at Box Office Now
Nights and Sat. Mat., 55c to $2.75, Wed. Mat., 55c to $2.20.
Tallulah BANKHEAD in "REFLECTED GLORY"
A New Comedy by GEORGE KELLY with Clay Clement-Ann Andrews-Phillip Reed and the ORIGINAL BROADWAY CAST

TODAY'S Neighborhood MOVIES

ASHLEY 805 7th St. S.W. NA. 8224
Charles Starrett, "Code of the Range."
Walter Kelly, "Tugboat Princess."
(NEW) CIRCLE 2105 Pa. Ave. Phone West 0053
Sally Eilers, Robert Armstrong in "WITHOUT ORDERS."
Cartoon—Comedy.
DUMBARTON 1343 Wisconsin Ave.
Buck Jones in "RIDE 'EM COWBOY."
Comedy—News.
FAIRLAWN ANACOSTIA, D. C.
Buck Jones in "EMPTY SADDLES."
Musical With Dick Foran.
Matinee Only, Chapter No. 5, "ACE DRUMMOND."
LIDO 3227 M St. N.W.
Charles Starrett in "Secret Patrol."
J. Gleason, "Murder on the Bridle Path."
Chapter No. 1, "Ace Drummond."
SECO 8244 Ga. Ave., Silver Spring, Md.
Barton McLane, June Travis in "BENGAL TIGER."
Tom Tyler in "Roaming Wild."
Chapter No. 2, "Phantom Rider."
Matinee 1 P. M.
STATE-BETHESDA 6910 Wisc. Ave. Bethesda, Md.
DOUBLE FEATURE
Joe E. Brown in "POLO JOE."
Jack Holt in "CRASH DONOVAN."
News—Cartoon—Sport Reel.
STATE Falls Church, Va.
George Brent in "GOD'S COUNTRY AND THE WOMAN."
TAKOMA 4th and Butternut Sts. No Parking Troubles.
—Continuous From 1 P. M.
Jane Withers, "Can This Be Dixie?"
Zane Grey's "King of Royal Mounted."
WILSON Opp. Colonial Village Arlington, Va.
Mary Astor in "LADY FROM NOWHERE."
HIPPODROME E St. at 9th
Today, Tom., Mon.
Jack Benny, Burns and Allen in "BIG BROADCAST OF 1937."
March of Time.
CAMEO MT. RAINIER, MD.
Double Show
New Starting Time 1 to 11 P. M.
Theater Opens 12:30 P. M.
Robert Armstrong, "Without Orders."
Tex Ritter, "Arizona Days."
ARCADE Hyattsville, Md.
Double Show
New Starting Time 1 to 11 P. M.
Theater Opens 12:30 P. M.
Ralph Bellamy, "Wild Brian Kent."
Wheeler & Woolsey, "Mummy's Boys."
RICHMOND ALEXANDRIA, VA.
Today.
Bobby Breen, "Rainbow on the River."
JESSE THEATER 18th & Irving Sts. N.E.
Edmund Lowe, Elissa Landi in "MAD HOLIDAY."
Marsha Hunt, Paul Kelly in "ACCUSING FINGER."
Serial—Cartoon.
Matinee 1 P. M.
SYLVAN 1st and R. I. Ave. N.W.
Eleanore Whitney, Tom Brown in "ROSE BOWL."
Buck Jones in "BOSS RIDER OF GUN CREEK."
Serial—Cartoon.
Matinee 1 P. M.
PALM THEATER DEL. RAY, VA.
Jane Withers, Slim Summerville in "CAN THIS BE DIXIE?"
Comedy—Cartoon—Serial.
Matinee 1 P. M.
Direction Sidney Lust BERNHEIMER'S
Post Want Ads Pay

Gould Refuses to Sign for Louis Fight as Site Shift Is Proposed

SPORTS

The Washington Post

SPORTS

**** X WASHINGTON: SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1937 19

This Morning . . .

With Shirley Povich.

(News item—John L. Lewis and his Committee for Industrial Organization reported planning to unionize baseball players.)

Able organizer that he may be, Mr. John L. Lewis if he is indeed, toying with the idea of a ballplayers' union, is foredoomed to failure because—well, because the ballplayers do not want to be unionized.

POVICH.

Mr. Lewis, who successfully defied the American Federation of Labor with his C. I. O. and is currently giving valiant battle to the three-billion-dollar General Motors Corporation, at Detroit, Flint and other points, would find not only the club owners, but the ballplayers, as well, kicking up a terrific fuss if he attempted to organize the baseball business along union lines.

The objections of the club owners would be quite obvious. They would resent the interference with their business and their monopolies and their wage scales, and their reaction would figuratively bring down the plaster from the ceiling.

And the ballplayers, well, as long as rugged individualism remains a human trait ballplayers will always rank high in that respect. The creed of the ballplayer has long been apparent: Get what you can and let the other fellow take care of his own salary matters.

In the 50-odd years of organized baseball there is on record no case where a ballplayer refused to sign salary terms because he felt that another ballplayer was being underpaid. Joe Dokes, if offered a salary he deems commensurate with his ability or, perhaps, just a bit more than he expected, has always been content to sign and permit his teammates to worry about their own wages.

If unionization meant a wage scale for the different positions on the ball team that Mr. Lewis would, indeed, find himself with a heluva problem. Picture the scenes on the field if a shortstop or a second baseman in the act of fielding a ball stopped to reflect, for instance, that the busher who pitched the ball was classified in a higher wage scale. You picture it and draw your own conclusions.

And as far as the working conditions of big league ballplayers are concerned, anything that Mr. Lewis and his C. I. O. might do to improve them would simply add to the luxuries of an already pampered class which travels on the best trains, stops at the grandest hotels, is provided with trainers and locker-room boys to look after their personal needs, and is required to work only about four hours a day.

And if you want to paint the picture blacker for the ballplayers, you can always cite their starvation salaries which range from $3,000 to $31,000 per season, on which they are expected to subsist.

Mr. Lewis and his C. I. O. might, at that, improve matters a bit for the ballplayers. At present they receive only about six months' vacation per season. Something, perhaps, should be done about that. Lincoln was supposed to have freed the slaves back in '63.

In only one respect could Mr. Lewis possibly improve the conditions for the ballplayers as this department sees it. The wording of the players' contracts has always been a sore spot with the players and, in fact, leaves them defenseless if the club owner chooses to terminate a contract.

The official organized baseball contract is, in fact, binding only on the ballplayer—not on the club owner—a unilateral contract, in effect. When a player signs for a $10,000 salary, say, for the season, the club owner is not obligated to pay him the $10,000 any longer than he chooses to retain the ballplayer. On ten-days' notice, the club owner is privileged, under the terms of the contract, to give the player his outright release.

For some time now this department has been intending to retract what very apparently was a statement which falsified the true athletic set-up at the United States Naval Academy and at West Point.

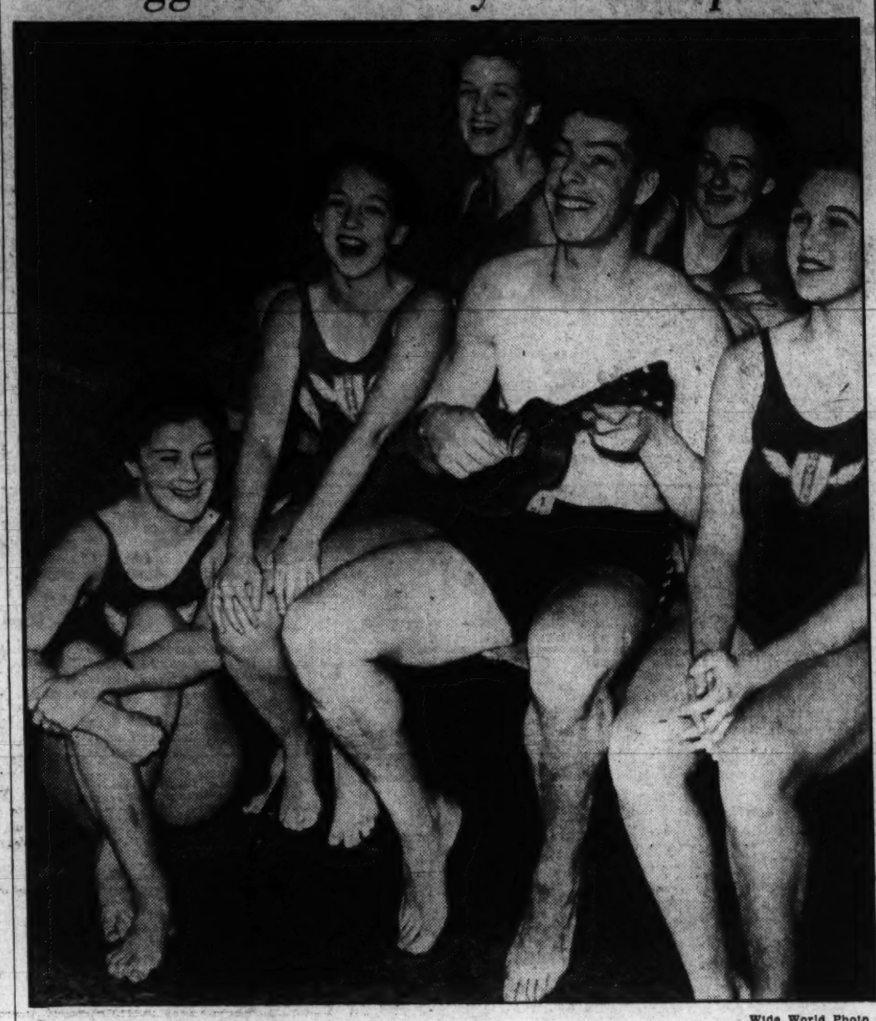
If it was who in my ignorance made so bold as to wonder, in print, what became of all the proceeds of the Army-Navy football games which totaled several hundred thousands of dollars, pointing out in my blundering way that the two service institutions' athletic funds were appropriated by Congress.

Since then, it has been conveyed to me most emphatically by both Army and Navy men that mine was a terrific faux pas. I am pleased to give the true facts.

Congress does not, in fact, appropriate funds for the support of athletics at West Point and Annapolis. Athletics at both institutions are self-supporting by grace, chiefly, of the proceeds of the annual Army-Navy football game.

It is directly due to the Army-Navy game receipts that Annapolis, for instance, is able to sponsor scores of teams in various other sports and to maintain a sports calendar that for sheer attractiveness to both the Midshipmen and the fans is probably the most remarkable of all college schedules. I apologize.

DiMaggio Unworried by Contract Squabble



Wide World Photo.

Unconcerned, apparently, by the failure of the Yankees to meet his salary demands thus far, Outfielder Joe DiMaggio is pictured serenading a bevy of beauties at a San Francisco pool.

15 Suggested Grid Rules Changes

Code Now in 'Pretty Good' Shape, Says Kipke on Eve of Meeting.

Detroit, Feb. 5 (AP).—Harry G. Kipke, Michigan football coach, and president of the American Football Coaches Association, believes the association's rules committee meeting here tomorrow will recommend few changes to the National College Athletic Association. Members of the committee began arriving here tonight for the annual clinic on the condition of rules governing the gridiron sport.

"The rules are in pretty good shape," Kipke said tonight.

"There are a few changes that might well be made, but in general I am in favor of letting the rules alone until we all have time to learn them."

Kipke said that 15 suggestions had come from the 35 or 40 coaches who will attend tomorrow's meeting. On most of them, he added, sentiment seemed to be about evenly divided, although there was a general demand for clarification of the rule defining interference on forward passes.

The suggestions include:

Legalization of forward passes from any spot behind the line of scrimmage. A passer now must be 5 yards back.

Modification to permit either team to advance a loose ball. Only the offensive team may now recover and advance the ball under those circumstances.

Return of the goal posts from their present location on the end line to the goal line.

A mandatory requirement that players wear numbers on both back and chest. That is now "suggested" in the rules.

Cites $36,000 Cleared From Hot Dog Sales at Yankee Stadium.

By the Associated Press.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—Joe Di Maggio, New York Yankee outfielder, today offered a brand new argument for more salary, while at Fresno Pitcher Monte Pearson announced he also is a Yankee holdout.

Di Maggio said the head of the hot dog vendors in Yankee Stadium paid income tax on $36,000 in 1935.

Assuming the hot dog business was as good in 1936, Di Maggio figures the chief vendor made at least three times as much last season as he did. By the same token the weenie hustler pocketed more than any of the Yankee players who drew in the crowds to buy hot dogs.

Di Maggio did not reveal where he obtained his figures, how much the Yankees have offered or how much he wants for 1937, but the belief is he will settle for $15,000 to $17,000.

Pearson said he returned unsigned a contract offering him a $200 raise; announced he was holding out for a substantial boost.

Miss Hemphill Defeated by Patty Berg

By the Associated Press.

Coral Gables, Fla., Feb. 5.—Patty Berg, the Minneapolis redhead, defeated Kathryn Hemphill, of Columbia, S. C., 5 and 3, today to enter the final of the Miami Biltmore Women's Golf Tournament.

Patty's opponent tomorrow will be Jean Bauer, of Providence, who overcame Marion Miley, of Lexington, Ky., in a bitter duel that ended one up.

In the quarter-finals this morning Miss Berg defeated Jane Cothran, of Greenville, S. C., 5 and 4, while Miss Bauer defeated Dorothy Traung, of San Francisco, 4 and 3.

Cards Haven't Offered Dean Contract

Most of Players Already Signed; Rickey Has an Explanation.

New York, Feb. 5.—Branch Rickey, general manager of the St. Louis Cards, revealed today at the National League schedule meeting that most of his players have been signed, but admitted Dizzy Dean has not even received a contract. President Sam Breadon of the Cards explained this by saying:

"There's no sense in sending Dizzy a contract. He's been saying all winter he'd send it back anyway, so we decided to wait as long as we can to keep down the shouting."

President Bill Benswanger, of the Pittsburgh Pirates and General Manager Warren Giles of the Cincinnati Reds both admitted they were still interested in Dizzy, though Giles said "we'd like to have definite assurance before we bought or traded for him that he'd sign at a reasonable figure."

Benswanger said he expected to discuss the Dean situation with Rickey and Breadon, and added that he'd be willing to take his chances on signing the great one if he got him.

Schaefer Takes Lead Over Hoppe

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Jake Schaefer, of Chicago, took a lead of 337 points over Willie Hoppe, of New York, as he won the eighth block of their 2,500-point 28.2 balkline billiard match, 250 to 179, today.

The victory gave Schaefer an advantage of 2,000 to 1,663.

Eastern Beats Central Five, 32 to 27

Western Routs Wilson in Opener, 37 to 10, in Night Games.

Eastern High resumed its old habit of beating Central in basketball last night and tucked away its twenty-eighth victory in its last 29 interhigh series games, 32 to 27, before 2,000 spectators in Tech gymnasium. The game was the nightcap of the first night doubleheader in interhigh basketball in which Western coasted to a 37-10 triumph over Wilson in the opener to go into second half behind Eastern's champions.

The white shirts from Lincoln Park found Central starting off in the same onerous fashion with which the blue shirts stopped Eastern a few weeks ago, 24-17. Led by Capt. Billy Vermillion, who scored 6 of Central's first 8 points, the Mount Pleasanters took an 8-7 lead in the first quarter and widened it to 15-12 in the second. The game was producing the fastest, pell-mell play of the series.

The only Easterner causing Central much trouble was Russell Lombardy, the dogged lad with his hair falling down in his eyes, who looped in three of Eastern's four baskets in the first half. All three of them were long shots which swished through the mesh without touching the rim and five of his six baskets before the night was over were of the long-distance variety. Lombardy was high scorer with 12 points, Vermillion piling up 11.

Lombardy Again.

Charlie Clark put Central ahead, 17-14, early in the third period with a one-hand shot after Clint Quantrille had dropped a long shot, but that lead was the height of Central's fortunes. Quantrille scored a freak shot on a tap play at the foul line, tapping in from the 15-foot distance and Lee Lusby and Soup Hancock widened the lead to 20-17.

Vermillion and Clark sent the Central stands into some hoarse cherring to make the score 22-20 in Central's favor but the busy Lombardy came back with another of his long-distance bulls-eyes to give Eastern the lead it held to the finish. The champs had a 24-22 lead as the last period ended. The final stanza opened with Lombardy varying his scoring activities with a shot under the basket.

Mymie Goldblatt dropped a long one to keep Central in the running but Quantrille made good a

Continued on Page 21, Column 4.

Frick Ignores Hints of a Union For Big Leaguers

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Ford Frick, president of the National League, said today "I take absolutely no credence" in published reports that John L. Lewis might attempt to organize a baseball players' union.

Frick said he has no intention of bringing the article, published in a sporting magazine (Collyer's Eye) before the club owners of the National League in session today for the purpose of ratifying the 1937 schedule.

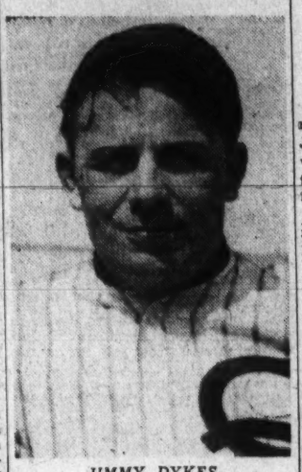
St. John's Thumps Little Hoyas, 40-22

Despite the marksmanship of Capt. Bob O'Shaughnessy, of Georgetown Prep, the latter absorbed a 40-to-22 beating from the St. John's High last night on the Johnnies' court in the fourth game of the annual Catholic Prep School series.

St. John's.	G	FG	P	G'town Prep.	G	FG	P
Giebel, f.	3	2	8	O'Shaughnessy, f.	4	3	11
Neuland, f.	0	0	0	Boylan, f.	0	1	1
Bradz, f.	0	0	0	Byrd, f.	2	1	5
Swazarl, f.	7	1	15	Murray, f.	0	0	0
Burch, f.	3	2	8	Kelly, c.	1	1	3
G. R'kopf, c.	0	4	4	Sheehan, c.	0	0	0
Batchelder, g.	2	0	4	Cummings, g.	0	0	0
R. R'kopf, g.	0	0	0	Hanbaugh, g.	0	0	0
Battiste, g.	0	1	1	Nurre, g.	1	0	2
Holland, g.	0	0	0	Prendorf, g.	0	0	0
Totals	15	10	40	Totals	8	6	22

Referee—O'Meara.

Dykes, at 40, To Play Third, Asserts Dykes



JIMMY DYKES.

By the Associated Press.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Jimmy Dykes, nearing 40, but not any fatter than he was last October, will do double duty for the Chicago White Sox again this year.

That is, he will do double duty unless a 19-year-old star from Los Angeles, Steve Mesner, can run his boss off third base and back to the bench.

Dykes, whose 1936 White Sox astonished the rest of the American League by finishing a half-game out of second place, came to Chicago today from Oaklane Oakmont, Upper Darby, Pa., to discuss training plans and holdouts with Owner Lou Comiskey. And stated that youth would have a tough time getting one old-timer out of action.

"Who will play third base for us? Well, from the way he feels now," he beamed, "It probably will be Dykes. I feel fine and haven't added a pound. I'm going to give young Steve Mesner every chance to take the job away from me, but he'll

Continued on Page 21, Column 1.

Budge to Meet Grant in Net Play Final

Grant, Nettled at Trouser Rip, Blasts Foe; Budge Deuced 13 Times.

By the Associated Press.

Surfside, Fla., Feb. 5.—Donald Budge, the Nation's top-ranking amateur, and Byran M. Grant, the Atlanta giant-killer, who defeated the red-haired Californian in two previous Florida meetings this year, advanced today to the finals of the Surf Club's annual tournament.

Budge and the third-ranked Grant will meet Sunday in the third act of the winter tennis circuit's most absorbing drama.

Budge pounded out a straight set victory over Arthur Hendrix, of Lakeland, Fla., 6—1, 6—2, 6—1. Bitsy dynamited Charles R. Harris, of Palm Beach, last year's winner, 3—6, 6—0, 6—0, 6—3.

Grant Has Troubles.

Grant and Harris star out to play a grim match, battling each other through protracted volleys from the baselines and trying to win on steadiness.

The loss of the first set stung the little Georgian, several close line decisions that went against him annoyed him and a fall that ripped the seat from his trousers irritated him further.

He took a tuck in his belt and swept through the next 14 games like a whirlwind. For five in a row Harris failed to win a point. It was not until the third game of the fourth set, when Grant was serving, that Harris won another game.

Budge appeared in top form. He served a number of aces and placed his shots well, continually passing Hendrix at the net.

Soldier Field Demanded As Scene

Balk Is First Indication Braddock's Camp Is Not Pleased.

Manager Says He'll Sign When Site Definitely Is Signed For.

By the Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 5.—Joe Gould, manager of Heavyweight Champion Jimmy Braddock, said tonight he would not go to Chicago Monday to sign for a Braddock-Joe Louis fight as he had planned.

The proposal to shift the fight from Soldier Field to Comiskey Park caused him to cancel arrangements for the trip, he said.

"The site of the fight is very important to me," Gould explained. "When I came to terms with Sheldon Clark to have Braddock fight Louis, I understood the fight would be held in Soldier Field. Now I hear they're talking about holding it somewhere else. I don't intend to sign a contract until I have assurance about the site.

"I have every confidence Mr. Clark will live up to the terms of his agreement," Gould added, "but I'm not going to Chicago until I have definite assurance."

Gould's announcement came as the first indication that the Braddock camp was not entirely pleased with the arrangements that had been made so far.

The first news of the fight plans came last Sunday when Gould announced he has accepted an offer of $500,000 for Braddock to fight Louis at Soldier Field, Chicago, in June. Since then he has confined his remarks to the possibilities of interference by Madison Square Garden, which has the champion under contract to fight Max Schmeling here, June 3.

Meanwhile Promoter Mike Jacobs, who handles Louis' affairs, has been surveying the facilities in Chicago and today indicated a shift to the White Sox baseball park was likely. The Chicago Park board, which controls the big lake front stadium, is asking 15 per cent of the gate, while Lou Comiskey, owner of the White Sox, is understood to have offered the ball park for 5 per cent.

Chicago, Feb. 5 (AP).—Joe Foley, matchmaker for the proposed heavyweight title bout between Champion James J. Braddock and Joe Louis, said tonight that "every effort is being made to obtain Soldier Field as the site for the battle" in commenting on a statement in New York by Braddock's manager, Joe Gould, that he would not come here Monday to sign for the bout.

Dartmouth Wins Ski Race.

Hanover, N. H., Feb. 5 (AP).—Dartmouth, defending champion, today won the twenty-seventh annual Dartmouth winter down-hill ski race, defeating ten teams representing American, Canadian and Swiss colleges. Dartmouth captured first, third and fourth places in a field of 40, scoring 100 points to 96.7 piled up by the Swiss, who finished second.

17 Track Champions Entered In Millrose A.A. Games Tonight

By the Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 5.—Three Olympic champions and 14 holders of world records will lead an assault on board track marks tomorrow night in the annual Millrose games at Madison Square Garden.

Once again the mile, bringing together five runners who have beaten 4:11, will headline the all-star program. This time, however, the spotlight will be on Don Lash, Indiana senior, who chased Kansas' Glenn Cunningham home at Boston last week. World record holder at two miles, Lash has elected to double up in the two-mile, which will be run 90 minutes after the Wanamaker mile.

Cunningham, who holds both the outdoor and indoor mile records, beat Lash by five yards at Boston in 4:11.9 after overcoming an 80-yard lead with a 59.2 last quarter. If Lash again elects to go out and burn up the track, Cunningham's indoor record of 4:08.4 may be in danger. The Garden boards are considered three or four seconds faster than the Boston track.

Venzke, San Romani to Run.

Gene Venzke, veteran New York A. C. runner, Archie San Romani, of Emporia (Kans.) Teachers, conqueror of Jack Lovelock and Cunningham at Princeton last fall, and Charles Feiske, of Wisconsin, complete the field. Miklos Szabo, Hungarian 1,500-meter titlist, withdrew because of illness.

The three Olympic titlists—Earle Meadows, of Southern California, Cornelius Johnson, of Compton, Calif., Junior College, and John Woodruff, of Pittsburgh—will be confronted with opposition equal to that which they met and defeated at Berlin.

Varoff Is Entered.

Arrayed against Meadows in the pole vault will be George Varoff, University of Oregon sophomore, who holds the outdoor world record, but failed to qualify for the Olympic team, and Sueo Oye, the Japanese who tied for runner-up honors at Berlin.

Johnson, the Olympic high jump record holer at 6 feet 8 inches, and two of his opponents, Dave Albritton, Ohio State, and Ed Burke, Marquette, among them hold all the world records, indoors and outdoors. Johnson shares the indoor mark of 6 feet 8 15-16 inches with Burke and the outdoor record of 6 feet 9¾ inches with Albritton.

Woodruff, Olympic 800-meter champion, will attempt an even more difficult task. The big Negro, entered in the classic Millrose 600 never has competed indoors and it is doubtful if he can adapt his long stride to the narrow turns. He will be asked to meet such proven indoor performers as Syracuse's Eddie O'Brien, who swept the boards last year; Charles Beetham, National A. A. U. 800-meter outdoor champion, and James Herbert, New York University Negro who won the Prout 600 at Boston.

Hoyas, Terps Enter Potent Relay Teams

Georgetown and Maryland will be well represented in the Millrose games tonight with both schools entered in the 1-mile relays and Maryland supplying an additional contestant in Coleman Headley, 1,000-yard star.

The Hoyas will be seeking their second mile triumph of the season when they line up against Rhode Island State and New York University, reputedly the two fastest quartets on the boards.

Maryland, which will be pitted against Penn, Manhattan and Holy Cross, was clocked in 3:27 flat in a trial run last week, and Coach Geary Eppley has high hopes that his boys will surprise tonight. The team will be comprised of Ed Miller, a sophomore; Bill Theis, Hermie Evans and Frank Cronin, all juniors, running in that order. Johnny Schutz and Joe Peaslee are the alternates.

Georgetown's baton will be carried by Vincent Healey, George Bogan, Leroy Green and Jim McPoland, the same group which won last week.

Official National League Schedule, 1937

	AT BOSTON	AT BROOKLYN	AT NEW YORK	AT PHILADELPHIA	AT PITTSBURGH	AT CINCINNATI	AT CHICAGO	AT ST. LOUIS	ABROAD
BOSTON	Complete	April 26, 27 May 29, 30 July 12, 13 Aug. 20, 21, 22 Sept. (6, 6)	April 23, 24, 25 July 2, 3 Aug. 10, 11, 12 Sept. 5, 27, 28	April 28, 29, 30 May (31, 31), June 1 July 4 Sept. 3, 4, 25 26	May 21, 22 June 22, 23, 24 July 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 21, 22, 23	May 18, 19, 20 June 25, 26, 27 July 27, 28, 29 Sept. 19, 20	May 23, 24 June 15, 16, 17 Aug. 6, 7, 8 Sept. 14, 15, 16	May 25, 26, 27 June 18, 19, 20 Aug. 3, 4, 5 Sept. 17, 18	Decoration Day at Philadelphia Labor Day at Brooklyn
BROOKLYN	May 14, 15, 16 June 29, 30, July 1 Aug. 13, 14, 15 Sept. 29, 30	Sports	April 28, 29, 30 May (31, 31), June 1 July 4 Sept. 3, 4, 25, 26	April 23, 24, 25 July 2, 3 Aug. 10, 11, 12 Sept. 5, 27, 28	May 25, 26, 27 June 18, 19, 20 Aug. 3, 4, 5 Sept. 17, 18	May 23, 24 June 15, 16, 17 Aug. 6, 7, 8 Sept. 14, 15, 16	May 18, 19, 20 June 25, 26, 27 July 27, 28, 29 Sept. 19, 20	May 21, 22 June 22, 23, 24 July 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 21, 22, 23	Decoration Day at New York
NEW YORK	May 1, 2, 3 July (5, 5) Aug. 17, 18, 19 Sept. 10, 11, 12	April 26, 27, 28 July 9, 10, 11 Sept. 5, 6 Oct. 1, 2 3	Coverage	April 26, 27 May 29, 30 July 12, 13 Aug. 20, 21, 22 Sept. 29, 30	May 28, 24 June 15, 16, 17 Aug. 6, 7, 8 Sept. 14, 15, 16	May 25, 26, 27 June 18, 19, 20 Aug. 3, 4, 5 Sept. 17, 18	May 21, 22 June 22, 23, 24 July 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 21, 22, 23	May 18, 19, 20 June 25, 26, 27 July 27, 28, 29 Sept 19, 20	Independence Day at Boston
PHILADELPHIA	April (19, 19), 21, 22 July 9, 10, 11 Sept. 5, 6 Oct. 2, 3	May 1, 2, 3 July (5, 5) Aug. 17, 18, 19 Sept. 10, 11, 12	May 14, 15, 16 July 29, 30, July 1 Aug. 13, 14, 15 Sept. (6, 6)	Sunday–	May 18, 19, 20 June 25, 26, 27 July 27, 28, 29 Sept. 19, 20	May 21, 22 June 22, 23, 24 July 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 21, 22, 23	May 25, 26, 27 June 18, 19, 20 Aug. 3, 4, 5 Sept. 17, 18	May 28, 24 June 15, 15, 17 Aug. 6, 7, 8 Sept. 14, 15, 16	Patriots Day at Boston Independence Day at Brooklyn Labor Day at New York
PITTSBURGH	May 9, 10, 11 June 2, 3, 4 July 23, 24, 25 Aug. 24, 25	June 11, 12 13 July 20, 21, 22 May 4, 5, 6 Aug. 29, 30	May 12, 13 June 5, 6, 7 July 14, 15, 16 Aug. 26, 27, 28	–Daily–	April 23, 24, 25 July (5, 5) Sept. 8, 9, 10 Oct. 1, 2, 3	May 1, 2, 3 May (31, 31) June 29, 30, July 1 Sept. 24, 25, 26	April 20, 21, 22 July 2, 3, 4 Aug. 10, 11, 12 Sept. 4, 5	May 25, 26, 27 June 18, 19, 20 Aug. 3, 4, 5 Sept. 17, 18	Decoration Day at Cincinnati Labor Day at St. Louis
CINCINNATI	May 7, 8 June 8, 9, 10 July 17, 18, 19 Aug. 31, Sept. 1, 2	May 12, 13 June 5, 6, 7 July 14, 15, 16 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 4, 5, 6 June 11, 12, 13 July 20, 21, 22 Aug. 29, 30	May 9, 10, 11 June 2, 3, 4 July (23, 24, 25 Aug. 24, 25	Always–	May 15, 16, 17 July 12 Aug. 20, 21, 22 Sept. 27, 28, 29, 30	—In	April 20, 21, 22 July 2, 3, 4 Aug. 17, 18, 19 Sept. 4, 5	Independence Day at Pittsburgh Labor Day at Chicago
CHICAGO	May 12, 13 June 5, 6, 7 July 14, 15, 16 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 7, 8 June 8, 9, 10 July 17, 18, 19 Aug. 31, Sept. 1, 2	May 9, 10, 11 June 2, 3, 4 July 23, 24, 25 Aug. 24, 25	May 4, 5, 6 June 11, 12, 13 July 20, 21, 22 Aug. 29, 30	April 29, 30 July 9, 10, 11 Aug. 17, 18, 19 Sept. 11, 12, 13	May 15, 16, 17 July 12 Aug. 20, 21, 22 Sept. 27, 28, 29, 30	May 1, 2 July (5, 6) Sept. 7, 8, 9, 10 Oct. 1, 2, 3	The Post	Decoration Day at St. Louis
ST. LOUIS	May 4, 5, 6 June 11, 12, 13 July 20, 21, 22 Aug. 29, 30	May 9, 10, 11 June 2, 3, 4 July 23, 24 25 Aug. 24, 25	May 7, 8 June 8, 9, 10 July 17, 18, 19 Aug. 31, Sept. 1, 2	May 12, 13 June 5, 6, 7 July 14, 15, 16 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 14, 15, 16 July 12, 13 Aug. 30, 31, 23 Sept. 28, 29, 30	April 26, 21, 22 July 2, 3, 4 Aug. 17, 18, 19 Sept. 4, 5	May 1, 2 July (5, 6) Sept. 7, 8, 9, 10 Oct. 1, 2, 3	May 21, 22 June 22, 23, 24 July 30, 31, Aug. 1 Sept. 21, 22, 23	Independence Day at Chicago
AT HOME	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Patriots Day Independence Day	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Independence Day Labor Day	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Decoration Day Labor Day	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Decoration Day	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Independence Day	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Decoration Day	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Independence Day Labor Day	12 Saturdays 12 Sundays Decoration Day Labor Day	ALL STAR GAME AT WASHINGTON July 7

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Top Dog Impresses in Winning Feature Contest at Hialeah

Higher Cloud Loses Photo Decision

Blind Pig Finishes 3d in 7-Furlong Test; Maeriel Fourth.

By the Associated Press.

Hialeah Park, Fla., Feb. 5.—Top Dog, a 5-year-old son of Bull Dog which has just been made the lone supplementary entry to the $50,000 added, mile and a quarter Widener challenge cup, further encouraged his owner, former Jockey A. J. (White) Abel, by winning the St. Augustine purse of seven furlongs here this afternoon.

Powerfully ridden by Hubert Le Blanc, leading apprentice at the meeting, Top Dog charged up on the outside in a blanket photo finish and won by a nose. Mrs. Emil Denemark's Higher Cloud in turn nosed out F. L. Flanders' Blind Pig, a Denemark castoff, for the place.

The winner, paying $7.60, was second choice to Blind Pig. Over a track made slow by overnight rain, Top Dog got home in 1:24 flat under a mere 101 pounds. The gelding's owner, once a jockey for Harry Payne Whitney, has occasionally ridden his own horses at the current session but says he is through trying to ride as well as own and train his charges.

Two well-regarded horses made their winter debuts in the St. Augustine. DeWitt Page's Maeriel was a fast closing fourth, while William Woodward's Isolater showed speed most of the trip, tiring as if in need of the outing. Of the eight starters, all save Higher Cloud and Blind Pig were named for the Widener challenge cup.

Higher Cloud and Blind Pig staged a desparate duel for supremacy into the last sixteenth. Meanwhile, Top Dog had been kept in a contending position. He gained steadily through the stretch and got up to win right on the wire.

G. W. Five Faces Mount St. Mary's

George Washington University's court team will travel to Frederick, Md., tonight to battle the Mount St. Mary's College five in the State armory. It will be for the benefit of the flood relief fund. The game was originally scheduled to be played at Emmitsburg, but was shifted.

The Colonials won easily over the Mounts in their first encounter in the H street gymnasium but since then the Marylanders have greatly improved, recently going into the lead in the State conference.

The game will start at 9:30 p. m.

Woodward Prep Downs St. Paul's Five, 24 to 9

Woodward Prep turned back St. Paul's Academy, 24-9, yesterday on the Y. M. C. A. court, taking a 10-4 lead in the first half. Crenshaw with eight points led the victors' scoring attack with Grimes tallying five of the losers' points. St. Paul's took a 2-0 lead in the first quarter but Woodward rallied to erase the lead and led 16-6 going into the final period.

Woodward.	G	FG	P	St. Paul.	G	FG	P
Wilson, f	1	0	2	Cave, f	1	0	2
Ducey, f	3	3	3	Kirby, f	0	0	0
Rauh, f	0	0	0	Riese, f	0	0	2
Hurley, f	1	0	2	Curtain, f	0	0	0
Joyce, c	2	0	4	Walsh, c	0	0	0
Hodgekins, c	1	0	2	Grimes, g	2	1	5
Sch'yard, g	0	0	0	Gull, g	0	0	0
Crenshaw, g	4	0	8				
Leonard, g	1	0	2				
Saunders, g	0	0	0				
Totals	10	3	23	Totals	4	1	9

Referee—Hodes.

Santa Anita Results.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST—Three furlongs; purse, $1,000; for 2-year-old maidens.

Claudian, 118 (Richardson) 26.20 10.20 4.60
Grim Reaper, 118 (Gilbert) 5.00 3.40
Bright News, 118 (Richards) 2.80
Tunica, *Comprehend, Fun and Folly, *Dick Elec, Greenski, Sure Touch, *Flying Zac, Rack up, Solarium, Bottleneck and Alston also ran. Time, 0:33 4-5.

*Field.

SECOND—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $1,000; claims; for 4-year-olds and upward.

Maildun, 107 (Guymon) ... 53.00 20.60 9.20
Drinkwater, 114 (Richardson) ... 5.80 3.60
Judge Lueders, 109 (Connell) 5.60
Moresonia, Tiny Kitty, Auriferous, Lazada, Sweet Today, Pouri Mol, Mary Cardinal and Bolamola also ran. Time, 1:54 3-5.

THIRD—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; handicap; for 3-year-olds and upward.

Lady Bewithus, 102 (Longden) 18.40 6.40 4.00
Capillo, 118 (Workman) 3.20 2.80
San Luis Rey, 112 (Haas) 4.20
Skipton, Davidor, Ziff, Kent, Pompa, Lady Florise and Home Loan also ran. Time, 1:11 3-5.

FOURTH—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; allowances; grade D; for 4-year-olds and upward.

City Slicker, 112 (Corbett) 10.20 5.80 4.00
Mumsie, 107 (Longden) 33.80 14.80
Faithful Maud, 113 (Webster) 4.20
The Pelican, Border Queen, Wilda, Teralice, Jimmie Cabanise, Royal Flint, Dark Zeni, Illeanna and Royal Blunder also ran. Time, 1:11 3-5.

FIFTH—Six furlongs; purse, $1,200; allowances; for 3-year-olds.

Whichcee, 116 (Richards) ... 8.80 5.40 3.80
Half Time, 108 (Richardson) ... 4.60 3.60
Rockwood, 108 (Neves) 5.80
Alice G., Bagpipe, Alexandrine, Danger Point, †Pipe Down, †Stand In and Sun Castiare also ran. Time, 1:10 4-5.

†A. G. Vanderbilt entry.

SIXTH—Six furlongs; purse, $1,000; allowances; for 4-year-olds and upward.

Cloud d'Or, 115 (James) ... 8.80 3.20 2.60
Exhibit, 115 (Pollard) 3.20 2.50
Boilermaker, 103 (Kastner) 3.80
Manners Man, Happy Knot, Gay World, Nonpareil Lad and Fickle Chance also ran. Time, 1:10 4-5.

SEVENTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,000; claiming; 3-year-olds.

Inacolita, 101 (Roberts) ... 9.60 3.80 3.00
Old Maid, 103 (Decamillis) 3.20 2.60
Skeetshooter, 110 (Robertson) 3.40
Silver Palm, Lady Valorous, Sun Spice, Alice Jean also ran. Time, 1:47 1-5.

EIGHTH—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $1,200; Grade C Handicap; 4-year-olds and upward.

Mars, 108 (James) 3.80 3.20 2.40
Fra Diavolo, 112 (Young) 9.00 4.00
Pundit, 108 (Longden) 3.00
Hell Image, *Jaber, Safe and Sound also ran. Time, 1:45 3-5.

*Ran first, but was disqualified.

Chart of Races at Hialeah Park

By the Associated Press.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1937.

WEATHER, CLEAR. TRACK, GOOD.

FIRST RACE—Nursery course, 3 furlongs (straightaway). Purse, $800. For maiden 2-year-old colts and geldings. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 2:03. Off at 2:07. Winner, Townsend B. Martin's ch. c. (2), by Victorian—Dust Flower. Trained by W. Burrows. Value to winner, $600; second, $125; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 0:33 3-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	Start	Stretch	Finish	Straight
BIGEY	(Steffen)	118	2	1	1½	1nk	$2.15
NOTORIETY	(Westrope)	118	10	8	2½	2h	12.45
SCARCE	(Dabson)	118	9	7	3½	3½	5.65
MAESAK	(Litzenberger)	118	11	6	5½	4h	15.80
BOLD TURK	(Balaski)	118	3	3	4½	5½	5.00
OUR KETCHAM	(Cooper)	118	7	9	7½	6½	11.65
GAYSET	(Corona)	118	13	8	6½	7½	*20.10
HIGH ONE	(Anderson)	118	6	5	8h	8h	5.50
DOMINANT DARBY	(Long)	118	4	4	9½	9h	114.25
TRIPLANE	(Stout)	118	14	11	10½	10h	*
CAMARADERIE	(J. Renick)	118	12	13	13½	11½	*
WALRUS	(LeBlanc)	118	5	10	11½	12h	211.90
YOUNG PLAYTIME	(Landolt)	118	8	14	12½	13h	160.05
ACE FESSENDEN	(Kurtsinger)	118	1	12	14	14	19.90

*Field.

Two-dollar mutuels paid—BIGEY, $6.30, $3.50, $2.50; NOTORIETY, $10.10, $5.20; SCARCE, $3.80.

BIGEY, well ridden, got away fast, ran straight and just lasted to win. NOTORIETY was hustled along from the start. SCARCE broke a bit slow but quickly settled into his stride and finished with a rush. MAESAK closed gamely.

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs. Purse, $800; claiming. The Flood Relief. For 3-year-old fillies and mares, nonwinners since November 1. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 2:32. Off at 2:40½. Winner, Medway Stable's ch. f. (4), by Rustic—Quietude. Trained by G. Alexandra. Value to winner, $600; second, $125; third, $50; fourth, $25. Time, 1:13 1-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.	Straight
PEACEFUL	(Rosen)	118	5	9	8h	5½	1½	1h	$11.50
SWEET GUINEA	(Mattioli)	113	12	12	9½	7h	4h	2h	17.80
BLUE DONNA	(Schmidt)	110	9	1	2h	2½	2½	3½	4.10
WEE PRINCESS	(Wright)	117	6	2	1½	1h	5h	4h	51.50
MIDNIGHT FLYER	(Coucci)	113	1	4	3h	3h	3h	5h	4.05
MANDA'S BABY	(Wagner)	105½	7	3	4½	4h	6½	6h	4.30
DAY DAWN	(Seabo)	106	4	10	11½	12	9h	7h	8.45
STONECROP	(LeBlanc)	112	3	6	6½	2½	8½	8½	42.75
MADONNA	(Bierman)	98	2	7	5½	6h	7½	9h	51.40
JEANNE FETZKO	(Barba)	98	11	11	12	10h	10h	10½	4.45
ANNE G	(Balaski)	113	8	5	7h	9½	11h	11½	17.35
LADY HOCKBERGER	(Stout)	114	10	8	10h	11h	12	12	19.00

Two-dollar mutuels paid—PEACEFUL, $25.00, $12.10, $7.60; SWEET GUINEA, $19.40, $10.40; BLUE DONNA, $5.40.

PEACEFUL, circled field on turn, came very wide in stretch, took lead and won going away. SWEET GUINEA broke last, but made up ground gradually and finished with a rush.

$2.00 DAILY DOUBLE, FIRST AND SECOND RACES, PAID $56.20.

THIRD RACE—One mile (chute). Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 3-year-olds. Start poor. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 3:06. Off at 3:12. Winner, W. H. Gallagher's ll. b. g. (3), by Twink—Let Her Fly. Trained by J. L. Donovan. Value to winner, $700; second, $150; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:39 4-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
SAY WHEN	(Barba)	113	1	1	2h	4h	31½	2h	1½	$7.10
GOLDEN THOUGHT	(Bierman)	108	4	3	1h	2h	2h	1h	2h	5.70
DAYTONIAN	(Dabson)	111	6	9	8½	5h	4h	3h	3h	7.15
THE QUEEN	(Litzenberger)	112	8	12	11h	9h	6h	5h	4h	11.20
SUNCRAX	(LeBlanc)	103	3	2	1h	1½	1½	4h	5h	5.50
SCOTCH BOY	(Critchfield)	109	12	10	10h	10h	8½	6½	6h	33.15
MONON LAD	(Stout)	108	11	8	7½	3½	5h	7½	7½	3.95
CHALPHONE	(S. Renick)	106	2	7	5½	8½	7½	8h	8h	99.75
UVALDE	(Paradise)	111	7	11	12	12	12	9½	9½	135.90
COMPANY	(Morris)	111	10	6	4h	6h	9½	10h	10h	5.15
MORE POISE	(Westrope)	116	9	5	6½	7h	10h	11½	11½	47.15
PHLOX	(Kurtsinger)	107	5	4	3h	11½	11½	12	12	18.25

Two-dollar mutuels paid—SAY WHEN, $16.20, $7.80, $5.20; GOLDEN THOUGHT, $6.60, $4.40; DAYTONIAN, $5.10.

SAY WHEN got away good, but was knocked back at the five-furlong pole, was then taken outside and, under a drive, closing gamely, won going away. GOLDEN THOUGHT raced SUNCRAX into defeat, then tired in closing strides. DAYTONIAN, away slowly, was forced wide all the way and made a game effort. THE QUEEN, badly outrun for the first half mile, came with a powerful rush and would have been third in a few more strides. MONON LAD stopped badly.

FOURTH RACE—One mile (chute). Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Went to post at 3:35. Off at 3:35½. Winner, P. Bieber's ch. h., by Chance Play—One Hour. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $700; second, $150; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:38 3-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
ONE CHANCE	(Wright)	111½	1	1	1h	1h	1h	1h	1h	$11.20
LIVE ONE	(Cooper)	118	6	2	4h	4h	3h	3h	2½	1.45
COUNT RAE	(Coule)	117	5	7	3h	3½	1½	2½	3h	3.10
SHYNO	(Kurtsinger)	116	3	1	2½	1h	2h	4½	4h	7.75
THIRTEEN STARS	(Balaski)	117	2	9	9	7h	6½	6½	5h	26.15
IDLE ALONG	(Bellacicco)	108	8	6	6h	8½	8h	8h	6h	73.35
PRE WAR	(Wagner)	110	4	8	8h	6h	7h	7h	7h	7.40
CROWNING GLORY	(South)	117	5	5	1½	2½	5h	5½	8½	6.45
NIGHT RAVEN	(Westrope)	113	7	4	5½	9	9	9	9	18.85

Two-dollar mutuels paid—ONE CHANCE, $24.40, $10.90, $4.50; LIVE ONE, $4.60, $2.90; COUNT RAE, $3.20.

ONE CHANCE, showing remarkable improvement over recent race, came around field in stretch, closed with a rush and was drawing away at end. LIVE ONE, rated along in stretch, closed fast, but was too much for good enough. COUNT RAE slipped through on the inside and ran a good race. SHYNO had excellent early speed.

FIFTH RACE—One mile (chute). Purse, $1,100. The Boynton. For 3-year-olds that have started in a claiming race. Start good. Won easily; place same. Went to post at 4:01. Off at 4:02½. Winner, John Hay Whitney's gr. c. (3), by Royal Minstrel—The Colonel's Lady. Trained by J. W. Healy. Value to winner, $775; second, $175; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:38 2-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
COURT SCANDAL	(Balaski)	116	3	1	1½	1½	1h	1h	1h	$2.65
COUP DE GRACE	(LeBlanc)	105	2	4	2h	2h	2½½	2h	2h	36.00
CANDLELIGHT	(South)	116	6	3	5h	4h	3h	3½	3½	7.60
ENFIN	(Jaekle)	98½	1	5	4½	6h	5h	5h	4½½	2.75
JACKIE D	(Westrope)	109	5	7	7h	5h	4h	4½	5h	2.20
GREY SHOT	(Wagner)	105	7	2	2½	3h	6h	6h	6½	26.50
CASINGHEAD	(Porter)	113	4	6	6h	7	7	7	7	11.15

Two-dollar mutuels paid—COURT SCANDAL, $7.30, $4.50, $3.70; COUP DE GRACE, $16.90, $6.60; CANDLELIGHT, $3.90.

COURT SCANDAL, breaking well in action, was rushed into lead, rated along to the top of the stretch, where he drew away and won easily. COUP DE GRACE moved into contention at the half-mile pole and made a game effort. CANDLELIGHT ran good race. ENFIN, on the inside, was poorly handled. JACKIE D never a factor.

SIXTH RACE—Seven furlongs (chute). Purse, $1,200. The St. Augustine. For 4-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Went to post at 4:33. Off at 4:36½. Winner, A. G. Abel's b. g. (5), by Bull Dog—Fairy Eyes. Trained by owner. Value to winner, $850; second, $200; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:24.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
TOP DOG	(LeBlanc)	101	3	5	4h	5h	3½½	2h	1nk	$2.80
HIGHER CLOUD	(Kurtsinger)	108	1	4	1h	1h	1h	2h	2nk	5.50
BLIND PIG	(Porter)	109	6	1	2h	2½	2½½	1h	3h	2.05
MAERIEL	(Litzenberger)	115	8	2	5h	6½	6h	5½	4h	5.80
ISOLATER	(Stout)	108	5	6	6h	4h	4h	4½	5h	7.00
OLD COMRADE	(Roberts)	110	4	8	8	8	7h	6h	6½	55.40
BLACK GIFT	(Corona)	117	2	7	7h	3h	5½½	7h	7h	69.75
YORK	(Wagner)	105½	7	3	3½	7½	8	8	8	13.20

Two-dollar mutuels paid—TOP DOG, $7.60, $4.60, $3.00; HIGHER CLOUD, $6.70, $4.00; BLIND PIG, $2.70.

TOP DOG was kept close to the early pace to the stretch, where he came with a rush and got up to win in last stride. HIGHER CLOUD got away fast, displayed keen speed and held on gamely. BLIND PIG was on the outside of HIGHER CLOUD all the way, but faltered in the last sixteenth. MAERIEL ran a splendid race and will be hard to beat from now on. ISOLATER had plenty of speed, but tired as if short.

SEVENTH RACE—One mile and a furlong. Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward, nonwinners in 1937. Start good. Won easily; place same. Went to post at 5:03. Off at 5:06. Winner, Medway Stable's ch. g. (7), by High Cloud—Halicore. Trained by G. Alexandra. Value to winner, $700; second, $150; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:51 1-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
MIDSHIPMAN	(Rosen)	117	7	7	7h	3h	2h	1½	1h	$4.55
JOHNNYCAKE	(Jaekle)	110	5	3	1½½	1h	1½	2h	2h	1.95
BRISTLE	(Wholey)	115	8	8	6h	5½	6h	6h	3nk	6.50
PARADOX GIRL	(Schmidt)	104	6	6	3h	4h	4½	3h	4½½	25.30
WINTER SPORT	(Morris)	108½	4	4	2h	2½	3h	4h	5h	6.25
BULLFINCH	(LeBlanc)	105	2	1	4h	6h	5h	5h	6h	4.10
BOOCAF	(Westrope)	112	1	2	8h	8h	8h	7h	7h	21.00
SWEEPERMAN	(Cooper)	114	9	9	9	9	9	9	8h	34.20
CYCAS	(Barba)	98	3	5	5h	7h	8h	8½	9	81.65

Two-dollar mutuels paid—MIDSHIPMAN, $11.10, $4.80, $4.00; JOHNNYCAKE, $3.70, $2.90; BRISTLE, $4.00.

MIDSHIPMAN, going in improved form, moved up fast turning out of backstretch, came around JOHNNYCAKE, took lead at furlong pole and won going away. JOHNNYCAKE quickly assumed lead, set fast pace, and held on well. BRISTLE finished very fast. PARADOX GIRL had no mishap. BULLFINCH ran a poor race.

EIGHTH RACE—One mile and a furlong. Purse, $1,000; claiming. For 4-year-olds and upward, nonwinners in 1937. Start good. Won easily; place same. Went to post at 5:32. Off at 5:36. Winner, Miss A. Doria' b. m. (7), by Flying Ebony—Muriel Von Der. Trained by H. L. Campbell. Value to winner, $700; second, $150; third, $100; fourth, $50. Time, 1:52 3-5.

Horses	Jockeys	Wgt.	Post	St.	¼	½	¾	Str.	Fin.	Straight
FLYING DERE	(LeBlanc)	110	5	2	2h	1½	1½	1h	1h	$3.65
PEERLESS PAL	(Wholey)	112	4	6	5h	5h	4h	2h	2h	7.60
TREASURE SHIP	(Coucci)	114	8	9	6h	6h	5½	4½	3h	6.30
ROSS	(Bacon)	115	3	8	8h	8h	8h	6h	4h	9.10
WESTYS DUCHESS	(Roberts)	104	9	5	4h	4½½	3h	3h	5h	19.55
STOOL PIGEON	(South)	106	6	4	3h	2h	2h	5h	6h	19.05
KEEP OUT	(Wright)	111	1	1	9	7h	7h	7½	7h	15.75
OCTAROON	(Bierman)	106	7	3	1½	3h	6h	8h	8h	2.60
JOAN D	(Rosa)	107	2	7	7h	9	9	9	9	147.70

Two-dollar mutuels paid—FLYING DERE, $9.30, $5.00, $3.30; PEERLESS PAL, $9.00, $5.40; TREASURE SHIP, $3.10.

FLYING DERE ran into early lead, drew away around turn and won nicely in hand. PEERLESS PAL moved up gamely on the outside and was next best. TREASURE SHIP was hard ridden, but never threatened the winner. ROSS came from the rear gamely.

Alamo Downs Results.

FIRST—Six and a half furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

*Honey Ali, 106 (B. Neal) .. 8.50 9.40 6.00
*Thistle Dell, 104 (Thornton) 9.40 6.00
Handy Baggage, 104 (Witt) 8.60
Saucy Maris, Juaneva Baker, Malay, Statecraft, Declaration, War Dust, Northern Slip, Hard Boiled and Tocaya also ran. Time, 1:19 4-5.

*Field.

SECOND—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

Parisian W., (Calvert) ... 16.20 6.50 4.80
Roll Home, 106 (B. Neal) 5.30 3.90
Mullet, 104 (Ahuer) 6.00
Tad, Lady Democrat, Smoky Mountain, Olepal, Sunny World, *Golden Tip, Savoyard, *Triple Play, *Jessie P. also ran.

*Field.

THIRD—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

Pickard, 106 (Morgan) ... 58.90 19.80 7.10
Bill Bane, 106 (B. Neal) 4.40 3.80
Arthur Coventry, 104 (Grant) 5.50
*Nary Blank, Dr. McLarney, Stall Man, Ozygia, *Mapan, Darraugh, Little Honey and *Oddesa Star also ran. Time, 1:21.

*Field.

FOURTH—Three furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; maiden 2-year-olds.

Shasta Slipper, 110 (J. Adam) 9.80 4.60 3.60
*Western City, 113 (Pierson) ... 6.10 3.40
Rosweep, 113 (Scurlock) 11.70
*Misgab, Blue Flame, Delovely, Grand Waters, *Pebble M., Ellaway, Livanna, Sister Polly, Sleep Out also ran.

*Field.

FIFTH—Six and one-half furlongs; purse, $400; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

Parade Step, 111 (Adam) 39.70 17.00 7.00
*Brown Poliz, 106 (Parke) 11.30 12.90
*Tibbar, 99 (Johnson) 12.90
La Strath, Miss Savage, Iago, Rose Camp, Oswego Princess, Altena, Dave T., *Para Four, Eljaybee also ran. Time, 1:20.

*Field.

SIXTH—One mile and 70 yards; purse, $400; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

Zevar, 112 (J. Adam) 9.30 3.70 3.00
Show Boy, 108 (Hauer) 4.50 3.50
Ash n, 111 (Carroll) 3.70
Open Hearth, Stepinanna, Miss Petrina and Spicate also ran. Time, 1:43 3-5.

SEVENTH—One and one-eighth miles; purse, $400; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

Ohehalis, 112 (Salvert) .. 11.60 4.80 3.90
Waswanappi, 101 (W. L. Johnson) 4.80 3.80
Henry Dew, 103 (J. Adam) 4.00
Northcutt, Sad Knight, Spanish Red, Texas Maudie, Mitigator and Creston also ran. Time, 1:52 4-5.

EIGHTH—One mile; purse, $400; claiming; for 3-year-olds.

Fleet Wind, 104 (B. Neal) .. 19.20 8.70 4.90
Bestir, 104 (J. Adam) 4.60 3.80
Mereta, 99 (Hauer) 11.00
*Claspino, Escomur, *Parka, Countess Marion, Royal Place, Atina, *Bill Rock, Drastic Lane and Owitch also ran.

*Field.

The Post's Consensus at Hialeah

Bennings (Washington Post).

First race	Second race	Third race	Fourth race	Fifth race	Sixth race	Seventh race
Co-Sport	Royal Wager	Strategist II	C. Cherokee	Shaffer Ent.	Prince Dean	Top High
Maemere Ent.	Sir Rose	Hermie Roy	Blackbirder	Optic	G. Visibility	Light Heeled
Exhilaration	Loloma	Motley	Chance Ray	Bernard F.	The Singer	Bay Buddy

Best bet—Chief Cherokee.

Louisville Times (Associated Press).

Co-Sport	Geo. Gable	Hermie Roy	Blackbirder	Optic	G. Visibility	Top High
Exhilaration	Monk's Gold	Over Yonder	Hoops	Log	Prince Dean	Bay Buddy
Cert R.	Toni	Motley	Her Reign	Dellor	Drusus	Penrill

Best bet—Top High.

Consensus of Leading Handicappers.

Co-Sport (20)	Toni (18)	Strategist II (17)	C. Cherokee (27)	Log (18)	Drusus (20)	Top High (24)
Exhilaration (14)	Tramway (16)	Hermie Roy (15)	Her Reign (12)	No Sir (17)	G. Visibility (15)	Lightheeled (12)
Maemere (11)	G. Gable (9)	Motley (19)	Blackbirder (9)	Optic (13)	The Singer (13)	Bay Buddy (11)

TIME OUT — By Chet Smith

His store teeth are locked on my pants. D'ya call that cricket?

Fair Grounds Entries.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

1 Claflag	114	10	*Zipalong	114
2 Lena G	109	11	*Daisy Bane	104
3 Risibility	114	12	Crystal Fiyer	114
4 *Merrily On	109	13	Moil	109
5 Claremont	119	14	*Edri	104
6 Romola	109	15	Scout Azure	114
7 *Lady Lorene	104	16	*Fly'g Justice	109
8 Anne L	109	17	High Bottom	114
9 Kai Harri	114	18	Sir Kai	114

SECOND RACE—Six furlongs; purse, $600; claiming; 3-year-olds.

1 *Polante Seth	114	10	Top Glide	106
2 Swift Air	103	11	Billy Mole	111
3 Lady R'mond	106	12	Miss Canary	114
4 *K'tucky Eagle	111	13	Gabriel	113
5 *Miss Ivory	98	14	*Linnie Kaie	98
6 *Arthur B	111	15	Sam Forte	108
7 Little Cleora	106	16	*Florid	111
8 Modest M'ners	108	17	*M'nolia Cash	109
9 Miss Adams	103			

THIRD RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $600; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

1 Six Bells	113	10	*Helen Bab	103
2 Magic Line	111	11	Ruff Day	116
3 Pan Toy	116	12	*Baldy	108
4 Silk Coverins	104	13	*Bay Memor	108
5 *Mr. Joe	104	14	*Hour Lady	106
6 *Sass	108	15	Bright Don	113
7 Yellow Metal	111	16	Tela	108
8 *Penmar	108	17	Bldg. Trades	113
9 *Midlanda	103	18	*B'n Molasses	111

FOURTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

1 *Royal Bird	107	4	Sir Ten	110
2 Donnahona	103	5	Hollyhock	103
3 Birling Along	116	6	Gold T	112

FIFTH RACE—Six furlongs; Rex Handicap; purse, $1,200; 4-year-olds and upward.

1 Reel On	104	8	Rip V. Winkle	105
2 Determined	112	9	Compensatory	105
3 †Biography	109	10	Whistling Boy	97
4 Transmutable	106	11	Onrush	102
5 Biff	110	12	†Hueu	103
6 †Hastinola	107	13	Calumet Dick	118
7 *Marcella	107			

†B. Hernandez entry.

‡C. Trout entry.

SIXTH RACE—One mile; purse, $900; 3-year-olds; allowances.

1 Overplay	104	6	Henry M	103
2 Miss Marlboro	106	7	Skeeter	110
3 Play Pal	107	8	Dead Calm	101
4 Shatterproof	110	9	Lady Dedlock	105
5 Sir Midas	113	10	Hiza Lark	118

SEVENTH RACE—Mile and 70 yards; purse; $600; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

1 *Beau Bon	113	10	*Resisterile	105
2 *Charlie Jr	113	11	*War Chase	108
3 *Anna V. L	104	12	*First Lass	107
4 Dandy Dancer	107	13	Our Sammy	112
5 *Brophy	110	14	*Sorcery	113
6 Terry On	112	15	*Gulfelano	107
7 Whipowill	115	16	Bank Me	112
8 *Big Flash	110	17	Sleepalong	115
9 *Parzo	110	18	Justa Flight	112

EIGHTH RACE—Mile and a half; purse, $700; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

1 Monocle	110	11	*Julius J. R	109
2 *Union	103	12	Albess	105
3 *Longus	105	13	Stormer	110
4 Frumper	110	14	Dearzin	110
5 *Goosefish	105	15	Homework	114
6 *Pools Folly	100	16	Son Richard	110
7 *Swap	109	17	*Fandan	109
8 *Miss Belize	100	18	Vin Noir	110
9 Ben Machree	103	19	Daffy	105
10 *Laura Kiev	100	20	*Attauquechee	103

NINTH RACE (substitute)—One and onesixteenth miles; purse, $600; claiming; 4-year-olds and upward.

1 Mynah	111	10	*Polite Ann	103
2 *Shasta Brim	111	11	Ricciardo	116
3 *Soul Caprice	111	12	Tambov	113
4 Krumm	113	13	*Imp'ial Betsy	103
5 Let Her Play	108	14	*Sir Boston	111
6 Lawmaker	118	15	Sallandry	111
7 *Polly Dinkin	103	16	Boston Com'n	108
8 *Charming Sir	108	17	*Dorothy W	106
9 *Brilliant Pal	111	18	*Denclaire	103

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

Fair Grounds Results.

By the Associated Press.

FIRST—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse, $700; claiming; for 4-year-olds and upward.

Wee Emma, 99 (Ryan)	12.60	5.60	3.00
Great Meadows, 107 (Hill)	5.20	3.60	
Lago Keys, 111 (

Columbus Boxers Beat Toledo

Victors Score 5 Knockouts In 5-3 Win

District Team Loses 1st Bout, Takes Next Five, Forfeits Last Two.

By Lewis F. Atchison.

Laying five opponents flatter than a bride's initial effort at cake baking, Columbus University last night wrung a 5-3 victory out of a game, but impotent Toledo team before an audience of 1,000 fans at Turner's Arena.

The budding barristers won everything but announcer Pat Haltigan's tuxedo after getting off to a bad start when Ray Morse dropped a decision to Kenny Schuyler in the 118-pound class. The next five bouts ended with Toledo's representatives either prone on the resin or unable to answer the bell. Columbus forfeited in the 175-pound and heavyweight divisions.

Schuyler, the best collegiate bantamweight to show here this winter, won handily from Morse, knocking his man down for a nine count with a beautiful right cross in the first round. Morse, visibly outclassed, staged a nice comeback to win the second round with a barrage of body punches, but had the worst of a toe-to-toe exchange in the third, which decided it. The visitor was entirely too cool and clever and had too much steam behind his punches for the Columbus boy.

Abood Is Game.

Jimmy Willis, a raw rookie with a heart as big as his pants and a punch that would have knocked an elephant kicking, disposed of Don Young in the second round of their featherweight clash. It was Willis' seventh straight knockout.

Willis took a few stiff punches to the head and body to get his own shots home, but he weathered the flurry of leather in good style and came back with a flock of right hands to the head to win.

Little Georgie Abood, a dusky lad with too much courage for his own good, was loath to have his bout with Mike Morton stopped after 1:53 of the second round. But his coach, after seeing the Toledo lightweight knocked clear across the ring and through the lower strands by a left hook to the body, wisely decided the boy had enough. Morton outclassed his opponent every inch of the way.

Lazear Wins Easily.

Buddy Lazear, Columbus' crack junior welterweight, required only 1:20 and four punishing lefts to the midsection in the first round to win over Arthur Van Risen. It was no contest.

Bobby Rawson, fighting before his father, boxing instructor at V. M. I., incidentally, and mother, polished off Al Howell in 43 seconds of the second. Rawson led all the way, amassing a tremendous lead in the first round before touching off the dynamite.

Another boy who didn't want to quit, Johnny Petrakis, failed to answer the bell for the third round of his 168-pound bout with Dave Schaiffler. Referee Eddie La Fond almost halted the fight in the first round when Schaiffler bloodied his opponent's nose and knocked him glassy-eyed with a couple of hard rights to the head, but was waved down by Toledo's coach. The latter called a halt when Schaiffler threatened to slap Petrakis out of the ring.

Dykes Is Relying On Dykes at Third

Continued from Page 19.

have to hustle some. Of course, if he looks as though he could duplicate his .344 batting average and 120 runs batted——"

Dykes, idol of those redhot Southside fans, seldom makes predictions, but opined that the New York Yankees would win another championship, with Detroit, Cleveland and his White Sox furnishing most of the trouble.

"I pick them that way," he said, "but we might surprise them again. We have a young club and it may take a couple more years to reach our peak—and then, again, they might get going all of a sudden."

Dykes said he didn't know what was bothering the four White Sox holdouts, Zeke Bonura, Luke Appling, Jack Hayes and Rip Radcliff, but sounded a stern warning.

"They'll sign all right," he growled. "But they had better answer roll call on time. I ran Bonura's tongue out last year for not reporting until we were out of California and into Texas, and I'll do the same for anyone who shows up late this spring.

"And besides that," he grinned, "Mr. Comiskey says he will make tardy boys pay their own training expenses—which ought to convince them."

Roosevelt Cagers Beat Cambridge High, 36-24

Special Dispatch to The Post.

Cambridge, Md., Feb. 5.—Roosevelt High defeated Cambridge High, 1936 champions of the Eastern Shore, here tonight, 36-24.

Cambridge took a spurt in the closing minutes to score 10 points almost in succession, but the lead was too great to overcome.

Roosevelt.	G	FG	P	Cambridge.	G	FG	P
Fridich,f.	4	0	8	Wells,f.	6	3	15
Royal,f.	1	1	3	Robinson,f.	1	1	3
Comer,f.	4	0	8	Wroten,e.	2	0	4
Wicklein,c.	3	0	6	Records,g.	0	0	0
Robertson,g.	0	1	1	Smith,g.	0	2	2
Reecher,g.	2	0	4				
Totals	16	4	36	Totals	9	6	24

Wilson Teachers Bow To Alumni Five, 32-12

Using its entire squad, Wilson Teachers swamped the Alumni five, 32-12, last night at Wilson. Bernie Gillman, with 9 and Spec Fairall, with 8 points, led the winners' attack.

Wilson Trs.	G	FG	P	Alumni.	G	FG	P
Gordon,f.	2	2	6	Jenkins,f.	0	0	0
Winter,f.	0	0	0	Kerwin,f.	0	0	0
Gillam,f.	3	3	9	Gill,f.	0	0	0
Hart,f.	1	0	2	Johnson,f.	0	0	0
Gaw,c.	0	0	0	Wilson,c.	2	0	4
Fairall,c.	4	0	8	Riecks,c.	0	0	0
Newton,g.	2	1	5	Fisher,c.	0	0	0
Boyer,g.	0	0	0	Slattery,g.	2	4	8
Ervin,g.	0	0	0	Botkin,g.	0	0	0
Thomas,g.	1	0	2				
Totals	13	6	32	Totals	4	4	12

Referee—Taylor.

Blizzard Helped Wisconsin Frame-Up of Him, Says Spears

By John R. Vosburgh.

Nothing less than a blizzard blew Dr. Clarence W. Spears out of his job as football coach of the University of Wisconsin, the goo ddoctor himself explaine dyesterday. He was standing in th elobby of the Willard as guest of honor of the Touchdown Club.

"That's right," he said, shoving a last year's felt hat far back on his head, "a blizzard. The day the board of principals met to vote on my case, two of the boys couldn't get to the meeting because of a blizzard. If it wasn't for that, they would have been there and voted for me. That would have given me an 8-7 vote. Instead, they voted to fire me, 7-6."

The snowstorm worke dhand-in-hand with the efforts of Dr. Glenn I. Frank, president of the university, to "frame" him, Spears said, because he wouldn't conspire with Frank against the alumni.

"The alumni were after Frank's scalp," he said, "especially Egsted, president of the Alumni Association. Well, sir, Frank comes to me and wants me to have Egsted kicked out a spresident. Naturally, I wouldn't do it. The alumni were for me and Egsted was a good friend of mine.

Both Got the Air.

"Well, when I wouldn't cut Egsted's throat, Frank set about getting me kicked out—he and Walter Meanwell, the basketball coach. They did, all right, but if it wasn't for that blizzard it'd been a different story. Anyway, the board of regents got wise to 'em. You noticed they both got the air, don't you? Meanwell was voted out unanimously. Frank had a falling out with the Progressives in the State and got in bad with the Conservatives by bringing in a lot of New York radicals. That's one reason he got the gate."

Dr. Spears was in Washington, he said, just to make sure that nothing serious happens to his Toledo University boxing team when it meets Columbus University tonight. The good doctor, now director of athletics a tToledo, doesn't believe there is a whole lot you can do to make college boxing safer, but he thought it a good idea anyway for him to chaperone the team.

"All these plans about making boxing safer are fine," he said, "but it would be hard to make them work. For instance, take this idea about matching the fighters. Why, you'd have one tea mwith four featherweights, say, and no welterweights eligible to fight another school. And yet the other school might have four welters and no featherweights. It just wouldn't work out."

"Not Much to Be Done."

The death of young Eastham, of V. M. I., in his fight with Maryland last week was tragic, the doctor said, but he didn't think it would reflect on boxing. There are few precautions you can take which aren't being taken all the time, he said, and matching fighters according to ability would only confuse and disrupt the sport.

There is a slight possibility the doctor might change his mind tonight, for this Toledo team of his is as green as a shamrock. The Ohio boys will be fighting a bunch of veteran leather-pushers, long versed in the punching art and packing experience with their uppercuts.

"Several of the Toledo boys have had only one fight," Dr. Spears said. "We're just pioneering in the sport. West Virginia beat up, 7 to 1, in our only other match. The boys know how to take care of themselves all right, but in view of this V. M. I. boy's death I came along as a sort of precautionary measure."

No Big-Time Ideas.

A former grid coach at Minnesota and Oregon as well as Wisconsin, Spears does not, however, intend to lift Toledo into big-time football.

"We'll just compete in our own sphere out there," he said.

He thinks Harry Stuhldreher, his successor as Wisconsin's coach, might have to give scholarships if he's going to get the right kind of material for the Badgers.

"They never gave scholarships while I was up there," he said. "In fact, the boys had to work so hard scholastically, football was more or less secondary. They'll need scholarships though, according to the games they lost last fall.

"No, we don't give scholarships at Toledo. We just try to find the boys good jobs."

Baltimoreans Down Wilson Swimmers,

Baltimore Poly's swimming team trounced Woodrow Wilson High's mermen, 54-21, yesterday in the Central Y. M. C. A. pool. With five men out of the line-up with illness, the Wilson team was badly outclassed, N. Ryan, taking the only first place for the losers, winning the 100-yard breast-stroke and the 50-yard free style.

213-yard free style relay—Won by Baltimore Poly (Farber, Marey, Lane, Bridges); second, Wilson. Time, 2:00.8.

100-yard breast stroke—Won by N. Ryan (Wilson); second, H. Ryan (Baltimore Poly); third, Weitzell (Baltimore Poly). Time, 2:45.6.

50-yard free style—Won by Ryan (Wilson); second, H. Ryan (Baltimore Poly); third, Weitzel (Baltimore Poly). Time, 28.9 seconds.

220-yard free style—Won by Bridges (Baltimore Poly); second, Ziegler (Wilson); third, W. Faber (Baltimore Poly). Time, 2:45.6.

100-yard back stroke—Won by Ellis (Baltimore Poly); second, Sibley (Baltimore Poly); third, Cutler (Wilson). Time, 1:17.5.

100-yard free style—Won by Leas (Baltimore Poly); second, Friedlar (Wilson); third, Rundell (Baltimore Poly). Time, 1:01.5.

Fancy diving—Won by Jones (Baltimore Poly); second, Leas, (Baltimore Poly); third, Keller (Wilson). Winner's points, 59.1.

160-yard medley relay—Won by Baltimore Poly (Noon, Thompson, Ellis); second, Wilson. Time, 1:53.3.

Friends School Five Routs St. Alban's, 37-23

Friends School had little difficulty in downing St. Albans prep yesterday in the American University gymnasium, getting off to a 14 to 0 lead before the Saints scored and continuing to assult the basket for a 37 to 23 victory.

St. Alban's.	G	FG	P	Friends.	G	FG	P
Jennings,f.	4	1	9	Newmeyer,f.	8	3	19
Slingluff,f.	0	0	0	Luttrell,f.	0	0	0
White,f.	1	0	2	Wannas,f.	4	2	10
Munson,f.	0	0	0	B.Alexander,c.	3	0	6
Hilton,c.	0	0	0	Hooper,c.	0	0	0
Bowie,c.	1	0	2	Bravo,g.	0	0	0
Alexander,g.	0	0	0	Russell,g.	2	0	4
Prellish,g.	2	0	4	Miller,g.	0	1	1
Grayson,g.	2	2	6				
Totals	10	3	23	Totals	17	3	37

Tech Five Ends Gonzaga's Streak

Tech High won a costly victory yesterday, trouncing the hitherto unbeaten Gonzaga High five, 34-17, at Tech before several hundred fans, but losing the services of its ace guard, Dick (Whitey) See, at least for its important game with Roosevelt, Tuesday.

Early in the last quarter as Tech was racing to its surprising conquest, See pivoted to make a quick shot and dislocated a knee. He was carried off the floor and taken to Sibley Hospital, where the dislocation was treated. Physicians said he will possibly not be able to play for the remainder of the season.

One of the quickest thinking, ablest passers and shooters in scholastic basketball circles, the blond youth who learned his basketball in Santa Barbara, Calif., has been a major factor in Tech's drive into second place. The Maroon goes into the last half of its schedule seriously weakened for the five games comprising its homestretch drive for the title.

Tech.	G	FG	P	Gonzaga.	G	FG	P
Vermillion,f.	3	2	8	Collins,f.	2	1	5
Williamson,f.	2	1	5	Connolly,f.	0	0	0
Kendall,f.	0	0	0	O'Brien,f.	3	1	7
Mills,c.	2	0	4	Walsh,c.	0	0	0
Heddings,c.	0	0	0	Boyle,c.	1	1	3
See,g.	4	0	8	Ganey,g.	0	0	0
Myer,g.	2	0	4	Rice,g.	0	0	0
Merchant,g.	0	1	0		W.	L.	
Dobyns,g.	2	0	4	Totals	7	3	17
Totals	15	4	34				

Referee—Kessler.

Eastern, Western Win High Battles

(Continued from Page 19.)

free shot and Lusby sank a basket to make it 29-24 before Vermillion came through with one for 29-26. At this juncture Lombardy sank another long one to virtually clinch the issue with little more than three minutes to play and when Sam Fox missed two foul shots and Goldblatt a set-up under the basket, in the concluding moments Eastern had the game as good as in the headlines.

Wilson Improved.

The Western-Wilson game found Wilson displaying its best basketball for the series and taking advantage of the lapses on the part of the Georgetowners, which were frequent. Wilson was trailing by the encouraging margin of 4-2 at the end of the first period, a new record for the series so far as Wilson is concerned.

Central.	G	FG	P	Eastern.	G	FG	P
Matera,f.	0	0	0	Colton,f.	0	0	0
Boldblatt,f.	2	0	4	Lumbardy,f.	6	0	12
Silverstein,f.	0	1	1	Quantrille,c.	2	3	7
Heygster,f.	1	0	2	Colley,g.	0	3	3
Fox,c.	1	0	2	Hancock,g.	1	0	2
Vermillion,g.	3	5	11	Lusby,g.	3	2	8
Clark,g.	3	1	7				
Totals	10	7	27	Totals	12	8	32

Referees—Mitchell and Enright.

Western.	G	FG	P	Wilson.	G	FG	P
Burns,f.	5	1	11	DaveMeney,f.	0	1	1
Swanson,f.	0	0	0	Knight,f.	0	1	1
Heil,f.	1	2	4	Harcock,f.	0	0	0
Halloran,f.	2	0	4	Bond,f.	0	0	0
DeWitt,c.	4	0	8	Flather,f.	1	0	2
Porter,c.	0	0	0	Evans,f.	0	0	0
Schulze,g.	0	0	0	Doo M'ney,c.	0	0	0
Needle,g.	0	0	0	Girard,c.	0	1	1
Mullen,g.	0	0	0	Russell,c.	0	0	0
Lomax,g.	4	0	8	Swagart,g.	0	1	1
Saylor,g.	0	0	0	Stuver,g.	0	0	0
Ward,g.	1	0	2	Brooks,g.	0	1	1
				Hoyt,g.	0	1	1
Totals	17	3	37	Spann,g.	0	0	0
				Totals	2	6	10

Referees—Keppel and Mitchell.

INTERHIGH STANDINGS.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Eastern	5	1	.833
Western	4	2	.667
Roosevelt	3	2	.600
Tech	3	2	.600
Central	2	4	.333
Wilson	0	6	.000

LAST NIGHT'S RESULTS.

Eastern, 32; Central, 27.
Western, 37; Wilson, 10.

PREVIOUS RESULTS.

Central, 24; Eastern, 17.
Western, 24; Wilson, 12.
Eastern, 23; Western, 24.
Tech, 22; Roosevelt, 19.
Roosevelt, 24; Central, 22.
Eastern, 40; Wilson, 12.
Eastern, 34; Roosevelt, 16.
Western, 23; Tech, 17.
Eastern, 19; Tech, 14.
Roosevelt, 29; Wilson, 12.
Tech, 29; Central, 25.
Roosevelt, 26; Western, 19.
Western, 39; Central, 25.
Tech, 43; Wilson, 19.
Central, 43; Wilson, 20.

TUESDAY'S GAMES.

Tech vs. Roosevelt, at Roosevelt, 3:30 p. m.
Eastern vs. Western, at Tech, 3:30 p. m.

Blues' Mat Team Defeats Maryland

Registering four falls to the visitors' none, the Gallaudet grapplers again emerged victorious from a wrestling meet, defeating the University of Maryland, 23-11.

Summary.

118-pound class—Hess (G.) pinned Hurley (M.) in 2 minutes 15 seconds.
126-pound class—Glassett (G.) pinned Hoffman (M.) in 2 minutes 36 seconds.
135-pound class—Kowaleski (G.) pinned Porter (M.) in 4 minutes 3 seconds.
145-pound class—Berg (G.) defeated Wood (M.), time advantage.
155-pound class—Arnold (M.) defeated Lewis (G.), time advantage.
175-pound class—Rogers (G.) frofeited to Lawson (M.).
Unlimited class—Culbertson (G.) pinned McCheaney (M.) in 2 minutes 41 seconds.

Referee—Richard Aiken.

Interview With Baugh On McDonald Program

Sam (Sling' Sam) Baugh, Texas Christian University's All-American backfield star, who is en route to Washington to discuss terms with George Marshall, owner of the Washington Redskins, will be interviewed on the radio tomorrow night by Arch McDonald.

The Baugh interview will be the feature of McDonald's "Sports Review," sponsored by Wheaties. It is scheduled at 7:15 o'clock.

Kendall School Wins.

A last minute basket by Milton Corman assured Kendall School of a 31-28 victory over Hyattsville High last night in the winners' gym. The eventual winners were ahead 20-17 at half time.

Kendall.	G	FG	P	Hyattsville.	G	FG	P
Corman,f.	2	0	4	Benson,f.	1	0	2
Berrios,f.	5	0	10	Jones,f.	4	4	12
Zimmerman,c	6	0	12	Ogle,c.	3	2	8
Graham,g.	1	0	2	P.Bington,c.	0	0	0
Rabbitt,g.	1	1	3	Williamson,g.	1	0	2
Murphy,g.	0	0	0	Steinberg,g.	0	0	0
				Fields,g.	1	2	4
Totals	15	1	31	W.B'ington,g.	0	0	0
				Totals	10	8	28

College Basketball.

Wash. and Lee, 27; N. C. State, 26.
Med. Col. of Va., 42; Bridgewater, 32.
V. P. I. Freshmen, 24; Wilson High (Portsmouth) 19.
Maryville Thr., 47; Mo. Sch. of Ms., 16.
Westminster, 39; Culver-Stockton, 11.
St. Joseph's (Phila.) 46; Long Island U., 44 (two extra periods).
Texas U., 39; Arkansas, 28.
Georgia, 36; Florida, 19.
Carson-Newman, 41; King College, 25.
Springfield, 37; St. Michaels, 16.
Bryant College, 42; Tuft's Dental, 35.
North Carolina, 45; Virginia, 22.
Geneva, 25; Villanova, 21.
Kansas, 36; Iowa State, 26.
St. Olaf, 31; Hamline, 27.
Luther, 38; Red Oak Iowa (Jr.) 36.
Macalester, 37; Concordia (M'orhead) 27.
Morningside, 37; North Dak. State, 22.
La Crosse Thr., 26; St. Marry's (Winona, Minn.) 29.
Peru, 32; Kearney, 23.
Drake, 43; Creighton 42 (overtime).
Duluth Thrs., 42; Winona Thrs., 36.
Whitewater Thrs., 25; Oshkosh Thrs., 20.
Buena Vista, 39; Penn College, 23.
Wayne, 29; Chadron, 26.
Nebraska Wesleyan, 26; Midland, 23.
Augustana, 45; North Central, 36.
Indiana State, 25; Valparaise, 23.
Indiana Central, 48; Anderson, 23.
Ball State, 47; Manchester, 37.
Temple, 40; West Virginia, 38 (extra period).
Northern (Mich.) State Thr., 39; Michigan Tech, 29.
Kalamazoo, 51; Grand Rapids J. C., 25.
Louisiana State U., 42; Tulane, 31.
Louisiana Col., 31; Southwestern La., 14.
Georgetown College, 30; Transylvania, 30.
King College, 3; Virginia Tech, 0.

Eddie Johnson, Hurt, Lost to Md. U. Five

Eddie Johnson, son of Walter Johnson, suffered a broken nose in the game against Navy last Wednesday and will be lost to the Maryland University basketball team for the remainder of the season, it was learned yesterday.

Johnson played at forward and center on the Terrapin team. Hopes is held that he may be able to return to the lineup if Maryland enters the Southern Conference tournament at the end of the regular season.

Cardozo Cagers Beat Baltimore Rival, 25-18

Fighting to maintain leadership among colored South Atlantic scholastic tossers, a fast quintet from Cardozo High School, on their home court yesterday defeated Douglass High School, of Baltimore, 25-18. They led at the half, 11-6, and, although tied once at 15-all through effective work of Henderson and Spriggs, drew away to a comfortable lead.

Cardozo.	G	FG	P	Douglass.	G	FG	P
Sheffield,f.	0	1	1	Dixon,f.	1	1	3
Hopkins,f.	1	0	2	Moody,f.	0	0	0
Sprigss,f.	2	3	7	Helmsley,f.	0	0	0
Bowser,c.	0	2	2	Garrison,f.	4	1	9
Hayes,g.	1	0	2	Thornton,c.	0	1	1
Henderson,g.	5	1	11	James,g.	1	0	2
				Spratlin,g.	1	1	3
Totals	9	7	25	Totals	7	4	18

Referee—Cupid.

Bankers League.

Union Trust.	G	FG	P	Amer. Sec.	G	FG	P
Murphy,f.	6	0	12	Birch,f.	6	1	13
Davis,f.	5	0	10	Lightfoot,f.	4	0	8
Grant,c.	3	0	6	Mitendorf,c.	0	0	0
White,g.	4	0	8	Wright,g.	0	0	0
Foster,g.	1	0	2	Donovan,g.	1	0	2
Brooks,g.	2	0	4				
Totals	21	0	42	Totals	11	1	23

Referee—Buscher.

Lincoln.	G	FG	P	Liberty.	G	FG	P
Gerns,f.	1	0	2	Pyne,f.	2	0	4
Fry,f.	2	0	4	Robb,f.	1	0	2
Rowsee,c.	2	2	6	Wilson,f.	3	1	7
Redman,g.	2	0	4	Lynham,c.	2	1	5
Hewlett,g.	0	0	0	Horton,g.	2	0	4
Grear,g.	1	1	3	Chase,g.	0	0	0
Totals	16	3	19	Totals	10	2	22

Referee—Buscher.

Nat. Sav.	G	FG	P	Risgs.	G	FG	P
Garver,f.	0	0	0	Hunt,f.	1	2	4
Fox,f.	3	2	8	Weedon,f.	0	0	0
Bruin,c.	1	1	3	Switzer,f.	0	0	0
Wells,g.	2	1	5	Widner,c.	0	1	1
Hillcary,g.	0	1	1	Mitchell,g.	7	4	18
Brewer,g.	1	0	2	Saum,g.	0	0	0
Zier,g.	1	0	2	Davis,g.	0	1	1
Totals	8	5	21	Totals	8	8	24

Referee—Buscher.

Ruppert, Lazzeri In Compromise

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Col. Jacob Ruppert, owner of the New York Yankees, announced today he had effected a compromise with Tony Lazzeri on the veteran second baseman's salary for the 1937 campaign.

Lazzeri, who returned his contract which called for $12,000, the same amount he received last year, had asked for $16,000 for the coming season. Ruppert declined to say what figure had been agreed upon. The guess was around $14,000.

CarolinaChoice Over Old Line Tonight

Precariously close to elimination from the eligible list for the forthcoming Southern Conference tournament, the University of Maryland meets North Carolina tonight at College Park in the first of five conference games which will decide the Terps' fate in the matter.

This is the lone event scheduled at College Park, as a freshman boxing match with Virginia, originally intended as the lower half of a twin bill, has been shifted to Charlottesville.

Other games available to local fans are Southeastern vs. Gallaudet, at Kendall Green, and Lynchburg vs. American University at American. All three are scheduled for 8 p. m. George Washington's dynamite-laden crew will be at Emmitsburg engaging Mount St. Mary's.

Katan to Wrestle His Third Dusek

The most colorful wrestling feud of the year will be renewed at Turner's Arena next Thursday night when John Katan goes to war against another of the Dusek brothers.

Ernie Dusek is the member of the troupe of brawling brothers who will face the wrath of Katan this time. In a previous bout, Ernie required 49 minutes and a good break from the referee to defeat Katan. John partially evened the score by flopping brother Joe Dusek in a hair-raising bout last Thursday night.

Heurich League.

D. & H.	G	FG	P	Lit. Tavern.	G	FG	P
Long,f.	1	1	3	Cross,f.	0	2	2
R.Garber,f.	2	0	4	Kane,f.	0	0	0
D.Garber,f.	7	0	14	Wanley,f.	1	0	2
L.Ball,f.	4	0	8	Benham,c.	0	0	0
Beach,c.	1	1	3	Mitchell,g.	2	0	4
G.Ball,g.	1	0	2	Kemp,g.	2	0	4
Cohen,g.	0	0	0				
Totals	16	2	34	Totals	5	2	12

Referee—Shaughnessy.

Sterling.	G	FG	P	WPA.	G	FG	P
Fenlon,f.	0	2	2	Lucas,f.	2	0	4
Whitlow,f.	0	0	0	Keyser,f.	1	0	2
Girton,f.	2	0	4	Mayfield,c.	2	1	5
Silver,f.	0	1	1	Daly,c.	2	1	5
Whitley,c.	2	1	5	Tipton,g.	4	0	8
Canning,c.	1	0	2	Schieble,g.	4	0	8
Henderson,g.	2	2	6	Hook,g.	0	0	0
Chambers,g.	0	0	0				
Totals	7	6	20	Totals	15	2	32

Referee—Shaughnessy.

Treasury Beats Collegians.

Ft H'phreys.	G	FG	P	A. & D.	G	FG	P
Rehkopf,f.	5	0	10	Dunn,f.	1	0	2
Stadtler,f.	0	0	1	Lafferty,f.	7	1	15
Green,f.	0	0	0	Chilcott,f.	7	0	14
Fitzgerald,c.	2	0	4	Swann,c.	1	0	2
Gordon,c.	0	2	2	Olson,g.	5	2	12
Hickey,g.	5	2	12	Stuckfath,g.	3	0	6
Hoyle,g.	3	1	7	Seay,g.	1	0	2
				Weir,g.	1	0	2
Totals	15	6	36	Totals	20	2	42

Referee—Lewis.

Contract Bridge

By Mrs. Ely Culbertson.

Bidding Limits.

Practically every bid has two limits—a maximum and a minimum. Whenever a bid is made, the player conveys the message that his hand lies somewhere between the two limits for that type of bid. If it is a weak type of bid, subsequent strong bidding does not indicate that the first bid was a mistake but merely that the hand was near the maximum limit for that type of bid. Had North understood this principle of bidding, he would have bid game in the hand below.

South, Dealer.
Neither side vulnerable.

The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1 ♠	Pass	1 N T	Pass
2 ◇	Pass	3 ◇	Pass
3 ♠	Pass	Pass	Pass

North's first response was bad, but that was not his major error. He should have raised to two spades at once in order to be prepared for any possible further action by South.

Having made the weak response of one notrump, he gathered up enough courage to raise the diamonds on the second round. But he failed dismally on the next round, asking, "How many bids can I make on two Kings and a Queen?"

He missed two vital points: first, that another bid would not have led to a disastrous slam try since his first response limited the strength of his hand; and, second, that his three high cards were all key-cards. With the addition of the Queen of hearts his hand would have been no stronger for the purpose of playing at spades or diamonds. Substitute the Queen of hearts for the Queen of spades, and his hand is much weaker.

Another line of reasoning would have led North to the correct four-spade bid. South could have no reason to expect spade support from North. With a singleton spade, North would have been compelled to return to four diamonds. Since South must have been prepared to play for ten tricks at diamonds, he could be expected to welcome a chance to play for ten tricks at spades—provided North could support the spade suit.

The hand was not an easy one to bid, but North should have reached the easy spade game despite the apparent weakness of his hand. In the play South made five spade tricks and five diamond tricks without any trouble.

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Transfers

By the Associated Press.

Army orders yesterday included:

COLONELS.

Thomas H. Lowe, AGD, from Atlanta, Ga., to the Hawaiian Department.

John A. Berry, AGD., from Fort Sam Houston, Tex., to the Hawaiian Department.

John F. Claphan, AGD., from the Hawaiian Department to Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

Madison Pearson, AGD., from Fort Sam Houston, Tex., to the Hawaiian Department.

Elmer C. Desobry, AGD., from the Hawaiian Department to Washington, D. C.

MAJORS.

Morris S. Daniels, jr., Cav., from Chicago, Ill., to the Hawaiian Department.

Hugh J. Fitzgerald, Cav., from the Hawaiian Department to Omaha, Nebr.

Rene E. Fraile, AGD., from the Hawaiian Department to Boston, Mass.

John A. Klein, AGD., from the Hawaiian Department, to the Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

Stewart E. Reimel, OD., from Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., to Omaha, Nebr.

CAPTAINS.

Harris P. Scherer, HQ., from Boston, Mass., to the Hawaiian Department.

James W. Freeman, OD., from Picatinny Arsenal, N. J., to Omaha, Nebr.

John E. Nolan, QC., from Fort Wadsworth, N. Y., to Puerto Rico.

Wayne B. Grandstadt, MC., from Panama Canal Zone, to Washington, D. C.

Navy orders issued yesterday included:

CAPTAIN.

Jules James, det. Naval Academy in June; to cfo. U. S. S. Philadelphia and in command when commissioned.

COMMANDERS.

Robert W. Cary, det. Nav. War College, in May; to staff, Nav. War College Newport.

William Dwight Chandler, jr., det. Army War College, Fort Humphreys, D. C., in June; to Bu. Nav., Navy Dept., Wash., D. C.

Holbrook Gibson, det. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I., in May; to duty as cfr. Subm. Sqdn. 3, and addl. duty as C. O., subm. base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Scott Umsted, det. Nav. War College, Newport, R. I., in May; to instn. Army War College, Fort Humphreys, D. C.

LIEUTENANTS.

Elmer C. Buerkle, det. U. S. S. Cachalot in May or June; to Naval Academy.

Edward A. McFall, det. U. S. S. Portland in April or May; to subm. base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

James R. Topper, det. U. S. S. Idaho about April 15; to duty as off. in chge., nav. torp. sta., Alexandria, Va.

LIEUTENANTS (jg).

James T. Lay, ors. by C. in C. Asiatic modified; to U. S. S. Schenck.

ENSIGNS.

Louis R. Hird, det. VO Sqdn. 1B (U. S. S. Texas) in May or June; to U. S. S. Dale.

John G. Hunter, det. U. S. S. New York in March; to U. S. S. Louisville.

Richard S. Paret, det. U. S. S. New York in March; to U. S. S. King.

Dental Corps.

LIEUTENANT.

Leon M. Billings (DC), det. Naval Academy, to grad., Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Supply Corps.

CAPTAIN.

Charles E. Parson (SC), det. Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif., on March 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Ship Movements

At New York.

Arrived Yesterday.

Eastern Prince, from Trinidad.
Gatun, from La Ceiba.
Hamburg, from Hamburg.
Prince David, from West Indies cruise.
Washington, from Havre.

Arrive Today.

Monarch of Bermuda, from Bermuda.

Arrive Tomorrow.

Excambion, from Mediterranean.

Sailing Today.

Hamburg, for Southampton.
Olympia, for Cherbourg.
Paris, for Havre.
Pennland, for Rotterdam.
Rex, for Genoa.

Sailing Tomorrow.

No sailings scheduled.

Vital Statistics

Deaths.

Alice E. Bowes, 77, Providence Hosp.
Martha C. Parrish, 77, 3046 Newark st. nw.
Flora B. Grimes, 75, Sibley Hosp.
Hannah Warren, 65, Emergency Hosp.
Charles H. Monroe, 70, 1019 North Capitol st.
Mary C. Thomas, 64, 1743 18th st. nw.
Charles B. Saylor, 64, Georgetown Hosp.
Charles J. Mooney, 43, Gallinger Hosp.
Violet B. Foster, 59, Emergency Hosp.
Fred C. Jenk

Foreign Needs Advance Wheat 2½c. a Bushel

Reports Heard of Famine Conditions in Parts of Europe.

By the Associated Press.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—In the face of tumbles in securities, wheat went strongly upward late today as well as early, and scored 2½ cents a bushel maximum gain.

Evidence of persistent urgent demand for wheat by importing countries, together with suggestions of approach of famine in parts of Germany, Spain and Poland, was a dominating market factor.

At the close, Chicago wheat futures were 1⅜@2¼ cents above yesterday's finish; May, 132⅞@133; July, 115¾@115½; September, 111¾@111⅞; corn, ⅛ off to 1 cent up; May, 107¾@107½; July, 101@101¼; September, 94⅞@95; oats, ⅝@¾ advanced; May, 50⅝, and rye showing 1⅛@1¾ bulge; May, 111@111⅛. In provisions, the outcome was 2 cents to 20 cents gain.

Futures Price Range.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat.				
May	1.32	1.33⅛	1.31⅝	1.32⅞
July	1.14¾	1.15⅝	1.14	1.15⅜
September	1.11¼	1.12	1.10½	1.11¾
Corn.				
May, new	1.07	1.07¾	1.06⅝	1.07⅜
May, old	1.04⅞	1.04⅞	1.04⅞	1.04⅞
July, new	1.00⅞	1.01⅝	1.00⅛	1.01
July, old	99⅝	98¾	98¾	98¾
September	94⅜	95⅜	94¼	94⅞
Oats.				
May	50½	50⅝	50	50⅜
July	44¼	44⅝	44	44⅜
September	41½	41⅞	41¼	41⅞
Soy Beans.				
May	1.57	1.57	1.56	1.56¼
July	1.56	1.56	1.55½	1.55½
Rye.				
May	1.10⅜	1.11⅛	1.10⅜	1.11
July	1.01¼	1.02⅛	1.01	1.01⅛
September	91½	92⅜	91½	92⅛
Barley.				
May	85	85	85	85
Lard.				
March	12.72	12.87	12.72	12.87
May	13.05	13.15	12.97	13.15
July	13.28	13.35	13.20	13.35
September	13.42	13.57	13.37	13.57

Cash Grain Prices.

Wheat: No. 4 red, 1.37; corn, No. 3 mixed, 1.11½; No. 4 mixed, 1.11 mainly white; No. 3 yellow, 1.11½@1.11¾; No. 4 yellow, 1.07@1.10⅝; No. 3 white, 1.13½; No. 4 white, 1.11@1.12; oats, No. 2, white, 53¼@54; rye, No. 1, 1.22¾; soy beans, No. 3 yellow, 1.59; barley sample grade, 64; feed, 80@1.00 nominal; malting, 1.00@1.46 nominal; timothy seed, 6.00@6.50 cwt.; new, 5.75@6.00 cwt.; clover seed, 27.00@34.00 cwt.

U. S. Treasury Receipts.

By the Associated Press.

The position of the Treasury on February 3:

Receipts, $69,291,637.43; expenditures, $80,550,804.11; balance, $1,700,875,720.34; customs receipts for the month, $3,999,203.78.

Receipts for the fiscal year (since July 19), $2,481,788,094.84; expenditures, $4,299,407,611.10, including $1,735,971,386.42 of emergency expenditures; excess of expenditures, $1,817,619,516.26; gross debt, $34,548,890,801.90, an increase of $5,272,810,75 over the previous day; gold assets, $11,363,543,897.68, including $132,402,326.53 of inactive gold.

Naval Stores Firm.

Savannah, Feb. 5 (AP).—Turpentine firm, 42¼; sales, 17; receipts, 21; shipments, 999; stock, 28,649. Rosin firm; no sales; receipts, 298; shipments, 4,400; stock, 67,932. Quote: B, 8.80; D, 9.00; E, 9.30; F, 9.55; G, H, I, K, M and N, 9.72½; WG, 10.00; WW and X, 11.80.

Montreal Silver Futures.

Montreal, Feb. 5 (AP).—Silver futures closed easier, unchanged to 45 lower.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
2 July	44.33	44.32	*43.95
10 September	44.28	44.25	*43.90

*Bid.

The Day's Movements In Leading Markets

Stocks.

	Fri.	Thur.
Advances	135	377
Declines	698	405
Unchanged	142	174
Total issues	975	956

Heavy selling follows President's message; volume, 3,319,810.

Bonds.

Lower; transfers, $13,354,000.

Curb.

Reactionary; turnover, 1,044,000.

Commodities.

Wheat higher; cotton and sugar lower; coffee higher.

Exchange.

Lower; Great Britain, $4.89¼; France, 4.65 5-16 cents.

Cotton Is Lower With Realizing

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Cotton declined today under local and Wall Street liquidation owing to easiness in the stock market. May sold off from 12.60 to 12.54 and closed at 12.55 with final prices 3 to 7 points lower.

Futures Price Range.

	High.	Low.	Last.
March	12.70	12.70	12.70
May	12.60	12.54	12.56
July	12.44	12.38	12.36
October	11.87	11.81	11.82
December	11.80	11.74	11.75
January	11.77	11.73	11.73

Spot, steady; middling, 13.20.

Cottonseed Oil.

Cottonseed oil held comparatively steady today. Fluctuations were confined to narrow limits and after advancing 2 to 4 points in covering and commission house buying there were partial reactions under liquidation. Final prices were unchanged to 1 point higher. Sales, 106 contracts. The rally in lard and firmness of hogs and grains gave support. Bleachable spot nominal; March closed 11.16; May, 11.15; July, 11.23; September, 11.16.

Money Markets

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Great Britain in dollars, others in cents.

Great Britain—Demand, 4.89¼; cables, 4.89¼; 60-day bills, 4.88¼.

France—Demand, 4.65⅛; cables, 4.65⅛.

Demand Rates.

Italy	5.26⅛	Czecho-vakia	3.49¼
Belgium	16.87	Yugoslavia	2.34
Germany—		*Austria	18.73
Prev.	40.24	Hungary	19.80
Registered	19.80	Rumania	.75
Travel	21.10	*Argentina	32.67
Holland	54.76	*Brazil	8.80¼
Norway	24.58½	Tokyo	28.53
Sweden	25.23	Shanghai	29.85
Denmark	21.85	Hongkong	30.52
Finland	2.17	Mexico City	27.80
Switzerland	22.84¾	Montreal in New York	99.93⅛
Spain	Unquoted		
Portugal	4.46	Montreal	100.04⅛
Greece	.89¾		
Poland	18.96		

*Nominal.

New York.

Call money steady; 1 per cent all day. Prime commercial paper, ¾ per cent. Time loans steady; 60 days-6 months, 1¼ per cent offered. Bankers' acceptances unchanged. Rediscount rate, New York Reserve Bank, 1½ per cent.

Bar silver steady and unchanged at 44¾.

London.

Money and discount rates unchanged.

Bar gold advanced 2½ pence to 142s 2½d. (Sterling price equivalent to $34.79.)

Bar silver firm, ⅛ higher at 20 1-16d. (Sterling price equivalent to 44.15 cents.)

Paris.

Three per cent rentes 73 francs 45 centimes; 4½ per cent rentes, 76.25. Exchange on London, 106.14. The dollar was quoted at 21.51.

Dried Fruits Steady.

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Dried fruits steady, unchanged.

Steel Merger Gives Republic Entry to South

Absorption of Gulf Would Increase Capacity to 6,450,000 Tons.

By the Associated Press.

New York, Feb. 5.—Directors of Gulf States Steel Co. today approved a merger with Republic Steel Corporation and started legal machinery in motion which will make the combine a $350,000,000 unit. Attorneys of both companies will prepare a joint plan, which must be finally ratified by shareholders.

The transaction was the second major expansion step for Republic within the past two years, the company having acquired the $49,000,000 Corrigan, McKinney Steel Co. in September, 1935. The stock of Republic, in a generally declining stock market, closed 87 cents lower at $34.37. Gulf States shares finished around $76.25, or $1.25 down.

It was stated by Gulf States Steel Co. officials that the proposal for absorption by Republic Steel includes assumption by the latter of the outstanding first mortgage sinking fund 4½ per cent bonds and other indebtedness of Gulf States.

The proposal offers Gulf States stockholders 2 1-3 shares of Republic common for each share of Gulf States. To effect the sale it will be necessary for owners of a majority of Gulf States common to assent.

While Republic has pig iron facilities at Birmingham, absorption of Gulf States, whose properties are at Gadsden, Ala., would give the former its first steel-making entry into Southern field. Gulf States' plants will add 450,000 tons to Republic's ingot capacity, giving the company a total of 6,450,000 tons.

Curb Prices Drop With 'Big Board'

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—A general reaction of moderate proportions pared fractions to several points from prices in the Curb Market today. The list turned lower in conformity with the "big board" and other securities markets following publication of President Roosevelt's recommendation to Congress for increasing the number of Supreme Court justices.

Metal, oil and utility stocks were the most sensitive to heavier offerings. Aluminum Co. of America dropped 2¾ to 163; Newmont Mining, 1½ to 125; Gulf Oil, 1½ to 60½; Creole Petroleum, 1⅞ to 35⅛; Electric Bond & Share, ⅞ to 24½ and American Gas & Electric, ⅞ to 43⅛. McWilliams Dredging lost 1⅜ to 38½, and American Cyanamid "B" ⅝ to 33⅛.

Of the few shares bucking the trend, Sherwin-Williams, up 2½ to, 149½, and Arkansas Natural Gas "A" up ⅝ at 12, stood out.

Transactions totaled 1,044,000 shares compared with 768,000 Thursday.

Steel Prices Unchanged.

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Steel prices unchanged.

The Market

By Carlton A. Shively, A Special Correspondent.

Stocks Decline Sharply After President's Supreme Court Message; Wheat Advances.

New York, Feb. 5.—Stocks and bonds were struck down by the chilly blast at the Supreme Court. Stocks fell heavily, rallied feebly, and then weakened in the final hour with sales volume rising sharply on the decline. Closing prices were lower all around, leaders giving up 1 to 4 points, but the finals were slightly above the worst. Government bonds were unsteady. May wheat closed 2⅛ cents higher at 133 cents a bushel. Stock turnover was approximately 3,300,000 shares, the heaviest since January 12.

After bearing up bravely for the past month or more in the face of flood damage, the General Motors strike, and other rumblings of developments that might eventually knock down the business recovery, the securities markets found today's blast by President Roosevelt at the Supreme Court a bit too much. The frank attempt of the Chief Executive to pack the court found the markets a little tired of past efforts and a trifle skeptical of how far the recovery would extend this spring in any event, in view of other unfavorable influences. All that was required to throw a fog of gloom around the markets was the plain hint that all the worst features of the New Deal which the Supreme Court had blocked now would be brought out, and that no way—save the unlikely event of an adverse vote in a subservient Congress—could be found to escape.

Packing.

News that the President would recommend to Congress legislation to give him power virtually to replace six of the present Supreme Court Justices—possibly with such men as Felix Frankfurter and other prominent New Dealers of the legal profession—came to the markets shortly before noon. Up to that time stocks had been firm, partly on hopes of a settlement of the motor strike. The reaction to the bad news was prompt. Heavy offerings of stock began and they met with a general disinclination to absorb them. Leading issues soon lost 1 to 3 points, and the sales volume was heavy enough to send the tickers five minutes or more behindhand.

Fortunately for the markets a good deal of short selling recently has been indulged in, and covering by bears helped to sustain the markets on the decline, but it was clear from the action of the markets and investigation around Wall Street that a definitely damaging blow had been struck to confidence. Most observers felt that, although a good rally might soon follow, a good deal will be required to restore confidence in higher prices.

Just a Beginning.

No one who had an opportunity to observe the effect of the radical proposal of the President could have any doubt of its seriousness from a Wall Street viewpoint. Perhaps many in the financial district have been childishly naive in supposing that any other intention ever was in the President's mind—at least, since the NRA decision of the Supreme Court. However that may be, a quick return to grown-up reality and a proper appreciation of what may be in store for business was quickly had.

It was not altogether the idea that the Supreme Court might be diluted into New Dealism so much as the probability that this would prove to be a mere beginning of a fresh drive to put into effect what obviously the New Deal leader considers his mandate from the people. How far he is likely to go can only be conjectured; but in spite of personal inclination, a decisive slump in business no doubt would bring a quick burning of the brake linings. The trouble may be that an attempt to halt might come too late

Inflation Coming.

Once in a bearish frame of mind business and the markets easily can find nourishment for their gloominess. They can note that, whatever may have been the case with deficits in previous administrations, they sprang from lowered receipts rather than from higher expenditures. The present case is one of rapidly mounting tax collections but of a still faster pace in spending, as "emergency" outpourings are steadily turned into permanent outlays. Clearly the country is nearing the line of taxation at least double that ever before experienced.

What is likely to bring a rally in the speculative markets more than anything else is a return to the inflationary state of mind. If a sharp turn to the left is to be made by Government, it will have to pass the inflation forkings, and more likely than not will follow some of them. Inflation, and especially currency inflation, is just the thing most ardently desired in sections of the country where the Administration's strength is most pronounced. Soft money and soft debts from time untold have been the fetish of the rurals.

Money markets were unchanged, but some nervousness was felt among those who have time money loans maturing soon and who are faced with the virtual certainty of renewal at higher interest charges. Foreign exchanges again were marked by weakness in the franc. A fresh "crise" in France is coming along nicely, with the symptoms of loss of gold by the Bank of France, heavier borrowings by the state, a flight of capital, and a brave front of unyielding determination not to devalue the currency by those who, because of their radical political ideas, are planning to do just that.

Baldwin Bonds Jump 50 Points on Curb

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Baldwin Locomotive 6 per cent stamped bonds of 1938, ex-warrants, soared around 50 points in the bond market of the New York Curb Exchange today.

This burst of strength reflected approval of the Baldwin reorganization plan late yesterday by the U. S. District Court at Philadelphia.

Freight Traffic, Higher in Year, Down for Week

Floods a Factor in Dip of 1.6 Per Cent From Preceding Week.

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended January 30 totaled 659,790 cars, the Association of American Railroads announced yesterday. This was an increase of 37,900 cars or 6.1 per cent above the corresponding week in 1936 and an increase of 62,829 cars or 10.5 per cent above the corresponding week in 1935. Loading of revenue freight for the week of January 30 was a decrease of 10,586 cars or 1.6 per cent below the preceding week, partially due to flood conditions in the Ohio Valley.

Miscellaneous freight loading for the week ended January 30, totaled 267,937 cars, an increase of 6,099 cars above the preceding week, 57,215 cars above the corresponding week in 1936, and 57,432 cars above the corresponding week in 1935.

Loading of merchandise less than carload lot freight totaled 153,241 cars, a decrease of 5,696 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 4,554 cars above the corresponding week in 1936. It was, however, a decrease of 558 cars below the same week in 1935.

Coal loading amounted to 142,762 cars, a decrease of 12,071 cars below the preceding week, 31,682 cars below the corresponding week in 1936, and 12,580 cars below the same week in 1935.

Grain Loadings Gain.

Grain and grain products loading totaled 30,205 cars, an increase of 104 cars above the preceding week, but a decrease of 369 cars below the corresponding week in 1936. It was, however, an increase of 4,256 cars above the same week in 1935. In the Western districts alone, grain and grain products loading for the week ended January 30 totaled 19,621 cars, an increase of 453 cars above the preceding week and an increase of 841 cars above the corresponding week in 1936.

Live stock loading amounted to 12,519 cars, a decrease of 357 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 731 cars above the same week in 1936. This was, however, a decrease of 1,628 cars below the same week in 1935. In the Western districts alone, loading of live stock for the week ended January 30 totaled 9,427 cars, a decrease of 104 cars below the preceding week but an increase of 725 cars above the corresponding week in 1936.

Forest products loading totaled 30,991 cars, an increase of 360 cars above the preceding week, 2,383 cars above the same week in 1936, and 6,605 cars above the same week in 1935.

Ore loading amounted to 10,465 cars, an increase of 1,443 cars above the preceding week, 5,085 cars above the corresponding week in 1936 and 7,016 cars above the corresponding week in 1935.

Coke loading amounted to 11,670 cars, a decrease of 468 cars below the preceding week, and 17 cars below the same week in 1936 but an increase of 2,286 cars above the same week in 1935.

All districts reported increases in the number of cars loaded with revenue freight, compared with the corresponding weeks in 1936 and 1935 except the Pocahontas, which reported a decrease compared with the two preceding years.

Security Averages.

Stocks.

	50 Ind.	20 RRs.	20 Util.	90 Tot'l.
Yesterday	172.0	59.4	97.3	141.8
Previous day	174.8	60.0	99.1	144.1
Week ago	171.0	57.9	98 6	141.1
Month ago	163.2	57.4	97.4	135.6
Year ago	134.9	50.6	91.9	114.3
Two years ago	84.8	33.9	46.0	70.0
High, 1936	169.6	64.0	102 0	140.5
Low, 1936	126.2	44.0	80.3	106.4
High, 1935	127.9	45.3	84.8	106.9
Low, 1935	78.6	28.6	39.5	64.0

Bonds.

	20 Ind.	20 RRs.	20 Util.	60 Tot'l.
Yesterday	94.7	100.2	105 4	100.1
Previous day	94.8	100.2	105.4	100.1
Week ago	94.8	99.9	105.3	100.0
Month ago	94.4	100.1	105.6	100.0
Year ago	93.1	92.2	105.0	96 7
Two years ago	86.2	81.5	92.1	86.6
High, 1936	94.8	100.4	106.2	100.2
Low, 1936	90.0	84.7	103.5	93.3
High, 1935	91.5	86 4	103.6	93.1
Low, 1935	83.6	71.0	89.3	83.0

(1926 averages equals 100.)

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Boston Wool Market.

Boston, Feb. 5 (AP).—(U. S. Department of Agriculture).—Very little business was transacted today in domestic wools.

Nominally quotations were unchanged on original bags of fine territory wools from recent selling prices of 1.05@1.08 scoured basis for short to average French combing lengths, 1.08@1.10 for average to good French combing, and 1.10@1.12 for bulk good French combing and staple lengths. As a result of slackening in demand from manufacturers and top makers these prices were very difficult to obtain.

Sears, Roebuck Sales Break All Records

Chicago, Feb. 5 (AP).—Sears, Roebuck & Co.'s gross sales for the fiscal year which ended January 29 broke all company records. Sales for the period, January 30, 1936, to January 29, 1937, totaled $526,292,136, an increase of 26.2 per cent compared with the previous year.

Sales from January 2 to January 29 also made a new record. The previous sales volume record was established in 1929 at $443,553,640. On the basis of sales during the fiscal year the net profit was $21,519,000, equal to $4.15 a share, the best earning since 1929.

Investing Trusts Shift Holdings

New York, Feb. 5.—Representative management investment companies added to their holdings in utility, railroad, chemical, building, steel and agricultural implement stocks last year, according to a study of ten representative companies made by Distributors Group. Selling took place in the container, automobile and accessory stocks.

The study points out that seven bought and none sold Niagara Hudson Power, seven bought and one sold Consolidated Edison and U. S. Steel, six bought and none sold Youngstown Sheet & Tube and Twentieth Century-Fox and six bought and two sold North American Co.

Seven companies sold and none bought United Fruit, six sold and one bought Briggs Manufacturing and Libby Owens Ford, six sold and two bought J. C. Penney, six sold and four bought Montgomery Ward.

United Fruit Earns $4.84 Per Share Net

Boston, Feb. 5.—The United Fruit Co. experienced a satisfactory year. After deductions for depreciation, interest and taxes the company earned $14,176,995.54, equal to $4.84 a share as compared with $10,359,222.50 or 3.54 a share in the year 1935.

Declared dividends in 1936 were 12,350,483.75 or $4.25 a share as against 8,717,987.25 or $3 a share in 1935 In United States Government securities and cash the company had on hand at the end of the year, exclusive of the insurance fund, $45,246,208.49, an increase over the last year of $3,939,359.07.

Persia Ratifies Grant To U. S. Oil Group

Teheran, Iran, Feb. 5 (AP).—The Iran Parliament today ratified the concession for vast oil developments recently given an American group sponsored by Seaboard Oil Co., of Delaware; Case Pomery & Co., banking firm, and Ogden Mills, former Secretary of the Treasury.

This is the same group that controls Inland Exploration Co., which recently obtained a 75-year concession to open 270,000 square miles of oil land in Afghanistan, east of Iran.

$50,000,000 Bills Offered by Treasury

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that tenders are invited for Treasury bills to the amount of $50,000,000, or thereabouts. They will be 273-day bills; and will be sold on a discount basis to the highest bidders.

Tenders will be received at the Federal Reserve banks or branches up to 2 p. m. on Monday, February 8. Tenders will not be received at the Treasury Department.

Lanston Monotype Votes $2 Dividend

J. Thilman Hendrick, chairman of the board of Lanston Monotype Machine Co., announces that a dividend of $2 a share has been declared payable February 20 to stockholders of record February 10.

U. S. Doubles Imports Of Japanese Cotton

The Commerce Department reported yesterday that cotton cloth imports from Japan doubled both in volume and value. Imports from Japan last year totaled 77,066,000 square yards valued at $3,456,000, compared with 36,475,000 valued at $1,728,000 in 1935.

Japan supplied 10,839,000 square yards valued at $474,000 last December compared with 2,492,000 square yards valued at $123,000 in December, 1935.

WINTHROP, MITCHELL & CO.
Certificate of Limited Partnership.

We, the undersigned, desiring to form a limited partnership pursuant to the laws of the District of Columbia, do hereby state and certify as follows:

I. The name of the partnership is WINTHROP, MITCHELL & CO.

II. The names and places of residence of the members, general and special, are:

General Partners.

Henry Rogers Winthrop, New York, N. Y.; Leeds Mitchell, Chicago, Ill.; Theodore E. Cunningham, Evanston, Ill.; Woodward Babcock, New York, N. Y.; John J. Fagan, New York, N. Y.; Harry C. Schaack, Chicago, Ill.; George R. Thornton, Oak Park, Ill.; Alfred I. Preston, Jr., New York, N. Y.; Richard F. Babcock, Woodbury, Long Island, New York; Henry P. Godfrey, New York, N. Y.; Richard P. Loasby, Montclair, N. J.; Richard B. W. Hall, New York, N. Y.; Thomas Miller, Chicago, Ill.; Walter C. Hardy, Charleston, W. Va.; James J. Masterson, Bergenfield, N. J.; Arthur J. G. Illian, Chicago, Ill.; Austin H. Niblack, Lake Forest, Ill.; George N. Buffington, Barrington, Ill.; William F. S. Earle, Jr., Forest Hills, Long Island, New York; Everett E. Mellinger, Highland Park, Ill.

Special Partners.

Walter Schuttler, Chicago, Ill.; Milton W. Holden, Palm Beach, Fla.

III. The general nature of the business intended to be transacted shall be a general brokerage and comission business, dealing in securities and commodities.

IV. The partnership is to commence January 1, 1937, and shall terminate at the close of business on December 31, 1938, unless sooner terminated.

V. The amounts of cash actually contributed by the special partners to the common stock of the partnership are:

Walter Schuttler, $300,000; Milton W. Holden, $300,000.

Dated December 31, 1936.

HENRY ROGERS WINTHROP.
LEEDS MITCHELL.
THEODORE E. CUNNINGHAM.
WOODWARD BABCOCK.
JOHN J. FAGAN.
HARRY E. SCHAACK.
GEORGE R. THORNTON.
ALFRED I. PRESTON, JR.
WALTER SCHUTTLER.
RICHARD F. BABCOCK.
HENRY F. GODFREY.
RICHARD P. LOASBY.
RICHARD B. W. HALL.
THOS. MILLER.
WALLER C. HARDY.
JAMES J. MASTERSON.
ARTHUR J. ILLIAN.
AUSTIN H. NIBLACK.
GEORGE BUFFINGTON.
WM. F. S. EARLE, JR.
EVERETT E. MELLINGER.
MILTON W. HOLDEN.

The foregoing certificate, duly acknowledged, has been filed and recorded in the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, Washington, D. C., and an affidavit duly verified by two general partners, stating that the specified cash contributions of the special partners have in good faith been actually paid into the partnership fund, has been filed therewith.

LAIDLAW & COMPANY. NOTICE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CERTIFICATE.

Notice is hereby given that a new Limited Partnership has been formed to proceed with and continue under the firm name of Laidlaw & Company the business heretofore carried on by the Limited Partnership under the same name which was terminated on December 31, 1936, and by its predecessors, and that the following is a copy of the Certificate of Limited Partnership filed on January 9, 1937 in the Office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia:

This is to certify that Edward Roesler, Gilbert U. Burdett, Elliot C. R. Laidlaw, Manuel J. Johnson, Henry W. Brower, Edward Roesler, Jr., Lorraine F. Pitman, Robert E. Hauser, Isabella Wood Laidlaw and Henry McSweeney have heretofore formed a Limited Partnership pursuant to the laws of the State of New York, and desire to do business in the District of Columbia as a Limited Partnership; that the firm name of said Partnership is Laidlaw & Company; that the business to be transacted by said Partnership is the business of buying, selling and dealing in and with stocks, bonds, notes, securities, negotiable instruments and other evidences of debt or ownership, as brokers and agents, and not otherwise; that the said Edward Roesler, Gilbert U. Burdett, Elliot C. R. Laidlaw, Manuel J. Johnson, Henry W. Brower, Edward Roesler, Jr., Lorraine F. Pitman and Robert E. Hauser are General Partners; that the said Isabella Wood Laidlaw and Henry McSweeney are Special Partners; that the said Isabella Wood Laidlaw has contributed the sum of $500,000 and the said Henry McSweeney has contributed the sum of $1,000,000 to the common stock of said Partnership; that said Partnership was formed for a period commencing on January 1, 1937 and terminating on December 31, 1938. In Witness whereof the aforesaid Partners have hereunto subscribed their names this 28th day of December, 1936.

EDWARD ROESLER
GILBERT U. BURDETT
ELLIOT C. R. LAIDLAW
MANUEL J. JOHNSON
HENRY W. BROWER
EDWARD ROESLER, JR.
LORRAINE F. PITTMAN
ROBERT E. HAUSER
General Partners
ISABELLA WOOD LAIDLAW
HENRY McSWEENEY
Special Partners

(The foregoing certificate was duly acknowledged by the several subscribers thereto.)

Transactions on N. Y. Bond Market

By the Associated Press.

Total bond sales yesterday, $13,354,000; previous day, $13,15 4,000; week ago, $10,839,000; year ago, $18,950,000; two years ago, $10,196,000; January 1 to date, $10,824,000; year ago, $5 75,563,000; two years ago, $391,851,000.

Range of United States Government Issues

(Sales in $1,000. Dollars and 32ds.)

1937 High.	1937 Low.	Feb. 5 Sales.		High	Low	Last	Net Change	Closing Bid	Closing Ask	Yield
121.14	119.30	101	Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52	120.9	120.8	120.9	— .1	120.8	120.9	2.12
109.26	108.16	14	Treasury 3½s, 1943-45	108.28	108.23	108.24	.2	108.24	108.26	1.82
115.20	114	35	Treasury 4s, 1944-54	114.21	114.20	114.21	+ .1	114.19	114.21	1.98
114.9	113.2	7	Treasury 3¾s, 1946-56	113.13	113.9	113.13	+ .3	113.9	113.13	2.12
107.27	106.31	6	Treasury 3⅜s, 1940-43 June	107.8	107.8	107.8	.....	107.7	107.8	1.16
110.18	109.2	3	Treasury 3¼s, 1943-47	109.8	109.6	109.8	— .1	109.7	109.8	1.83
109.24	107.29	3	Treasury 3s, 1951-55	108.5	108.2	108.5	— .2	108.5	108.6	2.35
109.25	108.16	110	Treasury 3¼s, 1944-46	108.25	108.24	108.25	— .1	108.23	108.25	1.94
108.24	108.3	14	Treasury 3¼s, 1946-49	108.9	108.7	108.9	+ .2	108.6	108.9	2.14
108.18	108.4	29	Treasury 3¼s, 1949-52	108.9	108.9	108.9	.....	108.8	108.9	2.37
107.30	107.6	2	Treasury 3s, 1946-48	107.12	107.12	107.12	— .2	107.12	107.14	2.12
106.28	106.12	6	Treasury 3s, 1951-55	106.24	106.23	106.24	.....	106.23	106.24	2.43
104.28	104.5	233	Treasury 2¾s, 1955-60	104.24	104.20	104.22	+ .2	104.21	104.22	2.55
106.16	105.13	2	Treasury 2¾s, 1945-47	105.26	105.26	105.26	+ .2	105.24	105.25	2.02
104.16	103.31	103	Treasury 2¾s, 1948-51	104.10	104.9	104.10	¾ .1	104.9	104.12	2.30
103.16	102.31	18	Treasury 2¾s, 1951-54	103.4	103.1	103.3	.....	103.12	103.14	2.43
103.12	102.26	18	Treasury 2¾s, 1956-59	103.12	103.10	103.10	.....	103.9	103.12	2.53
101.21	101.6	81	Treasury 2½s, 1949-53	101.21	101.19	101.19	— .2	101.19	101.21	2.35
105.23	104.30	2	Federal Farm Mtg 3s, 1947	105.10	105.9	105.10	+ .1	105.9	105.10	1.87
105.17	104.30	3	Federal Farm Mtg 3s, 1949	105.10	105.6	105.10	+ .1	105.9	105.10	2.20
108.3	104.21	14	Home Own Ln 3s, 1952	105.	104.29	105.	— .1	104.31	105.	2.26
103.2	102.20	16	Home Own Ln 2¾s, 1949	102.28	102.26	102.28	+ .1	102.28	102.29	1.56
102.31	102.18	1	Home Own Ln 2¼s, 1942-44	102.25	102.25	102.25	.....	102.24	102.25	1.71

XIN—Ex interest. CT—Certificates.

Sales in thousands.	High	Low	Close
CORPORATION BONDS.			
A			
13 Alleghany 5 '44	100½	100¼	100¼
45 Alleghany 5 '49	95½	95	95¼
36 Alleghany 5 '50 stp	65	64	64
88 Am & For P5 2030	84	83	83¼
15 AmIGChem 5½ '49	108⅞	108½	108½
22 Am T&T 5½ '43	112	111½	111⅝
7 Am T Fdr cv '50	191½	190	190
17 Anaconda C 4½ '50	106	105¾	106
8 Anz C Nitra deb '67	38	38	38
38 Arm Del 4 '55	100¼	100	100¼
45 AT&SF 4 '95	113⅜	113¼	113¼
37 ACL cit 4 '52	98	97¾	97¾
B			
21 B&O rfg 6 '95	101⅝	101¼	101¼
10 B&O 5 '96 F	92½	92	92
43 B&O cvt 4½ '60	77¼	76¾	76¾
3 B&O 4 '48	107	107	107
5 Bell TPa 5 '48 B	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝
16 Beth Stl 4¼ '60	105⅜	105	105
37 Boston&Me 5 '67	87⅞	87	87⅞
13 Buf R&P 4½ '57	92½	92⅜	92⅜
C			
6 Can Nat Ry4½ '56	114⅜	114	114⅜
7 Can Pac 4 '49	110	110	110
24 Certain-td 5½ '48	96	95½	95½
6 Chesap Corp 5 '47	152¼	152	152
3 C&O gen 4½ '92	124	124	124
26 C&O rfg 5½ '96E	101½	100⅜	100⅜
22 Chi & Alton 3 '49	56⅝	56⅜	56⅜
2 CB&Q gen 4 '58	114¼	114¼	114¼
125 Chi & E Ill 5 '51	38½	36½	37
80 Chic Gt West 4 '59	49½	48	48
169 CMSP & Pac 5 '75	34	32¼	33¼
188 CMSP&P sf 5 2000	10½	9⅜	9⅜
158 Chi&NW cv 4¾ '49	18	17¼	17¼
33 C R I & P rfg 4 '34	20¾	20¼	20⅜
1 Cin & W Ind 4 '52	106	106	106
39 CCC & StL 4½ '77	97	97	97
1 Clev U T 4½ '77 C	104¾	104¾	104¾
7 Col & So 4½ '80	74¼	73⅜	73⅜
15 Colmbia G 5 '52 May	104¾	104½	104⅝
34 Colmbia G 5 1961	104½	104⅜	104⅜
5 Com'l Inv Tr 5½ '51	103	103	103
9 Con Edis 3¼ '58	106	106	106
1 Con Edis 3½ '56	106¼	106¼	106¼
123 Con Oil 3½ '51	106¼	105¾	106¾
11 Consum Pow 3½ '70	104⅝	104⅜	104⅜
5 Cuba Nor Ry 5½ '42	61	60½	60½
D			
74 Del & Hud rfg 4 '43	94⅝	94⅜	94⅜
83 D & R G 4 '36	33¾	32⅜	32⅜
E			
338 Erie rf 5 '75	88	87	87
80 Erie gen lien 4 '96	90⅞	90½	90½
F			
2 Fed Lt & T 5 '42	103	103	103
33 Fla E Cst 5 '74 cit	17	16⅜	16⅜
106 Fla E Cst 5 '74	17½	16½	16½
G			
18 Gen Stl Cast5½ '49	96¾	96	96

New York Curb Stocks

By the Associated Press.

Total stock sales yesterday, 1,044,000 shares; year ago, 1,263,336 shares; total bond sales yesterday, $2,700,000; year ago, $4,981,000.

Sales in hundreds.

	High	Low	Close
A			
.75 Acme Wire vtc(2a)	53½	52	52
6 ‡Acro Sup Mfg B.	5	4¾	4¾
3 ‡Acta Ansco	15	14⅝	14⅝
6 Ainsworth (1e)	21⅜	21⅛	21⅛
2 ‡Air Invest	5	4¾	4¾
.40 Ala Pow $7 pf (7)	84¾	84¾	84¾
8 ‡Allen Indus (1a)	27	26⅛	26⅛
1 Allen & Fisher	4	4	4
6 Alliance Inv	5	4½	4½
8.50 Alum Co Am	166	162	163
2.50 Alum Co pf (6)	118¾	117¾	118¾
2.50 ‡Alum Ind (.40)	12¼	12	12
2 Alum Ltd	112½	108	106
1 Alum Ltd pf	124½	124½	124½
12 ‡Am Airlines	29¾	28	28½
1 Alum Ltd pf	124½	124½	124½
12 ‡Am Airlines	29¾	28	28¼
20 Am Box Board (¼g)	19⅜	18⅞	18⅞
4 ‡Am Beverage	3⅝	3½	3½
.20 Am Book (.40)	64	64	64
2 Am Capital A	10½	10½	10½
3 Am Capital B	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
1 Am Cap pf	40½	40½	40½
.25 ‡Am Cit P&LA (3h)	40¼	40¼	40¼
5 ‡Am Cit P&LB (.20e)	6⅝	6½	6½
23 Am Cyan B (.60h)	33¾	33½	33½
1 ‡Am Equit (.22½e)	4¾	4¾	4¾
11 Am & Fgn P war	3¾	3¾	3¾
1 Am F&Hoe (1a)	23¾	23⅝	23⅝
34 Am Gas&El (1.40)	44⅞	43	43⅜
.50 Am G&E pf (6)	111	111	111
12 ‡Am Gen (⅛e)	11⅛	11	11
2.50 ‡Am Gen $2 pf (2)	35¼	34⅞	34⅞
1.25 ‡Am G 32½pf(2½)	42	41¼	41¼
.50 Am Hard Rub (1e)	28	28	28
19 Am Laun Mch (.60a)	34½	32¼	32¾
7 Am Lt & Tr (1.20a)	24¼	23⅝	24
2 Am Lt&Tr pf (1½)	28	28	28
2.75 Am Mfg (3e)	41⅛	38½	39
96 ‡Am Maracaibo	2	1¾	2
4 Am Meter (2¼e)	55	52½	52½
2 Am Pneum	2	1¾	1¾
80 Am Sup Power	2½	2¼	2¼
1 Am Sup P 1 pf (6)	96	96	96
4 Am Sup P pf	53¾	51½	51½
3 Anch Post F	5⅝	5½	5¾
1 ‡Ang Wupp (.20a)	6	6	6
99 ‡Arctur Rad Tube	2½	2¼	2¼
182 Ark Nat Gas A	12¾	11¾	11¾
838 Ark Nat Gas A	12¾	11¾	12
30 Ark Nat Gas pf	10½	10½	10½
.50 Ark Pow&Lt pf (7)	95	94½	94½
28 ‡Art Met Wks (1.20)	15¾	14½	15
38 ‡Ashland O&R(.40a)	7⅞	7½	7½
7 As G & E	2¼	2¼	2¼
28 ‡As G & E1 A	4½	3¾	3¾
7 As G&E1 war	⅝	5-32	5-32
7 As G & E1 pf	31¾	31¼	31¼
1.50 As Invest (2a)	56	55¾	55¾
8 Atl Cst Fish	12⅞	12¾	12¾
.10 Atl Cst Line (2½e)	51¼	51¼	51¼
23 Atlas Corp (.80)	17⅞	17⅝	17⅝
3 Atlas Corp pf (3)	51¾	51¾	51¾
10 Atlas Corp war	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
9 Atlas Ply (¼e)	26½	25¾	25¾
12 ‡Austin Silver M	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1 ‡Automat Prod	7¾	7¾	7¾
1 ‡Auto V Mach (⅛)	8¼	8¼	8¼
B			
.75 Babcock&Wil (1e)	151¾	151	151
54 Baldwin Rubber vtc	3½	3	3½
60 ‡Barium Stk Stl	6¼	6	6¼
1 ‡Barl&Seel A (1.20)	18¾	18¾	18¾
1 Bell Aircraft	13¾	13¾	13¾
13 ‡Bellanca Aire	6⅝	6½	6½
.50 ‡Bena&Hedges pf	18½	18½	18½
74 ‡Berkey & Gay F	4	3¾	3¾
56 ‡Berkey&Gay F war	2¼	2	2¼
14 Bliss E W	23½	22½	22½
4 ‡Blue Ridge (.10e)	3¾	3½	3¾
54 ‡Blue Ridge cv pf (3h)	48⅝	48	48⅝
2 ‡Blumenthal (8)	39½	39	39
.25 Bohack (H C)	10½	10⅛	10⅛
1 Borne Scrym (1¼e)	16	16	16
2 ‡Bourjois (¾e)	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
24 Bower R B (1½g)	35¾	33¾	34
3 Bown Bilt H	2¼	2¼	2¼
1 Bown Bilt H 1 pf	26¼	25⅞	25⅞
6 Braz T & L (.40g)	24½	23¾	23¾
10 ‡Bridgpt Mach (1e)	19¾	19¼	19¾
1 Brillo Star Elec B	3¼	3¼	3¼
24 Brill A	14⅛	13¾	14
18 Brill B	5	5	5
2 Brill pf	70	66	66
5 Br Am O cou (.80a)	25¼	25½	25½
176 Brown Co pf	63	59¼	59¼
4 ‡Brown F&W (.15g)	14	13¾	14
12 ‡Brown F Dist	10¼	10¼	10¼
.50 Buckeye PL (1g)	49½	49½	49½
3 Buf N&EP pf (1.60)	25¼	25¼	25¼
1.75 Bumk Hills& S (1a)	113	111	111
1 Burco war	⅜	⅜	⅜
2 ‡Burry Biscuit	7	6¾	7
C			
1 Cab & Wire A	1¼	1¼	1¼
5 Cab & Wire B	1¼	1¼	1¼
1 ‡Cab El Wrod vtc	1¼	1¼	1¼
.80 Can Hydro E 1 pf	78¾	77	77
2 Can Ind Alc A	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝
9 Can Marc Wire	2½	2¼	2¼
4 ‡Cap City P (1.15g)	22	21	21
26 Carib Syn	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
181 Carnegie Metals Co	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
74 Carnegie M rts wi			
.10 Caro P&L $6 pf (6)	90	90	90
43 Carrier Corp	42	40½	40⅝
2 Carter JW (.60a)	11¼	11¼	11¼
6 ‡Casco Prod (2.75e)	38½	37½	38
19 ‡Catalin Am (.40e)	9¾	9½	9½
.50 Celanese 1st pf (7)	110¾	110¾	110¾
.50 ‡Celluloid pf	40½	40½	40½
37 Cen & Sw Ut	2¼	2¼	2¼
2 ‡Cen Ohio St (¼g)	18	17	18
40 Cen St El	2½	2	2
1.75 Cen St El 6 pf	22¾	22¾	22¾
.25 Cen St E cv pf n	22¾	22¾	22¾
1 ‡Charis (1½)	16½	16¼	16¼
.25 Cherry Burrell (3)	82	82	82
.50 Chesebro (4a)	110½	110½	110½
6.50 Chi Flex Shaft (2a)	61¼	60	61½
3 Chi Riv&M (1½a)	31¼	31¼	31¼
12 Chief Cons	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2.75 Childs pf	85	84	84
408 Cities Service	5	4¾	4¾
12 Citi Serv pf	57½	54½	54½
1 Cit Servc P 7 pf	77	77	77
1 Cit Svc P 6 pf	75½	75	75
1 City&Suburb H (.30)	4¼	4¼	4¼
13 City Auto S (1.10e)	14	13½	13½
36 Claude Neon Lt	2¾	2½	2¾
2 Cleve El Ill (2a)	47	47	47
14 ‡Cleve Tract	12¼	11½	11½
197 ‡Colon Develop	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞
2 ‡Colon Develop A	4¾	4¾	4¾
29 ‡Colon Devel cv pf	14¼	14	14
16 ‡Colo Fuel & I war	20½	19½	19½
4 Colts Pat F (1¼a)	58½	57¼	57¼
4.25 Colum G&E pf (5)	87¾	86	86½
69 Colum Oil&G (.20e)	9¾	9	9¼
5 ‡Comwith Edis (3)	132	130	130
30 Comwith & S war	⅞	⅞	⅞
.25 Comm P & L 1 pf	59	59	59
.80 ‡Comm P S (1a)	32	32	32
1 ‡Compo Sh Mch (.40)	16½	16½	16½
2 ‡Com Shrvic ctf(1h)	16¾	16¾	16¾
20 ‡Cons Aire	26⅝	25	25½
1 Cons Bis (.60) XD	9	9	9
9 Cons Cop Min	9	8½	8½
9 ‡Cons G&E Bal(3.60)	86¾	86	86
.75 Cons M & S A (3)	77¾	77	77¼
4 Cons Ret Stra	9¼	9	9¼
.80 Cons R St pf (8)	117	114	117
634 Cons Steel Corp	10¾	9¾	10
.50 Cont G&E p pf (7)	100½	100½	100½
5 Cont Oil Mex	2¼	2¼	2¼
10 Cont Roll & St	22¾	22	22¾
3 ‡Cook P & V (.60)	21	20½	20½
18 ‡Cooper-Bess	34½	32	32
1 Coop-B pr pf (½e)	44	44	44
8 Copper Range	15⅛	14¾	14½
41 Cord Corp	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
4 ‡Corroon & Rey	6¾	6¾	6¾
40 ‡Cosden Oil Me	3¾	3¾	3¾
12 ‡Cosden Oil Me pf	30	28½	28½
1 Cramp & Sons	1¾	1¾	1¾
32 Creole Pet (.45e)	37⅛	35½	35½
32 Crocker Wh (.10e)	18⅛	17	17⅜
6 ‡Croft Brewing			
23 ‡Crown C P (.06e)	2½	2⅜	2⅜
1 ‡Crown C I A (1)	14	14	14
13 ‡Crown Dr (.10g)	4½	4¾	4¾
230 ‡Cusi Mex	1¾	1¾	1¾
D			
5 ‡Dayton Rub	24⅜	23½	23½
1 ‡Derby Oil	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
1 ‡Detroit Gasket (1)	17½	17½	17½
1 ‡D G&Mpf ww(1.20)	19¼	19¼	19¼
4 Detroit Gr Ir(.80e)	15	14½	14½
6 Detroit M Stove	10½	10	10
4 ‡Det Paper P (¼a)	9¾	9¾	9⅞
1 ‡Detroit Sti Pr(1½)	62¾	61¼	61¼
.50 Diamond Shoe (2)	26	25½	25½
5 ‡Doehler D C (1e)	39	39	39
.10 Draper Corp (2.40a)	85	85	85
1 ‡Driver-Har (⅜x)	38	38	38
.20 ‡Driver-Har pf (7)	110	110	110
6 ‡Dubilier Con	3¼	3¼	3¼
2 ‡Duke Power (3)	79	78	79
E			
101 ‡Eagle Pich L (.60e)	26¾	25	25½
10 East Gas & F	9¾	9	9¼
4.50 East G&F $ pf (6)	69	67½	67½
4.50 East G&Fpr pf(4½)	76½	76	76½
.50 East M Iron (1.30e)	26	26	26
2 East Sta Corp	5¾	5¾	5¾
1 East Sta B pf	75	75	75
7 ‡Easy W M B (⅛a)	11¾	11¼	11¼
2 ‡Elec Elec (3%f)	3	3	3
424 El Bond & Sh	26½	24	24½
6 El Bd & Sh pf(6)	87¼	86½	86¾
3 El Bd & Sh 5 pf(5)	78¾	78¼	78¼
1 El Pow As (¼e)	10	10	10
1 El Pow As A (¼e)	6	6	6
4 ‡Elect Share	6¾	6¼	6¼
1 ‡Elect Sh pf (.6h)	94¾	94¾	94¾
15 El Shovel C pf	21	18	21
.75 Elgin N Wtch (2½e)	37¾	37¾	37¾
1.75 Emp G & F 6 pf	71	69	69
34 ‡Equity Corp (¼e)	2½	2¼	2¼
27 Europ El deb rts	1⅛	⅛	⅛
7 Evans Wallo	1¾	1¾	1¾
3 Evans Wallo pf	29¼	27¾	27¾
68 ‡Ex-cello A&T(3½e)	25	24	24¾
F			
6 ‡Fairchild A (.15e)	8¾	7¼	7¼
2 ‡Falstaff Br (1½e)	9½	9¼	9¼
1 ‡Fanny Farm (½a)	22¾	22¾	22¾
1 Fed Corp	¾	¾	¾
16 ‡Ferro Enam (3e)	47	46	46¼
32 ‡Fidelio Brew	1¼	1	1
24 Fisk Rub	12¾	12	12¾
2.50 Fisk Rub pf (6)	83	81	81
50 Fla P&L 7 pf	63	63	63
110 Ford M C A (1)	28¼	27¼	27¾
.50 Ford M Can B (1)	30	30	30
8 Ford M L (.18le)	8¼	7¾	7¾
4 ‡Fox (P) Br (.80)	10¾	10¾	10¾
1 ‡Frankl Rad (.60a)	9½	9½	9½
2 ‡Froedtert G	13	12½	12¾
1 ‡Froed G c p(1.20)	18¾	18½	18½
G			
29 ‡Gen Alloys	8¼	8¼	8¼
8 Gen Firepf (.40a)	20¼	20¼	20½
20 Gen Invest	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3 Gen Invest war	⅛	⅛	⅛
2 Gen Inv pf (3)	95	95	95
.50 ‡Gen Out Adv pf	94	94	94
1 Gen Rayon A	17¾	17¾	17¾
10 ‡Gen Tel (1.35e)	22	21¾	21¾
1 ‡Gen Tele pf (3)	51	51	51
16 Gen T & Rub	25	24	24
.30 Gen T&R A pf (6)	103½	103½	103½
1 Georg Pow pf (6)	89¼	89¼	89¼
6 ‡Gilbert (AC) (¼e)	14¾	13¾	13¾
6 Glen Alden (1½e)	13¼	13	13
2.50 Godchaux S A (1g)	49	47	47
16 Godchaux Sug B	36½	32½	34
.70 Goldblatt S pf (7)	107	105	105
1 Goldfield Con	½	½	½
1 ‡Gork Inc A	6½	6½	6½
3 ‡Grand Nat Films	3¾	3½	3¾
4 ‡Grand Rap V (1)	16¾	16¼	16¼
1 ‡Grand Tel P B (1)	18¾	18¾	18¾
.30 Gt Atl & P nv (6a)	112¾	112¾	112¾
1 Gt Atl & P 1st pf (7)	138	138	138

Sales in hundreds.	High	Low	Close
27 Greenf T & D	12⅝	11¾	12
4 ‡Groc Str Prod	5	5	5
2 Guard Inv	11	11	11
37 Gulf Oil (¼g)	62½	60½	60½
H			
13 Hall Lamp (.40e)	7	6¾	6¾
1 ‡Haloid (1a)	22½	22½	22½
.25 Hartford E1 (2¾)	68½	66½	66½
1 ‡Hartman Tob	2	2	2
1 ‡Harvard Brew	3½	3½	3½
5 ‡Hat Corp Am B	14¼	14⅛	14¼
3 ‡Hazeltine (3e)	16⅝	16½	16⅝
10 ‡Hecla Min (.60a)	18	17⅝	18
2 Heller WE (.40a)	8¾	8½	8⅝
4 Holling Gold (.65a)	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
1.25 Horn & Hard (2)	40½	40½	40⅝
12 ‡Hud Bay M&S(1)	33½	32¾	33
23 ‡Humble Oil (1a)	68½	67¾	68
2 ‡Husamann Ltr (1)	11¼	10¾	10¾
1 ‡Huyler's Del	1¾	1¾	1¾
3 ‡Hycrade Fd	5¼	5¼	5¼
I			
11 Ill P&L $6 pf	67½	65	66
1 Ill P&L 6% pf	67	67	67
200 Imp Oil Can (¼a)	21¾	21½	21½
1 Imp Oil Ca rts (⅛a)	21½	21½	21½
20 Ind Svc 6 pf	31	31	31
10 Ind Svc 7 pf	32	32	32
23 Ind Pipe L (.80e)	10¾	9¾	9¾
4 Indus Finan vtc	2¼	2	2
2 Ins Co N Am (2a)	72¾	72½	72½
2 Int Cig Mch (⅛g)	28	27¾	27¾
21 Int Holding	3½	3¾	3¾
1 Int Hyd El war	⅝	1¼	1¼
1 Int Hyd El pf	40½	40½	40½
1.50 Int Metal Ind A	16½	16½	16½
24 Internat Pet (1½a)	35¼	34¾	34¾
8 ‡Inter Prod	6¼	6¼	6¾
1 Inter Util A	19	19	19
20 Inter Util B	2¼	2¼	2¼
52 ‡Kingston Pr (.20a)	7¾	7¾	7¾
17 ‡Kirby Pet (.20e)	7¼	6½	7
2 Kirkl LakeGM(.06e)	1¾	1¾	1¾
.25 ‡Koppers Co pf(6)	108½	108½	108½
7 ‡Kreuger Brew(1a)	17¾	17¼	17⅝
K			
5 Kan City P S vtc	3⅝	⅜	½
4 Kan CityPS vtc pfA	3⅝	3½	3⅝
1 ‡Ken Rad T (.40e)	23½	22½	22½
52 ‡Kingston Pr (.20a)	7¾	7¾	7¾
17 ‡Kirby Pet (.20e)	7¼	6½	7
2 Kirkl LakeGM(.06e)	1¾	1¾	1¾
.25 ‡Koppers Co pf(6)	108½	108½	108½
7 ‡Kreuger Brew(1a)	17¾	17¼	17⅝
14 Lake Shore M (4a)	57	56¾	57
45 Lakey Fdy & M	8⅞	8½	8½
32 Lehigh C&N (.30a)	12½	11¾	12¼
1 Lehigh Coal	1¼	1¼	1¼
18 ‡Lion Oil (1)	18	17	17
16 ‡Locke Stl Ch(.80a)	17⅝	17½	17½
39 ‡Lockheed Aire	12½	11¼	11¾
13 Lone Star Gas(.60e)	13¼	13	13
134 Louis Gas & El	9¾	9¾	9¾
107 Louis Nash (2)	105	104	104
10 Long Is L pf (7)	90	90	90
1 ‡Loudoun Pack (½)	6	6	6
106 ‡Louis L&E (.40a)	13⅞	13¾	13¾
1 ‡Lynch Corp (2a)	41	41	41
M			
17 ‡McCord Rad B	14⅞	14	14
66 McWill Dredg (2a)	40¾	38½	38½
7 ‡Majestic Rad&Tel	4½	4¼	4¼
3 ‡Manzel Stra	9¾	9½	9¾
1 ‡Manzel Tire (2)	75	75	75
5 ‡Marzay Oil (.15a)	29	28	28½
3 ‡Marion St Shov	17¾	17	17
1 ‡Mass Util Asso	3½	3½	3½
44 ‡Massey Harris	9¾	9¼	9¼
7 ‡Mead John (3a)	114½	113¾	114½
1 ‡Memph NGas(¼e)	6¾	6¾	6¾
3 ‡Mercant Stra (3g)	40	40	40
10 ‡Merritt-C & S	10	9¼	9¼
.25 ‡Merritt-C & S pfA	74¼	74¼	74¼
1.50 ‡Mesabi Iron (2)	25	25	25
6 ‡Pander Gr B (½e)	8½	8½	8½
2 ‡Penin Tel (¼g)	29½	28¾	29½
1 ‡Penn-Mex Fuel(½e)	6¼	6¼	6¼
26 ‡Pennroad (¼e)	4¾	4¾	4¾
1 ‡Pa Gas&El A (1½)	16¾	16¾	16¾
10 ‡Pa P&L 6 pf (6)	109	109	109
.25 ‡Pa Salt (4a)	172	172	172
1.25 ‡Pepperell (3g)	138¼	136½	136½
.50 ‡Perfect Circle (2a)	35¼	35¼	35¼
12 ‡Phillips Pet (¼e)	14¼	14	14¾
47 ‡Phoenix Sec	8¼	8	8¼
11 ‡Pioneer Gold (.80)	6¾	6¾	6¾
13 ‡Pitney-Bowes (.40)	9	8¾	8¾
40 ‡Pitts Forg	27¼	25¾	26
2 ‡PleasValWine(.05a)	2¼	2	2¼
2 ‡Potrero Sugar	3¾	3¾	3¾
14 ‡Powdrell&Alex(.60a)	12½	11¾	11¾
1 Pow Corp Can(¼e)	32	32	32
4 ‡Premier Gld (.12a)	3¾	3¾	3¾
13 ‡Prod Corp	1¾	1¾	1¾
3 ‡Prosperity B (1¼)	15	15	15
1 ‡Pruden Inv (⅛e)	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
1.10 P S Ind $7 pr pf	62½	62	62
.50 P S Ind $6 pf	33	33	33
10 PubSvcOk6pr in(6)	103	103	103
1 ‡Pug Sd 8 pf (1¼a)	86	86	86
3.25 ‡Pug Sd P 6 pf	53¼	52	52
8 ‡Pyree (.90e)	10¼	9¾	9¾
Q			
4.50 ‡Quebec Pow (1)	24¼	23	23
R			
1 ‡Rwy&LghtSec(1.55e)	25	25	25
7 ‡Raibow Lum A	1⅜	1½	1½
8 ‡Rainbow Lum B	½	½	½
2.75 ‡Raym Conc (¼g)	31¼	30	31
1.25 ‡Raym Conc pf (3)	45	44	44
4 ‡Red Bank Oil	12	11¾	11¾
1 ‡Reed RollBit(.80a)	35¼	35	35
29 ‡Reiter-Fost	1¼	1¼	1¼
7 ‡Reynolds Inv	2½	2¼	2½
8 ‡Richmond Rad	5¾	5¾	5¾
8 ‡Roosevelt Fd	4	4	4
8 ‡Root Pet (1)	11	10¾	10¾
1 ‡RootPet p pf(1.20)	16½	16½	16½
1 ‡Rossia Intl	¾	¾	¾
1 ‡Royal Type	103¼	103	103
28 ‡Rustless I & S	17	16½	16½
2 ‡Ryan Cons	5¾	5¾	5¾
3 ‡Ryerson & Haynes	6	6	6
S			
.25 ‡Safety Car H&L(6a)	126	126	126
9 ‡St Anth Gold	⅛	⅛	⅛
127 ‡St Regis Pap	10	9½	9½
.50 ‡St Regis Pap pf	116¾	116¾	116¾
2 ‡Savoy Oil	3¾	3¾	3¾
3 ‡Schulte R Est	⅝	⅝	⅝
16 ‡Sec Corp Gen	4¼	4	4
16 ‡Seal Lock	¾	3¾	3¾
7 ‡Setherling Rub	7¾	6¾	6¾
6 ‡Selected Indus	7¼	6¾	6¾
1.50 ‡SellInd(al ctf)(3½)	100	99½	99½
11 ‡Sentry & Con	11	11	11
2 ‡Seton Leather(¼e)	11¼	11	11
6 ‡Sevenay Alrc	5	5¼	5¼
24 ‡Shattuck Denn	24¾	23½	23¾
4 ‡Sherwin-Wms (4)	149½	146½	149¼
.30 ‡Sherw-Wms pf (8)	112	112	112
1 ‡Shrevepl El-DPL sta	⅛	⅛	⅛
29 ‡Singer Mfg (6a)	345	342	342
24 ‡Smith Cor vtc (1e)	37¼	36	36
9 ‡Sonotone (.10e)	2¼	2	2
1 ‡So Penn Oil (1½a)	47	47	47
2 ‡South Pipe (.20g)	6¼	6	6
12 ‡Southland R (.40e)	10¼	9¾	10
1 ‡Span & Gen	½	½	½
3 ‡Spencer ChStra(.60)	9	9	9
1.50 ‡SquDCoA pf (2.20)	39¼	39	39
1 ‡Stahl Meyer	3¾	3¾	3¾
4 ‡Stand Brew	¾	¾	¾
1 ‡Stand Dredg	4¾	4¾	4¾
.50 ‡Stand Dredg cv pf	17½	17½	17½
2 ‡Stand Inv pf	59½	57½	57½
73 ‡Stl Ol Ky (1a)	20	19¾	19¾
1 ‡St Ol Ky (1a) pf	39	37½	38
15 ‡St Ohio (1a)	39	37½	38
18 ‡St Pow & Lt	6	5¾	5¾
1.50 ‡St Pow & L pf	65½	65	65
16 ‡Stand Prod (¼g)	24¾	22½	24⅝
51 ‡Stand S-Ld (.04e)	⅞	⅞	⅞
8 Stand StlSpr(2½e)	34¾	34	34
8 ‡Starrett Corp vtc	8¾	8	8
19 ‡Sterchi BStra(.30e)	13¾	13	13
.50 Ster BrBrslatpf(3)	38	37	37
1 ‡Sterchi Bstrs26pf(1)	12¼	12	12¼
1 ‡Sterling Ine (.20)	5¾	5¾	5¾
2 ‡Sterling Brew (¾a)	6¾	6¾	6¾
1 ‡Stetson (JB) (⅛g)	26½	26½	26½
2 Stinnes (H)	3¾	3¾	3¾
11.80 ‡Strock&AC (2¼e)	29½	29	29¼
3 ‡Stutz Mot Am	2¼	2¼	2¼

Continued on Following Page.

Complete Transactions Yesterday on New York Stock Exchange

By the Associated Press.

Total yesterday, 3,310,810 shares; previous day, 2,388,480; week ago, 1,954,800; year ago, 2,570,390; two years ago, 587,260. January 1 to date, 71,614,306; year ago, 82,521,299; two years ago, 22,880,441.

1937 High	1937 Low	Name and Dividend Rate	Sales—Add 00	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'nge
		A					
69	63⅜	Acme Stl (4)	10	69	68	68	
18⅜	15	Adams Exp (.55e)	14	18	17⅜	17⅜	— ⅛
36	33½	Addressogr (1)	3	33⅞	33½	33½	— ⅛
4⅜	3⅛	Advance Rume	1	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
80¼	75	Air Reduc (1a)	4	77	76½	76½	— ½
9⅛	4	Air-Way El Ap	9	4⅝	4½	4½	
15½	14⅜	Alaska Jun (.80a)	10	14⅝	14½	14½	— ⅛
4¾	3⅝	Allegheny	53	4⅜	3¾	4	
49¾	43½	Alleg pf $30 ww	7	47¼	47	47	
43	36½	Alleg pr pf	8	43	42	42	
41⅛	36⅝	Alleg Steel (1.65e)	17	40⅛	39	39½	— ⅛
242	225	Al Chem & Dye (8)	9	240	235	235	— 5
33½	30⅜	Allied Mills (½g)	16	29¾	28½	29¼	— 1
19½	16¼	Allied Strs (.20g)	531	19½	18⅜	18⅜	
84⅝	81	Allied St pf (5)	4	82	81	81	— 1½
83½	78	Allis-Ch Mfg (1¼a)	65	77¾	73½	75½	— 2½
29⅝	30⅛	Alpha P Cem (1)	4	38½	37¾	37¾	— 1
45½	41	Amal Lea	23

$1,500,000,000 Ohio Valley Aid Asked in Bill

House Measure Would Set Up Another TVA in Flood Area.

A bill to establish an Ohio Valley Authority, similar to that now operating in the Tennessee Valley, was introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Greenwood (Democrat), of Indiana. It carries an appropriation of $1,500,000,000 and would clothe the Authority with power to take steps for flood control and generation and sale of electric power in seven States.

At the same time, at Columbus, Ohio, a special subcommittee recommended to the 10-State conference on flood control creation of a permanent interstate commission of the Ohio River Basin to co-ordinate flood prevention and allied projects. Chairman Abel Wolman of the Federal Water Resources Committee told the conference the low "flood plains" must be abandoned, the Associated Press reported, because the cost of protecting them is greater than the benefits from their use.

Greenwood's bill is similar to legislation indorsed by Senator Barkley (Democrat), of Kentucky. He has placed the eventual cost at $2,000,000,000.

Rehabilitation Planned.

Representative Venson, of Kentucky, chairman of a group of members of Congress from nine States in the flood area, yesterday conducted a meeting of the bloc at which rehabilitation measures in areas stricken in the present flood were discussed.

A bill introduced yesterday by Representative Lemke (Republican), of North Dakota, would create a Federal commission, with authority to spend $500,000,000 a year for 20 years for water conservation and flood control.

The "appalling loss of business" from the flood, according to estimates to Secretary of Commerce Roper, will amount to "hundreds of millions of dollars in lost trade as well as destroyed inventories, equipment and property."

Striken Louisville, as well as the rest of Kentucky, was assured by Harry Hopkins, WPA administrator, yesterday the Government would give rehabilitation help as long as the city and State needed it, the Associated Press reported.

Special Tour Made.

Hopkins was at Louisville with other members of the President's special commission which has been touring the devastated region to map relief and recovery steps. They will wind up their tour at Cincinnati today.

Although the committee could assure Kentucky "full Federal cooperation," its members could not promise insurance against another such disaster.

Gov. Chandler, who has been touring flooded areas in the State, called for Federal action to control floods. If floods cannot be controlled, he said, "Kentucky may have to take to the hills."

Arabs to Protest Pro-Jewish Action

A delegation from the National Arab League arrived here yesterday to attempt to forestall any Congressional action in favor of Zionism in Palestine. The Arabs fear the National Conference for Palestine meeting here today will obtain a resolution of sympathy from Congress similar to the Fish-Lodge resolution of 1922.

Ameen Rihani and Peter S. George, leaders of the Arabian group, were to present memoranda to Sir Ronald Lindsay, British Ambassador, and Corrdell Hull, Secretary of State, setting forth their wish that Jews be restrained from "spreading political Zionism" in Palestine.

George, a New York attorney, stated: "Most all information heretofore released in the United States is from the Zionist point of view. . . . Uprisings will continue if Jewish immigration is not stopped. Palestine can't support 1,500,000 Jews, a mere drop in the bucket of the world's Jewish population."

Senate Asks Data On Banking Order

By the United Press.

The Senate yesterday asked the Federal Reserve Board for a report on why it increased reserve requirements for member banks to the legal limit and how the move will affect the country.

The report is expected to provide the basis for decision by congressional leaders on whether to seek legislation giving the board authority for further action to prevent possible credit inflation.

It was considered significant Senate Majority Leader Joseph T. Robinson (Democrat), of Arkansas, approved the resolution offered by Senator Gerald P. Nye (Republican), of North Dakota, calling for the report.

Burglar Surrenders In Face of Toy Pistol

A toy pistol stood between John F. Harter, 21-year-old art student, his mother, Mrs. Anna Harter, and possible harm from a colored robber last night—and the toy pistol won.

Harter and Mrs. Harter entered their dwelling at 207 F street northeast when the youth discovered the man. He grappled with him, then broke free and seized the play pistol. The man surrendered. At police headquarters he said his name was Eugene Tolburt, of 1300 block of Sixth street northwest.

Woman, Victim of Fire, To Be Buried in South

The body of Mrs. Hannah Warren, 65, who died in Emergency Hospital Wednesday from burns received January 26, was sent yesterday to McGee, S. C., for burial.

Accompanying the body were three sons, two of whom, Kermit and Joseph, were injured when they pulled their mother from a blazing bed in their home at 1307 Twelfth street northwest. The third son, Harry, was unhurt. Also surviving are seven other sons living elsewhere.

Enrollment Drops to 7, Board Closes School

Belair, Md., Feb. 5 (AP).—The Harford County board of education closed the Angleside Primary School because the enrollment has dropped to seven pupils.

Arrangements were made to place the pupils in other schools and the teacher, Mrs. Carrie D. Standiford, was transferred to Trappe.

The board members, P. Tevis Baker, Stewart O. Day and W. Beatty Harlan, accepted the resignation of Mrs. Mattie Goodwin as teacher at Trappe.

Jewish Group Opens Session Here Tonight

Future of Palestine Is to Be Discussed at Two-Day Meeting.

The National Conference for Palestine, said to represent approximately two million American Jews, will open tonight at the Hotel Mayflower for a two-day session designed to voice the concern of American Jewry with the future of the Jewish National Home in Palestine.

Summoned by the United Palestine Appeal, American agency for the reconstruction of the Holy Land, in association with 40 of the outstanding national Jewish organizations, the National Conference for Palestine will hear addresses by prominent Government officials, noted American Jewish leaders and a number of distinguished guests from Palestine.

The conference marks the twentieth year the British Government issued the Balfour Declaration, pledging the establishment of the Jewish National Home, which has been the keystone of upbuilding activities in Palestine in the past two decades when the Jewish population of that country has increased from 55,000 to 410,000.

The plight of Jews in various lands, requiring an acceleration of the Jewish colonization work in Palestine, will be reviewed by authorities in the field. A program for further American participation in the reconstruction program also will be adopted by the conference.

In connection with the opening of the conference tonight, the United Palestine Appeal made public a report showing the expenditures in Palestine of the national institutions which have received their support in the United States through the bodies comprising the appeal. These are the Palestine Foundation Fund, the immigration and colonization agency, the Jewish National Fund, the land acquisition organization, and the Jewish Agency Bureau for the Settlement of German Jews.

The total expenditures of these three bodies were $52,753,335 since their establishment. About $20,000,000 of this sum was provided by American Jewry.

Tonight's session, at which Dr. Israel Goldstein, of New York, president of the Jewish National Fund, will preside, will hear Isidor Hershfield, of Washington; Dr. Stephen S. Wise, national chairman of the United Palestine Appeal; Mrs. Edward Jacobs, president of Hadassah; Leon Gellman, president of the Mizrachi Organization, and David Wertheim, secretary of the Poale Zion.

Va. WPA Head Dies in Car Crash

Richmond, Va., Feb. 5 (AP).—Shelton S. Fife, 47-year-old Eastern district director of the WPA in Virginia, died in a Richmond hospital today five hours after he was found huddled near his wrecked automobile on the outskirts of Richmond.

Henrico County Officer A. W. Sadler reported after a preliminary investigation he had been unable to determine the cause of the crash.

Fife served as city engineer and city manager of Charlottesville for seven years before entering Government service.

Surviving are his wife, Mrs. Mildred Hill Fife, of Charlottesville; two sons, Francis and Douglas; three brothers, Dr. Ernest H. Fife, New York; Col. James D. Fife, Washington, and W. O. Fife, Charlottesville; and three sisters, Mrs. Richard Frazdenberg, of Colorado; Mrs. William Crump Tucker, Richmond, and Mrs. Frank Morgan, Charlottesville.

Toscanini Will Direct New U. S. Philharmonic

New York, Feb. 5 (AP).—Arturo Toscanini announced from Milan, Italy, today he would return to the United States late this year to begin a series of broadcast concerts with a new symphony orchestra.

The world-famous conductor, who said he was leaving this country forever when he retired last spring from the New York Philharmonic Symphony Society, accepted a three-year contract with David Sarnoff, president of the Radio Corporation of America. Sarnoff said the concerts would be presented as noncommercial broadcasts over the widest possible distribution.

Five Rail Unions Post Notice of Strike Feb. 9

Chicago, Feb. 5 (AP).—Luther M. Walter, trustee of the Chicago Great Western Railroad, said tonight five railroad unions posted notice today their employes on the Great Western system would go on strike February 9 at 6 p. m. unless demands for a wage readjustment were met. Walter said the strike would effect between 1,500 and 1,800 employes.

Gasoline Inquiry Asked.

By the Associated Press.

Representative Martin J. Kennedy (Democrat), of New York, asked the House yesterday to investigate the Ethyl Gasoline Corporation and the patent control of teraethyl lead. The corporation, Kennedy said, is controlled by the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey nad General Motors Corporation.

Curb Bonds

Sales in thousands.	High	Low	Close
DOMESTIC BONDS.			
A			
13 Ala Pow 4½ '67	92¼	92	92⅛
8 Am G & E 5 2028	106⅝	106⅛	106⅛
21 Am P & L 6 2016	104	103⅝	103⅝
11 Appal El Pw 5 '56	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
27 As Elec 4½ '53	64⅝	64	64
8 As G & E 5 '50	61⅛	61	61
7 As G & E 5 '62	61	60⅝	61
17 As G & E 4½ '49C	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛
2 As T&T 5½ '55A	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
B			
28 Baldw L 6 '38 xw	225	200	202
417 Baldw L 6 '38 xwstd	224	200	203
3 Birm El 4½ '68	98½	98⅛	98⅛
C			
10 Caro P & L 5 '56	105¼	105	105
13 Cen Ill PS 4½ '67P	103⅜	103⅛	103⅜
13 Cen P & L 5 '56	98¼	97⅝	98
27 Cen St El 5½ '54	71	69⅝	69⅝
24 Cen St El 5 '48	69	69	69
14 Cen St P&L 5½ '53	73½	73	73
55 Cities Ser 5 '50	80	78⅛	79
14 Cit S P & L 5½ '49	77⅞	76⅝	77
20 Cit S Pow 5½ '52	77⅞	76⅝	76⅝
8 Commw Ed 4 '81F	106½	101¼	106½
8 Commun P&L 5 '57	86⅝	85⅛	85⅛
49 Cont G&E 5 '48 A	96½	96⅝	96⅝
D			
8 Det C Gas 5 '50B	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
E			
30 East G&F 4 '56 A	94¾	94¼	94½
13 Elec P&L 5 2030	95⅝	93½	94½
21 Emp O & R 5½ '42	93	92	92
F			
4 Fed Water 5½ '54	91½	91½	91½
31 Fla P&L 5 '54	100⅝	100⅛	100⅛
G			
11 Gatin P 5 '56	103¾	103½	103½
3 Gen Pub Ut 6½ '36	98½	98	98⅛
17 Geo Pow 5 '67	103	102½	102½
15 Glen Ald Coal 4 '55	88½	88¼	88⅛
3 Groc St Prod 6 '45	92¾	92¾	92¾
H			
3 Hall Pr 6 '47A stp	100½	100½	100½
I			
5 Ill Cen 6 '37	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
2 Ill Pow&L 5 '56 C	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
3 Ill Pow&L 6 '53	106⅛	105⅞	106⅛
1 Ind E S 5½ '51 C	97½	97½	97½
20 Ind Svc 5 '50	76½	76	76
23 Intercon Pw 6 '48	13½	12¾	12¾
19 Int Sec Am 5 '47	101¾	101⅝	101⅝
12 Inters Pow 6 '52	67½	67⅜	67⅛
23 Inters Pow 5 '57	73	72¼	72¼
J			
6 JerCenP&L 4½	61C	105⅛	105⅛
K			
2 Ky Util 5 '69 I	96½	96	96
7 Ky Util 5 '61 H	96½	95¾	95¾
L			
13 Lehigh P S 6 2026A	110¾	110½	110½
4 Lou P&L 5 '57	106	106	106
M			
4 Minn P&L 4½ '78	102	101⅞	102
4 Miss Pow 5 '55	95	94¾	94¾
N			
24 Nat P&L 5 2030 B	95⅞	95	95
7 Nat PubS 5 '78 ctf	49	48½	49
22 Nevada CalE 5 '56	99	98¾	98¾
20 N Eng G&E 5 '50	82¾	81⅝	81⅝
16 N Eng G&E 5 '47	83	82	82
27 N Eng Pow 5½ '54	101½	100⅝	101½
2 N Eng Pow 5 '48	100	99⅝	100
14 NY Pow&Lt 4½ '67	105⅝	105	105
O			
31 Okla Nat G 5 '46	107¾	106½	107
P			
42 Pac P&L 5 '53	89	88½	88⅜
22 Pen Cen P&L 4½ '77	104⅜	103⅜	103⅜
19 Pen-Oh Ed 5½ '59	105⅜	105¼	105¼
1 Peo G L&C 4 '81 B	98¼	98¼	98¼
3 Pied El 6½ '60 A	75	75	75
14 Pub SN Ill 4½ '81F	103¼	103	103¼
21 PugSdP&AL 5½ '49	96½	96⅛	96⅛
8 PugSdP&L 4½ '50D	88⅝	88⅜	88⅛
S			
1 Schulte R E 6 '35x	30¼	30¼	30¼
12 ShawW&P 4½ '67A	104⅞	104½	104½
3 S E P&L 6 2025 A	107⅞	107½	107⅝
2 So Cal Ed 5 '60	105	105	105
6 Stand G&E 6 '51	86⅞	86½	86½
17 Stand G&E 6 '66	86½	86	86⅛
25 Stand PL 6 '57	85½	84¾	85½
13 †Starrett Corp 5 '50	40⅞	40¼	40¼
T			
2 Tenn El P 5 '56	95¼	95¼	95¼
9 Tex El S 5½ '60	105⅝	105¼	105¼
3 Tex P&L 5 '56	106	106	106
21 Twin CRT 5½ '52A	92¾	92¼	92¾
U			
10 †UlenA&Co6 '44 2dstp	58¾	57½	57½
12 Un L&P 6 '74	94	93	93
9 Un L&P 6 '75	88½	87½	87½
1 Un L&Pr 5½ '52	94½	94½	94½
7 Vir P S 5½ '46A	102½	102½	102⅜
W			
4 Waldorf-Ast 7 '54	40¼	40¼	40¼
1 West New Un 6 '44	73⅛	73⅛	73⅛
25 West Tex Ut 5 '57A	99¾	99¼	99⅜
FOREIGN BONDS.			
22 It Sup Pw 6 '63 A	70	69½	69½
5 Nippon E P 6½ '53	86⅜	81½	86⅜
6 Rio de Jan 6½ '59	30½	30¼	30¼
32 Un El Svc 7 '56	79½	78	78¾

Curb Stocks

Continued from Preceding Page.

Sales in hundreds.	High	Low	Close
1 Sullivan Mach	24½	24½	24½
82 †Sunray Oil (.10e)	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝
1 Sunray Oev pf (.75)	44½	43⅝	43⅝
28 †Sunshine Mng (.3)	20½	19¾	19¾
T			
18 Taggart	16⅜	15⅝	15⅝
3 Tampa El (2.24)	39¾	39	39
2 †Tastyeast A	2	2	2
29 †Taylor Dist (.30)	4¾	4⅜	4⅜
22 Technicolor (⅛e)	21⅛	20⅝	20⅝
3 †Tech-HughG (.40a)	6	5⅞	6
7 †Texton Oil (.60)	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛
10 †Thew Shovel (⅛e)	54⅜	52⅝	52⅝
28 †Tilo Roof (⅛a)	17	16¼	16¼
1 †Tishman Real	9	9	9
4 Tob Prod Exp (.15e)	3½	3½	3½
50 Todd Ship (2a)	53	53	53
4 †Toledo Dist (⅛a)	6⅝	6½	6½
13 Tonopah Belm	⅛	⅛	⅛
5 †Trans-Lux (.20)	4½	4⅜	4½
1 †Tri-Cont war	2¾	2¾	2¾
17 Tubize Chat	24	22⅝	23
16 Tubize Chat A	71½	70¼	70¼
100 †Tung-Sol Lamp	9¾	9	9⅛
19 †Tung Sol L pf (.80)	12	11⅜	11⅜
106 †Twin Coach (1.40e)	21⅞	20	20¾
U			
2 †Ulen & Co 5½ pf	6	6	6
3 †Ulen & Co 7½ pf	8⅛	7½	7½
1 United Aire war	23¼	23¼	23¼
1 Unit Corp war	1¾	1¾	1¾
370 United Gas	13⅜	12⅞	12⅝
42 Unit Gas war	3½	3⅛	3⅛
10 Unit Gas pf (7)	122	121⅛	121⅛
6 Un Lt & Pow A	10	9⅞	9⅞
1 Un Lt & Pow B	10	10	10
11 Un Lt & P cv pf	69⅜	66	67
1,830 Un Milk Prod (.75g)	37	36⅜	37
4 Un Molasses (.115g)	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
3 †Un Prof Sh (.10e)	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛
20 †Un Shipyds B	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
50 Unit Shoe M (2½a)	91	91	91
10 Unit Sh M pf (1½)	44½	44½	44½
141 U S Foil B (1)	18¼	17½	17½
16 †U S Lines pf	3	2⅝	2⅝
50 U S Play Cd (1a)	32½	32½	32½
5 U S Radiator	7⅝	7½	7½
75 U S Rad pf	68	67¼	67¼
9 U S Rub Reclg	10	9¼	9¼
5 U S Stores	1	1	1
17 Unit Stores vtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
4 Un Verde Ext (1e)	3½	3⅜	3⅜
97 †Unit Wall Paper	5⅞	5½	5½
7 Univ Cons Oil (1e)	16¼	15⅞	15⅞
1 †Univ Pict	17	17	17
50 Univ Prod (2½e)	30	30	30
53 Utah Apex M	5½	5	5
1,25 Utah P & L pf	79	78	78
12 †Utility Equities	5¾	5½	5½
25 Ut Equit pf (4½a)	84¾	84¾	84¾
38 Util Power & Lt	1⅜	1¼	1¼
1 Util Pow & Lt B	3	3	3
1 Ut P & L pf	25	25	25
1 Utility & Ind	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
13 Util & Ind pf	6	5⅝	5⅝
V			
36 Venez Mex Oil	9¼	8¾	9
41 †Venezuel Pet	3⅛	2⅞	3
2 Vogt Mfg (.20g)	17	16½	16½
W			
8 Waco Aire	8¾	8½	8½
2 Wagner B vtc (2.35e)	22¾	22	22
1 †Waitt & B A	10½	10½	10½
1 †Waitt & B B	2	2	2
13 †Walker Min	3¼	3	3
14 †Wayne Pump (½g)	37⅞	37	37⅝
5 Wellington Oil	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
30 †West Va C & C	4¾	4½	4½
14 W Air Exp (.4e)	10	9¾	9¾
1 †W Auto S A (4a)	82	82	82
2 Wms O-O-Mat (⅛e)	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
1 †Will (RC) (.45e)	8½	8½	8½
1 †Wil-Low Caf pf	8	8	8
1 †Wilson Jones (2½e)	51	51	51
5 Wor Telefile Port (.2)	6⅝	6½	6½
30 †Wolverine T (.40a)	17½	16¾	16¾
1 †Woodley Pet (.40a)	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
28 Wright H (.40a)	8	7⅞	7⅞
Y			
13 †Young S D (½g)	74	71½	72
24 †Yukon Gd (.13e)	3¼	2⅞	3

†Officially listed on application by the corporation.

Other securities are admitted to dealing as "unlisted," on application of a regular member and approval by the listing committee and the board of governors.

Rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semi-annual declaration. Unless otherwise noted, special or extra dividends are not included.

X—Ex-dividend. EX—First sale since ex dividend date or dates. XR—Ex rights. (a) Also extra or extras. (b) Including extra or extras. (e) Paid last year. (f) Payable in stock. (g) Declared or paid so far this year; no regular rate. (h) Cash or stock. (k) Accumulated dividends paid or declared this year. (ur) Under rule. (ww) With warrants. (xw) Without warrants. (war) Warrants.

Foreign Exchange.

By the Associated Press.

Foreign currencies declined in terms of the dollar in world markets yesterday, although losses were of minor dimensions.

Swiss francs dipped .01⅛ of a cent in New York to 22.85 cents. French francs lost .00⅝ of a cent to 4.65¼ cents, while Holland and Belgian units held even at 54.76 cents. The pound sterling also moved off a little, losing ⅛ of a cent to 14.89¼.

In London the American unit closed up ⅝ of a cent at 4.89⅛ to the pound compared with the overnight New York rate of 4.89⅛. The dollar closed in Paris at the equivalent of 4.649 cents to the franc against the New York overnight rate of 4.656 cents.

Ability of Farmers To Pay Is Doubted

By the Associated Press.

Robert Marshall, director of the Indian Affairs, told the House Agri-Forestry Division of the Bureau of culture Committee yesterday he believed many farm tenants would be unable to pay for farms under present economic conditions.

He testified at a hearing on the $500,000 Bankhead-Jones tenancy bill, which would provide low interest, long-time loans to tenants for purchasing farm homes.

The uncertainty of farm prices, he said, would impair a tenant-land buying program.

He suggested that, if the bill were passed, it should incorporate a provision forbidding tenant buyers to sell their land to anyone except the Government.

Benjamin C. Marsh, executive secretary of the peoples loby, spoke against the bill.

Defense Data Sought.

Bradford, England, Feb. 5 (AP).—The British Dominions will be given an opportunity at the imperial conference next May to decide how far they "are prepared or able to co-operate with the mother country in defense of the empire, Sir Samuel Hoare, first lord of the admiralty, said tonight.

Local Produce.

(Prices paid shippers f. o. b. Washington.) (By the United States Bureau of Agricultural Economics.)

Eggs.

Market steady to firm. Prices on Government graded eggs ¼ to ½ cent higher. Other grades unchanged.

Current receipts, 21@21½; henery whites, 21½@22. Government graded and dated white eggs (most prices paid shippers f. o. b. Washington): U. S. extras, large, 24; U. S. extras, medium, 21½; U. S. standards, large, 22½.

Live Poultry.

Market steady at unchanged prices.

Fowl, colored, heavy, 16@14; Leghorns, 10@12. Chickens, Virginia Rocks, broilers and fryers, 18@21. Delaware broilers, 18@20. Guineas, young, 2 lbs. and up, 40 each; under 2 lbs., 25@30 each; old guineas, 20@25 each. Turkeys, young hens, 19@20; young toms, under 19 lbs., 13@16; 20 lbs. and over, 15. No. 2s, 12; old hens, 14; old toms, 14.

Fruits.

Arrivals are probably incomplete.

APPLES—Virginia, Grimes, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.00@1.10; 2½-inch minimum, 1.25@1.35; Staymans, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.25@1.35; 2½-inch minimum, 1.40@1.50; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.50@1.65; Yorks, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.10@1.15; 2½-inch minimum, 1.35@1.40; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.50@1.60; Delicious, 2¾-inch minimum, 1.35@1.40; 2½-inch minimum, 1.75@1.85; Goodan Delicious, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.25@1.35; 2½-inch minimum, 1.60@1.65; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.75@1.85; Straks, 2¼-inch minimum, 90@1.00; 2½-inch minimum, 1.15@1.25; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.35@1.40; Hubbardstons, 2¼-inch minimum, 90@1.00; 2½-inch minimum, 1.15@1.25; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.35; Ben Davis, 2¼-inch minimum, 75@85; 2½-inch minimum, 1.00@1.10; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.10@1.15; Winesaps, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.35; 2½-inch minimum, 1.50@1.65; Black Twigs, 2¼-inch minimum, 1.10@1.25; 2½-inch minimum, 1.35; 2¾-inch minimum, 1.50@1.60.

ORANGES—Florida, boxes, No. 1, 3.25@3.75; No. 2, 2.75@3.25.

GRAPEFRUIT—Florida, boxes, No. 1, 2.00@2.25; No. 2, 1.75@2.00.

LEMONS—California, boxes, No. 1, 7.50@8.00, No. 2, 6.50@7.00.

TANGERINES—Florida, 4-5 bushel boxes, 1.25@1.50; fair quality, 1.00.

Vegetables.

LETTUCE—California, Western crates, Iceberg type, 5 dozen, 5.50@5.75; fair quality, 5.00@5.25; 6 dozen, 4.75@5.00.

ONIONS—50-lb. sacks, U. S. No. 1: Michigan and New York, yellows, 75@85; Colorado, Valencias, 3 inches and larger, 1.10@1.15, few higher.

PEAS—Florida, bushel hampers, fair quality, 1.75.

SPINACH—Bushel baskets: Texas, 90; Virginia, 60@65.

STRAWBERRIES—Florida, 36-pt. crates, best, 4.50; poorer, 3.50@4.00, per crate.

SWEET POTATOES—North Carolina, bushel baskets, Puerto Ricans, 80@85; Maryland, Anne Arundel County, bushel hampers, Jersey type, U. S. No. 1, 90@1.00, larger, best 2.50, poorer lower.

LIMA BEANS—Florida, bushel hampers, 3.00@3.25.

SNAPBEANS—Florida, bushel hampers, green, flat type, 2.00@2.25; round stringless, 2.50@3.00.

CUCUMBERS—Florida, bushel hampers, 6.00.

SQUASH—Florida, bushel hampers, white, wrapped, 2.75@3.00; yellow, 3.00@3.25.

OKRA—Cuba, 6-basket crates, 3.00.

PEPPERS—Florida, 1½-bushel crates, green, fancy, best, 1.75@2.00, poorer low at 1.00; bushel hampers, 1.25.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS—California, drums, 2.75@3.00.

RHUBARB—Michigan, 5-lb. cartons, 40@50.

PARSLEY—Texas, ½-crates, 1.40.

TURNIPS—Pennsylvania, bushel baskets, topped, 50.

PARSNIPS—Pennsylvania, ½-bushel baskets, 50.

MUSHROOMS—Maryland, 3-lb. baskets, 50@1.00.

BEETS—Texas, ½-crates, 1.25@1.30.

RADISHES—South Carolina, crates, 75.

SHALOTS—Louisiana, barrels, 5.00.

EGGPLANT—Florida, bushel crates, 1.75@2.00; bushel baskets, 1.25.

KALE—Virginia, bushel baskets, 40.

COLLARDS—Virginia, bushel baskets, 40.

HANOVER SALAD—Virginia, bushel baskets, fair quality, 50.

TURNIP GREENS—Virginia, bushel baskets, 50.

POTATOES—100-lb. sacks, U. S. No. 1: Maine, Green Mountains, 2.85@3.00; New York, round whites, 2.60@2.65; Pennsylvania, 100-lb. sacks, Russet Rurals, unclassified, 2.50, few U. S. No. 1, branded sacks 2.75; Idaho, Russet Burbanks, U. S. No. 1, 3.75@3.85, few 4.00; fair quality, 3.50. Florida, bushel crates, Bliss Triumphs, U. S. No. 1, 1.90@2.00.

CABBAGE—Florida, 1½-bushel hampers, pointed type, freight receipts, 90@1.00; truck receipts, 85@90; New York, 50-lb. sacks, Danish type, 60@65.

CARROTS—California, Western lettuce crates, 2.50@2.75; Texas, ½-lettuce crates, 1.50; Pennsylvania, bushel baskets, topped, washed, 1.00.

CAULIFLOWER—California, crates, 2.25@2.35.

CELERY—Florida, 10-inch crates, individually washed and precooled, 3-8 dozen, 1.75@2.25; XX's, 1.25@1.50.

—Add local produce—

(Quotations from other sources.)

BUTTER—92 score, 1-pound prints, 37; ¼-pound prints, 38; 90 score, 1-pound prints, 36; ¼-pound prints, 37; tub, 35. Market strong.

MEATS—Choice beef, 17; calves, 21; veal, 19; lamb, 17; pork loin, 23; fresh hams, 23; smoked hams, 26; sliced bacon, 39; slab bacon, 28; compound, 14½; lard, 16.

LIVE STOCK—Pigs, 8½@9; light hogs, 9@9¼; medium hogs, 9¾@10; heavy hogs, 8½@9½; roughs, 6@8; calves, 6@11½; lambs, 6@10.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Feb. 5 (AP).—(U. S. Dept. of Agri.).—HOGS—Receipts, 17,000, including 9,000 direct; unevenly strong to 15 higher than Thursday's average; lightweights and mostly top, 10.35 paid freely; bulk good and choice, 170-300 lbs., 10.20@10.30; comparable 140-170 lbs., 9.50@10.30; bulk good sows, 9.40@9.65.

CATTLE—Receipts, 1,500, calves, 500; general trade fairly active; nothing much here except common and medium grade steers and heifers and sprinkling cuttery and common and medium grade beef cows; bulls and vealers very scarce; both local and outside buyers in trade, but market still more or less a forced affair due to sharp supply abridgement; beef market showed little improvement and market in no shape for other than moderate receipts; most low priced steers today, 7.25 @8.25; few around 10.25; all kinds showing measurable upturn since week ago; sausage bulls, 6.50 down; vealers, 10.50 down; cutter cows, 3.75@4.75.

SHEEP—Receipts, 10,000, including 800 direct; fat lambs in fairly broad demand; undertone fully steady to stronger; sheep strong; few initial bids on good to choice native and fed Western lambs 10.75 downward; now asking 10.85@11.00 and above; scattered native ewes, 5.00@6.00.

Foreign Markets.

By the Associated Press.

London, Feb. 5.—Week-end profit-taking was responsible for prices being mixed at the close of today's stock market. Mining shares, steels, textiles and tobacco shares were in good demand and rubber and oils continued active. Foreign bonds and home rails remained steady, while transatlantic securities eased somewhat. The gilt-edged division sold higher.

Paris.—The bourse closed with a generally heavy tone. Bank of France stock losing 150 francs on the day and Royal Dutch finished 56 francs down. Coal issues were mixed, while rentes showed net losses of 50 to 87 centimes.

Liverpool.—After selling almost a penny lower in the early trading, wheat futures rallied sharply and closed 7d to 2d higher. The shortage of grain in Poland, Germany and Spain were contributing factors on the advance. Cotton futures declined under scattered hedging. Bombay straddle selling and liquidation and closed 1 to 4 points lower. Reassuring flood news influenced sentiment.

The Weather

Today's Sun and Tide Table

(Furnished by United States Department of Commerce, Coast and Geodetic Survey.)

	A.M.	P.M.
Sun rises	7:19	High tide	3:56	4:27
Sun sets	5:35	Low tide	10:47	11:30

Weather Conditions.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Friday, Feb. 5, 7:30 p. m.

Forecast for the District of Columbia—Fair, slightly warmer Saturday, followed by rain Saturday night or Sunday; gentle variable winds becoming moderate south.

For Maryland—Fair, slightly warmer Saturday, followed by rain Saturday night or Sunday.

For Virginia—Fair, slightly warmer Saturday, followed by rain Saturday night or Sunday.

Conditions.

The disturbance that developed on the North Carolina coast during Thursday is moving northeastward with greatly increased intensity, being central about 220 miles south-southeast of Nantucket and storm warnings are displayed on the New England coast between Nantucket and Eastport. Another disturbance is moving northeastward over western Ontario. Sioux Lookout, 29.62 inches, with a trough extending southward to Oklahoma. Oklahoma City, 29.54 inches, and thence northwestward to southeastern Wyoming. Cheyenne, 29.58 inches. A high-pressure area remains nearly stationary over the Gulf of St. Lawrence, Chatham, 30.20 inches, and pressure is high over the middle Appalachian region, Parkersburg, 30.20 inches, and along the East Gulf Coast, Port Eads, 30.12 inches. Another high-pressure area is moving southeastward over Alberta, Saskatchewan and Montana, Havre, 30.14 inches. During the last 24 hours rains have occurred in the Middle and North Pacific States, the middle and northern Plateau and in North Carolina and Florida, while light snows are reported from the northern Plains States, the northern Rocky Mountain region, the upper Ohio Valley, the lake region and the Middle Atlantic and North Atlantic States. Temperatures have risen in the Mississippi and Missouri Valleys and in the interior of the West Gulf States.

Local Weather Report.

Temperature—Midnight, 31; 2 a. m., 31; 4 a. m., 30; 6 a. m., 29; 8 a. m., 29; 10 a. m., 28; 12 noon, 30; 2 p. m., 33; 4 p. m., 35; 6 p. m., 31; 8 p. m., 29; 10 p. m., 26. Highest, 35. Lowest, 28.

Relative humidity—8 a. m., 91; 2 p. m., 51; 8 p. m., 86. Rainfall (8 p. m. to 8 p. m.), .07 inch. Hours of sunshine, 6.4. Per cent of possible sunshine, 61.

Departures From Normal.

Accumulated excess of temperature since January 1, 1937, 70 degrees.

Deficiency of temperature since February 1, 1937, 12 degrees.

Accumulated excess of precipitation since January 1, 1937, 3.82 inches.

Deficiency of precipitation since February 1, 1937, .46 inch.

**Temperat

Post Want Ads Are Read First—Half a Day Ahead of Evening Papers

Legal Notices

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

GEORGE E. SULLIVAN,
Woodward Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia. No. 63593. Equity. Re Dissolution of R. Harrison Johnson, Incorporated. Order to show cause. Upon consideration of the petition, and exhibits thereto, filed herein February 5, 1937, on behalf of R. Harrison Johnson, Incorporated, a District of Columbia corporation, praying for the dissolution of said corporation, it is, by the court, this 5th day of February, 1937, ordered, that all persons interested in said corporation appear in this court and show cause, if any they have, on or before MARCH 10, 1937, at 10 o'clock a. m., why said corporation should not be dissolved; and it is further ordered, that a notice of this order shall be published in the Washington Law Reporter and The Washington Post weekly for three successive weeks, the first insertion to be not less than one month before the day fixed for showing cause as aforesaid. By the court: F. DICKINSON LETTS, Justice. A true copy. Test: (Seal.) CHARLES E. STEWART, Clerk. By R. D. QUINTER, Jr., Assistant Clerk. 6.13.20

THOMAS F. BURKE, ROBERT H. DRISKILL, Attorneys,
Woodward Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. Estate of Michael J. Cox, deceased. No. 51096. Administration Docket 110. Application having been made herein for probate of the last will and testament of said deceased, and for letters testamentary on said estate by Helen V. Cox, the executrix therein named, it is ordered this 28th day of January, A. D., 1937, that John F. Cox and Sister Superior, Mount Hope Retreat, Baltimore, Md., custodian, and all others concerned, appear in said court on MONDAY, the 8th day of March, A. D. 1937, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why such application should not be granted. Let notice hereof be published in the Washington Law Reporter and The Washington Post, once in each of three successive weeks before the return day herein mentioned, the first publication to be not less than thirty days before said return day. DANIEL W. O'DONOGHUE, Justice. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 30.6.13

W. CAMERON BURTON and WILBERT McINERNEY, Attorneys.
Investment Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 48310. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, of the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters of collection on the estate of Charles John Mains, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 27TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 29th day of January, 1937. WILBERT McINERNEY, 4212 River road northwest; W. CAMERON BURTON, Investment Building. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

T. STANLEY HOLLAND, Attorney.
American Security Bldg.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia holding Probate Court. No. 50973. Administration. This is to given notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters of administration on the estate of Owen Joseph Mink, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1937. AMERICAN SECURITY & TRUST CO., executor estate of Owen Joseph Mink, deceased. By EARL G. JONSCHER, Assistant Trust Officer. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 23.30.feb6

WILLIAM F. PARTLOW and DAVID SIMONS, Attorneys.
National Press Bldg.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51056 Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, of the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters testamentary on the estate of Annie B. Rayman, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers on or before the 27TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 27th day of January, 1937. DAVID SIMONS, 2118 S street northwest; MUNSOUR SHOWKEIR, 702 Independence avenue southwest. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

McKENNEY, FLANNERY & CRAIGHILL, Attorneys.
Hibbs Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51170. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, of the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters testamentary on the estate of William Beale Hibbs, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 29TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 1st day of February, 1937. AMERICAN SECURITY & TRUST CO. By J. ELIOT MORAN, Assistant Trust Officer. JOHN S. FLANNERY, Hibbs Building, Washington, D. C. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

SHREVE & SHREVE, Attorneys.
1001 Fifteenth Street Northwest.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51100. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters of administration on the estate of Owen Joseph Mink, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 8TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of January, 1937. AMERICAN SECURITY & TRUST CO., executor estate of Owen Joseph Mink, deceased. By EARL G. JONSCHER, Assistant Trust Officer. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 23.30.feb6

WILLIAM F. PARTLOW and DAVID SIMONS, Attorneys.
National Press Bldg.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51056 Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, of the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters testamentary on the estate of Annie B. Rayman, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers on or before the 27TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 27th day of January, 1937. DAVID SIMONS, 2118 S street northwest; MUNSOUR SHOWKEIR, 702 Independence avenue southwest. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

ALBERT A. JONES, Attorney.
International Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 50905. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the State of Virginia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters of administration on the estate of Francis E. Scott, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1937; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 4th day of February, 1937. HOMER C. SCOTT, Emory, Va. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

JAMES CONLON and JAMES T. CAREY, Attorneys.
600 F Street Northwest.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. Estate of Emma L. Shannon, deceased. No. 51050. Administration Docket 110. Application having been made herein for probate of the last will and testament of said deceased, and for letters testamentary on said estate by Minnie R. Moore, it is ordered this first day of February, A. D. 1937, that Anna Odell Arant, Ida E. Beebe, Ernest T. Shannon, Arthur G. Shannon, William E. Shannon, adults, and Lewis Cass Shannon, jr., infant, and Charles E. Shannon, jr., infant, and Clarice Burdette, custodian of said Lewis Cass Shannon, jr., and Charles E. Shannon, jr., infants, non-residents, and all others concerned, appear in said court on MONDAY, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1937, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why such application should not be granted. Let notice hereof be published in the Washington Law Reporter and The Washington Post, once in each of three successive weeks before the return day herein mentioned, the first publication to be not less than thirty days before said return day. ALFRED A. WHEAT, Chief Justice. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

JOHN J. CARMODY, Attorney.
815 15th St. NW.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51154. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, of the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the estate of Edwin P. Hinkel, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 2d day of February, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 2d day of February, 1937. CHARLES A. HINKEL, 1719 Webster st. nw. HENRY F. DOLAN, 1604 Varnum st. nw. Attest: (Seal.) MELVIN MARQUES, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

ALBERT A. JONES, Attorney.
International Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 50905. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the State of Virginia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters of administration on the estate of Francis E. Scott, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 30TH DAY OF DECEMBER, A. D. 1937; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 4th day of February, 1937. HOMER C. SCOTT, Emory, Va. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

BRUCE BAIRD, Attorney.
National Savings & Trust Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 50799. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the estate of Ethelbert Stewart, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 27TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under its hand this 3d day of February, 1937. NATIONAL SAVINGS & TRUST CO. By H. PRESCOTT GATLEY, President. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

JOHN J. CARMODY, Attorney.
815 15th St. NW.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51154. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, of the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters testamentary on the estate of Edwin P. Hinkel, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 2d day of February, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 2d day of February, 1937. CHARLES A. HINKEL, 1719 Webster st. nw. HENRY F. DOLAN, 1604 Varnum st. nw. Attest: (Seal.) MELVIN MARQUES, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

VERNON A. DORSEY, Attorney.
1319 F Street Northwest.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51157, Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters of administration on the estate of Kate Belt, sometimes known as Katie S. Belt, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 1ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 1st day of February, 1937. SALLIE A. BELT JASPER, 1340 Park road northwest. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

WILLIAM E. CAREY, Jr., Attorney.
Union Trust Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51165. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Matthew E. Cook, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 2d day of February, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 1st day of February, 1937. RICHARD A. FORD, 832-34 Washington Building. Attest: (Seal.) MELVIN J. MARQUES, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

R. P. HOLLINGSWORTH,
Metropolitan Bank Bldg.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 49240. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, who were by the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia granted letters testamentary on the estate of William L. Crounse, deceased, have, with the approval of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, holding a probate court, appointed WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of February, 1937, at 10 o'clock a. m. as the time, and said courtroom as the place, for making payment and distribution from said estate, under the court's direction and control, when and where all creditors and persons entitled to distributive shares or legacies, or the residue, or parts thereof, are notified to attend, in person or by agent or attorney duly authorized, with their claims against the estate properly vouched. Given under our hands this 27th day of January, 1937. LOLA M. CROUNSE, THE NATIONAL METROPOLITAN BANK OF WASHINGTON, by HAROLD A. KERTZ, Assistant Trust Officer. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 30.6.13

CHARLES E. PAINE, Attorney,
McLachlen Bldg.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia holding Probate Court. No. 51052. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters of administration c. t. a. on the estate of Mae Hamilton Wolfe, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber on or before the 11TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 11th day of January, 1937. CHARLES E. PAINE, 700 10th St. NW. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 23.30.feb6

HAROLD P. GANSS, Attorney.
Investment Building.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 50880, Administration. This is to give notice that the subscribers, of the District of Columbia, have obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters testamentary on the estate of Bessie Ganss, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscribers, on or before the 28TH DAY OF JANUARY, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under our hands this 28th day of January, 1937. JEANNETTE LUCHS, 2800 Connecticut avenue; FLORA KAUFMAN, The Broadmoor. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

P. MICHAEL COOK, Attorney.
815 Fifteenth Street Northwest.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51142. Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia letters of administration on the estate of Mitchell Graner, also known as Mike Graner, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of January, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 27th day of January, 1937. GERTRUDE SMALL, 3305 18th st. nw. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

Business Directory

It will pay you to consult these reliable firms. They are specialists in their respective lines.

For information regarding advertising rates or services not listed in this column call Miss Burns—NAtional 4233.

CAMERA REPAIRING.

Camera Repairing.
FULLER & D'ALBERT, INC.
815 10th St. N.W. Phone NAt. 4712.

DRESSMAKING

SEAMSTRESS, experienced; alterations of ladies' dresses of all kinds. GE. 6517.

FALSE TEETH REPAIRED.

"WHILE YOU WAIT." Emergency Laboratory. Room 601 Western Building, 14th and F sts. nw. Hours, 8 to 6. ME. 1833.

HOME IMPROVEMENTS.

CARPENTER work, painting, paperhanging, roofing, brick; guaran. wk. DI. 6479

FLOOR SANDER FOR RENT.

FLOOR SANDER—For rent, $4 day; wall paper steamer, $2 day. Ferris & Co., RA. 0070.

FLOOR WORK

Floors done "The Wright Way." Laying, Scraping, Finishing. Reasonable rates. Call us for free estimate. Wright's Floor Service, 6401 8th St. N.W. GE. 2119.

PAINTING—PAPERHANGING.

PAPERHANGING, painting at very reasonable prices; white. L. H. Gentry, LI. 6510.

PLASTER RE'AIRS.

EXPERT PLASTER REPAIRING
Work carefully done; very reasonable rates. Estimates free. Call MR. WEST, CO. 1965.

ROOFING.

ROOFING AND TINNING SPECIALIST. Guttering and Repair Work.
R. A. HOWELL, 4418 7th NW. AD. 1438.

ROOFS repaired and painted with black asbestos or red metallic as low as $10; new roofs any kind applied with terms to suit; also guttering and spouting. Home Supply & Improvement Co., GE. 3065.

ROOFING, siding, rock-wool insulating; Johns-Manville deferred payment contractors; 3-year-payment plan.
AMERICAN RE-ROOFING CO., INC.
3313 14th St. N.W. CO. 4551.

PHA TERMS 5% PER YEAR.
General Repairs—Roofing Asbestos and Asphalt Siding.
GENERAL CONRACTING CO., INC.
1114 9th St. NW. DI. 3373-3374.

IF YOUR ROOF LEAKS, your furnace smokes, or you need ventilation service, call Mr. Henkel. PO. 3977.

ENTERPRISE
ROOFING CO.
ROOFING—SIDING—INSULATION.
Estimates Free—Terms If Desired.
2125 R. I. Ave. N.E. PO. 0200.

RUG CLEANING.

FLOOR COVERING SHAMPOOED in your home: 9x12 $3.00 up. The Washington Electric Rug Cleaning Co. ME. 9024.

RUGS DOMESTIC SHAMPOO 9x12... $3.00; 8x10... $2.50
LUWIN CO., 1725 7TH ST. NO. 9160.

Lost and Found 1

You can phone your "Lost" Ad to The Post as late as 11 p. m. for publication the following morning and then immediately notify nearly 100,000 families of your loss. (Except on Saturday, when deadline is 4 p. m. for Sunday's Post.) Call NAtional 4200

DOCTOR'S POCKETBOOK, Jan. 24, Union Station; valuable to owner; no questions. Keep money. Box 141, Wash. Post.

FOXHOUND lost Jan. 7, young male, white with black spots, large brown head and ears. Peculiar nose tip. Reward. Falls Church 517-J-2.

FOX TERRIER—Lost Feb. 3; male, black and white, long tail; name Sport. Child's pet. Reward. ME. 0393 daytime.

HAIRLET—One copy lost vicinity of Conn. av. and R st. Reward. PO. 6222.

POCKETBOOK—Lady's large black, Feb. 4, vic. Pa. ave. and 11th nw. or Alex. bus; especially interested in contents of personal value, as glasses, etc. Liberal reward. Rev. Stanton, NO. 4286.

POLICE DOG, male, light, beautiful; valued "Jack." Dec. 31. Generous reward for information leading to return. WI. 9051.

RING—Gold, antique filigree; lost elevator Press Club or between there and White House, Feb. 4 about 6 p. m. Reward. Wis. 2724.

SCOTTIE—Black male lost Jan. 25, wearing green collar. Reward. WI. 4110.

TERRIER—Black and tan, small male; red leather collar; ans. to "Buddy;" vic. 1210 Geranium st.; $10 reward. GE. 8198.

FOUND IN DIAMOND CABS.
Sheet music in Cab 22.
Fountain pen in Cab 982.
Package in Cab 615.
LOST AND FOUND DEPT. NO. 2868.

THE GUMPS

Mama, the Eatburner

Legal Notices

CHARLES E. PAINE, Attorney.
McLachlen Bldg.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Columbia, holding Probate Court. No. 51140, Administration. This is to give notice that the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, letters of administration on the estate of Alice Ullrich, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 27th day of January, A. D. 1938; otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 27th day of January, 1937. GERTRUDE SMALL, 3305 18th st. nw. Attest: (Seal.) THEODORE COGSWELL, Register of Wills for the District of Columbia, Clerk of the Probate Court. 6.13.20

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LUWIN CO., 1725 7TH ST. NO. 9160.

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Fountain pen in Cab 982.
Package in Cab 615.
LOST AND FOUND DEPT. NO. 2868.

The Washington Post

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING
LOCAL RATES.

For Washington and Points Within 50 Miles of the District of Columbia.

The following rates are for consecutive insertions:

1 time .....18c per line.
3 times.....16c per line.
5 times.....14c per line.
7 times.....12c per line.
30 times.....11c per line.

Classified Display 2c per line additional.

The one-time rate applies on skip ads or irregular insertions.

OUT-OF-TOWN RATES.

Ads from points more than 50 miles from the District of Columbia are: 1 time, 20c per line; 3 times, 18c per line; 7 times, within 30 days, 16c per line; 30 times, within 60 days, 15c per line. Classified Display 2c per line additional.

Kindly estimate 5½ average words to a line.

Rates for special classification and yearly contracts furnished upon request.

The Washington Post reserves the right to edit, revise or reject any classified advertising.

Misclassification of ads not permitted.

The Washington Post will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion on any order.

Kill Orders or Corrections before insertions (excepting Death Notices) cannot be made unless ordered before 6 p. m. daily, or 4 p. m. Saturday for Sunday.

The Washington Post strives at all times to prevent insertion of fraudulent or misleading advertisements.

Information concerning any ad that proves misleading or fraudulent will be appreciated.

Phone NATIONAL 4200
Ask For An Ad-Writer

THESE DRUG STORES WILL TAKE YOUR WANT AD. DAY AND NIGHT.

Whittlesey's Drug Store, 3527 Connecticut Ave.
Suter's Drug Store, 1641 Columbia Road.
Park View Pharmacy, Georgia Ave. and Park Road.
O'Donnell's Drug Store, Wisconsin Ave. and P St.
Kight's Drug Store, 132 U St. N.E.
Kight's Drug Store, 3936 Georgia Ave.
The Jolson Pharmacy, Inc., 5000 First St. N.W.
Connecticut Pharmacy, 1511 Connecticut Ave.
The Chevy Chase Pharmacy, 5626 Connecticut Ave.
The Cavalier Pharmacy, 3500 14th St. N.W.
Alaska Ave. Pharmacy, 7906 Alaska Ave.

Personals 3

CHEST colds & chronic pains treated with infra-red and ultra-violet ray. PO. 4721.

SCALP treatments by graduate nurse. For appointment call LIncoln 1992.

CHAMBERS CO.
Complete Funeral as Low as $75.

HEMORRHOIDS (piles) eradicated by my own method; results effective for a lifetime or money back. Write for booklet. No drugs or surgery. DR. SOMMERWERCK, 365 Columbia rd. AD. 0388.

WILL board and care for one or two young children during the day; reas.; n.e. section. ATlantic 3243-M.

CHAMBERS CO.
One of the Largest Undertakers in the World.

Motor Travel 10

LEAVING FOR HOT SPRINGS Sunday morning: Plymouth sedan. Take 2 passengers. References. NOrth 4719.

Help—Female 11

Women—If you can't find your position in the Help Wanted Column today—place a "Situations Wanted" Ad in The Post.

APPRENTICES (2) for beauty shop; earn while learning. 1363 Conn. ave. nw.

CHAMBERMAID—(Colored). Apply 1622 N st. nw.

MAIDS—For hotel; white waitresses. Apply 724 9th st. nw.

MOTHER'S HELPER—Wanted, Apply 3810 Legation st. nw.

TWO women, good workers, refined, for special house-to-house sales work; good proposition; quick money. Box 148, Washington Post.

WOMEN wanted: opening for 5 experienced women in nation-wide organization; immediate placing. Miss Schertzer, Room 403, 1333 F st. nw.

Help—Male 12

Men—If you can't find your position in the Help Wanted Column today—place a "Situations Wanted" Ad in The Post.

BARBER—Experienced. First class. 3525 Conn. ave. Park & Shop.

BARBER, at once; steady job; salary and commission. 3321 Conn. ave.

BARBER—American. Apply 4925 Georgia ave. nw.

BARBER. Apply at once. 1234 36th st. nw.

BARBER wanted; steady job. 5422 Third st. nw

BARBER wanted. Apply 405 H street northeast.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Help—Male 12

BARBER wanted; 1st class young man; steady job; union barber. 2312 14th st. nw.

BARBER—White. Wanted for Saturday. Apply 504 11th st. se.

BARBER—Experienced. Steady work, including Sundays. 3331 Georgia ave. nw.

ESTABLISHED FIRM will select three men, age not important, for permanent position, averaging $25 weekly to start; chance for advancement; fair education, references. Apply 9 to 12, Room 205, 1427 Eye st. nw.

ESTIMATOR on plumbing and heating and oil burner salesman. Salary and commission. Richmond, Va. A real opportunity. Box M-640, Washington Post.

PHOTOGRAPH solicitors, new proposition. Warner Studios, 1317 F st. nw.

TAXICAB DRIVERS.
1937 PREMIER CABS
Now are available to men of good character and record.
Apply 3:30 p. m.,
2337 Champlain St. N.W.

WANTED—Five young men between ages of 18-20 for the U. S. Forestry Service; must have parents' consent to travel; need not apply if over 21. U. S. Forestry Service, Victor Bldg., 9th st.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP
desire the services of experienced women's shoe salesmen. Apply Employment office, 9th floor.

DIAMOND CABS
STUDENT INSTRUCTION
FOR TAXICAB
IDENTIFICATION CARDS
NO FEE
ON BEHALF OF THE
MEMBERS OF THE I.T.O.A.
Inc. SEE MR. JOHN ROBEY
1735 14TH ST. N.W.
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

BOYS.
15 years of age or over, with bicycles wanted at once for messenger work; permanent employment with good pay. Apply 1317 New York ave. nw. Mr. Schryver.

CAB DRIVERS
NEW CABS AVAILABLE
FREE CLASSES
FOR HACKER'S LICENSE
BELL CAB CO.
1317 L ST. N.W. ME. 1727

Help—Male-Female 13

TAILORS—Experienced man and lady. Steady year 'round. Apply Molle, Tailor, 231 Upshur st. nw.

Employment Agencies 14

RUPHRS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY has cooks, maids, housekeepers, dishwashers, cleaners, laundress, couple, mother's helpers; refs. investigated. DE. 3551.

Situations—Female 16

GIRL (COLORED)—Efficient desires morning work or as office maid. Call ATl. 3711.

GIRL—Intelligent, refined, desires position in dentist office. Salary no object. Call WAl. 8515.

LAUNDRESS desires morning work or to take home; special care silks, linens; city refs.; reas. rates. AD. 7460-M.

QUALIFIED as typist, high school grad.; attended business school; experience, knowledge of shorthand. POt. 2145.

TYPIST—Young. Desires position; general office routine; mimeograph, dictaphone machines; experienced. CO. 5675.

TYPEWRITING and mailing letters or statements. Envelope addressing a specialty. Phone NO. 2503.

WOMAN (Col.) wants gen. house work; good plain cook; ref. ME. 0392.

WOMAN—Young, colored, maid in office, store or theater, exc. exp. CO. 5697.

Situations—Male 17

AUTOMOBILE MECHANIC—Young, colored, 7 yrs. exp. on cars. Good references; part or full time. DEc. 3189.

BOY (Col.), honest, clean offices or work any kind. D. C. permit. NO. 7044-J.

BOY—(Colored.) Reliable, honest, wants work any kind; bus boy. Exc. elevator; can type, electrical wk. Refs. NO. 1440.

BUTLER—(English) competent; good ref.; steady. 2117 O st. nw. PO. 0230.

MAN—(Colored), young, 18 yrs. experience as chef; desires position at chef or second cook in hotel, restaurant. DEc. 5488.

MAN—Young, col., intelligent, desires position as chauffeur. Hour or day's work. Congressional ref. Can travel. ME. 1003.

MAN—Colored. Drug store and apartment experience; last employer 15 years; best ref.; work any kind. Hall, 448½ Franklin st. nw. CL. 0092.

Situations—Male-Female 18

COLLEGE STUDENTS, both young men and women, need miscellaneous part-time jobs working in exchange for living expenses. Call Mr. Conner, NAt. 1748.

COUPLE, colored; woman for cooking and man for general housework. Write Box 142, Washington Post.

WRITER—Experienced in research, will criticize, edit, or prepare manuscripts. Box 133, Washington Post.

Instructions 19

NEW CLASSES—Civil Service accounting and secretarial courses. Poteet's Business College, NAt. 4717, 14th and Eye sts. nw.

P. B. X. TRAINING.
PERSONNEL SERVICE. 1311 G. NA. 2114.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Instructions 19

BE SUCCESSFUL—

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Apartments—Unfurn. 47

(Continued from Preceding Page.)

WE HAVE available several desirable 2 and 3-room kitchen and bath apartments.
WAGGAMAN-BRAWNER
1700 Eye St. N.W. ME. 3880.

WISCONSIN AVE. NW., 2716—Attractive apt., 2 bedrooms, living room, kit. and bath. Modern bldg. Adults. $70.

YOUNG man, Gentile, Govt. emp., desires another to share small apt.; comft. furn; must have ref.; reas. ADams 4565-J.

6TH ST. NE., 206—2 rooms, kitchen and bath., a. m. i., adults.

14TH ST. NW., 2550—4 rooms, kitchen and bath; excellent condition; immediate possession; $57.50. COl. 0838.

633 E ST. SE.—Second floor, front apartment; 3 rooms, kitchen and bath. $32.50. Call National 1408.

THE ARGONNE.
1629 Columbia rd. nw. 2 rooms, kitchen, bath, reception hall and balcony.

FLEETWOOD.
2 bedrooms, living rm., kitchen, dinette and bath. 3707 Woodley rd. nw. CL. 0615.

2145 CALIFORNIA ST. N.W.
2 rooms, kitchen, dinette, bath and solarium.
Resident Manager, NO. 1650.

THE SEABRIDGE.
501 12th St. NE.
3 rooms, kitchen, bath. G. E. refrigeration, sw. corner exposure. Available at once. $55.
THE FEDERAL-AMERICAN CO.
1429 Eye St. N.W. National 8032.

NEW 2-BEDROOM APTS.
1115 Flower ave., Takoma Park, Md., now ready for occupancy. Colonial type, spacious lawn, heat supplied, individual thermostats, all large, bright outside rooms, garages. Inspect these delightful apartment homes any time, manager on premises. Dixie Realty Co., 1417 L st. nw. NA. 8890.

TILDEN GARDEN.
Conn. ave. at Tilden st. Apartments consisting of one, two and three bedrooms, living room, dining room, kitchen and bath; large apartments have sunroom and 2 baths. Prices range from $85 to $140. Phone CLeveland 5334.

1712 SUMMIT PLACE N.W.
2 rooms, kitchen, dinette, bath. $47.50.
DREYFUSS BROS.
1528 K St. N.W. NA. 0583.

1832 BILTMORE ST. N.W.
3 rooms, kitchen, bath. Frigidaire; newly decorated; references required.

4403 14TH ST. N.W.
Three rooms, kitchen and bath, electric refrigeration. See resident manager. Rentals, $60 per month.
BOSS & PHELPS.
1417 K St. N.W. NA. 9300.

NEW BUILDINGS
Available for Immediate Occupancy.
3211 and 3221 Wheeler rd. se., 3 blocks east of Nichols ave. Units of one room, dining alcove, kitchen and bath to 3 rooms, dining alcove, kitchen and bath. FROM $45 TO $67.50.
RESIDENT MGR. ON PREMISES.
Phone Lincoln 8422.

APT. 201—1623 LANIER PL. N.W.
Very attractive apartment, three exposures; living room, dining room, kitchen, 2 pantries, sun porch; three bedrooms, 2 baths, maid's room, garage; $120. FRANK S. PHILLIPS. DI. 1411.

1921 KALORAMA RD. N.W.
FOYER, LIVING ROOM, 2 BEDROOMS, DINETTE, KITCHEN AND BATH. SECRETARIAL PHONE SERVICE, 24-HOUR ELEVATOR SERIVE. $85. RESIDENT MANAGER.

1507 PARK ROAD.
Very delightful 4 rooms, kitchen and bath apartment in excellent condition, including electric refrigeration. Immediate possession. Rental, $70.00.
BOSS & PHELPS.
1417 K St. N.W. NA. 9300.

$70—THE BRIARCLIFF
1862 Mintwood Pl. N.W.
Apt. 101—3 rooms, kit. and bath. Refrigeration on house current.

$100—THE RITZ
1631 Euclid Street N.W.
4 rooms, kitchen, foyer and bath. Front apartment. 3 exposures. Refrigeration on house current.

$57.50—THE WILLSON
1405 Harvard St. N.W.
3 rooms, kitchen and bath. Refrigeration on house current.

$47.50—The Stanley Arms
1125 12th St. N.W.
Apt. 2—1 room, kitchen, dinette and bath. Frigidaire. Murphy bed.

AMERICAN SECURITY & TRUST COMPANY
15th & Penna. Ave. N.W. NA. 4815.

Duplex Apts.—Glover Park
2 rooms, dinette, kitchen and bath, screened-in porch. Rental, $45.00.
BOSS & PHELPS
1417 K St. N.W. NA. 9300.

BELMONT ST. NW., 1304, near Central High—2 rooms, kitchen, bath; electric refrigeration; gas, electricity included in rent; $47.50.
LINKINS CO.
1733 De Sales St. DIst. 3522.

1820 CLYDESDALE PL. N.W.
3 rooms, large foyer, kitchen and bath. Front apartment. $69.50.
Electric Refrigeration.
Resident manager: elevator service.
J. A. McKEEVER CO., INC.
1625 K St. N.W. DIst. 9706.

The Cavalier.
Very desirable 2-room apts., consisting of large living room, large bedroom, kitchenette and dinette; two closets and large outside balcony; electric refrigeration on house current; beautiful lobby; restricted clientele: 24-hour switchboard and elevator service; conservative rental.
The Cavalier,
3500 14th St. NW.
FRED R. FOSTER, Mgr.

THE WESTMORELAND,
CALIFORNIA ST. AT CONN. AVE. N.W.
Attractive apt. of 3 rooms, reception hall, kitchen and bath; newly decorated; electricity included in rent; $80; 24-hour elevator and switchboard service.
Dining Room in Building.
LINKINS CO.,
1733 De Sales St.

3504 13th St. N.W.
6 rooms and bath.....$75.00
Electric Refrigeration.
H. G. Smithy Co.
811 15th St. NW. NA. 5003.

COLORED—6th st. nw., 1502—Large 1-room apt.; furnished if desired; use of kitchen; heat, lights, gas included.

Offices—Rent 50

A 2 and 3 room suite; modern, fireproof office building of highest type in heart of business and financial district. Trust Department National Metropolitan Bank. 613 15th st. NA. 1308.

SUBLET for sole occupancy 2-room office, complete furnishing equipped, in Colorado Bldg. Telephone between 9:30 and 11 a. m. NA. 4582.

Warehouses for Rent 51A

WAREHOUSE SPACE FOR RENT.
3,000 to 30,000 Square Feet.
WEAVER BROS., INC. DIst. 9486.

Garages for Rent 52A

REAR 1145 21ST ST. N.W.
Large brick building suitable for repair shop or storage for about 15 cars. Rent, $50.
GEORGE F. HANE, INC.
1422 F St. N.W. NAtl. 3964.

Stores—Rent 53

STORE and 2 rooms; good location; any business; $34. 307 3d st. se., apt. above, $32; also 1824 U st. nw. NO. 0601.

Houses—Furnished 54

CHEVY CHASE, MD., 49 West Lennox st.—Detached home, 6 rooms, attractively furnished; 2½ baths. All modern improvements; for lease until Oct. 15, 1937; $125 mo. George R. Linkins, attr., 1733 De Sales st. District 3522.

CHEVY CHASE—7 rooms and bath; oil heat; $125.

NORTHWEST section—Detached 7 rooms, bath, oil heat, garage; $80.
A. D. CRUMBAUGH. CL. 1-3-6-4.

Houses—Unfurnished 56

FOXALL—Detached; park on two sides; 6 rooms, 2 baths, basement lounge; built-in garage, gas heat and refrigerator; double rear porches. 1401 44th st. nw. Phone NAtional 1040.

KANSAS AVE. NW., 8515—Brick home; 6 rooms and bath; s. m. i.; gas heat. Frigidaire, front and rear porches, built-in garage; redecorated throughout; $65.
LINKINS CO.
1733 De Sales St. DIst. 3522.

10 ROOMS, 2 baths, residence grounds, all improvements, oil heat, garage, by owner adjoining. 5925 Blair rd. GE. 1855.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Houses—Unfurnished 56

KANAWHA NW., 3732 (just off Conn.).—7 rooms (4 bedrooms) 1½ baths, sleeping porch, garage, G. E. refrigeration. $110. J. C WEEDON CO., 1727 K NW. ME. 3011.

$55.
441 Newton pl. nw.—6 rooms and bath, row brick; h.-w. h.; now available. Key at Dixie Realty Co., 1417 L st. nw. NA. 8880.

ORLEANS PL. NE., 628—6 r., b., gar. $47.50
3815 9th st. nw—7 r., b., garage....$68.50
5009 13th st. nw.—Det., 7 r., gar.....$85
WASHINGTON REALTY CO. GE. 8300.

EUCLID ST., nr. 16th—6 rooms, bath; h.-w. h.; $65.

KENYON ST. NW., 626—6 rooms, bath, h.-w. h.; instant hot water; 2-car ga. $55.

NEAR SOLDIERS HOME, 6 rooms, bath; h.-w. h.; newly decorated; $55.
LEO M. BERNSTEIN, MEt. 5400.

4600 5th ST. NW.—$75.
Attractive corner brick; southern exposure, large lot; 8 rooms, bath; h.-w. h., electricity, built-in garage; excellent condition; immediate possession.

501 ALLISON ST. NW.—$75.
Beautiful corner brick home, occupied now by doctor; contains 6 rooms, 1 bath; built-in garage; a. m. i.; excellent condition; possession February 15.
BEITZELL
DIstrict 3100. 1515 K St. NW.

3633 VAN NESS ST. N.W.
Semidetached brick; just off Conn. ave.; 5 rooms, 2½ baths, hot-water heat; garage. $100 per month.
8021 SARATOGA AVE.
SILVER SPRING, MD.
Very attractive 6-room, 2-bath house; hot-water heat; automatic hot-water heater; screened porch; built-in garage; $86.25.
WEAVER BROS., INC.
REALTORS.
Washington Bldg. DI. 9486.

909 LAWRENCE ST. N.E.
9 rooms, 2 baths, hot water heat and electric light. Immediate possession. Rent $65.
BOSS & PHELPS.
1417 K St. N.W. NA. 9300.

4610 15TH ST. N.W.
8 rooms, 2 baths; gas heat, electric refrigeration; $80 month; immediate possession.
BOSS & PHELPS.
1414 K St. N.W. NA. 9300.

2456 TUNLAW RD. N. W.
Modern brick home, built-in garage, porches; 7 rms. and bath; $75.
A. S. GARDINER,
1510 K St. NW. NA. 0334.

1208 KENNEDY ST. N.W.
6 rooms and bath, newly decorated, all modern improvements; gas heat, electric refrigeration; garage; near schools, stores and transportation. $45 per month.
FLOYD E. DAVIS CO.
723 12th St. N.W. NA. 0352.

4507 Arkansas Ave. N.W.
$70.00.
6 rooms, bath, double inclosed rear porches, oil burner, brick garage.
National Mortgage & Investment Corp.
1312 New York Ave. N.W. NA. 5833.

803 GIST AVE.
SILVER SPRING, MD.
5 rooms, bath, hot-water heat, garage, $71.25 per month.
617 QUEBEC ST. N.W.
6 rooms and bath, hot-water heat. $65.00 per month.
1106 WILLOW AVE.
SILVER SPRING, MD.
6 rooms and bath; electric refrigeration; garage; $61.25.
2824 1ST ST. NORTH
CLARENDON, VA.
5 rooms and bath, $50 per month.
WEAVER BROS., INC,
REALTORS.
Washington Bldg. DI. 9486.

Suburban—Rent 58

ALEXANDRIA, 812 Franklin—6 rms., bath; reconditioned; h.-w. h.; fireplace; Frigidaire; trees, grape arbor; $55.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., near Bell Haven. Colonial type home, 6 rooms with bath and shower. Full basement. Built-in garage. Screened porch. Hot-water heat. Large living room with open fireplace. $55 per month. Call Alexandria 972-W-1.

7 ROOMS, elec.; grounds for garden; close to schools and bus by door. 1½ miles from Alexandria. $25. NO. 6360.

5-ROOM house: modern; $45. 7-room house: modern; hot-water heat, 1 acre lot; $75. G. R. Newman, WA. 7444.

BARCROFT, VA.
Beautiful detached stone house located on ½ acre of ground; stone detached garage, 2 bedrooms, oil heat; close to schools, stores and transportation; $75.00 per month.
A. H. BROOKS
3016 Columbia Pike, Arlington, Va.
Phone Clarendon 626.

Wanted-to-Rent 62

We can rent your vacant property.
HARRY B. PITTS CO.,
1019 15th St. NW. ME. 0100.

Sale Houses 66

$4,500—Rock Creek Church rd. nw., near Georgia ave.; 6 rooms; 2 inclosed porches; garage. ME. 5400.

GEORGETOWN—$6,950
Charming English basement brick; 6 rooms and bath; electric refrigeration; h.-w. h.; in excellent condition; neighborhood inhabited by prominent people. Convenient location; near transportation.
L. T. GRAVATTE
729 15th St. Realtor. NA. 0753.

$8,000—Corner Detached—Petworth
A very substantial and exceptionally bright roomy house; excellent location and convenient to schools, stores and car line. Eight full sized rooms, 4 bedrooms, modern tile bath, large attic, porches, hot-water heat, electricity. Ideally arranged for two families. It is vacant and in new-house condition. Terms arranged.
Thomas J. Fisher & Co., Inc.
738 15th St. N.W. DI. 6830.

—Well Worth Seeing—
219 Ingraham St. N.W.
Lovely home with architecturally different exterior. Faces government park. 3 bedrooms on second floor with ample closet space and two baths. Large living room and dining room plus scientifically planned kitchen.
$8,950
Furred walls, rock wool insulation, reinforced concrete front porch, two fireplaces and a recreation room with lavatory and toilet. Detached brick garage on a large lot.
Open Daily and Sunday
Wm. H. Saunders Co., Inc.
1519 K St. N.W.
DIstrict 1015

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale Houses 66

WE HAVE SEVERAL BRAND-NEW AND RECONDITIONED LIKE NEW HOMES.
Georgetown and Northwest
PRICES $9,500 UP.
MARSHALL & CO.
Wisc. Ave. at P St. WEst 2895.

New 2-Family Homes
$7,?50—Splendid southeast location. The city's best home buy. 6 large rooms, 2 complete baths, recreation room, model kitchens, roomy closets, deep lot, automatic heat; screened rear porches. Each house arranged for 2 families, with complete privacy for each, or a single home in itself. Terms arranged.
BRADY BROS., INC.,
403 E. Capitol St. AT. 6664—AT. 0562.

West Chevy Chase, Md.
$8,950.
BRAND NEW DETACHED BRICK.
Situated on a large wooded lot, 6 sunny rooms and modern bath. 2 spacious porches face into a group of large oak trees. This house has a slate roof and all up-to-date conveniences. In a quiet neighborhood not far from Wisconsin ave. transportation and shops. We can arrange the financing on terms to suit you.
F. M. PRATT CO., INC.
934 K St. N.W. NAtional 8682.
Sundays, Eves., Mr. Bartlett, CO. 5284.

$10,500.
Just off Chevy Chase Circle (D. C.) Detached Colonial home set well back from the street, surrounded by shrubs and trees. Living room has open fireplace; attractive dining room; kitchen and handy pantry. Four bedrooms, bath and attic with extra finished room. Oil heat, detached garage. Near bus and Connecticut ave. schools, stores and churches.
BRODIE & COLBERT, INC.
1707 Eye St. N.W. NAtional 8875.
Evenings and Sunday, CLeve. 3953.

$16,750—NR. CATHEDRAL.
A Colonial detached brick, only 1½ years old, located on a new and beautiful street and surrounded by large oak trees; first-floor rooms are very spacious and include a lavatory and a beautifully equipped kitchen. There are 4 large bedrooms, 2 complete baths, numerous closets and a finished 3d floor; other features are 2 fireplaces, knotty-pine recreation room, screened porch, flagstone terrace and walk, gas heat, built-in garage, Venetian blinds, Johns-Manville insulation. This home has all the features of a $20,000 house.
FRANK S. PHILLIPS. DISTRICT 1411.

COLONIAL CHARM IN BEAUTIFUL CHEVY CHASE, MD.
6203-6205 MELVILLE PL. N.W.
Six large rooms, TWO MASTER bedrooms, each with TWO large cedar closets and TWO baths. Large living room with open fireplace, spacious dining room, efficient space-saving kitchen with built-in cabinets and "CAREFREE COMFORT WITH MODERN GAS APPLIANCES," full basement, well-arranged laundry and furnace room, and built-in garage. Large beautifully landscaped lot inclosed by picket fence.
ONLY $11,750
OPEN AND HEATED DAILY TO 9 P. M. TO INSPECT: From Chevy Chase Circle, out Brookville Road to Bradley Lane, right one block to Melville Place and property.
HARRY WARDMAN, INC.
1512 K St. N.W. DI. 3830.
"Life's worth living in a Wardman Home."

COLORED—Two-family flat, near 3d and R sts. nw.; hot-water heat; electricity; $6,950; your terms. DEcatur 1160.

Sale Lots 69

ADJOINING the District of Columbia in Kenilworth; white section; good opportunity for builders. Apply
GREATER BEAVER HEIGHTS REALTY CORPORATION.
474 K St. N.W. MEt. 1283.

DISTRICT HEIGHTS—8 beautiful lots, 25x140 each; water, sewer already in street; close Marlboro pike, 20 min. to center of town; quick sale, $195 each. Phone LI. 0597.

EAST OF WISCONSIN AVE. on Appleton; near Wilson. Deal and Merch schools; 8 lots, 40x150 feet; $1,500 each; from every standpoint THE IDEAL home sites.
J. FRANK TILLER, Owner, RA. 4953.

LARGE LOT in Aurora Hills, Va.—76-ft. frontage on hillside overlooking Washington; high-class neighborhood; all improvements in and paid for. Owner will sell at bargain. Call Aurora Hills Homes, Inc., Jackson 1866.

3 LOTS, $200 each; well located for home or investment, on car line; 20 minutes to downtown. Box 144 Wash. Post.

Take Advantage of an Off-Season Sale
Near Mt. Vernon, 25 min. to city, ½ to 2 acre wooded lots, water front $400 up. 2 years to pay. Call owner, E. C. Gibbs, Jackson 1866, to inspect.

Sale Suburban 70

$6,850—Nearby Va.; new 2-story brick, 6 rooms; choice location; terms arranged. $8,500—Attractive new stone house; 7 rooms, 2 baths; oil heat; 15c bus fare. Reasonable terms; large corner lot.
RALPH W. CRAIN, 4399 Lee Hy. WA. 6959.

$4,975
ALEX., VA.—New bungalow consisting of large studio living room, dining alcove, modern kitchen, two large bedrooms, tile bath, basement with built-in garage and furnace room. This bungalow is unique in design, double constructed, insulated with rock wool, hot-water heat, oak floors and priced lower than any new modern home on the market today in this section.
WASHINGTON & KANE, Realtors.
1615 King St., Alex., Va. Alex. 3013.

$8,950—FINANCED
New detached masonry suburban homes, delightfully situated on lot 100x150 ft. The only detached homes under $25,000 with complete summer and winter air-conditioning. Built of finest materials procurable. Only 15 minutes' drive to Washington. Don't delay—phone now. Alex. 1300; evenings, ADams 7210.
GRAHAM & OGDEN
803 King St., Alexandria, Va.

THE
Ultra-Modern Trend
In Home Construction
CONCRETE
• Futuristic in design, this six-room ALL-CONCRETE home brings you unprecedented comfort, protection and beauty. Air-conditioning completes the modern picture. Crowning the crest of an oak knoll, the home rests on a beautifully wooded lot with a frontage of 118 feet. Completely fireproof . . . a PERMANENT home . . . Deterioration impercetible. Oil Heat. Electric Kitchen.
$8,250
In a restricted neighborhood, nearby Maryland, now ready for your inspection. Financed under the FHA plan . . . yours for Modern Living!
Directions: Drive out Georgia Ave. to Wheaton, turn left ½-mile. Or, out Conn. Ave. thru Kensington, cross railroad ¾-mile to house on Kensington-Wheaton Road.
KENSINGTON REALTY CO.
Kensington, Md. Kensington 132

Hand-Picked Used Car Values

A. O. Moorhead
Anacostia Motors,
1325 Good Hope Road S.E.

"Instead of simply listing a group of our used cars in the classified columns, we have given special attention to our selection today. We have singled out those that are four-star values not only from their sale price but from their condition and appearance as well."

Watch this space every Thursday, Friday and Saturday for a personal statement from Washington's leading used car dealers on their hand-picked used car values.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale Suburban 70

VIRGINIA—13 miles out, main pike; 13 acres, 6-room house, outbuildings; electricity; good garden land; $3,500; easy terms. J. A. Baker & Co., 1112 N. Irving st., Clarendon, Va. WA. 7380.

Sale Acreage 72

ACREAGE—In Arlington County, Va.—From 1 to 20 acres; terms; $100 cash; $20 per month.
A. H. BROOKS
3016 Columbia Pike, Arlington, Va.
Phone Clarendon 626.

BRADLEY FARMS—Parcels of 3 or more acres, unusual opportunity to purchase the site for your suburban home. Prices, terms reasonable. River road, adjoining Congressional Club, opposite Horse Show Grounds. Complete information at our office, COUNSELMAN & O'BRIEN, 8965 Wis ave., Bethesda, Md.

REAL ESTATE SALESMEN—Acreage, building lots, Chevy Chase, D. C., River and Bradley roads, Colesville pike and Wheatsville, Fulton R. Gordon, 1427 Eye st. nw. DIst. 5230.

Sale—Farms, Land 73

ONE of the most attractive homes in northern Virginia on State road, 1 hour of Washington, adjoining outstanding estate; 68 acres, all clear but few acres woodland; 10-room house, electricity, bath; on elevation commanding beautiful view; all necessary outbuildings. Price, $12,500; $5,000 cash, balance to suit. Buell Farm Agency, Herndon, Fairfax Co., Va.

SOUTHERN MARYLAND farms and acreage. Write the Maryland Realty, 1511 Guilford ave., Baltimore, Md. Phone Vernon 2341.

20 ACRES—3-room house, electric well, spring; 8 miles District line; price, $1,350; $600 down. Phone NAtl. 3753 or AT. 5205-J.

W. C. AND J. R. GIBONS.
BARR BLDG. NATL. 3753.
SOUTHERN MD.—5-ACRE TRACTS.

Real Estate Wanted 76

WANTED—waterfront lot with or without small house at Woodland Beach, Md. Address Box 64, Annapolis, Md.

WE NEED NOW 5 to 10 room houses D. C., Va., Md., if price, terms, rental is right. List for quick results. Also stores, farms. N. E. RYON CO., 1216 N. Y. ave. 3418 14th.

WILL PAY CASH FOR SMALL PROPERTIES if price is reasonable. P. J. WALSHE, INC., 1107 Eye st. nw. NAtional 2095.

WANT REAL ESTATE TO SELL.
ROBERT L. McKEEVER CO., INC.
Shoreham Bldg. NA. 4750.

Dogs, Cats, Pets 79

PEDIGREED SCOTTIES, $12 up. 6026 N. 20th st. Over-Lee Knolls, E. Falls Ch., Va.

Horses—Livestock 81

2 HORSES, 4 mares, 6 large young work horses, 1 ride h'se. 110 M se. AT. 2731.

Sale Miscellaneous 83

DEALERS' ADS under this heading contain a firm name or a business address or state the word "Dealer." Other ads are presumed to be from private individuals. Readers who find dealers masquerading in this column as private individuals are urged to report the matter to The Washington Post.

ACCORDIONS—Before purchasing a piano accordion it's to your advantage to see Droop first. 1300 G st. nw.

ADDING MACHINE—Burrough on stand. Exceptional value, $20. United, 813 14th st. nw. NAt. 6063.

AMERICAN TYPEWRITER CO.—Portables and standards reduced for holidays; open eves. 1431 E. Capitol st. LI. 0082.

ANTIQUE FURNITURE—Old glass, china, silver, books, mirrors, lamps, prints, frames, curios. Edelson's, 618 5th st. nw.

Antiques, household goods; quality clothing. THE NEARLY NEW SHOP.
2610 P st. NW. On Bus Line.

ANTIQUE set of six Hitchcock chairs, large quantity of cut and pressed glass; collection of signed bronze. Murray Galleries, 1724 20th st. nw. NO. 4008.

BRING this ad and 39 cents, the best typewriter ribbon for any make; Second sheets 17 cents package; carbon paper, 10 cents package; typewriter oil, 5 cents; set rubber keys, $1.95. Typewriters rented; special rate students. United, 813 14th st. nw. Nat. 6063.

CAMERA lenses, photographic equipment, binoculars, projectors bought, sold. Izzy's Exchange, 905 D st. nw. ME. 8898.

DESKS, chairs, tables, files and other used office furniture. H. Baum & Sons, 616 E st. nw.

FARM WAGON and single harness; in very good condition; reasonable. 2514 G st. nw. PO. 2723.

FRIGIDAIRES—5 cu. ft., guaranteed excellent condition, only $44.50 while they last. 1318 14th st. nw.

LATHE, monarch machinist, 11 in. swing. Quick change. Excellent condition. $150. CL. 8920.

MIMEOGRAPHS—Complete for immediate operation and one year free service: $35 to $275. United, 813 14th st. nw. NAt. 6063.

OIL BURNER—Solid automatic with controls. Also Pittsburg instantaneous gas water heater. Good condition. Cheap. Call CL. 0824.

PIANOS FOR RENT—$3 per month and up. All rental payments applies on purchase price if you buy later. Call NAtional 4730. Kitt's, 1330 G st.

Cold Weather
is here
Equip your auto with a
SUPERIOR ARVIN AUTO HEATER
Priced at only
$6.95
At ALL George's Stores
FREE
Windshield Defroster
WITH EVERY AUTO HEATER
George's Radio Co.
814-16 F St. N.W.
3107-09 M St. N.W.
2015 14th St. N.W.
1111 H St. N.E.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale Miscellaneous 83

PHILCO 7-tube, reconditioned; beautiful cabinet, 90-day guarantee, $12.95. Terms. F. S. Harris Co., 2900 14th st. nw.

PIANO—Upright, good condition; $35; one microphone; 2 loudspeakers; one amplifier. Practically new. Courembis Grill, 1017 M st. nw.

SEWING MACHINES—New and used. Real bargains; renting, repairing. Sewing Machine Exch., 2412 18th st. nw. CO. 3245.

STORE FIXTURES, new and used, of all descriptions. Buy from the manufacturers. National Store Fixture Co., 931 H st. nw District 1676.

TYPEWRITERS—New and used, $14.50 up. Terms. Rent, repair. All makes. Washington Typewriter Co., 817 10th st. nw.

TYPEWRITERS — New and rebuilt, all makes; $15 up; terms. Rent and repairs. Central Typewriter Co., 923 G st. nw.

TYPEWRITERS—All makes, $17.50 up; guaranteed 1 year; rent, repair. Standard Typewriter Co., 723 10th st. nw.

UNDERWOOD — Bargain, rebuilt, $29.50; one year free service. United, 813 14th st. nw. NAt. 6063.

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE.
You will be surprised at the variety and price. I DEMAND CASH BUT YOU GET THE PREFERENCE. Charles Furniture Store, 709 H st. nw. NA. 4809.

HERE IS A BARGAIN FOR SOMEONE.
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR. ALL PORCELAIN: A-1 CONDITION. Just like brand-new; 6½ cubic feet; seamless porcelain interior; 3 trays (124 ice cubes); inside light. Privately owned; my reason for selling is I have recently moved into apartment already equipped with electric refrigerator; will sacrifice for immediate cash. (CAN BE FINANCED.) Call NA. 4200, Ext. 220, or CL. 2693. Can be seen at 3945 Connecticut ave. nw., Apt. 511.

Coal, Fuel Oil, Wood 83A

COAL and select fireplace wood. Special prices. Call NA. 3910. Nights, ST. 8095.

OAK OR PINE WOOD—Seasoned or green; any length; delivered; $10 cord. Call Berwyn 92-J.

WOOD—Pine, seasoned; cord, $8. Kindling, ¼ cord, $3.50. ADams 8939.

A CRACKLING LOG FIRE
BRINGS WINTER CHEER.
Oak fireplace wood, $12 cord. Dry, well seasoned, any length. Call NOrth 0868. Georgetown Firewood Co., 1503 28th st. nw.

ARLINGTON COAL CO.
2,240 Pounds to the Ton.
Bagged and carried to bins free.
Virginia Hard Pea.....$8.50
Virginia Hard Special Furnace....$9.50
Virginia Hard Chestnut.....$10.50
Virginia Hard Stove.....$10.75
75% Run of Mine.....$7.50
50% Run of Mine.....$6.75
All grades of Pocahontas Coal.
Washington Telephone, Jackson 1880.

Coal Specials, Cash Prices, This Week Only.
2,240 pounds to a ton:
Run of mines, $7.50.
Lump (2 tons for $14.50.)
Kentucky Egg, $8.00.
Pocohontas Stove, $10.10.
Pocohontas Egg, $10.25.
Storing, 50c a Ton.
MOYER COAL CORP.
6301 Blair Rd. N.W. GE. 4384.

Miscellaneous Wanted 84

ANTIQUE JEWELRY, discarded large and small watches, dental gold; special high prices paid. Schiller Bros., 922 F st. nw.

ANTIQUE gold and ornaments. Higher than market prices paid for desirable pieces. Also silver services, etc. Murray Galleries, 1724 20th st. nw. NO. 4008.

BOOKS BOUGHT—All kinds, any quantity. See us first. Spot cash paid. Fearman's, 1407 G st. nw.

DISCARDED and broken old gold, jewelry, antiques, silver, gold teeth, watches; spot cash paid. Milsam's, 436 9th st. nw.

GOLD OR PLATINUM JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE AND GOLD TEETH, ANY CONDITION. WE PAY CASH. A. KAHN, INC. 44 YEARS AT 935 F ST. N.W.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD
LOUIS ABRAHAMS, 711 G ST. N.W.

SPOT CASH PAID IMMEDIATELY.
OLD GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND ANY OLD Discarded Jewelry or Gold Teeth.
SELINGER'S, 818 F ST. NW.

GOLD—DIAMONDS
Highest cash prices.
A. MARKEL, Room 211, 918 F N.W.

Wanted—Automobiles 88

NORRIS, INC., 2018 14th St. NOrth 3949. See us before selling.

CASH FOR YOUR CAR
Whether Car Is Paid for or Not
SEE MR. BARNES, 1729 14th St.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale—Automobiles 98

AUBURN $245
1932 Convertible Sedan, small series. New top, new black finish with red trim, 6 wheels, leather upholstery. Only $45 down.
USED CAR MARKET
8001 GEORGIA AVE.
1 Block From District Line. SH. 4181.

1932 AUBURN 4-door; new tires; motor quiet as new; finish unmarred; $4.00 cash and bal $5.00 per week; try and beat it. Capitol Motors, Inc., 215 Pa. ave. se.

BUICKS—1937
Two brand-new 4-door sedans, one with built-in trunk; available for immediate delivery. Also 1 1937 Buick 4-Door De Luxe Touring Sedan with built-in trunk, 6 wheels; driven less than 1,000 miles. New car title and guarantee. SUBSTANTIAL DISCOUNT.
WADE MOTOR CO.
8431 Georgia Ave. N.W. SHep. 4261.

BUICK $575
1935 4-door Sedan, Model 41, with built-in trunk; black finish; A-1 condition throughout.
HYATTSVILLE AUTO CO.
Hyattsville, Md. GR. 1810.

BUICK—1930 Victoria Cpe., $3.00 down, bal. $3.00 per week. 57 L st. se.

BUICK—de luxe sedan; like new. Only $125; terms. Evans-Palmer, N. Y. and Fla. aves. ne.

1936 Buick Victoria Coupe, $775. This car has been driven only 2,000 miles and, of course, cannot be told from new. We are at the season of the year when a convertible is most practical and enjoyable. You can make an exceptional buy on this car and we will trade your present car and give you new-car finance rates, terms and surantee on this beautiful car. Norris, Inc., 2018 14th st. nw. NOrth 3949. Studebaker dealer.

CHEVROLETS—Fine quality reconditioned used cars at lowest prices.
BARRY-PATE, 1130 Connecticut Ave.

1931 CHEV. CABRIOLET, $199; $3.00 down, bal. $4.50 per week. Capitol Motors, Inc., 215 Pa. ave. se.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale—Automobiles 98

CHEVROLET—1931 de luxe custom-built; rumble seat; new tires, etc. Only $185. Terms. Evans-Palmer, 14th and L sts. nw.

CHEVROLET—1935 Master Sedan. $425. Very economical to operate. Famous Fisher body. Just the car you have been looking for at the price you want to pay.
ANACOSTIA MOTORS.
1325 Good Hope Rd. SE. LI. 2077.

CHEVROLET $165
1931 Sport Sedan. A real bargain. In fine mechanical condition; runs perfectly. Entire car in first-class shape. A real value.
STOHLMAN CHEVROLET
3307 M St. N.W. WEst 1646.

CHEVROLET $135
1932 4-Door Sedan. Very neat and A-1 condition; with practically new tires. A repossessed value for quick resale on balance due. Small down payment. Easy terms.
MANHATTAN AUTO & RADIO CO.
1706 7th St. N.W. NOrth 7557.

CHEVROLET $245
1932 2-door Sedan. Velvet black finish. New heavy-duty tires. Motor completely overhauled and in the pink of condition throughout. A buy to write home about. Gold Seal Guarantee and personally indorsed.
FLEMING MOTOR CORP.
Champlain St. at Kalorama Rd. CO. 1020.

CHEVROLET $345
A beautiful 1934 Sedan with low mileage, in excellent shape. Upholstery effortlessly clean. Tires good. Mechanically perfect. Just the car you've been looking for.
WISCONSIN MOTORS
29th and M Sts. NW. WEst 2974.

CHEVROLET $269
'33 Coupe. Beautiful black finish with cream wheels; very economical to operate; motor retuned and ready to roll; only $9.00 down.
STEUART MOTORS.
1401 R. I. Ave. N.E. DE. 6300.

CHEVROLET $345
1935 Standard Coach. A clean little car that is economical to operate; A-1 shape throughout, including tires; trade and easy terms. Inv'd'ed
STOHLMAN CHEVROLET
3307 M St. N.W. WEst 1646.

CHEVROLET $329
1934 Master 4-Door Sedan. Put this car through any test you wish, and you'll agree it's a swell buy. Fisher no-draft ventilation, all good tires; Motor smooth and powerful. A standout value.
LUSTINE-NICHOLSON,
Hyattsville, Md. GR. 2200.

CHEVROLET $45
1929 2-Door Sedan. Plenty of service in this car. Smooth motor and practically new tires. Many bargains at our exclusive used car salesroom.
MANHATTAN AUTO & RADIO CO.
1706 7th St. N.W. NOrth 7557.

CHEVROLET $275
1933 2-Door Sedan. Very neat and smooth running order. Seat covers and other extras. Not a "come on" leader price. Many other values at this reduced price. Remember, only $9 down and terms—easy—just look and you will buy where reputation counts— at
STEUART MOTORS
6th and New York Ave. N.W.

CHEVROLET—1935 Master Coach. $425. Had one owner that took marvelous care of this car. Tires, battery and brakes excellent; mechanically perfect.
ANACOSTIA MOTORS.
1325 Good Hope Rd. SE. LI. 2077.

CHEVROLET $345
1934 Master Coach. Knee action, no-draft ventilation, etc.; just out of our shop and is O. K. all over; good tires; reduced for trade and easy terms.
STOHLMAN CHEVROLET
3307 M St. N.W. WEst 1646.

CHEVROLET $243
1933 Coach. A popular model, very regularly priced. The finish is excellent; tires are very good; the upholstery is O. K. and any way you look at this car it's a dandy. Buy it today on our easy terms.
LUSTINE-NICHOLSON,
Hyattsville, Md. GR. 2200.

CHRYSLER $665
1936 Touring Sedan. Over-drive, radio and heater. Black finish; very low mileage. Excellent condition.
College Park Auto Place
College Park, Md. Greenwood 2898.

COUPE—1936 Ford. $495. This car looks and runs like new; you absolutely could put this car on the showroom floor and sell it for new. It's just broken in by a very careful driver.
ANACOSTIA MOTORS.
1325 Good Hope Rd. SE. LI. 2077.

CHEVROLET $325
1934 Standard Coupe. Here's a dainty, perfect all-around. Fisher no draft ventilation. Backed by our 30-day guarantee covering parts and labor. Only $49 down; easy terms.
USED CAR MARKET
8001 GEORGIA AVE.
1 Block From District Line. SH. 4181.

DESOTO—1935 Airflow sedan; almost new condition; heater, etc. Only $465; terms. Evans-Palmer, Mr. Ed Roper, 14th and L sts.

DESOTO de luxe sedan; 6 wheels, radio, etc.; like new. Only $265; terms. Evans-Palmer, 4432 Conn. ave. nw.

DODGE—1935 de luxe tudor, with built-in trunk, etc. Only $435; terms. Evans-Palmer, N. Y. and Fla. aves. ne.

DODGE—1935 4-door sedan. $525. Trew value used cars. TREW MOTOR CO., 1509 14th st. nw. DEcatur 1915.

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.

Sale—Automobiles 98

DODGE $269
1933 Coach; car No. 89. Original mileage unbelievably low. The next owner will receive all the benfits of this fine car. There isn't a scratch on its entire surface. Upholstery, floor mats clean as a pin.
LUSTINE-NICHOLSON,
Hyattsville, Md. GR. 2200.

FORD $275
1934 Tudor, in excellent condition. A fine buy for anyone seeking economical transportation. "OK'ed" by
STOHLMAN CHEVROLET
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FORD $65
1930 Roadster. A snappy looking car with rumble

DON WINSLOW OF THE NAVY The New Member — By Frank V. Martinek, Lieut. Comdr., U. S. N. R.

YES, SIR--WINSLOW'S MISFORTUNE HAS GAINED HIM THE CONFIDENCE OF THE GANG--"SCORPIA"--AND HE'S TAKING FULL ADVANTAGE OF IT!
72A.
STILL LOYAL IN SPITE OF HIS STERN TREATMENT AT THE NAVY'S HANDS! WINSLOW'S AN AMAZING FELLOW!
MEANWHILE, DON STEPS BOLDLY INTO THE WEB
COMRADES--OUR NEW MEMBER! WINSLOW, MEET OUR GREAT LEADER, DOCTOR CENTAUR
(Copyright, 1937, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.) Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Office)
LET BYGONES BE BYGONES EH? WELL, WINSLOW, YOU'RE JUST IN TIME TO HELP US STRIKE OUR HEAVIEST BLOW--TO SMASH THE UNITED STATES!

NED BRANT—A Story of College Athletics — By Bob Zuppke, Famous Football Coach.

© 1937, The Register and Tribune Syndicate
2-6
OKAY--BE HAUGHTY, CHUMP--I WAS GOING TO TELL COACH I FRAMED YOU, SO HE'D LIFT YOUR SUSPENSION--
YEAH-
LISTEN, CHISELER, YOU GOT ME OFF THE TEAM SO YOU COULD BE THE BIG STAR IN THE MOST IMPORTANT GAME IN THE FRESHMAN SEASON!
ALL RIGHT, BUD SHEKELS--THE STAGE IS YOURS--GO AHEAD AND SHINE-SHINE BRIGHTLY, MR. CHEAT!
SO THAT'S THE WAY NED FEELS! THEN HE CAN STAY OFF THE TEAM--AND I'LL PLAY A GAME THAT'LL MAKE THE FANS SAVE THEIR VEGETABLES FOR HIS PERSONAL APPEARANCE!

WITHIN the past few months, THE WASHINGTON POST has been pleased to announce to its readers several permanent additions to the already large family of POST FEATURES.

IN OCTOBER, *Leonard Lyons* and his "*NEW YORKER*" column made their bow. At the same time, *Jimmy Fiddler* with his "*IN HOLLYWOOD. Then* there was *Alice Hughes* with "*A WOMAN'S NEW YORK,*" *Mrs. Ely Culbertson's* daily bridge article, *LALA PALOOZA* and *BIG CHIEF WAHOO* for the Comics Page. *BOB BURNS* added his daily contribution of salty, homely humor, and only 6 days ago saw *DON WINSLOW OF THE NAVY* introduced. Yesterday, in this space, another first class comic, *THE G-MAN* was announced, to begin Monday, February 8. And there will be others.

FOR THE POST will continue to add outstanding features, whenever available, to its columns for the benefit of its readers.

BIG CHIEF WAHOO — By Saunders and Woggon

MY, CHIEFIE--YOU'RE BUSY!!--DOING YOUR SCHOOL WORK?
NOPE! WAHOO WRITE UM ANSWER TO MINNIE-HA-CHA'S LETTER!
IS THAT SO!--WHAT ARE YOU TELLING HER?
WRITE HER--"WAHOO LEAVE HERE PRETTY QUICK NOW, COME TO CITY OF TALL TEEPEES, MAKE HER MY SQUAW, KICK DUKE OF BURPINGHAM IN UM PANTS."
MY!--YOU'RE CERTAINLY WRITING VERY SLOWLY!
SURE! MINNIE CAN'T READ VERY FAST.
--HMMM, LULU HIPPS, OLD GIRL YOU'D BETTER WORK FAST!! THIS LITTLE SAVAGE AND HIS BANK-ROLL WILL SLIP OUT OF YOUR CLUTCHES.
--SAY CHIEFIE, LET ME HAVE THAT LETTER. I'M GOING TO TOWN
♪ I'LL MAIL THAT FOR YOU ♪
(YES I WILL.)

LALA PALOOZA — Great Discovery! Pinto Has Brains! — By Rube Goldberg

PINTO, WE'RE IN A TERRIBLE JAM--I'VE BEEN LOOKIN' AFTER YOU FOR SUCH A LONG TIME--CAN'T YOU HELP MAMA NOW? TRY AND THINK OF SOMETHING!
YIPE
© Frank Jay Markey Syndicate, Inc.
BOO HOO--AND I WANTED SO MUCH TO DANCE IN THE "BALLET OF THE WOUNDED DUCK"! WHAT CAN I DO HELD CAPTIVE IN THIS DESOLATE SHACK WITH AN ARMED DESPERADO RIGHT OUTSIDE MY WINDOW? BOO-HOO
YOU LITTLE DARLING!
YIPE!

MICKEY FINN — By Lank Leonard

I UNDERSTAND GABBY!--AND THEN I SHOW IT TO HIM IN THIS FAKE COLUMN--BUT SUPPOSE HE DON'T GO IN THE DRUGSTORE TO PHONE?
LISSEN, MAX--I'M GAMBLIN' ON WHAT I THINK HE'LL DO!--IF I'M RIGHT HE'LL RUSH TO THE NEAREST BOOTH,--AND THAT'S THE DRUGSTORE!!
IT'S ALL SET, TOM! TWO PALS OF MINE ARE HOLDING THE BOOTHS AT THE DRUGSTORE--LUCKILY THEY AIN'T DIAL PHONES--ONE OF THE GUYS IS GONNA FINISH "TALKING" AS SOON AS NOLAN COMES IN--THE OTHER GUY'LL TAKE DOWN THE NUMBER NOLAN CALLS--IF NOLAN DON'T GO IN, WE'LL TAIL HIM!
SWELL!
GABBY--THERE HE COMES NOW!
RIGHT ON SCHEDULE! MAX SAID HE SHAVED HIM EVERY DAY BETWEEN TWO AND TWO-THIRTY!
I'LL HAVE A HAIRCUT TODAY, MAX!
OKAY, MR NOLAN,--HERE--WANT TO READ A PAPER?

DIXIE DUGAN — The Battle Is On — By J. P. McEvoy and J. H. Striebel

WHO IS THIS NAUGHTY YOUNG MAN WHO THROWS BUTTER AT PEOPLE, THOMAS?
MASTER GERALD, MISS DUGAN
2-6
HA! HA!
OOH!
© McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
THAT'S WHAT YOU GET FOR CALLING ME NAUGHTY--M-M-NYAH!
AND THIS IS WHAT YOU GET FOR BEING NAUGHTY, MASTER GERALD!
BRAVO!
HALP!

JOE PALOOKA — Try and Do It — By Ham Fisher

THAT SECRET AGREEMENT IS NO GOOD SIR!!
HAW--HAW!!! WHY AINT IT NO GOOD?
YOU'RE ONLY A FRONT FER ME! TH' SECRET AGREEMENT SAYS I'M STILL MANAGER AN' YOU DIDN'T BUY PALOOKA'S CONTRACT AOK'CH'LY.
VERY WELL--TRY AND USE YOUR SECRET AGREEMENT. YOU'LL NEVER MANAGE ANOTHER FIGHTER!!
2-6
SAY--JIST WHATTA YOU MEAN?
HRRRMF! I MEAN IT ISN'T WORTH THE PAPER IT'S WRITTEN ON. IT ISN'T LEGAL AND IT'S AH-HEM-M--A FRAUD! NOW!!
Y-YA M-MEAN YA'D PULL A THING LIKE THAT ON ME Y-YA CROOK?
GOOD DAY SIR!!

APPLE MARY — By Martha Orr

I'M STUMPED, BILL. WE'VE FOLLOWED SLIM TO THIS ROOMING HOUSE, AND KNOW IT'S HIS MEETING PLACE WITH THE MYSTERIOUS STRANGER.
2-6
BUT THAT WON'T DO US ANY GOOD, IF WE CAN'T FIND OUT WHAT ROOM THEY'RE IN.
YEAH, WE CAN'T LISSEN IN ON THE MEETING STANDIN' OUT HERE.
AND I'M FREEZING TO DEATH. PLEASE, BILL, TRY TO THINK OF SOMETHING--
GOSH, MARY, I'LL DO ALL YER FIGHTIN' BUT YUH'LL HAVE TO SUPPLY YER OWN BRAINWORK.
LOOK, BILL! OVER THERE! THE THIRD FLOOR ROOM ON THE FRONT! ISN'T THAT--ISN'T THAT SLIM'S SHADOW ON THE WINDOW SHADE?
HOLY SMOKE, IT IS!

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY — By Clifford McBride

BENNY — Getting Nowhere Fast — By J. Carver Pusey

Federal Court Delay Attacked By Cummings

Letter Sent Congress With President's Message Asking Judiciary Changes.

Text of Attorney General Cumming's letter to the President on reorganizing the United States judiciary, submitted by the latter yesterday with his message:

Delay in the administration of justice is the outstanding defect of our Federal judicial system. It has been a cause of concern to practically every one of my predecessors in office. It has exasperated the bench, the bar, the business community and the public.

The litigant conceives the judge as one promoting justice through the mechanism of the courts. He assumes that the directing power of the judge is exercised over its officers from the time a case is filed with the clerk of the court. He is entitled to assume that the judge is pressing forward litigation in the full recognition of the principle that "justice delayed is justice denied." It is a mockery of justice to say to a person when he files suit that he may receive a decision years later. Under a properly ordered system rights should be determined promptly. The course of litigation should be measured in months and not in years.

Yet in some jurisdictions the delays in the administration of justice are so interminable that to institute suit is to embark on a lifelong adventure. Many persons submit to acts of injustice rather than resort to the courts. Inability to secure a prompt judicial adjudication leads to improvident and unjust settlements. Moreover, the time factor is an open invitation to those who are disposed to institute unwarranted litigation or interpose unfounded defenses in the hope of forcing an adjustment which could not be secured upon the merits. This situation frequently results in extreme hardships. The small businessman o rthe litigant of limited means labors under a grave and constantly increasing disadvantage because of his inability to pay the price of justice.

Long Intervals A Growing Evil.

Statistical data indicate that in many districts a disheartening and unavoidable interval must elapse between the date that issue is joined in a pending case and the time when it can be reached for trial in due course. These computations do not take into account the delays that occur in the preliminary stages of litigation or the postponements after a case might normally be expected to be heard.

The evil is a growing one. The business of the courts is continually increasing in volume, importance and complexity. The average case load borne by each judge has grown nearly 50 per cent since 1913, when the district courts were first organized on their present basis. When the courts are working under such pressure it is inevitable that the character of their work must suffer.

The number of new cases offset those that are disposed of, so that the courts are unable to decrease the enormous back-log of undigested matters. More than 50,000 pending cases (exclusive of bankruptcy proceedings) overhang the Federal dockets—a constant menace to the orderly processes of justice. Whenever a single case requires a protracted trial, the routine business of the court is further neglected. It is an intolerable situation and we should make shift to amend it.

Efforts for Speed Fall Short of Goal.

Efforts have been made from time to time to alleviate some of the conditions that contribute to the slow rate of speed with which causes move through the courts. The Congress has recently conferred on the Supreme Court the authority to prescribe rules of procedure after verdict in criminal cases and the power to adopt and promulgate uniform rules of practice for civil actions at law in the district courts. It has provided terms of court in certain places at which Federal courts had not previously convened. A small number of judges have been added from time to time.

Despite these commendable accomplishments, sufficient progress has not been made. Much remains to be done in developing procedure and administration, but this alone will not meet modern needs. The problem must be approached in a more comprehensive fashion if the United States is to have a judicial system worthy of the Nation. Reason and necessity require the appointment of a sufficient number of judges to handle the business of the Federal courts. These additional judges should be of a type and age which would warrant us in believing that they would vigorously attack their dockets, rather than permit their dockets to overwhelm them.

The cost of additional personnel should not deter us. It must be borne in mind that the expense of maintaining the judicial system constitutes hardly three-tenths of 1 per cent of the cost of maintaining the Federal establishment. While the estimates for the current fiscal year aggregate over $23,000,000 for the maintenance of the legislative branch of the Government, and over $2,100,000,000 for the permanent agencies of the executive branch, the estimated cost of maintaining the judiciary is only about $6,500,000. An increase in the judicial personnel, which I earnestly recommend, would result in a hardly perceptible percentage of increase in the total annual budget.

This result should not be achieved, however, merely by creating new judicial positions in specific circuits or districts. The reform should be effectuated on the basis of a consistent system which would revitalize our whole judicial structure and assure the activity of judges at places where the accumulation of business is greatest. As congestion is a varying factor and cannot be foreseen, the system should be flexible and should permit the temporary assignment of judges to points where they appear to be most needed. The newly created personnel should constitute a mobile force, available for service in any part of the country at the assignment and direction of the Chief Justice. A functionary might well be created to be known as proctor, or by some other suitable title, to be appointed by the Supreme Court and to act under its direction, charged with the duty of continuously keeping informed as to the state of Federal judicial business throughout the United States and of assisting the Chief Justice in assigning judges to pressure areas.

I append hereto certain statistical information, which will give point to the suggestions I have made.

These suggestions are designed to carry forward the program for improving the processes of justice which we have discussed and worked upon since the beginning of your first administration.

The time has come when further legislation is essential.

To speed justice, to bring it within the reach of every citizen, to free it of unnecessary entanglements and delays are primary obligations of our Government.

Among Oft-Mentioned Possibilities for Supreme Court

JAMES M. LANDIS.

ROBERT H. JACKSON.

FELIX FRANKFURTER.

DONALD R. RICHBERG.

SENATOR ROBERT F. WAGNER.

Case Volume in U. S. Courts

Statistical tables on volume of cases in United States district courts compiled for the President by Attorney General Cummings and submitted to Congress by the former yesterday:

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS OF CASES FILED IN UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURTS DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1913, AND THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1936.

The year 1913 was selected as a basis of comparison because it was the first year of the existence of the District courts on the present basis.

	Year Ending June 30, 1913	Year Ending June 30, 1936
Total number of District judges	92	154
Criminal and civil cases filed (other than bankruptcy)	25,372	75,040
Average number of cases filed per each judge	276	484
Number of bankruptcy proceedings filed	20,788	60,624*

*This figure includes proceedings under the recently enacted Sections 77 and 77b of the bankruptcy act, which require continuous personal attention on the part of the judges, while much of the work in other bankruptcy proceedings is done by referees.

NUMBER OF CASES (OTHER THAN BANKRUPTCY) FILED AND DISPOSED OF IN THE DISTRICT COURTS DURING THE FISCAL YEARS 1931-1936*.

Number of Cases Filed.

	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936
U. S. civil	12,958	18,734	14,319	8,564	11,679	12,885
Other civil	24,000	26,326	26,656	26,472	24,403	26,342
Criminal	26,342	26,214	25,172	27,476	35,365	35,813
Totals	63,300	71,274	66,097	62,512	71,447	75,040

Number of Cases Terminated.

	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936
U. S. civil	12,907	14,101	14,474	11,200	12,575	14,435
Other civil	24,375	26,045	26,074	28,035	24,569	26,949
Criminal	30,180	27,794	25,513	26,534	32,299	36,396
Totals	67,462	67,940	66,061	65,769	69,443	77,780

The foregoing figures indicate that the number of cases terminated each year approximately equals the number of new cases filed, so that the courts are making no substantial gain in disposing of arrears.

*In order to render the figures properly comparable, cases under the national prohibition act have been excluded from computations.

What's Going On And Where

Dinners.

Cavalry Reserve Officers, Willard Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

Federal Schoolmen's Club, Raleigh Hotel, 7 p. m.

Washington Board of Trade, Mayflower Hotel, 10 a. m.

Phi Delta Gamma Sorority, Shoreham Hotel, 7 p. m.

Iota Sigma Upsilon Sorority, Shoreham Hotel, 7:30 p. m.

Meetings.

National Rifle Association, Mayflower Hotel, 10 a. m.

Young People's National Forum, 1816 Twelfth street northwest, 5 p. m.

Sigma Phi Gamma Sorority, Wardman Park Hotel, evening.

Story League, Seventeenth and streets northwest, 8 p. m.

Dances.

Florida State Society, Kennedy-Warren apartment ballroom, 9 p. m.

Visayan Circle, Inc., Willard Hotel, 9 p. m.

Argyle Country Club, benefit of flood sufferers, Argyle Country Club, 10:30 p. m.

Epsilon Province of Sigma Phi Gamma Sorority will hold a banquet today at 7:30 p. m. at Wardman Park Hotel, followed by a dance at 10 p. m.

Ex-Townsend Men Apologize to House

By the Associated Press.

Clinton Wunder and John B. Kiefer apologized to the House by letter yesterday for failing to answer subpenas served on them last session by the special House committee investigating the Townsend Old-Age Pension Plan.

The two were directors of the board of the Townsend organization from which they later split.

A court here indicted them for contempt of the House, along with Dr. E. F. Townsend, author of the $200-a-month pension plan. The cases are to be brought up Monday.

Representative Lucas (Democrat), Illinois, said the letter vindicated the action of the Townsend investigators and of the House in citing them for contempt.

Sell odd pieces of furniture with Post Classified Ads. Call on Ad-Writer at National 4200.

D. C. Boys to Join West Point Corps

Two Washington youths were appointed to the cadet corps at West Point by the District Commissioners yesterday.

Chosen from nearly a score of applicants, the appointees were E. Lloyd Powell, jr., 325 Emerson street northwest, and Patrick Henry Tansey, jr., 1805 Thirty-seventh street northwest. Tansey is the son of the Assistant District Engineer Commissioner. They will report to the academy on July 1.

Awarded appointments as alternates were Leon H. Berger, 2128 Wyoming avenue northwest, and William M. Calnan, 3712 Thirty-fifth street northwest.

Bombers Reach Florida.

Miami, Fla., Feb. 5 (AP).—Nine Army bombing planes en route from Langley Field, Va., to Panama arrived here today after a flight from Spartanburg, S. C. The flight will be continued tomorrow morning.

Reds Conclude Truce in China On Own Terms

Tokyo Plans Action as Nanking Reaches Pact With Communists.

By the Associated Press.

Shanghai, Feb. 5.—The Communist armies of China, after nearly ten years of warfare against Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and his modern Nanking legions, today appeared to have won at least a truce with Nanking on their own terms.

(In Peiping a spokesman of Japan's North China garrison said the Japanese army might be "faced with the necessity of taking independent measures" since the action taken by the Chinese government to suppress the increasing Communist power in the northwest was not considered satisfactory. The Tokyo government for many months has been trying to persuade Nanking to conclude an agreement for joint Sino-Japanese military action against communism in China. Thus far Nanking has evaded the issue.)

Although confusion still reigned in the northwest provinces, with a prospect of further civil strife in that region, there were strong evidences the Communists have emerged from the crisis in a stronger position than they have held since they abandoned their Soviet Republic in Kiangsi province three years ago.

Nanking asserted it had settled the northwestern crisis—which began December 12 with the kidnaping of Gen. Chiang at Sianfu, Shensi—by an agreement with all rebellious elements.

The terms were not announced, but unofficially Nanking leaders admitted they included large money payments to the Communists and tacit permission for them to occupy considerable areas in the northwest without further molestation by Gen. Chiang's troops.

This amounted to assurance from Nanking that its nine-year war against Communists was ended, and constituted in the minds of experienced observers the greatest triumph yet gained by the Red elements in China.

Rep. Voorhis to Speak To Democratic Women

Representative H. Jerry Voorhis, of California, serving his first term in Congress, will speak at the weekly luncheon of the Woman's National Democratic Club Monday on the subject "American Boys."

Representative Voorhis has first-hand knowledge of his subject, boys, baseball and American history being his three hobbies. He traveled through Germany on a good-will tour for the Y. M. C. A. several years ago, is headmaster of the Voorhis School, a school for underprivileged boys, and is an active participant in the activities of the National Youth Administration.

We Are Going to Have Another Important

AUCTION

Saturday, Feb. 20, 1937, at 2 P. M., in Odd Fellows Hall, Arlington, Va., cor. of Wilson Blvd. and Hudson Street.

- **Several New BRICK HOUSES**
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5:45 P. M.

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The new Pall Mall is true to its English ancestry. The Turkish Pall Mall, famous as "A Shilling in London—A Quarter Here," owed its flavour to a straight blend of the finest Turkish tobaccos, *without artificial flavouring*.

The Modern Pall Mall, at 15 cents for 20, gains its flavour and bids for your favour in the same fine, simple way. In the new Pall Mall, selected domestic tobaccos are enriched solely by the best Oriental types. Pall Mall is the only cigarette of its type that is not artificially flavoured.

The English wrapping provides a tab on the back of the packet with which to open the corner, leaving the remainder of the cellulose for continued protection.

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